#### Grade 3 Math: Content (Sub-Claim A) The student solves problems involving the Major Content for the grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice. Partially or Does Not Yet Meet **Exceeds Expectations Meets Expectations Approaches Expectations Expectations** Products and Quotients: 3.OA.1, 3.OA .2, 3.OA .4, 3.OA .6, 3.OA.7-1, 3.OA.7-2 Understands and interprets Interprets products and quotients Interprets products and quotients Determines products and quotients products and quotients of whole of whole numbers. of whole numbers. of whole numbers within 100. numbers. Determines the unknown whole Determines the unknown whole Determines the unknown whole Determines the unknown whole number in a multiplication or division problem by relating multiplication problem by relating multiplication problem by relating multiplication problem by relating multiplication and division. Both factors are and division. One factor is greater and division, with both factors less and division, with both factors less greater than 5 and less than or equal than or equal to 5. than or equal to 5, or with one than or equal to 5, or with one factor of 10. factor of 10. 10. Represents a multiplication or division situation as an equation. Accurately multiplies and divides Accurately multiplies and divides Multiplies and divides within 100. within 100, using strategies relating within 100, using strategies relating using strategies relating multiplication and division or multiplication and division or multiplication and division or properties of operations. properties of operations. properties of operations. Multiplication and Division: 3.OA.3-1, 3.OA.3-2, 3.OA.3-3, 3.OA.3-4 Uses multiplication and division Uses multiplication and division within Given a visual aid, uses multiplication Given a visual aid, uses multiplication within 100 to solve word problems 100 to solve word problems involving and division within 100 to solve word and division within 100 to solve word equal groups and arrays. One factor involving equal groups, arrays, area, problems involving equal groups and problems involving equal groups. and measurement quantities other is greater than or equal to 5. arrays, with both factors less than Both factors are less than or equal or equal to 5, or with one factor of to 5, with both factors less than or than area. Both factors are greater than 5 and less than or equal to 10. 10. egual to 5, or with one factor of 10. Identifies multiple contexts given a numerical expression involving multiplication and division.

#### Grade 3 Math: Content (Sub-Claim A) The student solves problems involving the Major Content for the grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice. Partially or Does Not Yet Meet **Exceeds Expectations Meets Expectations Approaches Expectations Expectations** Two-Step Problems: 3.OA.8, 3.Int.1, 3.Int.2 Solves two-step unscaffolded word Solves two-step scaffolded word Solves two-step scaffolded word Solves two-step scaffolded word problems using the four operations, problems using the four operations problems using the four operations problems using the four operations including rounding where in which the unknown is in a variety of and in which the sum, difference, and in which the sum, difference, appropriate, in which the unknown is positions. One of the values for each product or quotient is always the product or quotient is always the in a variety of positions. Both values operation performed is substantial unknown. One of the values for each unknown. for each operation performed is (towards the upper limits as defined operation performed is substantial substantial (towards the upperlimits by the standard assessed). (towards the upper limits as defined as defined by the standard by the standard assessed). assessed). Fraction Equivalence: 3.NF.3a-1, 3.NF.3a-2, 3.NF.3b-1, 3.NF-3c, 3.NF-3d, 3.NF.A.Int.1 Understands, recognizes and Understands, recognizes and Given a visual model, understands, Given a visual model recognizes generates equivalent fractions with generates equivalent fractions using recognizes and generates equivalent equivalent fractions with denominators of 2, 3, 4, 6 and 8. denominators of 2, 4, and 8. fractions with denominators of 2, 4 denominators of 2, 4 and 8. and 8. Expresses whole numbers as Expresses whole numbers as Expresses whole numbers as Expresses the number 1 as a fractions and recognize fractions fractions. fractions. fraction. that are equivalent to whole numbers. Compares two fractions that have Compares two fractions that have Compares two fractions that have the same numerator or same the same numerator or same the same numerator or same denominator using symbols to justify denominator using symbols and denominator using symbols. The conclusions. Plots the location of justifies conclusions by using a visual student must recognize that two equivalent fractions on a number model. The student must recognize fractions must refer to the same that two fractions must refer to the line. The student must recognize whole in order to compare. that two fractions must refer to the same whole in order to compare. same whole in order to compare. Given a whole number and two fractions in a real-world situation,

### Grade 3 Math: Content (Sub-Claim A)

The student solves problems involving the Major Content for the grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.

Practice.			
Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations
plots all three numbers on a number line and determines which fraction is closest to the whole number. Justifies the comparison by plotting points on a number line.			
Fractions as Numbers: 3.NF.1, 3.NF.2, 3	.NF.A.Int.1		
Understands 1/b is equal to one whole that is partitioned into b equal parts – limiting the denominators to 2, 3, 4, 6 and 8	Understands 1/b is equal to one whole that is partitioned into b equal parts – limiting the denominators to 2, 4 and 8.	Understands 1/b is equal to one whole that is partitioned into b equal parts – limiting the denominators to 2 and 4.	Understands 1/b is equal to one whole that is partitioned into b equal parts – limiting the denominators to 2 and 4.
Represents $1/b$ on a number line diagram by partitioning the number line between $0-1$ into $b$ equal parts recognizing that $b$ is the total number of parts.	Represents 1/b on a number line diagram by partitioning the number line between 0-1 into b equal parts recognizing that b is the total number of parts.	Represents $1/b$ on a number line diagram by partitioning the number line between $0-1$ into $b$ equal parts recognizing that $b$ is the total number of parts.	Identifies 1/b on a number line diagram when partitioned between 0 and 1 into b equal parts.
Demonstrates the understanding of the quantity $a/b$ by marking off $a$ parts of $1/b$ from 0 on the number line and states that the endpoint locates the number $a/b$ .	Demonstrates the understanding of the quantity $a/b$ by marking off $a$ parts of $1/b$ from 0 on the number line.	Represents fractions in the form $a/b$ using a visual model.	
Applies the concepts of $1/b$ and $a/b$ in real-world situations.			
Describes the number line that best fits the context.			
Time: 3.MD.1-1, 3.MD.1-2			
Tells, writes and measures time to the nearest minute.	Tells, writes and measures time to the nearest minute.	Tells, writes and measures time to the nearest minute.	Tells, writes and measures time to the nearest minute.

#### Grade 3 Math: Content (Sub-Claim A) The student solves problems involving the Major Content for the grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice. Partially or Does Not Yet Meet **Exceeds Expectations Meets Expectations Approaches Expectations Expectations** Solves two-step word problems Solves one-step word problems Solves one-step word problems involving addition and subtraction of involving addition or subtraction of involving addition or subtraction of time intervals in minutes. time intervals in minutes. time intervals in minutes, with scaffolding, such as a number line diagram. Volumes and Masses: 3.MD.2-1, 3.MD.2-2, 3.MD.2-3, 3.Int.5 Using grams, kilograms or liters, measures, estimates and solves measures and estimates liquid measures and estimates liquid measures liquid volumes and masses of concrete objects (beakers, multi-step word problems involving volumes and masses of objects using volumes and masses of objects using liquid volumes and masses of objects any of the four basic operations. concrete objects (beakers, measuring cups, scales). using any of the four basic measuring cups, scales) to develop operations. Number values should be estimates. towards the higher end of the acceptable values for each operation. Uses estimated measurements to Uses estimated measurements, when compare answers to one-step word indicated, to answer one-step word problems. problems. Evaluates usefulness and accuracy of estimations. Geometric Measurement: 3.MD.5, 3.MD.6, 3.MD.7b-1, 3.MD.7d Recognizes area as an attribute of plane figures. plane figures. plane figures. plane figures. With a visual model, understands Understands area is measured using With a visual model, understands With a visual model, understands square units. Describes a visual area is measured using square units. area is measured using square units. area is measured using square units. model to show understanding that Determines area by covering a plane Determines area by covering a plane Determines area by counting unit area that can be found by covering a figure without gaps or overlaps with figure without gaps or overlaps with squares.

unit squares and counting them.

unit squares and counting them.

plane figure without gaps or

Grade 3 Math: Content (Sub-Claim A)

The student solves problems involving the Major Content for the grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations
overlaps with unit squares and counting them.			
Connects counting squares to multiplication when finding area.			
Represents the area of a plane figure as "n" square units.	Represents the area of a plane figure as "n" square units.		

