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## Executive Summary

The Partnership for Assessment of Readiness for College and Careers (PARCC) is a state-led consortium creating next-generation assessments that, compared to traditional K-12 assessments, more accurately measure student progress toward college and career readiness. The PARCC assessments are aligned to the Common Core State Standards (CCSS) and were administered operationally for the first time in the 2014-2015 academic year. PARCC comprises assessments in both English language arts/literacy (ELA/L) and Mathematics in grades 3 to 8 and high school.

The information provided in this technical report is intended for use by those who evaluate tests, interpret scores, or use test results in making educational decisions. It is assumed that the reader has technical knowledge of test construction and measurement procedures, as stated in Standards for Educational and Psychological Testing (American Educational Research Association [AERA], American Psychological Association [APA], \& National Council on Measurement in Education [NCME], 2014). The purpose of this technical report is to describe the second operational administration of the PARCC assessments in the 2015-2016 academic year and includes the following topics:

- Background and purpose of the assessments,
- Test development of items and forms,
- Test administration, security, and scoring,
- Test taker characteristics,
- Classical item analyses and differential item functioning,
- Reliability and validity of scores,
- Item response theory (IRT) calibration and scaling,
- Performance level setting,
- Development of the score reporting scales and student performance, and
- Quality control procedures.


## Background and Purpose

Assessments for the first operational administration were constructed in 2014. Eleven states and the District of Columbia participated in the first administration of the PARCC assessments during the 20142015 school year. A small subset of students were tested in fall 2014. ELA/L grades 9, 10, and 11, and Algebra I, Geometry, and Algebra II were administered in the fall; these assessments were administered on paper only. The majority of students tested during the spring 2015 window when all grades and content areas were administered online and on paper. Seven states, the Bureau of Indian Education, and District of Columbia participated in the second administration in school year 2015-2016. Not all participating states had students testing in all grades. In fall 2015 ELA/L grades 9, 10, and 11, and Algebra I, Geometry, and Algebra II were administered online and on paper. The majority of students tested during the spring 2016 window when all grades and content areas were administered online and on paper.

The PARCC assessments are designed to achieve several purposes. First, the tests are intended to provide evidence to determine whether students are on track for college- and career-readiness. Second, the tests are structured to access the full range of CCSS and measure the total breadth of student performance. Finally, the tests are designed to provide data to help inform classroom instruction, student interventions and professional development.

The fall 2015 operational administration of the PARCC assessment included two separate components: the Performance-Based Assessment (PBA) and the End-of-Year (EOY) assessment. Both components were administered as computer-based tests (CBT) and as paper-based tests (PBT). A valid score in both the PBA and EOY assessments was required for a student to receive a summative score. The spring 2016 operational administration of the PARCC assessment combined the Performance-Based Assessment (PBA) and End-of-Year (EOY) into one testing window.

## Item Types

The tests contain selected response, brief and extended constructed response, technology-enabled, and technology-enhanced items (TEI), as well as performance tasks. Technology-enabled items are singleresponse or constructed-response items that involve some type of digital stimulus or open-ended response box with which the students engage in answering questions. Technology-enhanced items involve specialized student interactions for collecting performance data. Therefore, the act of performing the task is the way in which data are collected. Students may be asked, among other tasks, to categorize information, organize or classify data, order a series of events, plot data, generate equations, highlight text, or fill in a blank. One example of a TEI is an interaction in which students are asked to drag response options onto a Venn diagram to show the relationship among ideas.

## Classical and IRT Item Analysis

Classical item analyses and differential item functioning analyses were performed on the data to evaluate the psychometric characteristics of the operational test items after items were administered and before scores were reported. The two-parameter logistic/generalized partial credit (2PL/GPC) IRT models were used for calibrations and scaling. Multiple operational core forms were administered for each grade in ELA/L and mathematics. The forms included sets of embedded common items to provide data to support horizontal linking across test forms within a grade and content area and across years.

The purpose of the IRT calibration and scaling was to place all operational items for a single grade/subject onto a common scale. The results of the 2014 field test dimensionality study indicated that multidimensional models, based on predetermined test structures (e.g., PBA versus EOY, and ELA/ reading versus ELA/L writing), did not provide significantly better model fit compared to a unidimensional model, for both ELA/L and mathematics. A mode comparability study based on the 2014 field test data did not provide evidence to assume that scores resulting from PBT and CBT forms were strictly comparable between modes, particularly for PBA. Based on the findings from these two studies, the operational data were calibrated concurrently across forms, and calibrations were conducted separately for PBT and CBT response data using IRT models consistent with mixed format data.

After calibration and model fit evaluation was completed, a master list of all items flagged as problematic was compiled and brought to the PARCC Priority Alert Task Force. ${ }^{1}$ The Task Force reviewed each item, its content and the statistical properties, and made decisions about whether to include the item in the operational scores. Sometimes, an item was rejected because it appeared to have content issues, and sometimes an item was excluded because it could not be calibrated or showed extremely poor IRT model fit. Ultimately the decision about whether to keep or exclude each flagged item was made by the Task Force. The goals of the Task Force were to: a) minimize the number of items excluded from the operational test forms, and b) avoid advantaging or disadvantaging any test takers.

Once the item response data from the computer-based tests (CBT) and the paper-based tests (PBT) were calibrated for all grades and content areas, all available item parameter estimates of common items across modes, were used to transform the PBT item parameter estimates onto the CBT scales. The software program STUIRT (Kim \& Kolen, 2004) was used to obtain Stocking and Lord (1983) transformation values to link the PBT scales to the CBT scales.

The PBT forms for all grades and content areas were generated using items from the CBT forms. In response to several practical constraints based on the number of forms constructed for each mode and to meet the blueprints (e.g., inclusion of TEI on CBT forms), there was no single CBT form that was administered intact in the paper delivery mode at any grade level. For example, TEI from online forms were replaced in the paper forms with items having similar content, but appropriate for paper-based testing. However, for both ELA/L and mathematics, the content on PBT forms significantly overlapped content on the CBT forms. A mode comparability study was conducted in 2015 and the results are presented as a separate special report. The study evaluated the extent to which scores from CBT and PBT forms could be considered as comparable with regard to psychometric characteristics. A major finding was that score comparability was inconsistent across the content domains and grade levels investigated.

## Overall Scale Scores, Claim Scores, and Subclaim Scores

The PARCC ELA/L and mathematics scores are expressed as various types of scale scores (both total scores and claim scores, related to the claims structures described below), as well as by performance levels used to describe how well students meet the academic standards for their grade level. On the basis of a student's total score, an inference is drawn about how much knowledge and skill in the content area the student has acquired. The total score is also used to classify students in terms of the level of knowledge and skill in the content area as students progress in their K-12 education. These levels are called performance levels and are reported as:

- Level 5: Exceeded expectations
- Level 4: Met expectations
- Level 3: Approached expectations
- Level 2: Partially met expectations
- Level 1: Did not yet meet expectations

[^0]Students classified as either Level 4 or Level 5 are meeting or exceeding the grade level expectations. Additionally, information on more specific skills is provided and is reported as Below Expectations, Nearly Meets Expectations, and Meets or Exceeds Expectations.

PARCC has developed performance level descriptors (PLDs) to assist with the understanding and interpretations of the ELA/L and mathematics scores (http://www.parcconline.org/assessments/test-design/ela-literacy/ela-performance-level-descriptors and http://www.parcconline.org/assessments/test-design/mathematics/math-performance-leveldescriptors). Additionally, resource information is available online to educators, parents, and students (http://avocet.pearson.com/PARCC/Home\#15727), which includes information on understanding and interpreting the ELA/L and mathematics score reports.

The claim structures for ELA/L and for mathematics, grounded in the Common Core State Standards, informs the design and development of the summative assessments.

## Claim Structure for ELA/L

Master Claim. The master claim is the overall performance goal for the PARCC ELA/L
Assessment System—students must demonstrate that they are college- and career-ready or on track to readiness as demonstrated through reading and comprehending of grade-level texts of appropriate complexity and writing effectively when using and/or analyzing sources.

Major Claims: 1) reading and comprehending a range of sufficiently complex texts independently, and 2) writing effectively when using and/or analyzing sources.

Subclaims: The subclaims further explicate what is measured on the PARCC assessments and include claims about student performance on the standards and evidences outlined in the PARCC evidence tables for reading and writing (http://www.parcconline.org/assessments/test-design/ela-literacy/test-specifications-documents). The claims and evidences are grouped into the following categories.

1. Vocabulary, Interpretation, and Use
2. Reading Literature
3. Reading Informational Text
4. Written Expression
5. Knowledge of Language and Conventions

## Claim Structure for Mathematics

Master Claim. The degree to which a student is college- or career-ready or on track to being ready in mathematics. The student solves grade-level/course-level problems aligned to the Standards for Mathematical Content with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.

Subclaims: The subclaims further explicate what is measured on the PARCC assessments and include claims about student performance on the standards and evidences outlined in the PARCC evidence statement tables for mathematics
(http://www.parcconline.org/assessments/test-design/mathematics/math-test-specificationsdocuments). The claims and evidence are grouped into the following categories.

Subclaim A: Major Content with Connections to Practices

Subclaim B: Additional and Supporting Content with Connections to Practices

Subclaim C: Highlighted Practices with Connections to Content: Expressing Mathematical Reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others, and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements

Subclaim D: Highlighted Practice with Connections to Content: Modeling/Application by solving real-world problems by applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards.

## Score Scales

Scale scores were defined for each test as a linear transformation of the IRT theta ( $\Theta$ ) scale. The test characteristic curves associated with the performance level setting forms were used to identify the theta values associated with the Level 2 and Level 4 point scores. By defining Level 2 and 4 scale scores to be 700 and 750, respectively, the linear relationship between theta and scale scores was established.

The result is 201 defined full summative scale score points for each ELA/L and mathematics assessment, ranging from 650 to 850 . A scale score of 700 is always the minimum for Level 2 performance, a scale score of 750 is always the minimum for Level 4 performance.

The thresholds for summative performance levels on the scale score metric recommended by the scale score task force are described in Table 1.1.

Table 1.1 Defined Summative Scale Scores and Cut Scores

|  | Lowest <br> Obtainable Scale <br> Score | Cut Score <br> Level 2 | Cut Score <br> Level 4 | Highest <br> Obtainable Scale <br> Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative | 650 | 700 | 750 | 850 |

As with the full summative scores, scale scores for Reading and Writing were defined for each test as a linear transformation of the IRT theta $(\theta)$ scale. The same IRT theta scale was used for Reading and Writing as was used for the ELA/L full summative scores. The theta values associated with the Level 2 and Level 4 performance levels were identified using the test characteristic curves associated with the performance level setting forms. Parallel to the full summative scores, the relationship between theta and scale scores was established with Level 2 and 4 theta scores and the corresponding predefined scale scores.

The result was 81 defined scale score points for Reading, ranging from 10 to 90 . A scale score of 30 is the cut score for minimum Level 2 performance, a scale score of 50 is the cut score for minimum Level 4 performance. There are 51 defined scale score points for Writing, ranging from 10 to 60 . A scale score of 25 is the cut score for minimum Level 2 performance, a scale score of 35 is the cut score for minimum Level 4 performance. The threshold Reading and Writing performance levels on the scale score metric recommended by the scale score task force are described in Table 1.2.

Table 1.2 Defined Scaled Scores and Cut Scores for Reading and Writing Claim Scores

|  | Lowest <br> Obtainable Scale <br> Score | Cut Score <br> Level 2 | Cut Score <br> Level 4 | Highest <br> Obtainable Scale <br> Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reading | 10 | 30 | 50 | 90 |
| Writing | 10 | 25 | 35 | 60 |

Regarding the subclaim scores, the Level 4 cut is defined as Meets or Exceeds Expectations because grade 3-8, and high school students at Level 4 or above are likely to have the skills and knowledge to meet the definition of career and college readiness. Subclaim outcomes center on that performance level and are reported at three levels:

- Below Expectations;
- Nearly Meets Expectations; or
- Meets or Exceeds Expectations.


## Quality Control

To ensure IRT calibrations, scaling and conversion tables were produced accurately, HumRRO replicated the data processing, IRT calibrations and scale score transformations carried out by Pearson, and the generation of the score conversion tables. Pearson and HumRRO independently generated incomplete data matrices and conducted the calibrations using IRTPRO (Cai, Thissen \& du Toit, 2011) calibration software. Pearson and HumRRO both used STUIRT software to transform 2015 item parameter estimates to the 2016 IRT scale and to transform PBT item parameter estimates onto the CBT scales for each grade/subject. Pearson's scaling constants were compared to those generated by HumRRO and found to be consistent. Measured Progress (MP) performed independent quality control comparisons between the Pearson and HumRRO item parameter estimates to identify any differences. In addition, MP independently made certain that the same items were excluded from the linking sets, and compared transformed parameter estimates computed by Pearson and HumRRO. If items had large differences across years or modes, the items were discussed and any remaining issues resolved. Measured Progress prepared reports documenting their findings. Exact matches were found between all Pearson and HumRRO conversion tables before scores were reported.

## Section 1: Introduction

### 1.1 Background

States associated with the Partnership for Assessment of Readiness for College and Careers (PARCC) came together in early 2010 with a shared vision of ensuring that all students - regardless of income, family background or geography - have equal access to a world-class education that will prepare them for success after high school in college and/or careers. The PARCC goal was to develop new assessments that tie into more rigorous academic expectations and help prepare students for success in college and the workforce, as well as to provide information back to teachers and parents about where students are on their path to success. Calling on the expertise of thousands of teachers, higher education faculty and other educators in multiple states, the PARCC assessment system is a high quality set of summative assessments, diagnostic assessments, formative tasks, and other support materials for teachers including professional development and communications tools.

The PARCC consortium develops and administers next-generation assessments that, compared to traditional $\mathrm{K}-12$ assessments, more accurately measure student progress toward college and career readiness. The assessments are aligned to the Common Core State Standards (CCSS) and include both English language arts/literacy (ELA/L) assessments (grades three through eleven) and mathematics assessments (grades three through eight, and high school). Compared to traditional standardized tests, these assessments are intended to measure more complex skills like critical-thinking, persuasive writing, and problem-solving.

In 2013, the PARCC Governing Board launched Parcc Inc., a non-profit organization designed to support the successful delivery of the tests in 2014-15, and the long-term success of the multi-state partnership. States continue to govern decisions about the assessment system; the non-profit organization is their "agent" for overseeing the many vendors involved in the PARCC assessment system, coordinating the multiple work groups and committees (including Governing Board meetings), managing the PARCC intellectual property, overseeing the research agenda and the Technical Advisory Committee, and developing and launching the multiple non-summative tools.

Summative assessments for the first operational administration were constructed in 2014. Eleven states and the District of Columbia participated in the first administration of the PARCC assessments during the 2014-2015 school year. A small subset of students tested in Fall 2014. ELA/L grades 9, 10, and 11, and Algebra I, Geometry, and Algebra II were administered in the fall; these assessments were administered on paper only. The majority of students tested during the Spring 2015 window when all grades and content areas were administered online and on paper. Seven states, the Bureau of Indian Education, and District of Columbia participated in the second administration in school year 2015-2016. Not all participating states had students testing in all grades. In fall 2015 ELA/L grades 9, 10, and 11, and Algebra I, Geometry, and Algebra II were administered online and paper. The majority of students tested during the spring 2016 window when all grades and content areas were administered online and on paper.

The purpose of this technical report is to describe the second operational administration of the PARCC summative assessments in the 2015-2016 academic year, including test form construction, test administration, item scoring, test taker characteristics, classical item analysis results, reliability results, evidence of validity, item response theory (IRT) calibrations and scaling, performance level setting procedure, and quality control procedures.

### 1.2 Purpose of the Operational Tests

The PARCC assessments are designed to achieve several purposes. First, the tests are intended to provide evidence to determine whether students are on track for college- and career-readiness. Second, the tests are structured to access the full range of CCSS and measure the total breadth of student performance. Finally, the tests are designed to provide data to help inform classroom instruction, student interventions, and professional development.

### 1.3 Composition of Operational Tests

Each operational test form was constructed to reflect the full test blueprint in terms of content, standards measured, and item types. Sets of common items, included to provide data to support horizontal linking across test forms within a grade and content area, were proportionally representative of the operational test blueprint.

The fall 2015 operational administration of the PARCC assessment included two separate components: the Performance-Based Assessment (PBA) and the End-of-Year (EOY) assessment. Both components were administered as computer-based tests (CBT) and as paper-based tests (PBT). A valid score in both the PBA and EOY assessments was required for a student to receive a summative score. The spring 2016 operational administration of the PARCC assessment combined the Performance-Based Assessment (PBA) and End-of-Year (EOY) into one testing window.

The Fall PBA and EOY components utilized somewhat different item types. The PBA was administered after approximately 75 percent of instructional time was complete. The purpose of the PBA component was to measure critical thinking, reasoning, and the ability to apply skills and knowledge in reading, writing, and mathematics. The ELA/L PBA component comprised three types of tasks: literary analysis, narrative writing, and research simulation. For each task, students were instructed to read one or more texts, answer several brief questions, and then write an essay based on the material they read. The mathematics PBA consisted of tasks designed to assess a student's ability to use mathematics to solve real-life problems. Some of the tasks required that students describe how they solved a problem, while other tasks measured conceptual understanding and ability to apply concepts by means of selected-response or technology-enhanced items.

The Fall EOY administration occurred after approximately 90 percent of instruction was complete. Students were required to demonstrate their skills and knowledge by answering innovative selected-response and short-answer questions that measured concepts and skills. The ELA/L EOY assessment had between two and four literary and informational texts; each text had five or six brief comprehension and vocabulary
questions. The mathematics EOY assessment contained tasks that measured a combination of conceptual understanding, applications, skills, and procedures.

The spring 2016 PARCC assessments were administered in either computer-based or paper-based format. PBA and EOY components were combined into one testing window in an effort to shorten the test, and make it easier for schools to administer and for students to take. English language arts/literacy (ELA/L) assessments focused on writing effectively when analyzing text. Mathematics assessments focused on applying skills and concepts, and understanding multi-step problems that require abstract reasoning and modeling real-world problems, precision, perseverance, and strategic use of tools. In both content areas, students also demonstrated their acquired skills and knowledge by answering selected response items and fill-in-the-blank questions.

Each spring assessment was comprised of multiple units, and additionally, one of the mathematics units was split into two sections: a non-calculator section and a calculator section.

### 1.4 Intended Population

The PARCC tests are intended for students taking ELA/L and/or mathematics in grades 3 through 11, as well as students taking high school mathematics (i.e., Algebra I, Geometry, Algebra II, Integrated Mathematics I - III). For these students, the PARCC tests measured whether students were meeting state academic standards and mastering the knowledge and skills needed to progress in their K-12 education and beyond.

### 1.5 Groups and Organizations Involved with PARCC

- Parcc Inc. is a nonprofit organization that assumes the responsibility for management of the PARCC consortium, as well as the development and implementation of PARCC assessments.

A number of committees of educators, state education agency staff, and national experts lead the work of the PARCC consortium. These committees include:

0 the PARCC consortium Governing Board that makes major policy and operational decisions,

0 the Technical Advisory Committee that helps ensure all assessments will provide reliable results to inform valid instructional and accountability decisions,

0 the K-12 State Leads that coordinates all aspects of development of the PARCC assessment system and serves as the conduit to the Technical Advisory Committee and the Governing Board,

0 the Advisory Committee on College Readiness which includes higher education executive officers from PARCC states and other state- and nationally-recognized leaders in the postsecondary community, and

0 the Higher Education Leadership Team which is responsible for coordinating higher education engagement in the PARCC assessment system and works closely with the Advisory Committee on College Readiness.

- Test and item development activities were conducted by Pearson and WestEd under the guidance and oversight of PARCC leadership. ${ }^{2}$
- Pearson served as the primary contractor for the PARCC operational administration and was responsible for developing test forms, production of all testing materials, packaging and distribution, receiving and scanning of materials, and scoring, as well as program management and customer service.
- Pearson Psychometrics was responsible for all psychometric analyses of the PARCC operational test data. This included classical item analyses, differential item functioning (DIF) analyses, item calibrations based on item response theory (IRT), scaling, and development of all conversion tables.
- HumRRO served as a subcontractor and was responsible for replicating item calibrations based on item response theory (IRT), scaling, and development of all conversion tables.
- Measured Progress (MP) served as a subcontractor to conduct external evaluations; they were responsible for reviewing and comparing the psychometric IRT calibrations performed by Pearson, which were replicated by HumRRO. MP also provided comparisons of results obtained independently from Pearson and from HumRRO for raw-to-theta (RST) conversion tables, summative and claim scale scores, performance level classifications, and subclaim performance level classifications.


### 1.6 Overview of the Technical Report

This report begins by providing explanations of the test form construction process, test administration, and scoring of the test items. Subsequent sections of the report present descriptions of test taker characteristics, results of classical item analyses, results of reliability analyses, evidence of validity, item response theory (IRT) calibrations and scaling, performance level setting procedure, and quality control procedures.

The technical report contains the following sections:

- Section 2 - Test Development

[^1]This section describes the PARCC test design and the procedures followed during the development of operational test forms.

- Section 3 - Test Administration

This section presents the operational administration schedule, information regarding test security and confidentiality, accessibility features and accommodations, and testing irregularities and security breaches.

- Section 4 - Scoring of the Items

The key-based and rule-based processes for machine scored items, as well as the training and monitoring processes for human scored items are provided in this section.

- Section 5 - Test Taker Characteristics

This section describes the composition of test forms, rules for inclusion of students in analyses, distributions of test takers by grade, mode, and gender, and distributions of demographic variables of interest.

- Section 6 - Classical Item Analyses

The classical item-level statistics calculated for the operational test data, the flagging criteria used to identify items that performed differently than expected, and the results of these analyses are presented in this section.

- Section 7 - Differential Item Functioning

In this section, the methods for conducting differential item functioning analyses as well as corresponding flagging criteria are described. This is followed by definitions of the comparison groups and subsequent results for the comparison groups.

- Section 8 - Reliability

The results of internal consistency reliability analyses and corresponding standard errors of measurement, for each grade, content area, and mode (CBT or PBT) for all test takers, and for subgroups of interest, is provided in this section. This is followed by reliability results for subscores and reliability of classification (i.e., decision accuracy and decision consistency). Finally, expectations and results for interrater agreement for hand scored items are summarized.

- Section 9 - Validity

Validity evidence based on analyses of the internal structure of the tests is provided in this section. Correlations between subscores are reported by grade, content area, and mode (CBT or PBT) for all test takers.

- Section 10 - IRT Calibration and Scaling

This section presents the information related to the calibration and scaling of item response data including: data preparation, the calibration process, model fit evaluation, and items excluded from score reporting. In addition, the scaling process (paper to online) is described and evaluated.

- Section 11 - Performance Level Setting (PLS) Procedure and Results

Performance levels and policy definitions, as well as the processes followed to establish performance level thresholds are described in this section.

- Section 12 - Scale Scores

This section provides an overview of the claims and subclaims, describes the development of the reporting scales and conversion tables, and presents scale score distributions. Finally, information regarding the interpretation of claim scores and subclaim scores is presented.

- Section 13 - Quality Control Procedures

All aspects of quality control are presented in this section. These activities range from quality assurance of item banking, test form construction, and all testing materials to quality control of scanning, image editing, and scoring. This is followed by a detailed description of the steps taken to ensure that all psychometric analyses were of the highest quality.

- References
- Appendices

To facilitate utility, tables in the appendices are numbered sequentially according to the section represented by the tables. For example, the first appendix table for Section 5 is numbered A.5.1, the second appendix table for Section 5 is numbered A.5.2, and so on.

- Addendum

The addendum presents the results of analyses for the Fall 2015 operational administration. These results are reported separately from the Spring 2016 results because fall testing involved a nonrepresentative subset of students testing only ELA/L grades 9,10, and 11, as well as Algebra I, Geometry, and Algebra II.

To organize the addendum, tables are numbered sequentially according to the section represented by the tables. For example, the first addendum table for Section 5 is numbered ADD.5.1, the second addendum table for section 5 is numbered ADD.5.2, and so on.

### 1.7 Glossary of Abbreviations

Table 1.3 Glossary of PARCC Abbreviations and Acronyms

| Abbreviation/Acronym | Definition |
| :--- | :--- |
| IPL/PC | One-parameter/Partial Credit Model |
| 2PL/GPC | Two-parameter Logistic/Generalized Partial Credit Model |
| 3PL/GPC | Three-parameter Logistic/Generalized Partial Credit Model |
| AAF | Accessibility, Accommodations, and Fairness |
| ABBI | Assessment Banking for Building and Interoperability |
| AERA | American Educational Research Association |
| AIS | Average Item Score |
| AIQ | Assessment and Information Quality |
| APA | American Psychological Association |
| ASC | Additional and Supporting Content (Mathematics) |
| ASL | American Sign Language |
| ATA | Automatic Test Assembler |
| CBT | Computer-Based Test |
| CCSS | Common Core State Standards |
| CDQ | Customer Data Quality |
| CSEM | Conditional Standard Error of Measurement |
| DIF | Differential Item Functioning |
| DPL | Digital Production Line |
| DPP | Digital Pre-press |
| EBSS | Evidence-based Standard Setting |
| ELA/L | English Language Arts/Literacy |
| EL | English Learners |
| EOC | End-of-Course |
| EOY | End-of-Year |
| ePEN2 | Electronic Performance Evaluation Network |
| ESEA | Elementary and Secondary Education Act |
| FRL | Free or Reduced-price Lunch |
| FS | Full Summative |
| FT | Field Test |
| IA | Item Analysis |
| ICC | Item Characteristic Curve |
| IDEA | Individuals with Disabilities Education Act |
| IEP | Individualized Education Program |
| INF | Information Curve |
| IRA | Inter-rater Agreement |
| IRF | Item Response File |
| IRT | Item Response Theory |
| IRS | Individual Student Report |
| K-12 | Kindergarten to Grade 12 |
| LEA | Local Education Agency |
| MAD | Meal Item Dependence Absolute Difference |
| MC | Major Content (Mathematics) |
| MP | Meantel-Haenszel |


| MP | Modeling Practice (Mathematics) |
| :--- | :--- |
| MR | Mathematical Reasoning |
| NAEP | National Assessment of Educational Progress |
| NCLB | No Child Left Behind |
| NCME | National Council on Measurement in Education |
| NSLP | National School Lunch Program |
| OE responses | Open-ended responses |
| OMR | Optical Mark Reading |
| OWG | Operational Working Group |
| PARCC | Partnership for Assessment of Readiness for College and Careers |
| PBA | Performance-Based Assessment |
| PBT | Paper-Based Test |
| PCR | Prose Constructed Response (ELA/L) |
| PEJ | Postsecondary Educators' Judgment |
| PLD | Performance Level Descriptor |
| PLS | Performance Level Setting |
| PV | Product Validation |
| QA | Quality Assurance |
| RD | Reading (ELA/L) |
| RI | Reading Information (ELA/L) |
| RL | Reading Literature (ELA/L) |
| RMSD | Root Mean Square Difference |
| RV | Reading Vocabulary (ELA/L) |
| RST | Raw-score-to-theta |
| SD | Standard Deviation |
| SDF | Student Data File |
| SE | Standard Error |
| SEJ | Standard Error of Judgment |
| SEM | Standard Error of Measurement |
| SIRB | Scored Item Response Block |
| SMD | Standardized Mean Difference |
| SSMC | Single Select Multiple Choice |
| SWD | Students with Disabilities |
| TCC | Test Characteristic Curve |
| TTS | Text to Speech |
| UIN | Unique Item Number |
| Writing Written Expression (ELA/L) | Writing Knowledge Language and Conventions (ELA/L) |
| WKL | Weighted Least Squares |
| WLS | Weighted Root Mean Square Difference |
| WR |  |
|  |  |

## Section 2: Test Development <br> 2.1 Overview of the PARCC Assessment, Claims, and Design

Aligned to the Common Core State Standards (CCSS) as articulated in the PARCC Model Content Frameworks, the PARCC assessments are designed to determine whether students are college- and career-ready or on track, assess the full range of the CCSS, measure the full range of student performance, and provide data to help inform instruction, interventions, and professional development. Test development is an ongoing process involving educators, researchers, psychometricians, subject matter professionals, and assessment experts who participate in the development of the PARCC test design and its underlying foundational documents; develop and review passages and items used to build the PARCC assessments; monitor the program for quality, accessibility, and fairness for all students; and construct, review, and score the assessments

The PARCC summative assessments include both English language arts/literacy (ELA/L) and mathematics assessments in grades 3 to 8 and high school. The high school mathematics tests include traditional mathematics and integrated mathematics course pathways. Tests contain selected response, brief and extended constructed response, technology-enabled and technology-enhanced items (TEI), as well as performance tasks. Technology-enabled items are single-response or constructed-response items that involve some type of digital stimulus or open-ended response box with which the students engage in answering questions. Technology-enhanced items involve specialized student interactions for collecting performance data. In other words, the act of performing the task is the way in which data is collected. Students may be asked, among other interactions, to categorize information, organize or classify data, order a series of events, plot data, generate equations, highlight text, or fill in a blank. One example of a TEI is an interaction in which students are asked to drag response options onto a Venn diagram to show the relationship among ideas.

The PARCC assessments offer a wide range of accessibility features for all students and accommodations for students with disabilities (e.g., screen reader, assistive technology, braille, large print, text-to-speech, and ASL video versions of the test, as well as response accommodations that allow students to respond to test items using different formats). For English learners who are native Spanish speakers, PARCC offers a paper-based edition of the mathematics assessment in Spanish, and both large print and Text-to-Speech versions of the test in Spanish (refer to the PARCC Accessibility Features and Accommodations Manual for in-depth information).

### 2.1.1 English Language Arts/Literacy (ELA/L) Assessments - Claims and Subclaims

The ELA/L summative assessment at each grade level consists of three task types: Literary Analysis, Research Simulation, and Narrative Writing. For each performance-based task, students are asked to read or view one or more texts, answer comprehension and vocabulary questions, and write an extended response that requires them to draw evidence from text(s). The summative assessment also contains literary and informational reading passages with comprehension and vocabulary questions.

The claim structure, grounded in the CCSS, undergirds the design and development of the ELA/L summative assessments.

Master Claim. The master claim is the overall performance goal for the PARCC ELA/Literacy Assessment System—students must demonstrate that they are college- and career-ready or on track to readiness as demonstrated through reading and comprehending of grade-level texts of appropriate complexity and writing effectively when using and/or analyzing sources.

Major Claims: 1) reading and comprehending a range of sufficiently complex texts independently, and 2) writing effectively when using and/or analyzing sources.

Sub Claims: The sub claims further explicate what is measured on the PARCC assessments and include claims about student performance on the standards and evidences outlined in the PARCC evidence tables for reading and writing (refer to PARCC Test Specifications Documents). The claims and evidences are grouped into the following categories.

1. Vocabulary Interpretation and Use
2. Reading Literature
3. Reading Informational Text
4. Written Expression
5. Knowledge of Language and Conventions

### 2.1.2 Mathematics Assessments - Claims and Subclaims

The summative mathematics assessment at each grade level includes both short- and extendedresponse questions focused on applying skills and concepts to solve problems that require demonstration of the mathematical practices from the Common Core State Standards with a focus on modeling and reasoning with precision. The assessments also include performance-based short-answer questions focused on conceptual understanding, procedural skills, and application.

The claim structure, grounded in the CCSS, undergirds the design and development of the summative assessments.

Master Claim. The degree to which a student is college- or career-ready or on track to being ready in mathematics. The student solves grade-level/course-level problems aligned to the Standards for Mathematical Content with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.

Sub Claims: The sub claims further explicate what is measured on the PARCC assessments and include claims about student performance on the standards and evidences outlined in the PARCC evidence statement tables for mathematics (refer to PARCC Test Specifications Documents). The claims and evidence are grouped into the following categories.

Subclaim A: Major Content with Connections to Practices.

Subclaim B: Additional and Supporting Content with Connections to Practices.

Subclaim C: Highlighted Practices with Connections to Content: Expressing Mathematical Reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others, and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.

Subclaim D: Highlighted Practice with Connections to Content: Modeling/Application by solving real-world problems by applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards.

### 2.2 Test Development Activities

Test development activities began with the standards and model content frameworks. From these, PARCC, in collaboration with more than 2,000 educators, researchers, and psychometricians, has developed the PARCC test specifications documents that guide the development of test items and the composition of the tests. These documents include the College- and Career-Ready determinations and Performance-Level Descriptions, Claim Structure, Evidence Statement Tables, Blueprints, Informational Guides, Passage Selection Guidelines, Mathematics Sequencing Guidelines, Task Generation Models, Fairness and Sensitivity Guidelines, Text Selection Guidelines, and the Style Guide. Refer to the PARCC website for further information about these documents.

### 2.2.1 Item Development Process

PARCC test and item development activities were conducted by Pearson and WestEd under the guidance and oversight of PARCC leadership, including the PARCC Governing Board, the K-12 State Leads, the Higher Education Leadership Team, the Technical Advisory Committee, the Operational Working Group members from each of the member states, the PARCC State Text and Content Review Committees, and staff members from Parcc, Inc., the project management partner for the PARCC Consortium.

Developing high quality assessment content with authentic stimuli for computer-based tests (CBT) and paper-based tests (PBT) measuring rigorous standards is a complex process involving the services of many experts including assessment designers, psychometricians, managers, trainers, content providers, content experts, editors, artists, programmers, technicians, human scorers, advisors, and members of the PARCC Operational Working Groups.

## Bank Analysis and Item Development Plan

The PARCC summative item bank houses passages and items at each assessed grade level and subject. The bank supports the administration of the assessments, along with item release and practice tests. Items are developed and field tested annually. Prior to the annual item development cycle, the item development teams, in conjunction with members of the Operational Working Groups (OWGs) for ELA/L and mathematics, evaluated the strengths of the bank and considered the needs for future tests to establish an item development plan.

## Text Selection for ELA/L

Using the PARCC Passage Selection Guidelines, English language arts subject matter experts were trained to search for appropriate passages to support an annual pool of passages for consideration. Guided by the PARCC test specifications documents, Pearson and WestEd recruited, trained, and managed the contracted subject matter experts to deliver the number of texts specified in the annual item development plan. The Passage Selection Guidelines provided a text complexity framework, and guidance on selecting of a variety of text types and passages that allow for a range of standards/evidences to be demonstrated to meet the PARCC claims. PARCC ELA/L tests are based on authentic texts, including multi-media stimulus. Authentic texts are grade-appropriate texts that are not developed for the purposes of the assessment or to achieve a particular readability metric, but reflect the original language of the authors. Pearson and WestEd content experts reviewed the passages for adherence to the PARCC passage selection guidelines (guidelines available here:
https://prc.parcconline.org/library/parcc-passage-selection-guidelines) to meet to the annual item development plan described above in the number and distribution of genres and topics prior to review and consideration by the State Text Review Committee. ELA/L item development was not conducted until after texts were approved by the State Text Review committee.

## Item Development

Guided by the PARCC foundational documents, Pearson and WestEd recruited and trained the item writers and managed the item writing to develop the number of items specified in the annual item development plan. Prior to further committee reviews, the assessment teams at Pearson and WestEd reviewed the items - for content accuracy, alignment to the standards, range of difficulty, adherence to universal design principles (which maximize the participation of the widest possible range of students), bias and sensitivity, and copy edit to enable the accurate measurement of the PARCC standards.

### 2.2.2 Item and Text Review Committees

Members of the PARCC OWGs for ELA/L and mathematics, state-level experts, local educators, postsecondary faculty, and community members from the PARCC states conducted rigorous reviews of every item and passage being developed for the PARCC assessment system to ensure all test items are of the highest quality, aligned to the standards, and fair for all student populations. All PARCC reviewers were nominated by their state education agency. The purpose of the educator reviews was to provide feedback to Pearson and WestEd, and PARCC on the quality, accuracy, alignment, and appropriateness of the test passages and items developed annually for the summative PARCC assessments. The meetings were conducted either in person or virtually and included large group training on the expectations and processes of each meeting, followed by break outs into grade/subject working committees where additional training was provided.

## State Text Review

The State Text Review is a review and approval by the State Text Review Committee of the texts eligible for item development. Participants reviewed and provided feedback to Pearson, WestEd, and PARCC about the grade-level appropriateness, content, and potential bias concerns, and reached consensus about which texts would move forward for development. The State Text Review Committee was made up of both State Content and Bias and Sensitivity committee members.

## State Content Item Review

During State Content Item Review, committees reviewed and edited test items for adherence to the PARCC foundational documents, basic universal design principles, PARCC Accessibility Guidelines, associated item metadata, and PARCC Style Guide. Committees accessed the item content within the Pearson Assessment Banking for Building and Interoperability (ABBI) system that previews how the passages and items will be displayed in an operational online environment. Committees also verified that the appropriate scoring rule had been applied to each item. The Content Review committees were made up of Operational Working Group members and educators nominated by PARCC member states.

## State Bias and Sensitivity Review

Educators and community members make up the committee that reviews items and tasks to confirm that there are no bias or sensitivity issues that would interfere with a student's ability to achieve his or her best performance. The committee reviewed items and tasks to evaluate adherence to the Fairness and Sensitivity Guidelines, and to ensure that items and tasks do not unfairly advantage or disadvantage one student or group of students over another. Bias and Sensitivity Committee members made edits and modifications to items and passages to eliminate sources of bias and improve accessibility for all students.

## Editorial Review

The PARCC editorial review committee is comprised of state-level editors who reviewed up to 10 percent of the items and tasks. The committee reviewed the items for copy edit, clarity, and adherence to the PARCC Style Guide.