Grade 3 Math: Content (Sub-Claim B) The student solves problems involving the Additional and Supporting Content for the grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.			
Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations
Multi-Digit Arithmetic: 3.NBT.2, 3.NBT	г.3		
Accurately adds and subtracts within 1000 using strategies and algorithms based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.	Accurately adds and subtracts within 1000 using strategies and algorithms based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.	Adds and subtracts within 1000, using strategies and algorithms based on place value, properties of operations with scaffolding, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.	Adds and subtracts within 1000, using strategies and algorithms based on place value, properties of operations with scaffolding, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.
Multiplies one-digit whole numbers by multiples of 10 in the range 10-90 using strategies based on place value	Uses repeated addition to multiply one-digit whole numbers by multiples of 10 in the range 10–90 using strategies based on place value and properties of operations.	Uses repeated addition to multiply one-digit whole numbers by multiples of 10 in the range 10–90 using strategies based on place value and properties of operations.	
Scaled Graphs: 3.MD.3-1, 3.MD.3-3, 3.	Int.4		
Completes a scaled picture graph and a scaled bar graph to represent a data set.	Completes a scaled picture graph and a scaled bar graph to represent a data set.	Completes a scaled picture graph and a scaled bar graph to represent a data set, with scaffolding, such as using a model as a guide.	Identifies a correctly scaled picture graph and a correctly scaled bar graph to represent a data set.
Solves one-and two-step "how many more" and "how many less" problems, requiring a substantial addition, subtraction or multiplication step, using information presented in scaled bar graphs.	Solves one- and two-step "how manymore" and "how many less" problems using information presented in scaled bar graphs.	Solves one-step "how many more" and "how many less" problems using information presented in scaled bar graphs.	Solves one-step "how many more" and "how many less" problems using information presented in scaled bar graphs.
Measurement Data: 3.MD.4			
Generates measurement data by measuring lengths to the nearest half and fourth inch.	Generates measurement data by measuring lengths to the nearest half inch.	Generates measurement data by measuring lengths to the nearest half inch.	Identifies correct measurement from figures with appropriate scale provided.

#### Grade 3 Math: Content (Sub-Claim B) The student solves problems involving the Additional and Supporting Content for the grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice. Partially or Does Not Yet Meet **Exceeds Expectations Meets Expectations Approaches Expectations Expectations** Shows the data by making a line plot, Shows the data by making a line plot, Shows the data by making a line plot, where the horizontal scale is marked where the horizontal scale is marked where the horizontal scale is marked in appropriate units of whole in appropriate units of whole in appropriate units of whole numbers, halves or quarters. numbers or halves. numbers or halves, with scaffolding. Uses the line plot to answer questions or solve problems. Understanding Shapes: 3.G.1 Understands the properties of Understands the properties of Identifies examples of quadrilaterals Identifies examples of quadrilaterals quadrilaterals and the quadrilaterals and the and the subcategories of and the subcategories of subcategories of quadrilaterals. subcategories of quadrilaterals. quadrilaterals. quadrilaterals. Recognizes and sorts examples of Recognizes examples of Recognizes examples of quadrilaterals that have shared quadrilaterals that have shared quadrilaterals that have shared attributes and shows that the attributes and that the shared attributes and that the shared shared attributes can define a larger attributes can define a larger attributes can define a larger category. category. category. Draws examples and non-examples Draws examples of quadrilaterals of quadrilaterals with specific with specific attributes. attributes. Perimeter and Area: 3.G.2, 3.MD.8, 3.Int.3 Solves real-world and mathematical Solves mathematical problems Solves mathematical problems Solves mathematical problems problems involving perimeters of involving perimeters of polygons, involving perimeters of polygons, involving perimeters of polygons, including finding the perimeter given including finding the perimeter given including finding the perimeter given polygons, including finding the the side lengths, finding an unknown the side lengths. perimeter given the side lengths, the side lengths, and identifying finding an unknown side length, and rectangles with the same area and side length, and provides examples provides examples of rectangles of rectangles with the same area different perimeters. with the same perimeter and and different perimeters. different areas or with the same area and different perimeters. A

Grade 3 Math: Content (Sub-Claim B)

The student solves problems involving the Additional and Supporting Content for the grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations
substantial addition, subtraction, or multiplication step with number values towards the higher end of the acceptable values for each operation			
Partitions shapes into parts with equal areas and expresses the area as a unit fraction of the whole.			

#### Grade 3 Math: Reasoning (Sub-Claim C) In connection with content, the student expresses grade/course-level appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements. Partially or Does Not Yet Meet **Exceeds Expectations Meets Expectations Approaches Expectations Expectations** Properties of Operations: 3.C.1-1, 3.C.1-2, 3.C.1-3, 3.C.2 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities knowledge, skills, and abilities knowledge, skills, and abilities knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student clearly constructs and student clearly constructs and student constructs and student constructs and communicates a complete written communicates a complete written communicates a written response communicates an incomplete response based on response based on based on explanations/reasoning written response based on explanations/reasoning using the: explanations/reasoning using the: explanations/reasoning using the: using the: properties of operations properties of operations properties of operations properties of operations relationship between addition and relationship between addition and relationship between addition and relationship between addition and subtraction subtraction subtraction subtraction · relationship between relationship between relationship between relationship between multiplication and division multiplication and division multiplication and division multiplication and division · identification of arithmetic · identification of arithmetic · identification of arithmetic · identification of arithmetic patterns patterns patterns patterns Response may include: Response may include: Response may include: Response may include: a logical/defensible approach a logical/defensible approach a logical approach based on a an approach based on a based on a conjecture and/or based on a conjecture and/or conjecture and/or stated conjecture and/or stated or faulty stated assumptions, utilizing stated assumptions, utilizing assumptions assumptions mathematical connections (when mathematical connections (when an incomplete or illogical a logical, but incomplete, appropriate) appropriate) progression of steps progression of steps an efficient and logical a logical progression of steps minor calculation errors an intrusive calculation error progression of steps with precision of calculation · limited use of grade-level · limited use of grade-level appropriate justification correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels vocabulary, symbols and labels precision of calculation vocabulary, symbols and labels partial justification of a conclusion partial justification of a conclusion correct use of grade-level justification of a conclusion based on own calculations based on own calculations vocabulary, symbols and labels · evaluating, interpreting and evaluating the validity of other's · justification of a conclusion critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches and responses, reasonings, and conclusions.