## Data Review Committee

Following the field test, educator and bias committee members met to evaluate test items and associated performance data with regard to appropriateness, level of difficulty, and potential gender, ethnic, or other bias, then recommended acceptance or rejection of each field-test item for inclusion on an operational assessment. The committee also made recommendations that items be revised and refield tested. Items that were approved by the committee are eligible for use on operational summative assessments.

### 2.2.3 Operational Test Construction

Under the guidance in the Operational Test Form Creation Specifications, Pearson constructed the operational forms to adhere to the test blueprints and the assessment goals outlined in the form creation specifications. These goals were:

- Test forms designed to measure well across the full range of student ability;
- Scores that are comparable among forms and across test administrations;
- Scales that support classification of students into performance levels;
- The number of parallel forms are maximized;
- Overexposure of items is minimized; and
- Adherence to standards for validity, reliability, and fairness (Standards for Educational and Psychological Testing, 2014).

Each content-area and grade-level assessment was based on a specific test blueprint that guided how each test is built. Test blueprints determined the range and distribution of content, and the distribution of points across the PARCC subclaims and task types.

Multiple operational forms were constructed for each grade/subject. These forms were designed to facilitate psychometric equating through a common item linking strategy (described in Section 2.2.4) and to be constructed as "parallel" as possible from a content and test-taking experience. Evaluation criteria for parallelism included adherence to blueprint; sequencing of content across the forms; statistical averages and distributions for difficulty (e.g., $p$ value) and discrimination (e.g., polyserial correlation); item type and cognitive complexity; and passage characteristics for ELA/L including genre, topics, word count, and text complexity.

Core forms are the operational test forms consisting of only those items that will count towards a student's score. Core forms are constructed to meet the blueprint and psychometric properties outlined in the test construction specifications. PARCC creates multiple core forms for a given assessment to enhance test security and to support opportunity for item release. The number of core operational forms per grade/subject is provided in Table 2.1. Additionally, appropriate forms were identified as accessibility and accommodated forms; and the core forms for all mathematics assessments included embedded field test items. A sample of students were administered ELA/L core forms with embedded field test items. Accessibility and accommodated forms and embedded field testing are described later in this section.

Table 2.1 Number of Core Operational Forms per Grade/Subject and Mode for ELA/L and Mathematics

| Grade/ Subject | ELA/L |  | Mathematics |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | CBT | PBT | CBT | PBT |
| Grade 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Grade 4 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Grade 5 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Grade 6 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Grade 7 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Grade 8 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Grade 9 | 3 | 2 |  |  |
| Grade 10 | 3 | 2 |  |  |
| Grade 11 | 3 | 2 |  |  |
| Algebra I |  |  | 3 | 2 |
| Geometry |  |  | 3 | 2 |
| Algebra II |  |  | 3 | 2 |
| Integrated Mathematics I |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| Integrated Mathematics II |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| Integrated Mathematics III |  |  | 1 | 1 |

## Test Construction Activities

After the Data Review Meetings and prior to the Test Construction Meetings, Pearson assessment specialists constructed initial versions of all of the core forms, as depicted in Table 2.1. The construction model varied slightly between the two subject areas.

For ELA/L, content specialists constructed the initial core forms shown in Table 2.1 based on the support documents and specific processes to achieve fair parallel forms. The following steps were used to construct the operational core ELA/L form inputs taken to the Test Construction Committee for review.

1. Constructed the online forms to match blueprint and test construction specifications
2. Constructed the paper forms to match the blueprint and test construction specifications
3. Identified Accommodated and Accessibility Forms by evaluating the constructed forms for eligibility

The ELA/L construction process included iterative steps between content specialists and psychometricians. Custom PARCC test construction reports (i.e., SAS Reports) generated by the Pearson psychometric team provided information on adherence to blueprint and statistical averages/distributions of item difficulty and discrimination describing the forms and allowing comparison of the forms. These reports facilitated content changes to better achieve the test construction goals.

For mathematics, Pearson employed the use of an automatic test assembler (ATA) to select the items for the initial forms. Based on the blueprints and other test construction goals and specifications, the ATA was able to create sets of items best satisfying the statistical parameters outlined in the test construction specifications; however the ATA was unable to sequence the items as required by the PARCC Mathematics Sequencing Guidelines. Sequencing was conducted by assessment specialists who ordered the items according to the sequencing guidelines. To achieve the appropriate linking design, assessment specialists created linking item sets from an ATA-generated linking blueprint; these sets are shared across forms using the strategy described later in Section 2.2.4. The following steps were used to construct the linking sets and operational core form inputs taken to the Test Construction Committee for review.

1. ATA pulls linking online blueprint
2. Blueprint sequenced and linking item sets created
3. ATA uses linking sets and pulls online forms
4. Construct the online forms
5. Construct the paper forms
6. Identify Accommodated and Accessibility Forms

Similar to the ELA/L construction process, mathematics included iterative steps between assessment specialists and psychometricians. Custom PARCC test construction reports (i.e., SAS Reports) generated by the Pearson psychometric team provided information on adherence to blueprint and statistical averages/distributions of item difficulty and discrimination allowing a comparison of the forms and facilitating content changes to better achieve the test construction goals. Since the mathematics forms were generated by the ATA, psychometricians could also generate the SAS reports prior to content experts reviewing the forms.

Pearson assessment specialists identified forms for each grade/subject suitable for use as the accommodated forms. The content of these forms was also reviewed by Pearson accessibility specialists allowing for content changes prior to the Test Construction Meetings.

These test construction activities provided significant inputs to commence the Test Construction Meetings including:

- The proposed items for the initial operational core forms and the accommodated forms described above
- SAS reports describing each form and comparing parallel forms
- Recommended accommodated forms


## Test Construction Meeting to Review Test Construction Inputs

Members of the State Item Content Committees and the Accessibility, Accommodations, and Fairness (AAF) Operational Working Group (OWG) participated in the building of operational core forms that met PARCC summative assessments requirements. In that process, they met in an in-person meeting to
review and made recommendations for changes so that test forms conformed to both the content and psychometric requirements of the assessment.

## Accommodated Form Review Process

In addition to participating in many of the development activities including the State Text Review and the State Bias and Sensitivity Review meetings, the Accessibility, Accommodations, and Fairness (AAF) Operational Working Group (OWG) reviewed the proposed accommodated forms at the Test Construction Meeting for accessibility to make sure that the content can be accommodated for students with disabilities and English learners without changing the underlying measured construct.

Forms were identified to support the following accommodations:

## Group 1

- Braille (Tactile Graphics available)
- Large Print
- Refreshable braille (ELA/L only) (Tactile Graphics available)
- Also supports Screen Reader Assistive Technology
- Screen Reader Assistive Technology (Mathematics)
- Spanish Paper (Mathematics only)

Group 2

- Closed Captioning (ELA/L only)
- Signing: ASL (ELA/L only)
- Online TTS (Text and Graphics only)
- ELA/L
- Mathematics
- Need to support text only, and text and graphics
- Online Spanish/TTS (Mathematics only)

At the conclusion of the meetings, all test forms were constructed to meet test blueprints and PARCC requirements, and to the extent possible, reflect the operational linking design. Each test form reflected the test blueprint in terms of content, item types, and test length, as well as expected difficulty and performance along the ability continuum. Linking sets were proportionally representative of the operational test blueprint. The operational core forms, linking set forms, and field test forms were reviewed by PARCC Forms Review committees and approved prior to the test administration.

## Spanish-Language Assessments for Mathematics

For English learners, PARCC offers a paper-based edition of the mathematics assessment in Spanish, as well as large print and Text-to-Speech versions of the test in Spanish. Once the operational form was approved, the form was sent to Pearson's subcontractor, Teneo, for transadaption of the items. Transadaption differs from translation in that it takes into consideration the grade-level appropriateness of the words, as well as the linguistic and cultural differences that exist between speakers of two different languages. Accounting for these differences allows the item to measure the achievement of Spanish language speakers in the same way that the original version of the item does for native speakers
of English. The PARCC Spanish Glossary provided guidance to the translator conducting the transadaption in grade-level and culturally-appropriate ways of transadapting the items. For the Spanish language text-to-speech form, the alternate text (used for description and/or text in art and graphics) was transadapted from the alternate text for the English language version of the Text-to-Speech form. Phonetic mark-up, which guides how the text-to-speech reader pronounces content-specific words and phrases, was also applied in this process.

In addition to the expert review of potential content for all accommodated forms conducted by the AAF OWG with assistance from content experts at the Test Construction Meetings, the transadapted forms underwent three additional quality checks: a Pearson Spanish copy edit services review and approval, an AAF OWG review and approval, and a Spanish DIF analysis after the administration.

### 2.2.4 Linking Design of the Operational Test

This section begins with a discussion of special considerations for selection of linking items, followed by two examples of the graphical representations of the linking designs for ELA/L and for mathematics. To support the goal of score comparability within and across administrations and years, PARCC implemented a hybrid approach that incorporated the strengths of common item linking and randomly equivalent groups. The use of repeated operational core items was leveraged for common item linking. In addition, all forms were available throughout the operational administration, with spiraling at the student level, leveraged to support linking through randomly equivalent groups.

The PARCC operational test forms involved various types of linking: horizontal linking, testing mode linking, and across administration linking. Horizontal linking consisted of linking items, or common items, included in multiple forms in a single administration. The horizontal linking was achieved through a daisy-chain strategy. This strategy links multiple operational forms together in a ring; where each operational form shares some items with a preceding form and some items with a following form, and the last form also shares some items with the first form. Together, all the shared items make up the horizontal linking set. All forms for the grade and subject are connected, but not identical (e.g., A is connected to $B, B$ is connected to $C$, and $C$ is connected to $A$ ). Testing mode linking consisted of common items placed in computer-based forms and paper-based forms within an administration to support the development of scores on the same reporting scale. Across administration linking, or year-to-year linking, consisted of common items included in two different administrations. The placement of linking items across forms or administrations supports the development of comparable scores.

Linking item sets can be internal or external linking sets. Internal linking sets consist of common items in operational positions such that the items contribute to the students' scores. External linking sets consist of common items in positions resulting in the items not contributing to students' scores. The 2015-2016 linking designs included both external and internal linking sets. The horizontal linking across forms within an administration and across administration linking included internal linking sets. The testing mode linking included both internal and external linking sets.

For ELA/L, the horizontal linking designs for the Spring 2016 online test forms were based on the number of unique test forms constructed for a grade. After constructing the unique test forms, the test
forms were divided into sections and sections were dispersed across additional forms such that each section appeared on two forms. As a result, the operational linking sets represented full test blueprints. This means that linking items were selected to reflect the content balance, task models, types of items, and cognitive complexity of the full PARCC assessment.

For mathematics, the ATA pulled an initial blueprint linking set that was divided into item sets and distributed across the Spring 2016 online forms following a daisy-chain strategy, as depicted below in Figure 2.2.

The paper forms for both subjects were generated from the online forms. In response to several practical constraints based on the number of forms constructed for each mode and to meet the blueprints (e.g., inclusion of technology enhanced items in CBT forms), there was no one online form that was administered intact in the paper delivery mode at any grade level. For example, technology enhanced items from online forms were replaced in the paper forms with items from similar content, but appropriate for paper-based testing. However, for both subjects, the content on paper forms significantly overlaps with that on the online forms.

### 2.2.5 Graphical Representation of PARCC Operational Test Linking Design

This section includes two examples of graphical representations to illustrate the horizontal linking designs described above. Designs for across administrations linking are not included in these graphs. Note that to the extent possible, item set (a) for within year equating and item set (b) for across year equating will be the same set of items. Limitations in achieving identical linking sets include a change in blueprint from last year, the release of some of last year's content, and exposure concerns.

Figure 2.1 illustrates the linking design for ELA/L for grades 6-11 CBT forms ( $\mathrm{O} 1, \mathrm{O} 2, \mathrm{O}$ ) and PBT forms (P1, P2). Each form was constructed to include two linking sets, one text and one task, accounting for approximately $33 \%$ of the score points. The set of forms for a grade/subject linked through a "daisy chain" model such that each form was linked to two adjacent forms. Additional new content had exposure on multiple forms, providing stronger within year linking. Grades 3-5 linking design was similar.

PARCC ELA/L Grades 6-11

|  | Form | P1 | P2 | 01 | 02 | O3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\checkmark$ | LAT | Linking |  |  |  | Set 1 |
| $\stackrel{5}{5}$ | PCR |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Long |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RST |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | PCR |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Short | Linki |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { m } \\ \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{5} \end{gathered}$ | NT <br> PCR <br> Pair |  | Linking Set 4 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Linking Set 5 |  |

Figure 2.1 PARCC ELA/L CBT and PBT Linking Design (Grades 6-11)
Figure 2.2 illustrates the linking design for mathematics for grades 3-5 CBT forms ( $01,02,03$ ) and PBT forms (P1, P2). Each form was constructed to include three linking sets, accounting for approximately $38 \%$ of the score points. Linking sets were positioned in different units. The set of forms for a grade/subject linked through a "daisy chain" model such that each form was linked to two adjacent forms. Additional new content had exposure on multiple forms, providing stronger within year linking. Grades 6-8 and high school linking designs were similar.

PARCC Mathematics Grades 3-5

| Form |  | P1 | P2 | 01 | 02 | 03 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{7}{5} \\ & \stackrel{1}{5} \end{aligned}$ | Item set | Linking Set 1 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Item set |  |  | Linking Set 2 |  |  |
|  | Item set | Linking Set 3 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Item set | Linking |  |  |  | Set 4 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { M } \\ & \stackrel{1}{5} \end{aligned}$ | Item set |  |  | Linking Set 5 |  |  |
|  | Item set | Linking Set 6 |  |  |  |  |
| $\pm$ | Item set |  |  |  | Linking Set 7 |  |
|  | Item set |  |  |  |  |  |

Figure 2.2 PARCC Mathematics CBT and PBT Linking Design (Grades 3-6)

### 2.2.6 Field Test Data Collection Overview

Field test items were embedded in the 2016 spring operational forms to collect data for psychometric analysis necessary to support the assessment system for future administrations. Field test administration entailed paper and computer administration modes, with computer administration as the dominant mode. The ELA/L embedded field test items were administered to a sample of students.

The initial data collection design entailed two conditions. Condition one, which comprised the mathematics assessment, was an embedded census field test model in which all students taking the summative assessment participated in the field test. Field test sets were constructed to balance the expected cognitive load and difficulty across forms, reflected in the number of points, distribution of task types, and balance of passages for ELA/L. Forms for each content area were spiraled at the student level.

Under Condition 2, which comprised the ELA/L assessment, PARCC sampled approximately one third of the schools across the consortium states. Students in the sampled schools took forms containing ELA/L embedded field-test tasks. Schools were selected so that the sample for each ELA/L assessment was representative of the general PARCC testing populations in terms of achievement (i.e., average scale
score and percentage of student at Levels 4 and 5 in the previous year) and demographics (i.e., ethnicity composition, percentage of economically disadvantaged, English learners, and students with disabilities). A three-year sampling plan was created such that if a given school was part of the ELA/L field test one year (e.g., spring 2016), it would not be required to participate in the field test for the subsequent two years (e.g., spring 2017 and 2018).

## Section 3: Test Administration

### 3.1 Testing Windows

Fall/Winter Block 2015 (ELA/L) and Spring 2016 (ELA/L) assessments focused on writing effectively when analyzing text. Fall/Winter Block 2015 Mathematics and Spring 2016 Mathematics assessments focused on applying skills and concepts, and understanding multi-step problems that require abstract reasoning and modeling real-world problems, precision, perseverance, and strategic use of tools. In both content areas, students demonstrated their acquired skills and knowledge by answering selected response items and fill-in-the-blank questions.

The 2015-2016 operational administration of PARCC assessments included a Fall/Winter Block administration beginning in the fall of 2015 as well as a Spring administration in the spring of 2016. The Fall/Winter Block 2015 operational administration of the PARCC assessment included two separate components: the Performance-Based Assessment (PBA) and the End-of-Year (EOY) assessment. Both components were administered as computer-based tests (CBT) and as paper-based tests (PBT). A student must have participated in both content-specific windows (PBA and EOY) in order to receive a score for the assessment. The Spring 2016 operational administration of the PARCC assessment combined the Performance-Based Assessment (PBA) and End-of-Year (EOY) into one testing window. Each PARCC assessment was comprised of multiple units, and additionally, one of the mathematics units for grade 7 and high school course assessments, was split into two sections: a non-calculator section and a calculator section.

Table 3.1 PARCC Fall/Winter Block 2015 and Spring 2016 Testing Windows

|  | Performance-Based <br> Assessment (PBA) <br> Fall/Winter Block 2015 <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> December 18, 2015 - <br> End-of-Year (EOY) Assessment <br> December 7, 2015 - <br>  <br> January 29, 2016 |
| :--- | :--- |


| Spring 2016 | March 7, 2016 - <br> June 10, 2016 |
| :--- | :--- |

### 3.2 Test Security and Administration Policies

The administration of any PARCC assessment is a secure testing event. Maintaining the security of test materials before, during, and after the test administration is crucial to obtaining valid and reliable results. School Test Coordinators are responsible for ensuring that all personnel with authorized access to secure materials are trained in and subsequently act in accordance with all security requirements.

School Test Coordinators must implement chain-of-custody requirements for specified materials. School Test Coordinators are responsible for distributing materials to Test Administrators, collecting materials from Test Administrators, returning secure test materials and securely destroying certain specified materials after testing.

The administration of PARCC assessment includes both secure and non-secure materials, and these materials are further delineated by whether they are "scorable" or "nonscorable," depending on whether the assessments were administered via paper/pencil (e.g., paper-based assessments) or online (e.g., computer-based assessments). For the 2015-2016 paper-based administration, students used paper-based answer documents (except in grade 3 where students responded directly into test booklets). About 87\% of the PARCC assessments administered during the 2015-2016 administration were online assessments, and about $13 \%$ were paper-based assessments.

## Secure vs. Non-Secure Materials

PARCC defines secure materials as those that must be closely monitored and tracked to prevent unauthorized access to or prohibited use or distribution of secure content such as test items, reading passages, student work, etc. For paper-based tests, secure materials include both used and unused test booklets and used scratch paper while for computer-based tests, secure materials include student testing tickets, secure administration scripts (e.g., mathematics read-aloud), and used scratch paper. PARCC defines non-secure materials as any authorized testing materials that do not include secure content (e.g., test items or student work). These include test administration manuals, unused scratch paper, and mathematics reference sheets that have not been written upon, etc.

## Scorable vs. Nonscorable Materials

Paper-based assessments have both scorable and nonscorable materials while computer-based assessments only have nonscorable materials. Scorable materials for paper-based assessments comprise of used (e.g., includes student work) test booklets (grade 3) and answer documents (grades 4 and above) only. Scorable materials must be returned to the vendor to be scored. All other materials for paper-based testing, such as blank (e.g., unused) test booklets, test administration manuals, scratch paper, mathematics reference sheets, etc., are deemed non-scorable. For computer-based tests, there are no scorable materials as student work is submitted electronically for scoring; thus there are limited physical materials to return (e.g., secure administration scripts for certain accommodations).