#### Grade 3 Math: Reasoning (Sub-Claim C)

In connection with content, the student expresses grade/course-level appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations
<ul> <li>determination of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> </ul>	approaches, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate).		
<ul> <li>evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, reasonings, and approaches, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate). Provides a counter- example where applicable.</li> </ul>			

#### Concrete Referents and Diagrams: 3.C.3-1, 3.C.3-2, 3.C.6-1, 3.C.6-2

In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well-organized and complete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagrams--including number lines (whether provided in the prompt or constructed by the student) and connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include:

 a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well-organized and complete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagrams--including number lines (whether provided in the prompt or constructed by the student) and connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include:

- a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)
- a logical progression of steps

In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student constructs and communicates a response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagrams – including number lines (provided in the prompt) – connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include:

- a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions
- a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps
- minor calculation errors

In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagrams – including number lines (provided in the prompt) – connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include:

- a conjecture and/or stated or faulty assumptions
- an incomplete or illogical progression of steps
- · an intrusive calculation error

### Grade 3 Math: Reasoning (Sub-Claim C)

In connection with content, the student expresses grade/course-level appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.

arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.			
Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations
<ul> <li>an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>determination of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting, and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches, and reasoning, and providing a counter- example where applicable</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting, and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches, and reasoning.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations.</li> <li>evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations</li> <li>accepting the validity of other's responses</li> </ul>
Distinguish Correct Explanation/ Reas	oning from that which is Flawed: 3.C.4-	1, 3.C.4–2, 3.C.4–3, 3.C.4–4, 3.C.4–5, 3.	C.4-6, 3.C.5-1, 3.C.5-2, 3.C.4-7
In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well-organized and complete response by:  • presenting and defending solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well-organized and complete response by:  • presenting and defending solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student constructs and communicates a complete response by:  • presenting solutions to multistep problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete response by:  • presenting solutions to scaffolded two-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, sometimes using symbols such as equal signs appropriately

### Grade 3 Math: Reasoning (Sub-Claim C)

In connection with content, the student expresses grade/course-level appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.

arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and of attending to precision when making mathematical statements.				
Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations	
<ul> <li>evaluating explanation/reasoning; if there is a flaw in the argument</li> <li>presenting and defending corrected reasoning</li> <li>Response may include:</li> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)</li> <li>an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting, and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches and reasoning, and providing a counter-example where applicable.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning fromthat which is flawed</li> <li>identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning or describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems</li> <li>presenting corrected reasoning Response may include:         <ul> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)</li> <li>a logical progression of steps</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches and reasoning.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>distinguishing correct         explanation/reasoning from that         which is flawed</li> <li>identifying and describing the flaw         in reasoning or describing errors in         solutions to multi-step problems</li> <li>presenting corrected reasoning         Response may include:         a logical approach based on a         conjecture and/or stated         assumptions         a logical, but incomplete,         progression of steps</li> <li>minor calculation errors</li> <li>some use of grade-level         vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion         based on own calculations</li> <li>evaluating the validity of other's         responses, approaches and         conclusions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed</li> <li>identifying an error in reasoning Response may include:</li> <li>a conjecture based on faulty assumptions</li> <li>an incomplete or illogical progression of steps</li> <li>an intrusive calculation error</li> <li>limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations</li> <li>accepting the validity of other's responses</li> </ul>	

### Grade 3 Math: Modeling (Sub-Claim D)

In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to the grade/course by applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for the current grade/course (or for more complex problems, knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, looking for the making use of structure, and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning.

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations
Modeling: 3.D.1, 3.D.2	I	I	
In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real- world contextual word problems by:  • using stated assumptions or making assumptions and using approximations to simplify a realworld situation  • analyzing and/or creating constraints, relationships and goals  • mapping relationships between important quantities by selecting appropriate tools to create models  • analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions  • justifying and defending models which lead to aconclusion	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real-world contextual word problems by:  • using stated assumptions or making assumptions and using approximations to simplify a real-world situation  • mapping relationships between important quantities by selecting appropriate tools to create models  • analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions  • interpreting mathematical results in the context of the situation  • reflecting on whether the results make sense	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real-world contextual word problems by:  • using stated assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation  • illustrating relationships between important quantities by using provided tools to create models  • analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions  • interpreting mathematical results in a simplified context  • reflecting on whether the results make sense  • modifying the model if it has not served its purpose  • writing an arithmetic expression or equation to describe a situation	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real-world contextual word problems by:  • using stated assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation  • identifying important quantities by using provided tools to create models  • analyzing relationships mathematically to draw conclusions  • writing an arithmetic expression or equation to describe a situation

#### Grade 3 Math: Modeling (Sub-Claim D)

In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to the grade/course by applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for the current grade/course (or for more complex problems, knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, looking for the making use of structure, and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning.

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations
<ul> <li>interpreting mathematical results in the context of the situation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>modifying and/or improving the model if it has not served its</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>reflecting on whether the results make sense</li> <li>improving the model if it has not served its purpose</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>purpose</li> <li>writing an arithmetic expression or equation to describe a situation</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>writing a concise arithmetic expression or equation to describe a situation</li> </ul>			

#### Grade 4 Math: Content (Sub-Claim A) The student solves problems involving the Major Content for the grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice. Partially or Does Not Yet Meet **Exceeds Expectations Meets Expectations Approaches Expectations Expectations** Fractions and Decimals: 4.NF.1-2, 4.NF.2-1, 4.NF.A.Int.1, 4.NF.5, 4.NF.6, 4.NF.7, 4.NF.Int.1, 4.NF.Int.2 Given a visual model and/or Given a visual model and/or Given a visual model and/or Compares decimals to hundredths; uses decimal notations for fractions manipulatives, compares decimals to manipulatives, compares decimals to manipulatives, compares decimals to hundredths: with denominators 10 or 100. hundredths; uses decimal notations hundredths; uses decimal notations for fractions (tenths and for fractions (tenths and Compares fractions, with like or Expresses a fraction with hundredths); compares fractions, hundredths); compares fractions unlike numerators and denominator 10 as an equivalent with like or unlike numerators and with like denominators. denominators, by creating fraction with denominator 100. denominators by comparing to a equivalent fractions with common · Uses decimal notation for benchmark fraction. denominators, comparing to a fractions with denominators 10 or benchmark fraction and generating 100. equivalent fractions. · Compares fractions, with like or unlike numerators and denominators, by creating equivalent fractions with common denominators and comparing to a benchmark fraction. Recognizes that decimals and Recognizes that decimals and Recognizes that decimals and fractions must refer to the same fractions must refer to the same fractions must refer to the same whole in order to compare. whole in order to compare. whole in order to compare. Shows results using symbols. Shows results using symbols. Shows results using symbols. Demonstrates the use of conceptual Solves simple word problems Solves simple word problems understanding of fractional requiring fraction comparison. requiring fraction comparison with equivalence and ordering when scaffolding. solving simple word problems requiring fraction comparison. Converts a simple fractions to a denominator of 10 or 100 and writes

#### Grade 4 Math: Content (Sub-Claim A) The student solves problems involving the Major Content for the grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice. Partially or Does Not Yet Meet **Exceeds Expectations Meets Expectations Approaches Expectations Expectations** as a decimal (e.g. $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{10} = .5$ , $\frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{10} = .5$ 25/100 = 0.25, 1/20 = 5/100 = 0.05). Adds fractions with denominators of 10 and 100. Building Fractions: 4.NF.3a, 4.NF.3b-1, 4.NF.3c, 4.NF.3d, 4.NF.Int.1, 4.Int.6 Understands and solves Using visual models and/or Using visual models and/or Using visual models and/or mathematical and real-world manipulatives, solves mathematical manipulatives, solves mathematical manipulatives, solves mathematical problems involving the addition and and word problems involving the problems involving the addition and problems involving the addition and subtraction of fractions and mixed addition and subtraction of fractions subtraction of fractions with like subtraction of fractions with like numbers with like denominators by and mixed numbers with like denominators by joining and denominators by joining and joining and separating parts denominators by joining and separating parts referring to the separating parts referring to the referring to the same whole, and separating parts referring to the same whole. same whole. justifying the solution by using a same whole. visual model. Decomposes a fraction into a sum of Decomposes a fraction into a sum of Decomposes a fraction into a sum of fractions with the same denominator fractions with the same denominator fractions with the same denominator in more than one way and records in more than one way and records in more than one way and records the decomposition using an the decomposition using an the decomposition using an equation. equation. equation. Multiplying Fractions: 4.NF.4a, 4.NF.4b-1, 4.NF.4b-2, 4.NF.4c, 4.NF.Int.1 Describes a visual fraction model and Using visual models and/or Using visual models and/or Using visual models and/or solves mathematical and real-world manipulatives, solves mathematical manipulatives, solves mathematical manipulatives, solves mathematical problems by recognizing that and real- world problems by problems by recognizing that problems by recognizing that fraction a/b is a multiple of 1/b and recognizing that fraction a/b is a fraction a/b is a multiple of 1/b and fraction a/b is a multiple of 1/b. uses that construct to multiply a uses that construct to multiply a multiple of 1/b and uses that fraction by a whole number. construct to multiply a fraction by a fraction by a whole number.

whole number.