Students taking the computer-based test may not have access to secure test materials before testing, including printed Student Testing Tickets. Printed Mathematics Reference Sheets (if applicable) and scratch paper must be new and unmarked.

Students taking the paper-based test may not have access to scorable or nonscorable secure test content before or after testing. Scorable secure materials that are to be provided by Test Administrators to students include Test Booklets (Grade 3) or Answer Documents (Grades 4-high school). Nonscorable secure materials that are distributed by Test Administrators to paper-based testing students include

Large Print Test Booklets, braille Test Booklets, scratch paper (paper used by students to take notes and work through items), and printed Mathematics Reference Sheets (grades 5-8 and high school).

School Test Coordinators are required to maintain a tracking log to account for collection and destruction of test materials, including mathematics reference sheets written on by students and scratch paper written on by students. As part of the test administration policy, schools are required to maintain the Chain-of-Custody Form or tracking log of secure materials for at least three years unless otherwise directed by state policy. Copies of the Chain-of-Custody Form for paper-based testing are included in each Local Education Agency (LEA) or school's test materials shipment.

Test Administrators are not to have extended access to test materials before or after administration (except for certain accessibility or accommodations purposes). Test Administrators must document the receipt and return of all secure test materials (used and unused) to the School Test Coordinator immediately after testing.

All PARCC test security and administration policies are found in the PARCC Test Coordinator Manual and the PARCC Test Administrator Manuals. Archived versions of test administration manuals from past administration years can be found at: http://parcconline.org/assessments/administration/archived-testing-manuals. State security and administration policies may exceed that of the PARCC policies. Statespecific policies are included in Appendix C of the Test Coordinator Manual.

### 3.3 Accessibility Features and Accommodations

### 3.3.1 Participation Guidelines for PARCC Assessments

All students, including students with disabilities and English learners, are required to participate in statewide assessments and have their assessment results be part of the state's accountability systems, with narrow exceptions for English learners in their first year in a U.S. school, and certain students with disabilities who have been identified by the Individualized Education Program (IEP) team to take their state's alternate assessment. All eligible students will participate in the PARCC ELA/literacy and mathematics assessments. Federal laws governing student participation in statewide assessments include the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 (NCLB), the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 (IDEA), Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (reauthorized in 2008), and the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) of 1965, as amended. All students can receive accessibility features on PARCC assessments.

Four distinct groups of students may receive accommodations on PARCC assessments:

1. Students with disabilities who have an Individualized Education Program (IEP);
2. Students with a Section 504 plan who have a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, have a record of such an impairment, or are regarded as having such an impairment, but who do not qualify for special education services;

## 3. Students who are English learners; and

4. Students who are English learners with disabilities who have an IEP or 504 plan. These students are eligible for accommodations intended for both students with disabilities and English learners.

Testing accommodations for students with disabilities or students who are English learners (EL) must be documented according to the guidelines and requirements outlined in the PARCC Accessibility Features and Accommodations Manual, Archived versions of past editions of the Accessibility Features and Accommodations Manual can be found at:
http://parcconline.org/assessments/administration/archived-testing-manuals.

### 3.3.2 PARCC Accessibility System

Through a combination of universal design principles and accessibility features, PARCC has designed an inclusive assessment system by considering accessibility from initial design through item development, field testing, and implementation of the assessments for all students, including students with disabilities, English learners, and English learners with disabilities. Accommodations may still be needed for some students with disabilities and English learners to assist in demonstrating what they know and can do. However, the accessibility features available to students should minimize the need for accommodations during testing and ensure the inclusive, accessible, and fair testing of the diverse students being assessed.

### 3.3.3 What are Accessibility Features?

On the PARCC computer-based assessments, accessibility features are tools or preferences that are either built into the assessment system or provided externally by Test Administrators, and may be used by any student taking the PARCC assessments (i.e., students with and without disabilities, gifted students, English learners, and English learners with disabilities). Since accessibility features are intended for all students, they are not classified as accommodations. Students should have the opportunity to select and practice using them prior to testing to determine which are appropriate for use on the PARCC assessment. Consideration should be given to the supports a student finds helpful and consistently uses during instruction. Practice tests that include accessibility features are available for teacher and student use throughout the year. Practice tests are available at parcc.pearson.com.

### 3.3.4 Accommodations for Students with Disabilities and English Learners

It is important to ensure that performance in the classroom and on assessments is influenced minimally, if at all, by a student's disability or linguistic/cultural characteristics that may be unrelated to the content being assessed. For PARCC assessments, accommodations are considered to be adjustments to the testing conditions, test format, or test administration that provide equitable access during assessments for students with disabilities and students who are English learners. In general, the administration of the assessment should not be the first occasion on which an accommodation is introduced to the student. To the extent possible, accommodations should:

- provide equitable access during instruction and assessments;
- mitigate the effects of a student's disability;
- not reduce learning or performance expectations;
- not change the construct being assessed; and
- not compromise the integrity or validity of the assessment.

Accommodations are intended to reduce and/or eliminate the effects of a student's disability and/or English language proficiency level; however, accommodations should never reduce learning expectations by reducing the scope, complexity, or rigor of an assessment. Moreover, accommodations provided to a student on the PARCC assessments must be generally consistent with those provided for classroom instruction and classroom assessments. There are some accommodations that may be used for instruction and for formative assessments that are not allowed for the summative assessment because they impact the validity of the assessment results; for example, allowing a student to use a thesaurus or access the Internet during a PARCC assessment. There may be consequences (e.g., excluding a student's test score) for the use of non-allowable accommodations during PARCC assessments. It is important for educators to become familiar with PARCC policies regarding accommodations used for assessments.

To the extent possible, accommodations should adhere to the following principles:

- Accommodations enable students to participate more fully and fairly in instruction and assessments and to demonstrate their knowledge and skills.
- Accommodations should be based upon an individual student's needs rather than on the category of a student's disability, level of English language proficiency alone, level of or access to grade-level instruction, amount of time spent in a general classroom, current program setting, or availability of staff.
- Accommodations should be based on a documented need in the instruction/assessment setting and should not be provided for the purpose of giving the student an enhancement that could be viewed as an unfair advantage.
- Accommodations for students with disabilities must be described and documented in the student's appropriate plan (i.e., either a 504 plan or an approved IEP); and must be provided if they are listed.
- Accommodations for English learners should be described and documented.
- Students who are English learners with disabilities are eligible to receive accommodations for both students with disabilities and English learners.
- Accommodations should become part of the student's program of daily instruction as soon as possible after completion and approval of the appropriate plan.
- Accommodations should not be introduced for the first time during the testing of a student.
- Accommodations should be monitored for effectiveness.
- Accommodations used for instruction should also be used, if allowable, on local district assessments and state assessments.

In the following scenarios, the school must follow each state's policies and procedures for notifying the state assessment office:

- A student was provided a test accommodation that was not listed in his or her IEP/504 plan/documentation for an English learner, or
- A student was not provided a test accommodation that was listed in his or her IEP/504 plan/documentation for an English learner.


### 3.3.5 Unique Accommodations

PARCC provides a comprehensive list of accessibility features and accommodations in the PARCC Accessibility Features and Accommodations Manual that are designed to increase access to PARCC assessments and that will result in valid, comparable assessment scores. However, students with disabilities or English learners may require additional accommodations that are not already listed. PARCC states individually review requests for unique accommodations in their respective states and provide a determination as to whether the accommodation would result in a valid score for the student, and if so, would approve the request.

### 3.3.6 Emergency Accommodations

An emergency accommodation may be appropriate for a student who incurs a temporary disabling condition that interferes with test performance shortly before or during the PARCC assessment window. A student, whether or not they already have an IEP or 504 plan, may require an accommodation as a result of a recently-occurring accident or illness. Cases include students who have a recently-fractured limb (e.g., arm, wrist, or shoulder); whose only pair of eyeglasses has broken; or a student returning to school after a serious or prolonged illness or injury. An emergency accommodation should be given only if the accommodation will result in a valid score for the student (i.e., does not change the construct being measured by the test[s]). If the principal (or designee) determines that a student requires an emergency accommodation on the PARCC assessment, an Emergency Accommodation Form must be completed and maintained in the student's assessment file. If required by a PARCC state, the school may need to consult with the state or district assessment office for approval. The parent must be notified that an emergency accommodation was provided. If appropriate, the Emergency Accommodation Form may also be submitted to the district assessment coordinator to be retained in the student's central
office file. Requests for emergency accommodations will be approved after it is determined that use of the accommodation would result in a valid score for the student.

### 3.3.7 Student Refusal Form

If a student refuses an accommodation listed in his or her IEP, 504 plan, or if required by the PARCC member state, an English learner plan, the school should document in writing that the student refused the accommodation, and the accommodation must be offered and remain available to the student during testing. This form must be completed and placed in the student's file and a copy must be sent to the parent on the day of refusal. Principals (or designee) should work with Test Administrators to determine who, if any others, should be informed when a student refuses an accommodation documented in an IEP, 504 plan, or (if required by the PARCC member state) English learner plan.

### 3.4 Testing Irregularities and Security Breaches

Any action that compromises test security or score validity is prohibited. These may be classified as testing irregularities or security breaches. Below are examples of activities that compromise test security or score validity (note that these lists are not exhaustive). It is highly recommended that School Test Coordinators discus other possible testing irregularities and security breaches with Test Administrators during training.

Examples of test security breaches and irregularities include but are not limited to:

- Electronic Devices
o Using a cell phone or other prohibited handheld electronic device (e.g., smartphone, iPod, smart watch, personal scanner) while secure test materials are still distributed, while students are testing, after a student turns in his or her test materials, or during a break.
- Exception: Test Coordinators, Technology Coordinators, Test Administrators, and Proctors are permitted to use cell phones in the testing environment only in cases of emergencies or when timely administration assistance is needed. LEAs may set additional restrictions on allowable devices as needed.
- Test Supervision
o Coaching students during testing, including giving students verbal or nonverbal cues, hints, suggestions, or paraphrasing or defining any part of the test.
o Engaging in activities (e.g., grading papers, reading a book, newspaper, or magazine) that prevent proper student supervision at all times while secure test materials are still distributed or while students are testing.

0 Leaving students unattended for any period of time while secure test materials are still distributed or while students are testing.
o Deviating from testing time procedures.
o Allowing cheating of any kind.
o Providing unauthorized persons with access to secure materials.
0 Unlocking a test in PearsonAccess ${ }^{\text {next }}$ during non-testing times.
o Failing to provide a student with a documented accommodation or providing a student with an accommodation that is not documented and therefore is not appropriate.
0 Allowing students to test before or after the state's test administration window.

- Test Materials
o Losing a student test booklet or answer document.
o Losing a student testing ticket.
o Leaving test materials unattended or failing to keep test materials secure at all times.
0 Reading or viewing the passages or test items before, during, or after testing.
- Exception: Administration of a Human Reader/Signer accessibility feature for mathematics or accommodation for English language arts/literacy which requires a Test Administrator to access passages or test items.
o Copying or reproducing (e.g., taking a picture of) any part of the passages or test items or any secure test materials or online test forms.
o Revealing or discussing passages or test items with anyone, including students and school staff, through verbal exchange, email, social media, or any other form of communication.

0 Removing secure test materials from the school's campus or removing them from locked storage for any purpose other than administering the test.

## - Testing Environment

0 Allowing unauthorized visitors in the testing environment.
o Failing to follow administration directions exactly as specified in the Test Administrator Manual.

0 Displaying testing aids in the testing environment (e.g., a bulletin board containing relevant instructional materials) during testing.

All instances of security breaches and testing irregularities must be reported to the School Test Coordinator immediately. The Form to Report a Testing Irregularity or Security Breach must be completed within two school days of the incident.

If any situation occurred that could cause any part of the test administration to be compromised, schools referred to the PARCC Test Coordinator Manual for each state's policy and immediately followed those steps. Instructions for the School Test Coordinator or LEA Test Coordinator to report a testing irregularity or security breach was available in the PARCC Test Coordinator Manual.

### 3.5 Data Forensics Analyses

Maintaining the validity of test scores is essential in any high-stakes assessment program, and misconduct represents a serious threat to test score validity. When used appropriately, data forensic analyses can serve as an integral component of a wider test security protocol. The results of these data forensic analyses may be instrumental in identifying potential cases of misconduct for further follow-up and investigation.

In 2015-2016, PARCC conducted the following four data forensics analyses on its operational assessments:

- Response Change Analysis
- Plagiarism Analysis
- Internet and Social Media Monitoring
- Off Hours Testing Monitoring

An overview of each data forensics analysis method is provided next.

### 3.5.1 Response Change Analysis

Response change analysis looks at how often student answers are changed, focusing specifically on an excessive number of wrong answers changed to right answers. In traditional paper-based, multiplechoice testing programs, this is sometimes referred to as "erasure analysis" ${ }^{3}$. The rationale for erasure analysis is that a teacher or administrator who is intent on improving classroom performance might be motivated to change student responses after the answer sheets are collected. A clustered number of student answer documents from the same school or classroom with unusually high numbers of answers changed from wrong to right might provide evidence to support follow-up investigation. PARCC's response change analysis extended the traditional erasure method to account for issues specific to computer-based testing as well as the variety of items types on the PARCC assessments, such as partialcredit, multi-part, and multiple-select items.

### 3.5.2 Plagiarism Analysis

Plagiarism analysis compares the responses given for a group of written composition items, looking for high degrees of similarity. For the PARCC assessments, the primary item type of interest was the prose constructed response (PCR) tasks in the English Language Arts and Literacy (ELA/L) content area. This analysis was conducted for PCR tasks administered online using some of the same artificial intelligence (AI) techniques that are applied in automated essay scoring. Specifically, this method was based on

[^2]Latent Semantic Analysis (LSA) technology to detect possible plagiarism. Using LSA, the content of each constructed response was compared against the content of every other constructed response and a measure that indicated the degrees of similarity was generated for each pair of response comparison. Because LSA provided a semantic representation of language, rather than a syntactic or word-based representation, it allowed the detection of potential copying behaviors, even when test takers or administrators substituted synonymous words or phrases.

### 3.5.3 Internet and Social Media Monitoring

Internet and social media monitoring was conducted by Caveon, LLC. Caveon's team monitored English language websites and searchable forums that were publicly available for suspected proxy testing solicitations and website postings that contain, or appear to contain, infringements of PARCC's protected operational test content. The Internet and social media outlets monitored included popular websites (such as Facebook and Twitter), blogs, discussion forums, video archives, document archives, brain dumps, auction sites, media outlets, peer-to-peer servers, etc. Caveon's process generated regular updates that categorize identified threats by level of actual or potential risk based upon the representations made on the web sites, or actual analysis of the proffered content. For example, categorizations typically ranged from "cleared" (lowest risk but bookmarked for continued monitoring) to "severe" (highest risk). Note that this process only considered potential breaches of secure item content, not violations of testing administration policies. Potential breaches were reported directly to the state(s) implicated for further action. Summary reports describing the threats were provided to PARCC through notification emails.

### 3.5.4 Off-Hours Testing Monitoring

Off-hours testing monitoring checks for suspicious testing activities at test administration locations occurring outside of the set windows for computer-based testing sessions. PARCC states established set start and end time for administering computer-based assessments. Based on these hours, authorized users (that is, users with the State Role) were allowed to override the start and end times for a test session. The off-hours testing monitoring process tracked such occurrences and logged them in an operational report, which listed the sessions within an organization that selected to test outside the set window. PARCC states could use this report to follow-up with the organizations identified in the report.

## Section 4: Item Scoring

### 4.1 Machine Scored Items

### 4.1.1 Key Based Items

Pearson performed a key review prior to the test administration to verify that the scoring (answer) keys were correct for each item. Once the forms were constructed and approved by PARCC for publication, an independent key review was performed by an experienced third party vendor. The vendor reviewed each item and confirmed that the key was correct. If discrepancies were identified, a Pearson senior content specialist or content manager reviewed the flagged item(s) and worked with the item developers to resolve the issue.

### 4.1.2 Rule Based Items

Rule based scoring refers to item types that use various scoring models. PARCC uses QTI (Question and Test Interoperability) item type implementation based on scoring model rules. Examples of these item types include "choice interaction" which presents a set of choices where one or more choices can be selected; text entry, where the response is entered in a text box; hot spot or text interaction, where an area in a graph or text in a paragraph (for example) can be highlighted or match interaction, where an association can be made between pairs of choices in a set. These items include the scoring rules and correct responses as part of their item XML (markup language) coding.

During the initial stages of item development for PARCC, Pearson staff worked closely with PARCC to first delineate the rules for the scoring rubrics and then to adjust those rules based on student responses. During the Item Tryout ${ }^{4}$ planning phase, Pearson content staff received input from PARCC staff to develop a thorough rule based scoring process that met PARCC needs.

Pearson worked with the item developers to review initial scoring rules created during the item development. Once the rule based scoring process was approved by PARCC, and prior to test construction, Pearson content staff worked closely with the item developers to finalize scoring rubrics for items to be scored via the rule based scoring method. The proposed scoring rubrics were sent to PARCC for review, and if any additional changes were needed or new rules added, Pearson documented and applied the requested edits.

During test construction, Pearson monitored and evaluated the scoring and updated the scoring keys/ scoring rules in the item bank. After the tryout items were scored, Pearson prepared a frequency distribution of student responses for each item or task scored using a rule based approach and compared this to the expected response based on correct answers to ensure that scoring keys and rules were appropriately applied. The content team does this by analyzing the student response data to determine if scoring is acceptable using the item metadata and the student response file in conjunction with any potential item issues as flagged by psychometrics. These frequency distributions included an indication of right/wrong and other identifying information defined by PARCC and those items that

[^3]showed a statistical anomaly, whereby the frequency distribution was outside of the expected range, were sent to content experts to verify that the items were coded with the correct key.

Following the Rule Based Scoring Educator Committee's review, which occurred prior to year 1 test construction, Pearson analyzed the feedback from the committees and made recommendations about adjustments to the scoring rubrics, based on the results of the reviews. Upon submission of the results, Pearson worked with PARCC staff to discuss these findings and determine next steps prior to the completion of scoring. In subsequent years as scoring inquiries arise throughout the process of test construction, forms creation, testing, scoring, and psychometric analysis, items with scoring discrepancies are brought before the PARCC Task Force for resolution. This committee consists of representatives from each state as well as PARCC and Pearson content specialists.

Following the initial development of the PARCC rule based scoring rubrics, Pearson has continued to monitor and evaluate new item development to ensure the scoring rules established are maintained within all item types as approved.

Pearson continues to use several avenues to monitor scoring each year. Prior to testing a third party key review by which reviewers check operational and field test items for correct keys. Any disputed items go to a $2^{\text {nd }}$ review with Pearson content experts and anything still in question is taken before the PARCC task force for review and possible key change. During testing, Pearson creates early testing files for frequency distribution analysis whereby items where an incorrect key receives a high distribution of responses are further evaluated for accuracy. After testing during psychometric analysis all responses are again evaluated for distribution of responses and potential scoring abnormalities. Any change in scoring that may be requested as a result of the psychometric analysis is also taken before the PARCC task force for decisions. These processes are the same for both paper and online modes of testing.

### 4.2 Human or Handscored Items

PARCC 2016 constructed-response items were scored by human scorers in a process referred to as handscoring. Online training units were used to train all scorers. The online training units included prompts (items), passages, rubrics, training sets, and qualification sets. Scorers who successfully completed the training and qualified, demonstrating they could correctly score student responses based on the guidelines in the online training units, were permitted to score student responses using the ePEN2 (electronic Performance Evaluation Network, second generation) scoring platform. All online and paper responses were scored within the ePEN2 system. Scorer quality was monitored throughout scoring.

Pearson staff roles and responsibilities were as follows:

- Scorers were individuals who applied scores to student responses.
- Scoring Supervisors monitored the work of a team of scorers through review of scorer statistics and backreading, which is a review of responses scored by each scorer. When backreading, a
supervisor sees the scores applied by scorers, which helps the supervisor provide additional coaching or instruction to the scorer being backread.
- Scoring Directors managed the scoring quality of a subset of items and monitored the work of scoring supervisors and scorers for their assigned items. Scoring Directors backread responses scored by supervisors and scorers as part of their quality monitoring duties.
- ELA/Literacy and Mathematics Content Specialists managed the scoring quality and monitored the work of the Scoring Directors.
- Project Managers documented the procedures, identified risks, and managed day-to-day administrative matters.
- A Program Manager provided oversight for the entire scoring process.

All Pearson employees involved in the scoring or the supervision of scoring possessed at least a fouryear college degree.

### 4.2.1 Scorer Training

Key steps in the development of scorer training materials were Rangefinding and Rangefinder Review meetings where educators and administrators from PARCC states met to interpret the scoring rubrics and determine consensus scores for student responses. Rangefinding meetings were held prior to scoring field test items, and Rangefinder Review meetings were held prior to scoring operational items.

At Rangefinding meetings, educators and administrators from PARCC states reviewed student responses and used scoring rubrics to determine consensus scores. Those responses scored in Rangefinding were used to create field test scorer training sets. After PARCC reviewed scoring statistics from field test scoring, items were selected for operational testing. For items selected to be on the operational assessment, Pearson filled out field test scorer training materials with additional student responses in order to create proposed operational scorer training sets. PARCC educators and administrators then attended Rangefinder Review meetings to review and approve proposed operational training sets.

When developing scorer training materials, Pearson Scoring Directors carefully reviewed detailed notes and records from PARCC Rangefinding and Rangefinder Review committee meetings. Training sets were developed using the responses scored by the committees and additional suitable student response samples (as needed). PARCC reviewers reviewed and approved all scorer training sets prior to scorer training.

During training, scorers reviewed training sets of scored student responses with annotations that explained the rationale for the score assigned. The anchor set was the primary reference for scorers as they internalized the rubric during training. Each anchor set consisted of responses that were clear examples of student performance at each score point. The responses selected were representative of typical approaches to the task and arranged to reflect a continuum of performance. All scorers had
access to the anchor set when they were training and scoring and were directed to refer to it regularly during scoring.

Practice set papers are used to further define the lines of each score point and may not be as clear cut as the anchor responses.

Qualification sets were used to confirm that scorers understood how to score student responses accurately. Qualification sets were composed of responses that were clear examples of score points. Scorers were required to meet specified agreement percentages on qualification sets in order to score student responses.

Pearson developed two types of training sets to train scorers: prototype and abbreviated sets. "Prototype" training sets were complete training sets consisting of anchor, practice, and qualification sets (refer to 4.2 .2 for information on qualification process). In English language arts/literacy (ELA/L) there was one prototype training set per task type (Research Simulation Task, Literary Analysis Task, and Narrative Writing Task) at each of the nine grade levels (grades 3-11). In mathematics, a prototype training set was built for each group of items containing the same number of open-ended points in each grade or course, for a total of approximately three to five prototype sets per grade level or course.

The prototype training approach promoted consistency in scoring, as each subsequent abbreviated training set for the ELA/L task type or mathematics item grouping was based on the prototype. Once a prototype was chosen, full training materials were developed for that item, and at each grade level, scorers were trained to score a particular task type using the prototype training materials for that type.

Abbreviated training sets were prepared for all items not selected for prototype training sets. The abbreviated training sets included an anchor set and two practice sets so scorers could internalize the scoring standards for these new items, which were similar to prototype items they had previously scored.

Anchor and practice sets for both prototype and abbreviated items included annotations for each response. Annotations are formal written explanations of the score for each student response.

The table below details the composition of the anchor sets, practice sets, and qualification sets.

## Table 4.1 Training Materials Used During Scoring

| Training Set Development |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Description | Specification |
| Anchor Set |  |
| The anchor set is the primary reference for scorers as they internalize the rubric during training. All scorers have access to the anchor set when they are training and scoring, and are directed to refer to it regularly. | The anchor set for mathematics prototype items comprises 3 annotated responses per score point. <br> The anchor set for subsequent abbreviated items for mathematics comprise 1-3 annotated responses per score point. |
| The anchor set comprises clear examples of student performance at each score point. The responses selected may be representative of typical approaches to the task or arranged to reflect a continuum of performance. | The anchor sets for ELA/L prototype items comprise 3 annotated responses per score point. Anchor sets for prototype items include separate complete anchor sets for each applicable scoring trait (Reading Comprehension and Written Expression and Conventions). |
| Practice Sets |  |
| Practice sets are used to help trainees develop experience in independently applying the scoring guide (the rubric) to student responses. Some of these responses clearly reinforce the scoring guidelines presented in the anchor set. Other responses are selected because they are more difficult to evaluate, fall near the boundary between two score categories, or represent unusual approaches to the task. <br> The practice sets provide guidance and practice for trainees in defining the line between score categories, as well as applying the scoring criteria to a wider range of types of responses | The practice sets for mathematics prototype and abbreviated items include two to three sets of ten annotated responses. <br> ELA/L practice sets for prototype items include two sets of five annotated responses and two sets of ten annotated responses. <br> The subsequent ELA/L practice sets for abbreviated items include two sets of ten annotated responses. |
| Qualification Sets |  |
|  | The qualification sets for mathematics prototype items include 3 sets of 10 responses each (not annotated). <br> The subsequent mathematics abbreviated items for mathematics do not include qualification sets. |

Table 4.1 Training Materials Used During Scoring

## Training Set Development

| Description | Specification |
| :--- | :--- |
| Qualification sets are used to confirm that <br> scorer trainees understand the scoring <br> criteria and are able to assign scores to <br> student responses accurately. The | The qualification sets for ELA/L prototype items include <br> responses in these sets are selected to <br> reinforce the application of the scoring <br> criteria illustrated in the anchor set. |
|  |  |
| Scorer trainees must demonstrate 10 responses each (not annotated). |  |
| acceptable performance on these sets by |  |
| meeting a pre-determined standard for |  |
| accuracy in order to qualify to score. |  |
| Pearson scoring staff define and document |  |
| qualifying standards in conjunction with |  |$\quad$| PARCC prior to scoring. The qualification |
| :--- |
| sets for mathematics prototype items items do not include |
| include 3 sets of 10 responses each (not |
| annotated). |

### 4.2.2 Scorer Qualification

In order to score items, scorers were required to show that they were able to apply PARCC scoring methodology accurately through a qualification process. Scorers were asked to apply scores to three qualification sets consisting of 10 responses each. ELA/L scorers applied a score for each part on each response in the qualification sets. Literary Analysis, Research Simulation, and the Narrative Writing Tasks each had two parts: the Reading Comprehension and Written Expression part and the Conventions part. Mathematics scorers applied a score for each part of an item that was a constructed response. The number of constructed-response parts for each mathematics item ranged from one to four. Scorers were required match the PARCC-approved score at a percentage agreed to by PARCC in order to qualify.

For ELA/L qualification, scorers were required to meet the following three conditions:

1. On at least one of the three qualifying sets, at least $70 \%$ of the ratings on each of the three scoring parts (considered separately), must agree exactly with the PARCC-approved scores.
2. On at least two of the three qualifying sets, at least $70 \%$ of the ratings (combined across the three scoring parts) must agree exactly with the PARCC-approved scores.
3. Combining over the three qualifying sets and across the three scoring parts, at least $95 \%$ of the ratings must be within one point of the PARCC-approved scores.

For mathematics qualification, the requirements were based on the item types and score point ranges. Because mathematics items can have one or more scoring parts, a scorer needed to achieve the following requirements separately for each scoring part (when applicable to the item):

Table 4.2 Mathematics Qualification Requirements

| Category | Score Point Range | Perfect Agreement | Within One Point |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-category | $0-1$ | $90 \%$ | $100 \%$ |
| 3-category | $0-2$ | $80 \%$ | $96 \%$ |
| 4-category | $0-3$ | $70 \%$ | $96 \%$ |
| 5-category | $0-4$ | $70 \%$ | $96 \%$ |
| 7 -category | $0-6$ | $70 \%$ | $95 \%$ |

On at least two of the three qualifying sets, a scorer was required to meet the "Perfect Agreement" percentage indicated in the table above for each category. "Perfect agreement" was achieved when the scores applied exactly matched the PARCC-approved scores. Over the three qualifying sets, a scorer was required to meet the "Within One Point" percentage indicated in the table above for each category. The average is exclusive to each part, so an item with multiple scoring parts would have multiple part rating averages within one point of the PARCC-approved score.

### 4.2.3 Managing Scoring

Pearson created a Handscoring Specifications document that detailed the handscoring schedule, customer requirements, rangefinding plans, Rangefinding Review, quality management plans, item information, and staffing plans for each scoring administration.

### 4.2.4 Monitoring Scoring

Second Scoring. Second scoring for ELA/L was performed by human scorers for online responses that received first scores from the Intelligent Essay Assessor and for all ELA/L responses from paper testing. Online ELA/L responses that received first scores from humans were second scored by the Intelligent Essay Assessor. If the first and second scores applied were non-adjacent, a third and occasionally a fourth score was assigned to resolve scorer disagreements. When a resolution score (i.e. 3rd score) was nonadjacent to one and/or both of the first and second scores, the Content Specialist or Scoring Director would apply an adjudication score (4th score).

| If a response was scored more than once, the following rules were applied to determine the final score: |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Score Type | Rank | Final Score Calculation |
| Adjudication | 1 | If an Adjudication score is assigned, this is the final score. |


| Resolution | 2 | If no Adjudication score is assigned, this is the final score. |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Backread | 3 | If no Adjudication or Resolution score is assigned, the latest <br> backreading score is the final score. |
| Human First score | 4 | If no Adjudication, Resolution or Backreading score is assigned, <br> this is the final score. |
| Human Second Score | 5 | If no Adjudication, Resolution, Backreading or Human First score <br> is assigned, this is the final score. |
| Artificial Intelligence Score | 6 | If no Human Score is assigned, this is the final score. |

Backreading. Backreading was one of the major responsibilities of Pearson Scoring Supervisors and a primary tool for proactively guarding against scorer drift where scorers score responses in comparison to one another instead of in comparison to the training responses. Scoring supervisory staff used the ePEN2 backreading tool to review scores assigned to individual student responses by any given scorer in order to confirm that the scores were correctly assigned and to give feedback and remediation to individual scorers. Pearson backread approximately five percent of the handscored responses. Backreading scores did not override the original score but were used to monitor scorer performance.

Validity. Validity responses are pre-scored responses strategically interspersed in the pool of live responses. These responses were not distinguishable from any other responses so that scorers were not aware they were scoring validity responses rather than live responses. The use of validity responses provided an objective measure that helped ensure that scorers were applying the same standards throughout the project. In addition, validity was at times shared with scorers in a process known as "validity as review." Validity as review provided scorers automated, immediate feedback: a chance to review responses they mis-scored, with reference to the correct score and a brief explanation of that score. One validity response was sent to scorers for every 25 "live" responses scored.

PARCC validity agreement requirements for scorers are listed in Table 4.2. Scorers had to meet the required validity agreement percentages to continue working on the PARCC project. Scorers who did not maintain expected agreement statistics were given a series of interventions culminating in a targeted calibration set: a test of scorer knowledge. Scorers who did not pass targeted calibration were removed from scoring the item, and all the scores they assigned were deleted.

Table 4.3 Scoring Validity Agreement Requirements

| Subject | Score Point <br> Range | Perfect Agreement | Within One Point |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Mathematics | $0-1$ | $90 \%$ | $96 \%^{*}$ |
| Mathematics | $0-2$ | $80 \%$ | $96 \%$ |
| Mathematics | $0-3$ | $70 \%$ | $96 \%$ |
| Mathematics | $0-4$ | $65 \%$ | $95 \%$ |
| Mathematics | $0-6$ | $65 \%$ | $95 \%$ |
| ELA/L | Multi-trait | $65 \%$ | $96 \%$ |

Calibration Responses. Calibration responses are special sets created during scoring to help train scorers on particular areas of concern or focus. Scoring directors used calibration responses to reinforce rangefinding standards, introduce scoring decisions, or address scoring issues and trends. Calibration was used either to correct a scoring issue or trend, or to continue scorer training by introducing a scoring decision. Calibration was administered regularly throughout scoring.

Inter-rater Agreement. Inter-rater agreement is the agreement between the first and second scores assigned to student responses and is the measure of how often scorers agree with each other. Pearson scoring staff used inter-rater agreement statistics as one factor in determining the needs for continuing training and intervention on both individual and group levels. PARCC inter-rater agreement expectations were as follows:

Table 4.4 Inter-rater Agreement Expectations and Results

| Subject | Score Point <br> Range | Perfect Agreement <br> Expectation | Perfect <br> Agreement <br> Result | Within One <br> Point <br> Expectation | Within <br> One <br> Point <br> Result |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematics | $0-1$ | $90 \%$ | $94 \%$ | $96 \%$ | $100 \%$ |
| Mathematics | $0-2$ | $80 \%$ | $92 \%$ | $96 \%$ | $99 \%$ |
| Mathematics | $0-3$ | $70 \%$ | $89 \%$ | $96 \%$ | $99 \%$ |
| Mathematics | $0-4$ | $65 \%$ | $86 \%$ | $95 \%$ | $98 \%$ |
| Mathematics | $0-6$ | $65 \%$ | $89 \%$ | $95 \%$ | $97 \%$ |
| ELA/L | Multi-trait | $65 \%$ | $72 \%$ | $96 \%$ | $99 \%$ |

Pearson's ePEN2 scoring system included comprehensive inter-rater agreement reports that allowed supervisory personnel to monitor both individual and group performance. Based on reviews of these reports, scoring experts targeted individuals for increased backreading and feedback, and if necessary, retraining.

The perfect agreement rate for all mathematics responses scored by two scorers was $90 \%$ and the within one point rate was $99 \%$. For all ELA/L responses scored by two scorers, the perfect agreement rate was $72 \%$ and the within one point rate was $99 \%$.

The results by grade level for ELA/L are provided in Addendum 13: Inter-rater Agreement for Prose Constructed Response.

### 4.3 Automated Scoring for PARCC PCRs

Automated scoring performed by Pearson's Intelligent Essay Assessor (IEA) was the default option for scoring the PARCC assessment's online Prose Constructed Response (PCR) tasks in 2016. Under the default option, it was assumed that operational scores for approximately 67 percent of the online PCR responses would be assigned by IEA for the spring 2016 administration. The operational scores for the remaining online responses were assigned by human scorers. Human scoring was applied to responses that were scored while IEA was being trained as well as to additional responses routed to human scoring when there was uncertainty about the automated scores. Two states (Massachusetts for all grades and New Jersey in certain grades) adopted an option to have human scores assigned as the first score for 100 percent of responses.

For 10 percent of responses, a second "reliability" score was assigned. The purpose of the reliability score was to provide data for evaluating the consistency of scoring, which is done by evaluating scoring agreement. When IEA provided the first score of record, the second reliability score was a human score. For those states choosing the human scoring option, the second reliability score was assigned by IEA.

### 4.3.1 Changes to the ELA/L Scoring Rubric

For the 2016 administration, the scoring rubrics for the Literary Analysis tasks (LAT) and Research Simulation Tasks (RST) were updated to combine the Reading Comprehension and Written Expression traits. Therefore, these PCR task items were scored on two traits instead of three: (1) Reading Comprehension and Written Expression and (2) Knowledge of Language and Conventions. Narrative Writing tasks (NWT) continued to be scored on the same two traits as in 2015: (1) Written Expression and (2) Knowledge of Language and Conventions.

One implication of the ELA/L scoring rubric change was that IEA had to be trained on operational data before it could be applied operationally to score the LATs and RSTs. However, it was possible to train IEA on 2015 operational data for any NWTs that were administered online in 2015, and so IEA began scoring those NWT prompts where the training results met the established quality criteria from the outset of the 2016 operational administration.

### 4.3.2 Continuous Flow

Continuous flow scoring results in an integrated connection between human scoring and automated scoring. It refers to a system of scoring where either an automated score, a human score, or both can be assigned based on a predetermined asynchronous operational flow.

### 4.3.3 Calibration of IEA Using Operational Data

Continuous flow scoring facilitates the training of IEA using human scores assigned to operational online data collected early in the administration. Once IEA obtains sufficient data to train, it can be "turned on" and becomes the primary source of scoring (although human scoring continues for the $10 \%$ reliability sample and other responses that may be routed accordingly).

### 4.3.4 Smart Routing

Smart routing refers to the practice of using automated scoring results to detect responses that are likely to be challenging to score, and applying automated routing rules to obtain one or more additional human scores. Smart routing can be applied prompt by prompt to the extent needed to meet scoring quality criteria for automated scoring.

### 4.3.5 Quality Criteria for Evaluating Automated Scoring

The PARCC State Leads approved specific quality criteria for evaluating automated scoring at the time IEA was trained. The primary evaluation criteria for IEA was based on responses to validity papers with "known" scores assigned by experts. For each prompt scored, a set of validity papers is used to monitor the human scoring process over time. Validity papers are seeded into human scoring throughout the administration. The expectation is that IEA can score validity papers at least as accurately as humans can.

Additional measures of inter-rater agreement for evaluating automated scoring were proposed based on the research literature (Williamson, Xi, \& Breyer 2012). These measures were previously utilized in Pearson's automated scoring research and include Pearson correlation, Kappa, Quadratic-Weighted Kappa, exact agreement, and standardized mean difference. These measures are computed between pairs of human scores, as well as between IEA and the humans, to evaluate how performance was the same or different. Criteria for evaluating the training of IEA given these measures include the following:

- Pearson correlation between IEA-human should be within 0.1 of human-human
- Kappa between IEA-human should be within 0.1 of human-human
- Quadratic-Weighted Kappa between IEA-human should be within 0.1 of human-human
- Exact agreement between IEA-human should be within $5.25 \%$ of human-human
- $\quad$ Standardized mean difference between IEA-human should be less than 0.15

The specific criteria for evaluating IEA included both primary and secondary criteria and are noted below.