#### Grade 4 Math: Content (Sub-Claim A) The student solves problems involving the Major Content for the grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice. Partially or Does Not Yet Meet **Exceeds Expectations Meets Expectations Approaches Expectations Expectations** Solving with Multiplication: 4.OA.1-1, 4.OA.1-2, 4.OA.2 Interprets multiplication equations Interprets multiplication equations Interprets multiplication equations Interprets multiplication equations as comparisons and represents as comparisons or represents as comparisons or represents as comparisons or represents statements of multiplicative statements of multiplicative statements of multiplicative statements of multiplicative comparisons as multiplicative comparisons as multiplicative comparisons as multiplicative comparisons as multiplicative equations. equations. equations. equations. Distinguishes multiplicative comparisons. Uses multiplication or division to Uses multiplication or division to Uses multiplication or division to solve multi-step word problems solve one- or two-step word solve scaffolded word problems involving multiplicative comparisons. problems involving multiplicative involving multiplicative comparisons. comparisons. Uses a symbol for the unknown number. Multi-step Problems: 4.OA.3-1, 4.OA.3-2, 4.NBT.5-1, 4.NBT.5-2, 4.NBT.6-1, 4.NBT.6-2, 4.Int.2, 4.Int.3, 4.Int.4, 4.Int.5 Solves multi-step word problems Solves two-step word and other Solves one- or two-step word Solves one-step mathematical problems using the four operations using the four operations with whole problems using the four operations problems using the four operations numbers: in multiplying a three-or with whole numbers: in multiplying a with whole numbers: in multiplying a with whole numbers: in multiplying a four-digit by a one-digit number or three-digit by a one-digit number or three-digit by a one-digit number or three-digit by a one-digit number or two two-digit numbers. two two-digit numbers two two-digit numbers. two two-digit numbers. Finds whole number quotients and remainders with up to four-digit remainders with up to three-digit remainders with up to three-digit remainders with up to three-digit dividends and one-digit divisors and dividends and one-digit divisors and dividends and one-digit divisors. dividends and one-digit divisors. interprets remainders as interprets remainders as appropriate. appropriate. Chooses from a variety of strategies Chooses from a variety of strategies Chooses from a variety of strategies to solve these problems and selects to solve these problems. to solve these problems. Can only an appropriate context for the task.

#### Grade 4 Math: Content (Sub-Claim A) The student solves problems involving the Major Content for the grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice. Partially or Does Not Yet Meet **Exceeds Expectations Meets Expectations Approaches Expectations Expectations** solve two-step problems when scaffolding is provided for each step. Place Value: 4.NBT.1, 4.NBT.2, 4.NBT.3, 4.NBT.Int.1 In any four-digit whole number, In any three-digit whole number, In any three-digit whole number, In any multi-digit whole number, recognizes a digit in one place represents 10 times as much as it represents in the place to its right. Reads, writes and compares four-Reads, writes and compares three-Reads, writes and compares multidigit whole numbers using base-10 digit whole numbers using base-10 digit whole numbers using base-10 numerals, number names in numerals, number names in numerals, number names in expanded expanded form and inequality expanded form and inequality form and inequality symbols (>, <, =), symbols (>, <, =), rounds to any place symbols (>, <, =), and rounds to any and rounds to any place with and chooses appropriate context scaffolding. place. given a rounded number. Performs computations by applying conceptual understanding of place value, rather than by applying multidigit algorithms. Addition and Subtraction: 4.NBT.4-1, 4.NBT.4-2, 4.Int.7, 4.Int.8 Solves multiple-step word and other Solves two-step word problems and Solves one-step word problems and Solves one-step word problems and problems by adding or subtracting other problems by adding and other problems by adding and other problems by adding and multi-digit whole numbers using the subtracting multi-digit whole subtracting multi-digit whole subtracting multi-digit whole standard algorithm. numbers using the standard numbers using the standard numbers using the standard algorithm. algorithm with accuracy. algorithm with limited accuracy. Operations and Factors: 4.OA.4-1, 4.OA.4-2, 4.OA.4-3, 4.OA.4-4 Recognizes that a whole number is a multiple of each of its factors, and within the range of 1-100, finds all within the range of 1-100 finds within the range of 1-100 finds within the range of 1-100 identifies

### Grade 4 Math: Content (Sub-Claim A)

The student solves problems involving the Major Content for the grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations
factor pairs and determines multiples of whole numbers.	factor pairs or determines multiples of whole numbers.	factor pairs or determines multiples of whole numbers.	factor pairs or multiples of whole numbers.
Determines whether a whole number in the range 1–100 is prime or composite.	Determines whether a whole number in the range 1–100 is prime or composite.	Determines, with scaffolding, whether a whole number in the range 1–100 is prime or composite.	

### Grade 4 Math: Content (Sub-Claim B)

The student solves problems involving the Additional and Supporting Content for the grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.

Standards for Mathematical Practice.			
Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations
Measurement and Conversion: 4.MD.1,	4.MD.2-1, 4.MD.2-2, 4.MD.3, 4.Int.6		
Solves measurement word problems involving whole numbers which include calculation of area and perimeter – including those in which side lengths are missing – using all four operations.	Solves measurement word problems involving whole numbers which include calculation of area and perimeter—when information about side lengths is provided — using all four operations.	Solves mathematical measurement problems involving whole numbers using all four operations.	Solves mathematical measurement problems involving whole numbers using all four operations.
Solves measurement word problems which include calculation of area and perimeter – including those in which side lengths are missing – using addition, subtraction, and multiplication of simple fractions.	Solves measurement word problems which include calculation of area and perimeter – when information about side lengths is provided – using addition, subtraction, and multiplication of simple fractions.	Solves mathematical measurement problems using addition, subtraction, and multiplication of simple fractions.	Solves mathematical measurement problems using addition and subtraction of simple fractions.
Records measurement equivalents in a two-column table.	Records measurement equivalents in a two-column table.	Records measurement equivalents in a two-column table.	
Uses knowledge of measurement units within one system to solve word problems, real-world problems, and mathematical problems involving converting from larger units to smaller units.	Uses knowledge of measurement units within one system to solve word problems, real-world problems and mathematical problems involving converting from larger units to smaller units.	Uses knowledge of measurement units within one system to convert from larger units to smaller units.	
Represents measurement quantities using diagrams such as number line diagrams that require students to provide the appropriate measurement scale given the context.	Represents measurement quantities using diagrams such as number line diagrams that feature a measurement scale.		

#### Grade 4 Math: Content (Sub-Claim B) The student solves problems involving the Additional and Supporting Content for the grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice. Partially or Does Not Yet Meet **Exceeds Expectations Meets Expectations Approaches Expectations Expectations** Represent and Interpret Data: 4.MD.4-1, 4.MD.4-2 Makes a line plot to display a data Makes a line plot to display a data Makes a line plot to display a data Identifies a correct line plot that set of measurements in fractions of set of measurements in fractions of set of measurements in fractions of displays a data set of measurements a unit with like denominators limited a unit with like denominators of 2 or in fractions of a unit with like a unit with like denominators of 2 or 4 and uses addition and subtraction to 2, 4 and 8, (including mixed 4. denominators of 2 or 4. numbers) and uses addition and of fractions to solve problems subtraction of fractions to solve involving information in the line plot. problems involving information in the line plots and evaluates the solution in relation to the data. Geometric Measurement: 4.MD.5, 4.MD.6, 4.MD.7 Recognizes how angles are formed Understands and applies concepts Understands and applies concepts Understands and identifies concepts and that angle measures are of angle measurement. of angle measurement. of angle measurement. additive. Understands and applies concepts of angle measurement recognizing that angles are measured in reference to a circle. Uses a protractor to measure and Uses a protractor to measure and Uses a protractor to measure angles. sketch angles. sketch angles. Solves mathematical and real-world Solves mathematical and real-world problems by composing and problems by composing and decomposing angles. decomposing angles. Solves mathematical and real- world angle problems, including problems that require the use of equations with a symbol for the unknown angle measure.

Grade 4 Math: Content (Sub-Claim B) The student solves problems involving the Additional and Supporting Content for the grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.				
Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations	
Lines, Angles and Shapes: 4.G 1, 4.G.2	, 4.G.3			
Draws and identifies points, lines, line segments, rays, angles (right, obtuse and acute), perpendicular lines, parallel lines, lines of symmetry and right triangles, and use any of these to classify or describe two-dimensional figures.  Generate and Analyze Patterns: 4.OA.	Draws and identifies points, lines, line segments, rays, angles (right, obtuse and acute), perpendicular lines, parallel lines, lines of symmetry and right triangles, and use some of these to classify two-dimensional figures.	Identifies points, lines, line segments, rays, angles (right, obtuse and acute), perpendicular lines, parallel lines, lines of symmetry and right triangles, and use some of these to classify quadrilaterals and triangles.	Identifies points, lines, line segments, rays, angles (right, obtuse and acute), perpendicular lines, parallel lines, lines of symmetry and right triangles.	
Generates a number or shape pattern that follows a given rule and identifies apparent features of the pattern that were not explicit in the rule itself and describes the rule for generating the number or shape pattern.	Generates a number or shape pattern that follows a given rule and identifies explicit features of the pattern.	Generates a number or shape pattern that follows a given rule.	Identifies a number or shape pattern that follows a given rule.	

Grade 4 Math: Reasoning (Sub-Claim C) In connection with content, the student expresses grade/course-level appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.			
Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations
Properties of Operations: 4.C.1-1, 4.C	1-2, 4.C.2, 4.C.3		
In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete written response based on explanations/reasoning using the:  • properties of operations  • relationship between addition and subtraction  • relationship between multiplication and division  • identification of arithmetic patterns  Response may include:  • a logical/defensible approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)  • an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification  • precision of calculation  • correct use of grade-level	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete written response based on explanations/reasoning using the:  • properties of operations  • relationship between addition and subtraction  • relationship between multiplication and division  • identification of arithmetic patterns  Response may include:  • a logical/defensible approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)  • a logical progression of steps  • precision of calculation  • correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  • justification of a conclusion	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student constructs and communicates a written response based on explanations/reasoning using the:  • properties of operations  • relationship between addition and subtraction  • relationship between multiplication and division  • identification of arithmetic patterns  Response may include:  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  • a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps  • minor calculation errors  • some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  • partial justification of aconclusion based on own calculations	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete written response based on explanations/reasoning using the:  • properties of operations  • relationship between addition and subtraction  • relationship between multiplication and division  • identification of arithmetic patterns  Response may include:  • an approach based on a conjecture and/or stated or faulty assumptions  • an incomplete or illogical progression of steps  • an intrusive calculation error  • limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  • partial justification of aconclusion based on own calculations
vocabulary, symbols and labels • justification of a conclusion	evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable	<ul> <li>evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions.</li> </ul>	based on own calculations

#### Grade 4 Math: Reasoning (Sub-Claim C)

In connection with content, the student expresses grade/course-level appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations
<ul> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, reasonings, and approaches, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate). Provides a counterexample where applicable.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, reasonings, and approaches, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate).</li> </ul>		

Concrete Referents and Diagrams: 4.C.4-1, 4.C.4-2, 4.C.4-3, 4.C.4-4, 4.C.4-5, 4.C.7-1, 4.C.7-2, 4.C.7-3, 4.C.7-4

In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well-organized and complete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagrams--including number lines (whether provided in the prompt or constructed by the student) and connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include:

 a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well-organized and complete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagrams--including number lines (whether provided in the prompt or constructed by the student) and connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include:

- a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)
- a logical progression of steps

In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student constructs and communicates a complete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagrams-including number lines (provided in the prompt) – connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include:

- a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions
- a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps
- minor calculation errors

In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagrams – including number lines (provided in the prompt) – connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include:

- a conjecture and/or stated or faulty assumptions
- an incomplete or illogical progression of steps
- an intrusive calculation error

### Grade 4 Math: Reasoning (Sub-Claim C)

In connection with content, the student expresses grade/course-level appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.

arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.			
Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations
<ul> <li>an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting, and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches, and reasoning, and providing a counter- example where applicable.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting, and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches, and reasoning.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>partial justification of aconclusion based on own calculations.</li> <li>evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations</li> <li>accepting the validity of other's responses.</li> </ul>
Distinguish Correct Explanation/ Reason	oning from that which is Flawed: 4.C.5-3	l, 4.C.5-2, 4.C.5-3, 4.C.5-4, 4.C.5-5, 4.	C.5-6, 4.C.6-1, 4.C.6-2, 4.C.6-3
In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well-organized and complete response by:  • presenting and defending solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well-organized and complete response by:  • presenting and defending solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student constructs and communicates a complete response by:  • presenting solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete response by:  • presenting solutions to scaffolded two-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, sometimes using symbols such as equal signs appropriately

### Grade 4 Math: Reasoning (Sub-Claim C)

In connection with content, the student expresses grade/course-level appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.

arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.			
Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations
<ul> <li>evaluating explanation/ reasoning; if there is a flaw in the argument</li> <li>presenting and defending corrected reasoning</li> <li>Response may include:</li> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)</li> <li>an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting and</li> <li>critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches and reasoning, and providing a counter- example where applicable.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>distinguishing correct         explanation/reasoning from that         which is flawed</li> <li>identifying and describing the flaw         in reasoning or describing errors         in solutions to multi-step         problems</li> <li>presenting corrected reasoning         Response may include:         <ul> <li>a logical approach based on a                 conjecture and/or stated                  assumptions, utilizing                  mathematical connections (when                  appropriate)</li> <li>a logical progression of steps</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level                  vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument                  or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting and                  critiquing the validity of other's                  responses, approaches and                  reasoning.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>distinguishing correct         explanation/reasoning fromthat         which is flawed</li> <li>identifying and describing the flaw         in reasoning or describing errors in         solutions to multi-step problems</li> <li>presenting corrected reasoning         Response may include:         <ul> <li>a logical approach based on a                 conjecture and/or stated                 assumptions</li> </ul> </li> <li>a logical, but incomplete,          progression of steps</li> <li>minor calculation errors</li> <li>some use of grade-level         vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion         based on own calculations</li> <li>evaluating the validity of other's         responses, approaches and         conclusions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>distinguishing correct         explanation/reasoning fromthat         which is flawed</li> <li>identifying an error in reasoning         Response may include:         <ul> <li>a conjecture based on faulty</li></ul></li></ul>