1. Primary Criteria - Based on responses to validity papers: With smart routing applied as needed, IEA agreement is as good as or better than human agreement for each trait score.
2. Contingent Primary Criteria - Based on the training responses if validity responses are not available: With smart routing applied as needed, IEA-Human exact agreement is within $5.25 \%$ of Human-Human exact agreement for each trait score.
3. Secondary Criteria - Based on the training responses: With smart routing applied as needed, IEAhuman differences on statistical measures for each trait score are within the Williamson et al. tolerances for subgroups with at least 50 responses.

### 4.3.6 Hierarchy of Assigned Scores for Reporting

When multiple scores are assigned for a given response, the following hierarchy determines which score was reported operationally:

- The IEA score is reported if it is the only score assigned;
- If an IEA score and a human score are assigned, the human score is reported;
- If two human scores are assigned, the first human score is reported;
- If a back read score and human and/or IEA scores are assigned, the back read score is reported;
- If a resolution score is assigned and an adjudicated score is not assigned, the resolution score is reported (note that if nonadjacent scores are encountered, responses are automatically routed to resolution);
- If an adjudicated score is assigned, it is reported (note that if a resolution score is nonadjacent to the other scores assigned, responses are automated routed to adjudication).


### 4.3.7 Sampling Responses Used for Training IEA

As previously mentioned, the responses used for training IEA differed for the Narrative prompts and the Literary and Research prompts. Specifically, for the 2016 online Narrative prompts that were also administered online in 2015, IEA was trained using 2015 data and evaluated prior to the start of operational scoring. For the Literary and Research prompts, IEA was trained using early 2016 operational responses.

For prompts trained using operational data, the early performance of human scoring was closely monitored to verify that an appropriate set of data would be available for training IEA. In particular, several characteristics of the human scoring data were monitored, including:

- Exact agreement between human scorers (the goal was for this to be at least 65\% for each trait)
- Exact agreement between human scores conditioned on score point (the goal was for this to be at least 50\% for each trait)
- The number of responses at each score point (the goal was to have at least 40 responses at the highest score points in the training samples used by IEA)
- Number of responses with two human scores assigned (note that IEA "ordered" additional scoring of responses during the sampling period as needed).

Although the desired characteristics of the training data were easily achieved for some prompts, they were more challenging to achieve for others. For some prompts, a subset of scores were reset and clarifying directions were provided to scorers to improve human-human agreement. For other prompts, special sampling approaches were used to increase the numbers of responses that received top scores. In addition, a healthy percentage of responses were back read during the sampling period and these scores as well as double human scores were all part of the data used to train IEA.

### 4.3.8 Primary Criteria for Evaluating IEA Performance

The primary criteria for evaluating IEA performance is based on evaluating validity papers and is stated as follows: With smart routing applied as needed, IEA agreement is as good as or better than human agreement for each trait score.

To operationalize the primary criteria for a given prompt, the following general steps are undertaken:

1. Determine agreement of the human scores with the validity papers for each trait.
2. Calculate agreement of the IEA scores with the validity papers for each trait.
3. Compare the IEA validity agreement with the human agreement.
4. If the IEA validity agreement is greater than or equal to the human agreement for each trait, IEA can be deployed operationally.

In addition to looking at overall validity agreement, conditional agreement was also examined. In general, it was desirable for IEA to exceed 65 percent agreement at every score point as well as be close to or exceed the human validity agreement at each score point.

One limitation in applying the validity criteria is that validity papers were seeded into the human scoring and accumulated over the full 2016 scoring effort. As a result, sufficient human scored validity papers were not available for evaluating IEA. For this reason, the human agreement rates on validity papers scored in 2015 were used to evaluate several of the prompts. For these comparisons, the 2015 human agreement rates with validity papers for the old Reading and Expressions traits were combined to establish the criteria for the new Expressions trait.

### 4.3.9 Contingent Primary Criteria for Evaluating IEA Performance

For many of the prompts trained in 2016, it was not possible to utilize human scored validity responses in evaluating IEA performance. In these cases, IEA was evaluated based on IEA-Human exact agreement for each trait score and compared to agreement based on responses that were double-scored by humans. A portion of the data were held out for evaluating IEA-Human exact agreement according to the following steps:

1. Determine exact agreement of the two human scores with each other for each trait.
2. Calculate agreement of the IEA scores with the human scores for each trait.
3. Compare the IEA-human agreement with the human-human agreement.
4. If the IEA-human agreement is within $5.25 \%$ of the human-human agreement, IEA can be deployed operationally.

In addition to the overall comparison, the following performance thresholds in the test data set were targeted: 1) at least 65 percent overall IEA human agreement; and 2) 50 percent IEA-human agreement by score point (i.e., conditioned on the human score). These targets went beyond the contingent primary criteria approved by the State Leads.

### 4.3.10 Applying Smart Routing

With smart routing, the quality of automated scoring can be increased by routing responses that are more likely to disagree with a human score to receive an additional human score.

When human scorers read a paper, they typically apply integer scores based on a scoring rubric. When there is strong agreement between two independent human readers, they might both assign a score of " 3 " such that the average score over both raters is also a 3 (i.e., $(3+3) / 2=3)$. IEA simulates this behavior, but because its scores come from an artificial intelligence algorithm, it generates continuous (i.e., decimalized) scores. In this case, the IEA score might be a 2.9 or 3.1. When human readers disagree on the score for a paper, say one reader gives the paper a score of 3 and another reader gives the paper a score of 4 , the average of the two scores would be 3.5 (i.e., $3+4=7 / 2=3.5$ ). For this paper, IEA would likely provide a score between 3 and 4 , say 3.4 or 3.6 . Because this continuous score needs to be rounded to an integer score for reporting, it might be reported as a 3 or a 4 , depending on the rounding rules. Smart routing involves routing those responses with "in between" IEA scores to additional human
scoring because the nature of the responses suggest there may be less confidence in the IEA score. Since these "in between" IEA scores are based on modeling human scores, it follows that human scores may be less certain as well, and thus such responses tend to be the ones that it makes sense to have doublescored and possibly to resolve if the IEA and human scores are non-adjacent.

Smart routing was utilized as needed to help IEA achieve targeted quality metrics (e.g., validity agreement or agreement with human scorers). Smart routing involved the application of the following four steps:

1. The continuous IEA score for each of the two trait scores was rounded to the nearest score interval of 0.2 , starting from zero. For example, IEA scores between 0 and 0.1 were rounded to an interval score of 0 , scores between 0.1 and 0.3 were rounded to an interval score of 0.2 , scores between 0.3 and 0.5 were rounded to an interval score of 0.4 , and so on.
2. Within each of these intervals, the percentage of exact agreement between IEA integer scores and the human scores was calculated for each trait.
3. For each prompt, agreement rates were evaluated by rounding interval. Those intervals for which the agreement rates were below a designated threshold for either trait were identified.
4. Once IEA scoring was implemented, responses within intervals for which IEA - Human agreement was below the designated threshold were routed for additional human scoring.

In training IEA, we first evaluated the scoring models without smart routing by applying either the primary validity criteria or the contingent criteria as described in sections 3.2 and 3.3 of these procedures. For those prompts that did not meet these criteria, we applied increasing smart routing thresholds in an iterative fashion to filter scores and evaluate the remaining scores against the criteria. That is, in any one iteration a particular smart routing threshold was applied such that only scores falling in intervals for which exact agreement exceeded the threshold were included in evaluating the criteria. If the primary or contingent criteria were not met with this level of smart routing, we repeated the analysis applying an increased smart routing threshold. If the primary or contingent criteria were still not met, we repeated the analysis applying a still higher threshold. If the criteria were still not met after a maximum threshold was applied, we investigated different models and/or utilized additional human scoring data until an IEA scoring model was found that met the criteria.

### 4.3.11 Evaluation of Secondary Criteria for Evaluating IEA Performance

The secondary criteria for evaluating IEA performance involved comparing agreement indices for IEAhuman scoring for various demographic subgroups. Because of the importance of protecting personally identifiable information (PII), student demographic data is stored and managed separately from the performance scoring data. For this reason, it was not possible to evaluate subgroup performance in real time as IEA was being trained.

For those prompts trained on early operational data, attempts were made to prioritize the data being returned from the field to include data from states or districts where more diverse populations of students were anticipated. In addition, requests for additional human scores were made to increase the likelihood that there would be sufficient numbers of responses with two human scores for most of the demographic subgroups of interest.

Once IEA was trained and deployed, scoring sets used in training were matched to demographic information so that agreement between IEA and human scorers could be evaluated across subgroups. The analysis were conducted for the following 10 comparison groups:

| Group Type | Comparison Groups |
| :--- | :--- |
| Sex | Female <br> Male |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native <br> Asian <br> Black/African American <br> Hispanic/Latino <br> Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander <br> White |
| Special Instructional <br> Needs | English Language Learners (ELL) <br> Students with Disabilities (SWD) |

IEA-human agreement indices were calculated for all cases with an IEA score and at least one human score. Human-human agreement was calculated for all cases with two human scores.

To evaluate the training of IEA for subgroups, we applied the following criteria approved by the state leads for subgroups with at least 50 IEA-human scores and at least 50 human-human scores:

- Pearson correlation between IEA-human should be within 0.1 of human-human
- Kappa between IEA-human should be within 0.1 of human-human
- Quadratic-Weighted Kappa between IEA-human should be within 0.1 of human-human
- Exact agreement between IEA-human should be within $5.25 \%$ of human-human
- Standardized mean difference between IEA-human should be less than $\pm 0.15$ (this criterion was applied to subgroups with at least 50 IEA-human scores)

Although it was not expected that these criteria would be met for all subgroups for all prompts, If results of the evaluation between IEA and human scoring for subgroups for any prompt indicated that IEA performance persistently failed on the criteria listed above, consideration would be given to resetting the responses scored by IEA and reverting to human scoring until such time that an alternate IEA model could be established with improved subgroup performance.

In addition to the secondary criteria approved by the State Leads, we also compared the performance of IEA to the following targets on the various measures for subgroups with at least 50 responses:

- Pearson correlation between IEA-human should be 0.70 or above
- Kappa between IEA-human should be 0.40 or above
- Quadratic-Weighted Kappa between IEA-human should be 0.70 or above
- Exact agreement between IEA-human should be $65 \%$ or above

These targets were not intended to be directly applied in decisions about whether to deploy IEA operationally or not. Such targets may or may not be met by human scoring for any particular prompt
and/or subgroup, and if they are not met by human scoring they are unlikely to be met by IEA scoring. Nevertheless, comparisons to these targets provided additional information about IEA performance (and human scoring) in an absolute sense.

## Section 5: Test Taker Characteristics

### 5.1 Overview of Test Taking Population

Approximately three million students participated in the second operational administration of the PARCC assessments during the 2015-2016 school year in Colorado, Bureau of Indian Education, District of Columbia, Illinois, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Jersey, New Mexico, and Rhode Island. Not all participating states had students testing in all grades. Assessments were administered for English language arts/literacy (ELA/L) in grades 3 through 11; mathematics assessments were administered in grades 3 through 8, as well as for traditional high school mathematics (Algebra I, Geometry, and Algebra II) and integrated high school mathematics (Integrated Mathematics I - III). A small subset of students tested in ELA/L grades 9, 10, and 11, and Algebra I, Geometry, and Algebra II during fall of 2015. Test takers characteristics for this group are presented in an addendum. ${ }^{5}$ The majority of students tested during the Spring 2016 window when all grades and content areas were administered online and on paper.

### 5.2 Composition of Operational Forms

The fall 2015 operational administration of the PARCC assessment included two separate components: the Performance-Based Assessment (PBA) and the End-of-Year (EOY) assessment. Both components were administered as computer-based tests (CBT) and as paper-based tests (PBT). A valid score in both the PBA and EOY assessments was required for a student to receive a summative score. The spring 2016 operational administration of the PARCC assessment combined the Performance-Based Assessment (PBA) and End-of-Year (EOY) into one testing window.

The PBA and EOY components measured different types of knowledge and skills. The PBA was administered after approximately 75 percent of instructional time was complete. The PBA component consisted of relatively long questions, many of which required multiple steps. The purpose of this component was to measure critical thinking, reasoning, and the ability to apply skills and knowledge in reading, writing, and mathematics. The ELA/L PBA focused on writing effectively when analyzing text. The mathematics PBA focused on applying skills and concepts, and on understanding multistep problems that require abstract reasoning, precision, and perseverance.

The EOY administration occurred after approximately 90 percent of instruction was complete. Students were required to demonstrate their skills and knowledge by answering innovative selected-response and short-answer questions that measured concepts and skills. In the ELA/L EOY component students demonstrated their understanding of literary and informational passages. The mathematics EOY component required students to show their understanding of concepts, procedures, and short applications.

The spring 2016 PARCC assessments were administered in either computer-based or paper-based format. English language arts/literacy (ELA/L) assessments focused on writing effectively when analyzing

[^4]text. Mathematics assessments focused on applying skills and concepts, and understanding multi-step problems that require abstract reasoning and modeling real-world problems, precision, perseverance, and strategic use of tools. In both content areas, students also demonstrated their acquired skills and knowledge by answering selected response items and fill-in-the-blank questions.

Each spring assessment was comprised of multiple units, and additionally, one of the mathematics units was split into two sections: a non-calculator section and a calculator section.

### 5.3 Rules for Inclusion of Students in Analyses

Criteria for inclusion of students were implemented prior to all operational analyses. These rules were established by Pearson psychometricians in consultation with PARCC to determine which, if any, student records should be removed from analyses. This data screening process resulted in higher quality, albeit slightly smaller, data sets.

Student response data were included in analyses if:

1) Valid form numbers were observed for each unit for online assessments or a form for paper assessments,
2) Student records were not flagged as "void" (i.e., do not score), and
3) The student attempted at least $25 \%$ of the items in each unit or form,

Additionally, in cases where students had more than one valid record, the record with the higher raw score was chosen. Records for students with administration issues or anomalies were excluded from analyses.

### 5.4 Test Takers by Grade, Mode, and Gender

Table 5.1 presents, for each grade of ELA/L, the number and percentage of students who took the test in each mode (CBT or PBT). This information is provided for all participating states combined. Table 5.2 presents the same type of information for all students who took the mathematics assessments, and Table 5.3 provides this information for students who took the mathematics assessments in Spanish.

Markedly more students tested online than on paper, across all grades for both content areas. For ELA/L the percentages of online test takers, for all states combined, ranged from $79.1 \%$ to $95.6 \%$ while the percentages of paper test takers ranged from $4.4 \%$ to $20.9 \%$. For all mathematics test takers, the percentages of students testing online ranged from $79.1 \%$ to $99.5 \%$, whereas the percentages of students testing on paper ranged from $0.5 \%$ to $20.9 \%$. The percentages of mathematics online students taking Spanish-language forms ranged from $82 \%$ to $100 \%$ and the percentages of mathematics students taking paper Spanish-language forms ranged from $1.9 \%$ to $18 \%$. Generally, the percentage of students who tested online increased steadily from the lower grades to the higher grades. For example, about $80 \%$ of the ELA/L grade 3 students tested online, while $96 \%$ of the grade 11 students tested online. Overall, fewer students tested at the higher grades for both content areas.

Table 5.1 ELA/L Test Takers by Grade and Mode: All States Combined

| Grade | No. of Valid <br> Cases | CBT |  | PBT |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 373,061 | 79.1 | 98,740 | 20.9 |
| 3 | 461,204 | 378,410 | 82.0 | 82,794 | 18.0 |
| 4 | 455,980 | 405,897 | 89.0 | 50,083 | 11.0 |
| 5 | 455,888 | 403,788 | 88.6 | 52,100 | 11.4 |
| 6 | 449,801 | 396,461 | 88.1 | 53,340 | 11.9 |
| 7 | 440,160 | 390,037 | 88.6 | 50,123 | 11.4 |
| 8 | 275,158 | 260,548 | 94.7 | 14,610 | 5.3 |
| 9 | 192,956 | 184,539 | 95.6 | 8,417 | 4.4 |
| 10 | 136,934 | 130,884 | 95.6 | 6,050 | 4.4 |
| 11 | $3,339,882$ | $2,923,625$ |  | 416,257 |  |
| Grand Total |  |  |  |  |  |

Note: Includes students taking accommodated forms of ELA/L.

Table 5.2 Mathematics Test Takers by Grade and Mode: All States Combined

| Grade | No. of Valid |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | CBT |  | PBT |  |
|  | 476,620 | 377,172 | 79.1 | 99,448 | 20.9 |
| 3 | 464,485 | 380,072 | 81.8 | 84,413 | 18.2 |
| 4 | 458,218 | 406,685 | 88.8 | 51,533 | 11.2 |
| 5 | 457,815 | 405,870 | 88.7 | 51,945 | 11.3 |
| 6 | 435,545 | 383,442 | 88.0 | 52,103 | 12.0 |
| 7 | 359,231 | 314,746 | 87.6 | 44,485 | 12.4 |
| 8 | 323,701 | 304,078 | 93.9 | 19,623 | 6.1 |
| A1 | 145,270 | 140,056 | 96.4 | 5,214 | 3.6 |
| GO | 139,956 | 132,009 | 94.3 | 7,947 | 5.7 |
| A2 | 16,581 | 16,492 | 99.5 | 89 | 0.5 |
| M1 | 4,655 | 4,387 | 94.2 | 268 | 5.8 |
| M2 | 2,371 | 2,229 | 94.0 | 142 | 6.0 |
| M3 | $3,284,448$ | $2,867,238$ |  | 417,210 |  |
| Grand Total | M, |  |  |  |  |

Note: Includes students taking mathematics in English, students taking Spanish-language forms for mathematics, and students taking accommodated forms. A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III.

Table 5.3 Spanish-Language Mathematics Test Takers, by Grade and Mode: All States Combined

| Grade | No. of Valid | CBT |  | PBT |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cases | N | $\%$ | N | $\%$ |
| 3 | 5,924 | 4,857 | 82.0 | 1,067 | 18 |
| 4 | 3,490 | 3,068 | 87.9 | 422 | 12.1 |
| 5 | 2,743 | 2,675 | 97.5 | 68 | 2.5 |
| 6 | 2,306 | 2,221 | 96.3 | 85 | 3.7 |
| 7 | 2,325 | 2,215 | 95.3 | 110 | 4.7 |
| 8 | 2,119 | 1,980 | 93.4 | 139 | 6.6 |
| A1 | 3,556 | 3,333 | 93.7 | 223 | 6.3 |
| GO | 1,813 | 1,761 | 97.1 | 52 | 2.9 |
| A2 | 911 | 894 | 98.1 | 17 | 1.9 |
| MI | 84 | 82 | 97.6 | 2 | 2.4 |
| M2 | 68 | 68 | 100 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| M3 | 5 | 5 | 100 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Grand Total | 25,344 | 23,159 |  | 2,185 |  |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III. n/a = not applicable.