#### Grade 4 Math: Modeling (Sub-Claim D)

In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to the grade/course by applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for the current grade/course (or for more complex problems, knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, looking for the making use of structure, and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning.

and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning.			
Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations
Modeling: 4.D.1, 4.D.2			
In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real-world contextual word problems by:  • using stated assumptions or making assumptions and using approximations to simplify a real-world situation  • analyzing and/or creating constraints, relationships and goals  • mapping relationships between important quantities by selecting appropriate tools to create models  • analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions  • justifying and defending models which lead to a conclusion  • interpreting mathematical results in the context of the situation	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real-world contextual word problems by:  • using stated assumptions or making assumptions and using approximations to simplify a real-world situation  • mapping relationships between important quantities by selecting appropriate tools to create models  • analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions  • interpreting mathematical results in the context of the situation  • reflecting on whether the results make sense  • modifying and/or improving the model if it has not served its purpose	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real- world contextual word problems by:  • using stated assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation  • illustrating relationships between important quantities by using provided tools to createmodels  • analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions  • interpreting mathematical results in a simplified context reflecting on whether the results make sense  • modifying the model if it has not served its purpose  • writing an arithmetic expression or equation to describe a situation	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real- world contextual word problems by:  • using stated assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation  • identifying important quantities  • using provided tools to create models  • analyzing relationships mathematically to draw conclusions  • writing an arithmetic expression or equation to describe a situation

#### Grade 4 Math: Modeling (Sub-Claim D)

In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to the grade/course by applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for the current grade/course (or for more complex problems, knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, looking for the making use of structure, and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning.

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations
<ul> <li>reflecting on whether the results make sense</li> <li>improving the model if it has not served its purpose</li> </ul>	writing an arithmetic expression or equation to describe a situation		
<ul> <li>writing a concise arithmetic expression or equation to describe a situation</li> </ul>			

The student solves problems	involving the Major Content for gra Prac		ie Standards for Mathematical
Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations
Addition and Subtraction Operations v	vith Decimals: 5.NBT.7-1, 5.NBT.7-2		
Adds or subtracts two decimals to hundredths using concrete models, drawings or strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.  Applies this concept to a real-world	Adds or subtracts two decimals to hundredths using concrete models, drawings or strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.	Adds or subtracts (without regrouping) two decimals to hundredths using concrete models, drawings or strategies based on place value and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.	Adds or subtracts (without regrouping) two decimals to hundredths (both decimals presented with the same number of decimal places) using concrete models, drawings or strategies based on place value and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.
context, and relates the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used.			
Adding and Subtracting in Context wit	h Fractions: 5.NF.2-1, 5.NF.2-2, 5.NF.A.	Int.1	
Describes a model to represent word problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions and mixed numbers referring to the same whole in cases of unlike denominators by using visual fraction models or equations.	Solves word problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions and mixed numbers referring to the same whole in cases of unlike denominators by using visual fraction models or equations.	Solves word problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions and mixed numbers using only denominators of 2, 4, 5 or 10 or benchmark fractions with unlike denominators, referring to the same whole by using visual fraction models or equations.	Solves word problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions using only denominators of 2, 4, 5 or 10.
Assesses and justifies reasonableness using benchmark fractions and number sense of fractions.			

Grade 5 Math: Content (Sub-Claim A) The student solves problems involving the Major Content for grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.				
Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations	
Fractions with Unlike Denominators: 5	.NF.1-1, 5.NF.1-2, 5.NF.1-3, 5.NF.1-4, 5.	NF.1-5		
Adds and subtracts three or more fractions and adds and subtracts two mixed numbers with unlike denominators in such a way as to produce an equivalent sum or difference with like denominators.	Adds and subtracts two fractions or mixed numbers with unlike denominators in such a way as to produce an equivalent sum or difference with like denominators.	Adds or subtracts two fractions or mixed numbers with unlike denominators using only fractions with denominators of 2, 4, 5 or 10 in such a way as to produce an equivalent sum or difference with like denominators.*	Adds or subtracts two fractions with unlike denominators using only fractions with denominators of 2, 4, 5 or 10 in such a way as to produce an equivalent sum or difference with like denominators.*	
Multiplication and Division Operations	with Decimals: 5.NBT.7-3, 5.NBT.7-4, 5.N	BT.Int.1		
Multiplies tenths by tenths or tenths by hundredths and divides in problems involving tenths and/or hundredths using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.	Multiplies tenths by tenths ortenths by hundredths and divides in problems involving tenths and/or hundredths using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.	Multiplies tenths by tenths and divides in problems involving tenths using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.	Multiplies tenths by tenths in problems involving tenths using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.	
Performs exact and approximate multiplications and divisions by mentally applying place value strategies when appropriate.				
Relates the strategy to a written method.	Relates the strategy to a written method.			
Multiply with Whole Numbers: 5.NBT.5, 5.Int.1, 5.Int.2				
Solves two-step unscaffolded word problems involving multiplication and multiplies four-digit by two-digit	Solves two-step scaffolded word problems involving multiplication of a	Solves one-step word problems involving multiplication of a three-digit by a one-digit whole number.	Solves one-step word problems involving multiplication.	

### Grade 5 Math: Content (Sub-Claim A)

The student solves problems involving the Major Content for grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.

Practice.			
Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations
whole numbers using the standard algorithm.	three-digit by a one-digit whole number.		
Performs exact and approximate multiplications and divisions by mentally applying place value strategies when appropriate.			
Accurately multiplies multi-digit whole numbers using the standard algorithm and assesses reasonableness of the product.	Accurately multiplies multi-digit whole numbers using the standard algorithm.	Multiplies multi-digit whole numbers using the standard algorithm with limited accuracy.	
Quotients and Dividends: 5.NBT.6			
Divides whole numbers up to four-digit dividends and two-digit divisors using strategies based on place value, the properties of operations and/or the relationship between multiplication and division.	Divides whole numbers up to four-digit dividends and one-digit divisors which are multiples of ten using strategies based on place value, the properties of operations and/or the relationship between multiplication and division.	Divides whole numbers up to three-digit dividends and one-digit divisors which are multiples of ten using strategies based on place value, the properties of operations and/or the relationship between multiplication and division.	Correctly identifies the quotient of whole numbers up to three- digit dividends and one-digit divisors which are multiples of ten.
Illustrates and explains the calculations by using equations, rectangular arrays, and area models.			
Checks reasonableness of answers by using multiplication or estimation.			
Multiplying and Dividing with Fractions	: 5.NF.4a-1, 5.NF.4a-2, 5.NF.4b-1, 5.NF.	6-1, 5.NF.6-2, 5.NF.7a, 5.NF.7b, 5.NF.7c	С
Describes a model to represent and/or solve real-world problems, by multiplying a mixed number by a fraction, a fraction by a fraction and	Multiplies a fraction or a whole number by a fraction and divides a fraction by a whole number –or whole number by a fraction – using	Multiplies a fraction or a whole number by a fraction and divide a fraction by a whole number or whole	Multiplies a fraction or a whole number by a fraction using visual fraction models.

### Grade 5 Math: Content (Sub-Claim A)

The student solves problems involving the Major Content for grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.