The number and percentage of students with valid test scores in each content area, grade, and mode of assessment are presented, for all states combined and for each state separately, in Appendix 5 as Tables A.5.1, A.5.2, and A.5.3, for ELA/L test takers, all mathematics test takers, and students taking the Spanish-language mathematics tests, respectively. Table A.5.4 presents the ELA/L distribution by grade, mode, and gender, for all states combined; Tables A.5.5, and A.5.6 present similar information for all mathematics test takers and for students taking the Spanish-language mathematics tests, respectively.

### 5.5 Demographics

Also presented in Appendix $\mathbf{5}$ is student demographic information for the following characteristics: economically disadvantaged, students with disabilities, English learners (EL), gender, and race/ethnicity (American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/African American; Hispanic/Latino; White/Caucasian; Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; two or more races reported; race not reported). Student demographic information was provided by the states and district and captured in PearsonAccess ${ }^{\text {next }}$ by means of a student data upload. The demographic data was verified by the states and district prior to score reporting.

Tables A.5.7 through A.5.15 provide demographic information for students with valid ELA/L scores, and Tables A.5.16 through A.5.27 present demographics for students with valid mathematics scores. All tables of demographic information are organized by grade; the results are first aggregated across all PARCC states and then presented for each state. Percentages are not reported for any states in which fewer than 20 students tested in a grade/content area.

## Section 6: Classical Item Analysis

### 6.1 Overview

This section describes the results of the classical item analysis conducted for data obtained from the operational test items. Item analysis serves two purposes: to inform item exclusion decisions for IRT analysis, and to provide item statistics for the item bank.

PARCC item analysis included data from the following types of items: key-based selected response items, rule-based machine-scored items, and hand-scored constructed response items. For each item, the analysis produced item difficulty, item discrimination, and item response frequencies.

### 6.2 Data Screening Criteria

Item analyses were conducted by test form based on administration mode. In preparation for item analysis, student response files were processed to verify that the data were free of errors. Pearson Customer Data Quality (CDQ) staff ran predefined checks on all data files and verified that all fields and data needed to perform the statistical analyses were present and within expected ranges.

Before beginning item analysis, Pearson performed the following data screening operations:

1. All records with an invalid form number were excluded.
2. All records that were flagged as "void" were excluded.
3. All records where the student attempted fewer than $25 \%$ of items were excluded.
4. For students with more than one valid record, the record with the higher raw score was chosen.
5. Records for students with administration issues or anomalies were excluded.

### 6.3 Description of Classical Item Analysis Statistics

A set of classical item statistics were computed for each operational item by form and by administration mode. Each statistic was designed to evaluate the performance of each item.

The following statistics and associated flagging rules were used to identify items that were not performing as expected:

1. Classical item difficulty indices ( $p$ value and average item score). When constructing PARCC tests, a wide range of item difficulties is desired (i.e., from easy to hard items) so that students of all ability levels can be assessed with precision. At the operational stage, item difficulty statistics are used by test developers to build forms that meet desired test difficulty targets. Some of the items proved to be unexpectedly difficult. This may be due to students' lack of familiarity with the item type or students' limited opportunity to learn the content represented in the item.

For dichotomously scored items, item difficulty is indicated by its $p$ value, which is the proportion of test takers who answered that item correctly. The range for $p$ values is from .00 to 1.00 . Items with high $p$ values are easy items and those with low $p$ values are difficult items. Dichotomously scored items were flagged for review if the $p$ value was above .95 (i.e., too easy) or below 25 (i.e., too difficult).

For polytomously scored items, difficulty is indicated by the average item score (AIS). The AIS can range from .00 to the maximum total possible points for an item. To facilitate interpretation, the AIS values for polytomously scored items are often expressed as percentages of the maximum possible score, which are equivalent to the $p$ values of dichotomously scored items. The desired $p$ value range for polytomously scored items is .30 to .80 ; items with values outside this range were flagged for review.
2. The percentage of students choosing each response option. Selected response items on PARCC assessments refer primarily to single-select multiple choice items. These items require that the test taker select a response from a number of answer options. These statistics for single-select multiple choice items indicate the percentage of students who select each of the answer options and the percentage that omit the item. The percentages are also computed for the high-performing subgroup of students who scored at the top $20 \%$ on the assessment. Items were flagged for review if more high-performing test takers chose the incorrect option than the correct response. Such a result could indicate that the item has multiple correct answers or is miskeyed.
3. Item-total correlation. This statistic describes the relationship between test takers' performance on a specific item and their performance on the total test. The item-total correlation is usually referred to as the item discrimination index. For PARCC operational item analysis, the total score on the assessment was used as the total test score. The polyserial correlation was calculated for both selected response items and constructed response items as an estimate of the correlation between an observed continuous variable and an unobserved continuous variable hypothesized to underlie the variable with ordered categories (Olsson, Drasgow, and Dorans, 1982). Item-total correlations can range from -1.00 to 1.00. Desired values are positive and larger than .20. Negative item-total correlations indicate that low ability test takers perform better on an item than high ability test takers, an indication that the item may be potentially flawed. Item-total correlations below .20 were flagged for review. Items with extremely low or negative values were considered for exclusion from IRT calibrations or linking (refer to Section 10 for details on item inclusion and exclusion criteria for IRT analyses).
4. Distractor-total correlation. For selected response Items, this estimate describes the relationship between selecting an incorrect response (i.e., a distractor) for a specific item and performance on the total test. The polyserial correlation is calculated (refer to \#3 above) for the distractors. Items with distractor-total correlations above . 00 were flagged for review as these items may have multiple correct answers, be miskeyed, or have other content issues.
5. Percentage of students omitting or not reaching each item. For both selected response and constructed response items, this statistic is useful for identifying problems with test features such as testing time and item/test layout. Typically, if students have an adequate amount of testing time, approximately 95 percent of students should attempt to answer each question on the test. A distinction is made between "omit" and "not reached" for items without responses:
a. An item is considered "omit" if the student responded to subsequent items.
b. An item is considered "not reached" if the student did not respond to any subsequent items.

Patterns of high omit or not reached rates for items located near the end of a test section may indicate that test takers did not have adequate time. Items with high omit rates were flagged. Omit rates for constructed response items tend to be higher than for selected response items. Therefore, the omit rate for flagging individual items was $5 \%$ for selected response items and $15 \%$ for constructed response items. If a test taker omitted an item, then the test taker received a score of ' 0 ' for that item and was included in the $N$-count for that item. However, if an item was near the end of the test and classified as not reached, the test taker did not receive a score and was not included in the N -count for that item.
6. Distribution of item scores. For constructed response items, examination of the distribution of scores is helpful to identify how well the item is functioning. If no students' responses are assigned the highest possible score point, this may indicate that the item is not functioning as expected (e.g., the item could be confusing, poorly worded, or just unexpectedly difficult), the scoring rubric is flawed, and/or test takers did not have an opportunity to learn the content. In addition, if all or most test takers score at the extreme ends of the distribution (e.g., 0 and 2 for a 3-category item), this may indicate that there are problems with the item or the rubric so that test takers can receive either full credit or no credit at all, but not partial credit.

The raw score frequency distributions for constructed response items were computed to identify items with few or no observations at any score points. Items with no observations or a low percentage (i.e., <3\%) of test takers obtaining any score point were flagged. In addition, constructed response items were flagged if they had U-shaped distributions, with high frequencies for extreme scores and very low frequencies for middle score categories. Items with such response patterns may pose problems during the IRT calibrations and therefore may need to be excluded (refer to Section 10 for more information).

### 6.4 Summary of Classical Item Analysis Flagging Criteria

In summary, items are flagged for review if the item analysis yielded any of the following results:

1. $p$ value above .95 for dichotomous items and above .80 for polytomous items
2. $p$ value below .25 for dichotomous items, and below .30 for polytomous items
3. Item-total correlation below .20
4. Any distractor-total correlation above .00
5. Greater number of high-performing students (top 20\%) choosing a distractor than the keyed response
6. High percentage of omits: above $5 \%$ for selected response items, and above $15 \%$ for constructed response items
7. High percentage that did not reach the item: above $5 \%$ for selected response items, and above $15 \%$ for constructed response items
8. Constructed response items with a score value obtained by less than $3 \%$ percent of responses

Pearson's psychometric staff carefully reviewed the flagged items and brought items to the PARCC Priority Alert Task Force to decide if the items were problematic and should be excluded from scoring.

### 6.5 Classical Item Analysis Results

This section presents tables summarizing the item analysis results for the Spring 2016 operational items.

- Tables 6.1 and 6.2 present $p$ value information by grade and mode for the ELA/L and mathematics operational items from the Spring 2016 operational administration.
- Tables 6.3 and 6.4 present item-total correlations by grade and mode for the ELA/L and mathematics operational items from the Spring 2016 operational administration.

An operational item could appear on multiple test forms. The tables list only unique items in each test mode, and the reported item statistics are based on student responses across multiple occurrences of an item. The Integrate Mathematics I, II, and III paper tests were pre-equated due to small sample sizes and are not included in Tables 6.2 and 6.4.

Spoiled or 'do not score' items were excluded from the total test score in item analysis. These items were removed from scoring because of item performance, technical scoring issues, content concerns, or multiple/no correct answers. Additionally, some items were dropped during item calibrations due to:

- A low weighted polyserial,
- A low $p$ value (e.g., extremely difficult item), or
- Extremely poor IRT model fit or item not able to calibrate.

Tables 10.3 and 10.4 in section 10 present the count and percentage of CBT and PBT items excluded from IRT calibration along with the reasons the items were excluded for ELA/L and mathematics, respectively. The tables in this section and in Addendum 6 include only those items that were used for operational scoring.

The Fall 2015 forms were based on the spring 2015 operational forms; therefore, the item analyses for these forms were reported in the 2014-2015 Technical Report.

Table 6.1 Summary of $p$ Values for ELA/L Operational Items by Grade and Mode

| Grade | Mode | $N$ of Unique Items | Mean $p$ Value | SD $p$ Value | Min p Value | Max p Value | Median p Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | CBT | 64 | 0.43 | 0.17 | 0.12 | 0.80 | 0.45 |
| 3 | PBT | 52 | 0.43 | 0.14 | 0.18 | 0.82 | 0.40 |
| 4 | CBT | 85 | 0.44 | 0.14 | 0.13 | 0.79 | 0.42 |
| 4 | PBT | 50 | 0.40 | 0.13 | 0.14 | 0.70 | 0.40 |
| 5 | CBT | 84 | 0.40 | 0.15 | 0.14 | 0.78 | 0.37 |
| 5 | PBT | 44 | 0.43 | 0.13 | 0.17 | 0.78 | 0.44 |
| 6 | CBT | 80 | 0.42 | 0.13 | 0.22 | 0.70 | 0.39 |
| 6 | PBT | 56 | 0.48 | 0.13 | 0.27 | 0.77 | 0.47 |
| 7 | CBT | 88 | 0.45 | 0.14 | 0.16 | 0.84 | 0.44 |
| 7 | PBT | 72 | 0.48 | 0.13 | 0.24 | 0.80 | 0.45 |
| 8 | CBT | 84 | 0.46 | 0.14 | 0.18 | 0.86 | 0.42 |
| 8 | PBT | 56 | 0.50 | 0.14 | 0.17 | 0.83 | 0.49 |
| 9 | CBT | 89 | 0.40 | 0.12 | 0.14 | 0.69 | 0.41 |
| 9 | PBT | 66 | 0.48 | 0.14 | 0.18 | 0.82 | 0.47 |
| 10 | CBT | 102 | 0.40 | 0.12 | 0.16 | 0.79 | 0.37 |
| 10 | PBT | 58 | 0.43 | 0.12 | 0.21 | 0.69 | 0.42 |
| 11 | CBT | 78 | 0.37 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.73 | 0.37 |
| 11 | PBT | 64 | 0.40 | 0.12 | 0.19 | 0.76 | 0.40 |

Note: CBT = computer-based testing (online); PBT = paper-based testing (paper).

Table 6.2 Summary of $p$ Values for Mathematics Operational Items by Grade and Mode

| Grade | Mode | $N$ of Unique Items | Mean p Value | SD <br> p Value | Min p Value | Max p Value | Median $p$ Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | CBT | 97 | 0.54 | 0.25 | 0.12 | 0.94 | 0.55 |
| 3 | PBT | 75 | 0.54 | 0.22 | 0.14 | 0.93 | 0.55 |
| 4 | CBT | 101 | 0.54 | 0.25 | 0.09 | 0.95 | 0.53 |
| 4 | PBT | 65 | 0.50 | 0.22 | 0.11 | 0.93 | 0.53 |
| 5 | CBT | 95 | 0.46 | 0.21 | 0.06 | 0.94 | 0.46 |
| 5 | PBT | 69 | 0.49 | 0.22 | 0.11 | 0.91 | 0.51 |
| 6 | CBT | 101 | 0.45 | 0.24 | 0.06 | 0.93 | 0.44 |
| 6 | PBT | 63 | 0.46 | 0.21 | 0.12 | 0.93 | 0.43 |
| 7 | CBT | 103 | 0.34 | 0.24 | 0.04 | 0.88 | 0.30 |
| 7 | PBT | 65 | 0.37 | 0.22 | 0.07 | 0.83 | 0.33 |
| 8 | CBT | 89 | 0.35 | 0.22 | 0.04 | 0.81 | 0.33 |
| 8 | PBT | 63 | 0.39 | 0.20 | 0.08 | 0.82 | 0.35 |
| A1 | CBT | 100 | 0.30 | 0.18 | 0.02 | 0.73 | 0.29 |
| A1 | PBT | 69 | 0.34 | 0.19 | 0.02 | 0.75 | 0.34 |
| GO | CBT | 109 | 0.33 | 0.21 | 0.01 | 0.90 | 0.30 |
| GO | PBT | 79 | 0.31 | 0.19 | 0.05 | 0.77 | 0.30 |
| A2 | CBT | 101 | 0.25 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.83 | 0.22 |
| A2 | PBT | 72 | 0.29 | 0.18 | 0.03 | 0.83 | 0.25 |
| M1 | CBT | 42 | 0.30 | 0.19 | 0.03 | 0.74 | 0.34 |
| M2 | CBT | 41 | 0.25 | 0.17 | 0.01 | 0.62 | 0.22 |
| M3 | CBT | 40 | 0.28 | 0.17 | 0.04 | 0.82 | 0.26 |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III. CBT = computer-based testing (online); PBT = paperbased testing (paper).

Table 6.3 Summary of Item-total Polyserial Correlations for ELA/L Operational Items by Grade and Mode

| Grade | Mode |  | Mean Polyserial | SD <br> Polyserial | Min Polyserial | Max Polyserial | Median Polyserial |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | CBT | 64 | 0.53 | 0.12 | 0.21 | 0.73 | 0.54 |
| 3 | PBT | 52 | 0.54 | 0.12 | 0.19 | 0.73 | 0.53 |
| 4 | CBT | 85 | 0.48 | 0.15 | 0.19 | 0.79 | 0.46 |
| 4 | PBT | 50 | 0.46 | 0.15 | 0.18 | 0.78 | 0.45 |
| 5 | CBT | 84 | 0.48 | 0.16 | 0.11 | 0.80 | 0.45 |
| 5 | PBT | 44 | 0.46 | 0.16 | 0.20 | 0.76 | 0.43 |
| 6 | CBT | 80 | 0.47 | 0.16 | 0.16 | 0.82 | 0.43 |
| 6 | PBT | 56 | 0.49 | 0.14 | 0.24 | 0.80 | 0.49 |
| 7 | CBT | 88 | 0.48 | 0.15 | 0.22 | 0.84 | 0.44 |
| 7 | PBT | 72 | 0.47 | 0.14 | 0.18 | 0.80 | 0.44 |
| 8 | CBT | 84 | 0.48 | 0.17 | 0.15 | 0.85 | 0.46 |
| 8 | PBT | 56 | 0.48 | 0.15 | 0.16 | 0.81 | 0.47 |
| 9 | CBT | 89 | 0.48 | 0.17 | 0.12 | 0.84 | 0.47 |
| 9 | PBT | 66 | 0.49 | 0.13 | 0.26 | 0.80 | 0.49 |
| 10 | CBT | 102 | 0.49 | 0.16 | 0.20 | 0.84 | 0.47 |
| 10 | PBT | 58 | 0.52 | 0.15 | 0.24 | 0.83 | 0.52 |
| 11 | CBT | 78 | 0.45 | 0.18 | 0.11 | 0.82 | 0.42 |
| 11 | PBT | 64 | 0.45 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.82 | 0.43 |

Note: CBT = computer-based testing (online); PBT = paper-based testing (paper).

Table 6.4 Summary of Item-total Correlations for Mathematics Operational Items by Grade and Mode

| Grade | Mode |  | Mean Polyserial | SD <br> Polyserial | Min Polyserial | Max Polyserial | Median Polyserial |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | CBT | 97 | 0.48 | 0.13 | 0.20 | 0.78 | 0.50 |
| 3 | PBT | 75 | 0.50 | 0.13 | 0.22 | 0.82 | 0.51 |
| 4 | CBT | 101 | 0.48 | 0.13 | 0.22 | 0.77 | 0.47 |
| 4 | PBT | 65 | 0.50 | 0.13 | 0.28 | 0.74 | 0.52 |
| 5 | CBT | 95 | 0.48 | 0.14 | 0.18 | 0.80 | 0.47 |
| 5 | PBT | 69 | 0.50 | 0.12 | 0.26 | 0.74 | 0.49 |
| 6 | CBT | 101 | 0.50 | 0.13 | 0.14 | 0.79 | 0.49 |
| 6 | PBT | 63 | 0.52 | 0.13 | 0.17 | 0.74 | 0.51 |
| 7 | CBT | 103 | 0.48 | 0.13 | 0.21 | 0.80 | 0.46 |
| 7 | PBT | 65 | 0.48 | 0.14 | 0.27 | 0.77 | 0.45 |
| 8 | CBT | 89 | 0.46 | 0.12 | 0.24 | 0.75 | 0.45 |
| 8 | PBT | 63 | 0.49 | 0.13 | 0.22 | 0.81 | 0.49 |
| A1 | CBT | 100 | 0.46 | 0.14 | 0.13 | 0.79 | 0.45 |
| A1 | PBT | 69 | 0.45 | 0.13 | 0.15 | 0.72 | 0.44 |
| GO | CBT | 109 | 0.49 | 0.14 | 0.20 | 0.81 | 0.49 |
| GO | PBT | 79 | 0.47 | 0.15 | 0.16 | 0.81 | 0.47 |
| A2 | CBT | 101 | 0.50 | 0.14 | 0.15 | 0.81 | 0.51 |
| A2 | PBT | 72 | 0.45 | 0.15 | 0.10 | 0.77 | 0.44 |
| M1 | CBT | 42 | 0.44 | 0.15 | 0.17 | 0.79 | 0.42 |
| M2 | CBT | 41 | 0.40 | 0.13 | 0.16 | 0.67 | 0.38 |
| M3 | CBT | 40 | 0.46 | 0.16 | 0.20 | 0.75 | 0.47 |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III. CBT = computer-based testing (online); PBT = paperbased testing (paper)

## Section 7: Differential Item Functioning

### 7.1 Overview

Differential item functioning (DIF) analyses were conducted using the data obtained from the operational items. If an item performs differentially across identifiable subgroups (e.g., gender or ethnicity) when students are matched on ability, the item may be measuring something other than the intended construct (i.e., possible evidence of DIF). It is important, however, to recognize that item performance differences flagged for DIF might be related to actual differences in relevant knowledge or skills (item impact) or statistical Type I error. As a result, DIF statistics are used to identify potential item bias. Subsequent reviews by content experts and bias/sensitivity committees are required to determine the source and meaning of performance differences.