Practice.					
Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations		
a whole number by a fraction; dividing a fraction by a whole number and a whole number by a fraction using visual fraction models and creating context for the mathematics and equations, including rectangular areas; and interpreting the product and/or quotient.	visual fraction models and creating context for the mathematics, including rectangular areas.	number by a fraction using visual fraction models.			
Interpreting Fractions: 5.NF.3-1, 5.NF	.3-2				
Solves word problems involving division of whole numbers leading to answers in the form of fractions or mixed numbers.	Solves word problems involving division of whole numbers leading to answers in the form of fractions or mixed numbers.	Solves word problems involving division of whole numbers leading to answers in the form of fractions or mixed numbers by using manipulatives or visual models to identify between which two whole numbers the answer lies.	Solves word problems involving division of whole numbers leading to answers in the form of fractions by using manipulatives or visual models to identify between which two whole numbers the answer lies.		
Interprets the fraction as division of the numerator by the denominator.	Interprets the fraction as division of the numerator by the denominator.				
Identifies a simple model representing the situation.					
Describes a model to represent the situation.					
Recognizing Volume: 5.MD.3, 5.MD.4	Recognizing Volume: 5.MD.3, 5.MD.4				
Recognizes volume as an attribute of solid figures and understands volume is measured using cubic units and can be found by packing a solid	Recognizes volume as an attribute of solid figures and understands volume is measured using cubic units and can be found by packing a solid	Recognizes volume as an attribute of solid figures and with a visual model understands that volume is measured using cubic units and can	Recognizes volume as an attribute of solid figures.		

Grade 5 Math: Content (Sub-Claim A) The student solves problems involving the Major Content for grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.				
Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations	
figure with unit cubes and counting them.	figure with unit cubes and counting them.	be found by packing a solid figure with unit cubes and counting them.		
Represents the volume of a solid figure as "n" cubic units.				
Writes an equation that illustrates the unit cube pattern.				
Finding Volume: 5.MD.5b, 5.MD.5c				
Solves real-world and mathematical problems by applying the formulas for volume, relating volume to the operations of multiplication and addition, and recognizing volume is additive by finding the volume of solid figures of two or more non-overlapping parts.	Given a visual model, solves real-world and mathematical problems by applying the formulas for volume, relating volume to the operations of multiplication and addition, and recognizing volume is additive by finding the volume of solid figures of two non-overlapping parts.	Given a visual model and the formulas for finding volume, solves real-world and mathematical problems by applying the formulas for volume $(V = I \times w \times h \text{ and } V = B \times h)$ .	Given a visual model, solves volume problems by counting unit cubes.	
Read, Write and Compare Decimals: 5	5.NBT.3a, 5.NBT.3b, 5.NBT.4			
Reads, writes and compares decimals to any place using numerals, number names, expanded form and symbols (>, <, =); rounds to any place and chooses appropriate context given a rounded number.	Reads, writes and compares decimals to the hundredths using numerals, number names, expanded form and symbols (>, <, =), and rounds to any place.	Reads, writes and compares decimals to the hundredths using numerals, number names, expanded form and symbols (>, <, =), and rounds to any place with scaffolding.	Identifies the correct comparison of decimals to the hundredths using numerals, number names, expanded form and symbols (>, <, =).	
Place Value: 5.NBT.1, 5.NBT.2-2, 5.NBT.A.Int.1				
In any multi-digit number, recognizes a digit in one place represents 10 times as much as it represents in the place to its right and 1/10 of what it represents in the	In any multi-digit number, recognizes a digit in one place represents 10 times as much as it represents in the place to its right or 1/10 of what it represents in the place to its left	In any multi-digit number, recognizes a digit in one place represents 10 times as much as it represents in the place to its right or 1/10 of what it represents in the	In any multi-digit number, recognizes a digit in one place represents 10 times as much as it represents in the	

manipulatives or visual models.

#### Grade 5 Math: Content (Sub-Claim A) The student solves problems involving the Major Content for grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice. Partially or Does Not Yet Meet **Exceeds Expectations Meets Expectations Approaches Expectations Expectations** place to its left and uses whole and uses whole number exponents to place to its left by using place to its right by using number exponents to denote denote powers of 10. manipulatives or visual models. manipulatives or visual models. powers of 10 and uses symbols to compare two powers of 10 expressed exponentially (compare $10^2$ to $10^5$ ). Multiplication Scaling: 5.NF.5a Interprets multiplication scaling by Interprets multiplication scaling by Interprets multiplication scaling by Identifies multiplication scaling by comparing the size of the product to comparing the size of a product to comparing the size of a product to comparing the size of a product to the size of one factor on the basis of the size of the second factor of the size of the second factor of the size of the second factor by of the size of the second factor by without performing the indicated without performing the indicated performing the indicated performing the indicated multiplication, focusing on one multiplication where one factor is a multiplication where one factor is a multiplication where one factor is a factor being a fraction greater than fraction less than one. fraction less than one using fraction less than one using

manipulatives or visual models.

or less than one.

#### Grade 5 Math: Content (Sub-Claim B) The student solves problems involving the Additional and Supporting Content for the grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice. Partially or Does Not Yet Meet **Approaches Expectations Exceeds Expectations Meets Expectations Expectations** Write and Interpret Numerical Expressions: 5.OA.1, 5.OA.2-1, 5.OA.2-2 Uses parentheses, brackets, or Uses parentheses to write simple Uses parentheses, brackets, or Uses parentheses, brackets, or braces with no greater depth than braces to write numerical braces to write simple numerical numerical expressions. two, to write and evaluate numerical expressions. expressions. expressions. Interprets numerical expressions Interprets simple numerical without evaluating them. expressions without evaluating them. Graphing on the Coordinate Plane: 5.G.1, 5.G.2, 5.OA.3 Represents real-world and Represents real-world and Represents real-world and Represents real-world mathematical mathematical problems by locating mathematical problems by locating mathematical problems by locating problems by locating points in the and graphing points in the first and graphing points in the first or graphing points in the first first quadrant of a coordinate plane. quadrant of a coordinate plane and quadrant of a coordinate plane. quadrant of a coordinate plane. interprets coordinate values of points in the context of the situation. Two-Dimensional Figures: 5.G.3, 5.G.4 Classifies two-dimensional figures in Classifies two-dimensional figures in Classifies two-dimensional figures Identifies two-dimensional figures a hierarchy based on properties. a hierarchy based on properties. based on properties. based on properties. Understands that attributes Understands that shared attributes Understands that shared attributes belonging to a category of twocategorize two-dimensional figures. categorize two-dimensional figures. dimensional figures also belong to all subcategories of that category. Uses appropriate tools to determine similarities and differences between categories and subcategories.

#### Grade 5 Math: Content (Sub-Claim B) The student solves problems involving the Additional and Supporting Content for the grade/course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice. Partially or Does Not Yet Meet **Exceeds Expectations Approaches Expectations Meets Expectations Expectations** Conversions: 5.MD.1-1, 5.MD.1-2 Converts among different-sized Converts among different-sized Converts among different-sized Identifies the correct conversion standard measurement units within a standard measurement units within a standard measurement units within a among different-sized standard given measurement system and uses given measurement system and uses given measurement system and units within a given measurement these conversions to solve realthese conversions to solve realsolves single-step problems by using system. world, multi-step problems. world, single-step problems. manipulatives or visual models. Chooses the appropriate measurement unit based on the given context. Data Displays: 5.MD.2-2 Uses operations on fractions with denominators of 2, 4, and 8 to solve denominators of 2 and 4 to solve like denominators of 2 and 4 to solve like denominators of 2 to solve problems involving information in line problemsinvolvinginformationinline problems involving information in line problems involving information in line plots and interprets the solution in plots. plots. plots. relation to the data.

Grade 5 Math: Reasoning (Sub-Claim C) In connection with content, the student expresses grade/course-level appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.				
Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations	
Properties of Operations: 5.C.1-1, 5.C	.1-2, 5.C.1-3, 5.C.2-1, 5.C.2-2, 5.C.2-3,	5.C.2-4		
In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student constructs and communicates a well- organized and complete written response based on explanations/reasoning using the:  • properties of operations • relationship between addition and subtraction • relationship between multiplication and division Response may include: • a logical/defensible approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) • an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification • precision of calculation • correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels • justification of a conclusion	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student constructs and communicates a well-organized and complete written response based on explanations/ reasoning using the:  • properties of operations  • relationship between addition and subtraction  • relationship between multiplication and division  Response may include:  • a logical/defensible approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)  • a logical progression of steps  • precision of calculation  • correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  • justification of a conclusion  • evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable  • evaluating, interpreting and	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student constructs and communicates a complete written response based on explanations/ reasoning using the:  • properties of operations  • relationship between addition and subtraction  • relationship between multiplication and division  Response may include:  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  • a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps  • minor calculation errors  • some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  • partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations  • evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions.	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete written response based on explanations/reasoning using the:  • properties of operations  • relationship between addition and subtraction  • relationship between multiplication and division  Response may include:  • an approach based on a conjecture and/or stated or faulty assumptions  • an incomplete or illogical progression of steps  • an intrusive calculation error  • limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  • partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations	
	critiquing the validity of other's			

#### Grade 5 Math: Reasoning (Sub-Claim C)

In connection with content, the student expresses grade/course-level appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.

	or outsiming or outside and/or acco	<u> </u>	
Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations
<ul> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, reasonings, and approaches, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate). Provides a counterexample where applicable.</li> </ul>	responses, reasonings, and approaches, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate).		
Place Value: 5.C.3			
In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well-organized and complete response based on place value system including:  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)  • an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification  • precision of calculation  • correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well-organized and complete response based on place value system including:  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)  • a logical progression of steps  • precision of calculation  • correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  • justification of a conclusion	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student constructs and communicates a complete response based on place value system including:  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  • a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps  • minor calculation errors  • some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  • partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete response based on place value system which may include:  • an approach based on a conjecture and/or stated or faulty assumptions  • an incomplete or illogical progression of steps  • an intrusive calculation error  • limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  • partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations

#### Grade 5 Math: Reasoning (Sub-Claim C)

In connection with content, the student expresses grade/course-level appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations
<ul> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches and reasoning, and providing a counter-example where applicable.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches and reasoning.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions.</li> </ul>	
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#### Concrete Referents and Diagrams: 5.C.4-1, 5.C.4-2, 5.C.4-3, 5.C.4-4, 5.C.5-1, 5.C.5-2, 5.C.5-3, 5.C.6

In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well-organized and complete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagrams--including number lines (whether provided in the prompt or constructed by the student) and connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include:

 a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well- organized and complete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagrams--including number lines (whether provided in the prompt or constructed by the student) and connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include:

- a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)
- a logical progression of steps

In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student constructs and communicates a complete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagrams-including number lines (provided in the prompt) – connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include:

- a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions
- a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps
- minor calculation errors

In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagrams – including number lines (provided in the prompt) – connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include:

- a conjecture and/or stated or faulty assumptions
- an incomplete or illogical progression of steps
- · an intrusive calculation error

### Grade 5 Math: Reasoning (Sub-Claim C)

In connection with content, the student expresses grade/course-level appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.

arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.				
Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations	
<ul> <li>an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting, and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches, and reasoning, and providing a counterexample where applicable</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting, and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches, and reasoning.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations.</li> <li>evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations</li> <li>accepting the validity of other's responses</li> </ul>	
Distinguish Correct Explanation/ Reas	oning from that which is Flawed: 5.C.7-1	, 5.C.7-2, 5.C.7-3, 5.C.7-4, 5.C.8-2		
In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well-organized and complete response by:  • analyzing and defending solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately  • evaluating explanation/reasoning if there is a flaw in the argument	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well- organized and complete response by:  • analyzing and defending solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student constructs and communicates a complete response by:  • analyzing solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately  • distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning fromthat which is flawed	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete response by:  • analyzing solutions to scaffolded two-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, sometimes using symbols such as equal signs appropriately	

### Grade 5 Math: Reasoning (Sub-Claim C)

In connection with content, the student expresses grade/course-level appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.

al guillettis, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.				
Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations	
<ul> <li>presenting and defending corrected reasoning</li> <li>Response may include:</li> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)</li> <li>an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's</li> <li>responses, approaches and reasoning, and providing a counter-example where applicable</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>distinguishing correct         explanation/reasoning from that         which is flawed</li> <li>identifying and describing the flaw         in reasoning or describing errors         in solutions to multi-step         problems</li> <li>presenting corrected reasoning         Response may include:         <ul> <li>a logical approach based on a                 conjecture and/or stated                  assumptions, utilizing                  mathematical connections (when                 appropriate)</li> <li>a logical progression of steps</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level                  vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument                  or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting and                  critiquing the validity of other's                  responses, approaches and                  reasoning</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning or describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems</li> <li>presenting corrected reasoning Response may include:</li> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions</li> <li>a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps</li> <li>minor calculation errors</li> <li>some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>partial justification of aconclusion based on own calculations</li> <li>evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>distinguishing correct         explanation/reasoning fromthat         which is flawed</li> <li>identifying an error in reasoning         Response may include:         <ul> <li>a conjecture based on faulty</li></ul></li></ul>	

### Grade 5 Math: Modeling (Sub-Claim D)

In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to the grade/course by applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for the current grade/course (or for more complex problems, knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly, and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, looking for the making use of structure and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning.

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations
Modeling: 5.D.1, 5.D.2			
In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real-world contextual word problems by:  • using stated assumptions or making assumptions and using approximations to simplify a real-world situation  • analyzing and/or creating constraints, relationships and goals  • mapping relationships between important quantities by selecting appropriate tools to create models  • analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions  • justifying and defending models which lead to a conclusion  • interpreting mathematical results in the context of the situation	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real- world contextual word problems by:  • using stated assumptions or making assumptions and using approximations to simplify a real-world situation  • mapping relationships between important quantities by selecting appropriate tools to create models  • analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions  • interpreting mathematical results in the context of the situation  • reflecting on whether the results make sense  • modifying and/or improving the model if it has not served its purpose	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real-world contextual word problems by:  using stated assumptions and approximations to simplify a realworld situation  illustrating relationships between important quantities by using provided tools to create models  analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions  interpreting mathematical results in a simplified context  reflecting on whether the results make sense  modifying the model if it has not served its purpose  writing an arithmetic expression or equation to describe a situation	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claim A, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real-world contextual word problems by:  using stated assumptions and approximations to simplify a realworld situation  identifying important quantities  using provided tools to create models  analyzing relationships mathematically to draw conclusions  writing an arithmeticexpression or equation to describe a situation

#### Grade 5 Math: Modeling (Sub-Claim D)

In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to the grade/course by applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for the current grade/course (or for more complex problems, knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly, and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, looking for the making use of structure and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning.

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Partially or Does Not Yet Meet Expectations
<ul> <li>reflecting on whether the results make sense</li> <li>improving the model if it has not served its purpose</li> <li>writing a concise arithmetic expression or equation to describe a situation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>writing an arithmetic expression or equation to describe a situation</li> </ul>		