### 7.2 DIF Procedures

Dichotomous Items. The Mantel-Haenszel (MH) DIF statistic was calculated for selected-response items and for dichotomously-scored constructed-response items. In this method, test takers are classified to relevant subgroups of interest (e.g., gender or ethnicity). Using the PARCC raw score total as the criteria, test takers in a certain total score category in the focal group (e.g., females) are compared with examinees in the same total score category in the reference group (e.g., males). For each item, test takers in the focal group are also compared to test takers in the reference group who performed equally well on the test as a whole. The common odds ratio is estimated across all categories of matched test taker ability using the following formula (Dorans \& Holland, 1993), and the resulting estimate is interpreted as the relative likelihood of success on a particular item for members of two groups when matched on ability.

$$
\begin{equation*}
\hat{\alpha}_{M H}=\frac{\sum_{s=1}^{S} R_{r s} W_{f s} / N_{t s}}{\sum_{s=1}^{S} R_{f s} W_{r s} / N_{t s}} \tag{7-1}
\end{equation*}
$$

in which:
$S=$ the number of score categories,
$R_{r s}=$ the number of test takers in the reference group who answer the item correctly, $W_{f s}=$ the number of test takers in the focal group who answer the item incorrectly,
$R_{f s}=$ the number of test takers in the focal group who answer the item correctly,
$W_{r s}=$ the number of test takers in the reference group who answer the item incorrectly, and
$N_{t s}=$ the total number of test takers.
To facilitate the interpretation of MH results, the common odds ratio is frequently transformed to the delta scale using the following formula (Holland \& Thayer, 1988):

$$
\begin{equation*}
M H D-D I F=-2.35 \ln \left(\hat{\alpha}_{M H}\right) \tag{7-2}
\end{equation*}
$$

Positive values indicate DIF in favor of the focal group (i.e., positive DIF items are differentially easier for the focal group), whereas negative values indicate DIF in favor of the reference group (i.e., negative DIF item are differentially easier for the reference group).

Polytomous Items. For polytomously scored constructed-response items, the MH D-DIF statistic is not calculated; instead the standardization DIF (Dorans \& Schmitt, 1991; Zwick, Thayer \& Mazzeo, 1997; Dorans, 2013), in conjunction with the Mantel chi-square statistic (Mantel, 1963; Mantel \& Haenszel, 1959), is used to identify items with DIF.

The standardization DIF compares the item means of the two groups after adjusting for differences in the distribution of test takers across the values of the matching variable (i.e., total test score) and is calculated using the following formula:

$$
\begin{equation*}
S T D-E I S D I F=\frac{\sum_{s=1}^{S} N_{f s} * E_{f}(Y \mid X=s)}{\sum_{s=1}^{S} N_{f s}}-\frac{\sum_{s=1}^{S} N_{f s} * E_{r}(Y \mid X=s)}{\sum_{s=1}^{S} N_{f s}}=\frac{\sum_{s=1}^{S} D_{s}}{\sum_{s=1}^{S} N_{f s}}, \tag{7-3}
\end{equation*}
$$

in which:
$X=$ the total score
$Y=$ the item score
$S=$ the number of score categories on X ,
$N_{r s}=$ the number of test takers in the reference group in score category s,
$N_{f s}=$ the number of test takers in the focal group in score category s,
$E_{r}=$ the expected item score for reference group, and
$E_{f}=$ the expected item score for reference group.

A positive STD-EISDIF value means that, conditional on the total test score, the focal group has a higher mean item score than the focal group. In contrast, a negative STD-EISDIF value means that, conditional on the total test score, the focal group has a lower mean item score than the reference group.

Classification. Based on the DIF statistics and significance tests, items are classified into three categories and assigned values of A, B, or C (Zieky, 1993). Category A items contain negligible DIF, Category B items exhibit slight to moderate DIF, and Category C items possess moderate to large DIF values. Positive values indicate that, conditional on the total score, the focal group has a higher mean item score than the reference group. In contrast, negative DIF values indicate that, conditional on the total test score, the focal group has a lower mean item score than the reference group. The flagging criteria for dichotomously scored items are presented in Table 7.1; the flagging criteria for polytomously scored constructed response items are provided in Table 7.2.

Table 7.1 DIF Categories for Dichotomous Selected Response and Constructed Response Items
DIF Category Criteria

| A (negligible) | Absolute value of the MH D-DIF is not significantly different from zero, or is <br> less than one. |
| :--- | :--- |
| B (slight to moderate)1. Absolute value of the MH D-DIF is significantly different from zero but not <br> from one, and is at least one; OR <br> 2. Absolute value of the MH D-DIF is significantly different from one, but is <br> less than 1.5. |  |
| Positive values are classified as "B+" and negative values as "B-". |  |

Table 7.2 DIF Categories for Polytomous Constructed Response Items

> DIF Category Criteria

| A (negligible) | Mantel Chi-square $p$ value $>0.05$ or $\mid$ STD-EISDIF/SD $\mid \leq 0.17$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| B (slight to moderate) | Mantel Chi-square $p$ value $<0.05$ and $\mid$ STD-EISDIF/SD $\mid>0.17$ |
| C (moderate to large) | Mantel Chi-square $p$ value $<0.05$ and $\mid$ STD-EISDIF/SD $\mid>0.25$ |

Note: STD-EISDIF = standardized DIF; SD = total group standard deviation of item score.

### 7.3 Operational Analysis DIF Comparison Groups

Traditional Comparisons. DIF analyses were conducted on each test form for designated comparison groups defined on the basis of demographic variables including: gender, race/ethnicity, economic disadvantage, and special instructional needs such as students with disabilities (SWD) or English learners (EL). Student demographic information was provided by the states and district and captured in PearsonAccess by means of a student data upload. The demographic data was verified by the states and district prior to score reporting. These comparison groups are specified in Table 7.3.

Table 7.3 Traditional DIF Comparison Groups

| Grouping Variable | Focal Group | Reference Group |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Gender | Female | Male |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native <br> (AmerIndian) | White |
|  | Asian | White |
|  | Black or African American | White |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | White |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | White |
| Mconomic Status* | Multiple Race Selected | White |
| Special Instructional <br> Needs | English Learner (ELY) | Not Economically Disadvantaged <br> (NoEcnDis) |
|  | Students with Disabilities (SWDY) | Students without Disabilities <br> (SWDN) |

Note: * Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program: receipt of free or reduced-price lunch.

Comparison across Languages. DIF analyses were also conducted for Spanish-language items vs. English-language items in mathematics for items that previously were not evaluated for Spanishlanguage DIF. The purpose of the Spanish vs. English DIF analysis was to evaluate how similarly the items functioned between the two languages because the data from the Spanish-language forms were not separately calibrated using IRT. The item parameter estimates based on the English speaking test takers were used to generate conversion tables for the Spanish-language forms. Spanish-language mathematics items flagged for C-DIF were reviewed by content specialists and the PARCC Priority Alert Task Force to decide if the items were problematic and should be excluded from scoring. An item could be dropped from a Spanish-language form but remain in the English-language form if no other issues were detected; in those cases separate conversion tables were generated for the two versions of the form which had different numbers of items.

The Spanish-language forms did not have a non-accommodated English-language form counterpart with the same set of items (refer to Section 2 for more information on the development of Spanish-language forms). Most of the Spanish-language items were previously evaluated for Spanish-language DIF. For items that had not been evaluated for Spanish-language DIF, the analyses were conducted for items that had an English-language item on a non-accommodated test form.

Sample Size Requirement. DIF analyses were conducted when the following sample size requirements were met:

- The smaller group, reference or focal, had at least 100 students, and
- The combined group, reference and focal, had at least 400 students.

Spanish-language vs. English-language DIF analyses were not conducted for Integrated Mathematics I, II and III because of insufficient sample sizes.

### 7.4 Operational Differential Item Functioning Results

Appendix 7 presents tables summarizing the DIF results for the Spring 2016 operational items, with one table prepared for each content and grade level (e.g., ELA/L Grade 3). The Fall 2015 forms were based on spring 2015 operational forms. The DIF analyses for these forms are reported in the 2014-2015 Technical Report.

Spoiled or 'do not score' items were excluded from the total test score for each form in DIF analysis. These items were removed from scoring because of item performance, technical scoring issues, content concerns, multiple correct answers, or no correct answers. However, the tables in this section may include items for certain grade levels that were excluded from scoring based on later analyses (refer to Section 10.5 Items Excluded from Score Reporting for more information).

In the DIF results tables, the column "DIF Comparisons" identifies the focal and reference groups for the analysis performed; the column "Mode" identifies the test delivery mode. "Total N of Unique Items" reports the number of unique items included in the analysis, whereas "Total N of Item Occurrences" reports the number of times items were used on test forms. An item could be used in multiple test forms; therefore, items were counted according to the occurrences. For example, if the same item appeared in five test forms, it was counted as five occurrences; if this item was classified as B+ on one form and $C+$ on another form, both occurrences were reported in the corresponding columns. For the Spanish-language DIF, "Total N of Item Occurrences" reports the number of items previously not analyzed for Spanish-language DIF and a non-accommodated English-language item was available in spring 2016. "Total N of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis" reports the number of occurrences with sufficient sample sizes to be included in DIF analyses. In addition, " 0 " indicates that the DIF analysis did not classify any items in the particular DIF category, while " $n / a$ " indicates that the DIF analysis was not performed due to insufficient sample sizes.

Table 7.4 Differential Item Functioning for ELA/L Grade 3

| DIF Comparisons | Mode | Total N of Unique Items | Total $\mathbf{N}$ of Item Occurrences | Total N of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis | C- DIF |  | B- DIF |  | A DIF |  | B+ DIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF |
| Male vs Female | CBT | 71 | 105 | 105 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 101 | 96 | 2 | 2 |
|  | PBT | 57 | 70 | 70 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 65 | 93 | 4 | 6 |
| White vs AmerIndian | CBT | 71 | 105 | 105 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 104 | 99 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 57 | 70 | 70 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 11 | 61 | 87 |  |  |
| White vs Asian | CBT | 71 | 105 | 105 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 102 | 97 | 2 | 2 |
|  | PBT | 57 | 70 | 70 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 67 | 96 | 2 | 3 |
| White vs Black | CBT | 71 | 105 | 105 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 103 | 98 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 57 | 70 | 70 |  |  | 4 | 6 | 66 | 94 |  |  |
| White vs Hispanic | CBT | 71 | 105 | 105 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 102 | 97 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 57 | 70 | 70 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 10 | 62 | 89 |  |  |
| White vs Pacific Islander | CBT | 71 | 105 | 105 |  |  |  |  | 105 | 100 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 57 | 70 | 52 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 49 | 94 |  |  |
| White vs Multiracial | CBT | 71 | 105 | 105 |  |  |  |  | 105 | 100 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 57 | 70 | 70 |  |  |  |  | 70 | 100 |  |  |
| NoEcnDis vs EcnDis | CBT | 71 | 105 | 105 |  |  |  |  | 105 | 100 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 57 | 70 | 70 |  |  | 3 | 4 | 67 | 96 |  |  |
| ELN vs ELY | CBT | 71 | 105 | 105 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 102 | 97 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 57 | 70 | 70 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 64 | 91 |  |  |
| SWDN vs SWDY | CBT | 71 | 105 | 105 |  |  |  |  | 105 | 100 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 57 | 70 | 70 |  |  |  |  | 70 | 100 |  |  |

Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, Multiracial = Multiple Race Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English learner, ELY = English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY = student with disability.

Table 7.5 Differential Item Functioning for Mathematics Grade 3

| DIF Comparisons | Mode | Total $\mathbf{N}$ of Unique Items | Total N of Item Occurrences | Total N of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis | C- DIF |  | B- DIF |  | A DIF |  | B+ DIF |  | C+ DIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | N of Occurrence | \% of Total Occurrence in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrence | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF |
| Male vs Female | CBT | 97 | 129 | 129 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 124 | 96 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 75 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 85 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs AmerIndian | CBT | 97 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 127 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 75 | 86 | 86 | 3 | 3 | 7 | 8 | 74 | 86 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
| White vs Asian | CBT | 97 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 111 | 86 | 16 | 12 | 2 | 2 |
|  | PBT | 75 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 82 | 95 | 3 | 3 |  |  |
| White vs Black | CBT | 97 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 124 | 96 | 3 | 2 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 75 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 7 | 8 | 78 | 91 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| White vs Hispanic | CBT | 97 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 128 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 75 | 86 | 86 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 8 | 76 | 88 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
| White vs Pacific Islander | CBT | 97 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 127 | 98 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 75 | 86 | 40 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 33 | 83 | 5 | 13 |  |  |
| White vs Multiracial | CBT | 97 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 75 | 86 | 86 |  |  |  |  | 86 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| NoEcnDis vs EcnDis | CBT | 97 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 128 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 75 | 86 | 86 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 80 | 93 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| ELN vs ELY | CBT | 97 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 3 | 2 | 126 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 75 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 4 | 5 | 82 | 95 |  |  |  |  |
| SWDN vs SWDY | CBT | 97 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 4 | 3 | 125 | 97 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 75 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 84 | 98 | 1 | 1 |  |  |

Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, Multiracial = Multiple Race Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English learner, ELY = English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY = student with disability. Small sample sizes may result in fewer items in the column Total $N$ of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis.

## Section 8: Reliability

### 8.1 Overview

Reliability focuses on the extent to which differences in test scores reflect true differences in the knowledge, ability, or skill being tested rather than fluctuations due to chance. Thus, reliability measures the consistency of the scores across conditions that can be assumed to differ at random, especially which form of the test the test taker is administered and which persons are assigned to score responses to constructed-response questions. In statistical terms, the variance in the distributions of test scores, essentially the differences among individuals, is partly due to real differences in the knowledge, skill, or ability being tested (true variance) and partly due to random errors in the measurement process (error variance). Reliability is an estimate of the proportion of the total variance that is true variance.

There are several different ways of estimating reliability. The type of reliability estimate reported here is an internal-consistency measure, which is derived from analysis of the consistency of the performance of individuals across items within a test. It is used because it serves as a good estimate of alternate forms reliability, but it does not take into account form-to-form variation due to lack of test form parallelism, nor is it responsive to day-to-day variation due to, for example, the examinee's state of health or the testing environment.

Reliability coefficients range from 0 to 1 . The higher the reliability coefficient for a set of scores, the more likely individuals would be to obtain very similar scores upon repeated testing occasions, if the students do not change in their level of the knowledge or skills measured by the test. The reliability estimates in the tables to follow attempt to answer the question, "How consistent would the scores of these test takers be over replications of the entire testing process?"

Reliability of classification estimates the proportion of students who are accurately classified into proficiency levels. There are two kinds of classification reliability statistics: decision accuracy and decision consistency. Decision accuracy is the agreement between the classifications actually made and the classifications that would be made if the test scores were perfectly reliable. Decision consistency is the agreement between the classifications that would be made on two independent different forms of the test.

Another index is inter-rater reliability for the human scored constructed-response items, which measures the agreement between individual raters (scorers). The inter-rater reliability coefficient answers the question, "How consistent would the scores of these test takers be over replication of scoring of the same responses by different scorers?"

Standard error of measurement (SEM) quantifies the amount of error in the test scores. SEM is the extent by which test takers' scores tend to differ from the scores they would receive if the test were perfectly reliable. As the SEM increases, the variability of student's observed scores is likely to increase across repeated testing. Observed scores with large SEMs pose a challenge to the valid interpretation of a single test score.

Reliability and SEM estimates were calculated at the full assessment level (both PBT and CBT), and at the claim and subclaim levels. In addition, conditional SEMs were calculated and reported in Section 12 and Appendix 12.4.

### 8.2 Reliability and SEM Estimation

Coefficient alpha (Cronbach, 1951), which measures internal consistency reliability, is the most commonly used measure of reliability. Coefficient alpha is estimated by substituting sample estimates for the parameters in the formula below:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\alpha=\frac{n}{n-1}\left[1-\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_{i}^{2}}{\sigma_{x}^{2}}\right], \tag{8-1}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $n$ is the number of items, $\sigma_{i}^{2}$ is the variance of scores on the $i$-th item, and $\sigma_{x}^{2}$ is the variance of the total score (sum of scores on the individual items). Other things being equal, the more items a test includes, the higher the internal consistency reliability.

Since PARCC test forms have mixed item types (dichotomous and polytomous items), it is more appropriate to report stratified alpha (Feldt \& Brennan, 1989). Stratified alpha is a weighted average of coefficient alphas for item sets with different maximum score points or "strata." Stratified alpha is a reliability estimate computed by dividing the test into parts ("strata"), computing alpha separately for each part, and using the results to estimate a reliability coefficient for the total score. Stratified alpha is used here because different parts of the test consist of different item types and may measure different skills. The formula for the stratified alpha is:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\rho_{\text {strata }}=1-\frac{\sum_{j=1}^{J} \sigma_{x_{j}}^{2}\left(1-\alpha_{j}\right)}{\sigma_{X}^{2}} \tag{8-2}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $\sigma_{X_{j}}^{2}$ is the variance for part $j$ of the test, $\sigma_{X}^{2}$ is the variance of the total scores, and $\alpha_{j}$ is coefficient alpha for part $j$ of the test. Estimates of stratified alpha are computed by substituting sample estimates for the parameters in the formula. The average stratified alpha is a weighted average of the stratified alphas across the test forms.

The formula for the standard error of measurement is:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\sigma_{E}=\sigma_{X} \sqrt{1-\rho_{X X}} \tag{8-3}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $\sigma_{X}$ is the standard deviation of the test score, either total raw score or scale scores, and $\rho_{X X}$, is the reliability estimated by substitution of appropriate statistics for the parameters in equation 8-1 or 82.

### 8.3 Reliability Results for Total Group

Tables 8.1 and Table 8.2 summarize test reliability estimates for the total testing group for English language arts/literacy (ELA/L) and mathematics, respectively. The section includes only Spring 2016 results. The Fall 2015 results are located in the Addendum. ${ }^{6}$ The tables provide the average reliability, which is estimated by averaging the internal consistency estimates computed for all the individual forms of the test, and both the raw score and scale score SEMs, separately for the computer-based and paperbased tests within each grade level. In addition, the number of forms, the total sample size across all forms, and the average maximum possible score for each set of tests are provided. Estimates were calculated only for groups of 100 or more students administered a specific test form.

## English Language Arts/Literacy

The average reliability estimates for the CBT tests for grades 3-11 English language arts/literacy (ELA/L) range from a low of .91 to a high of .93 . The average reliability estimates for the PBT tests for ELA/L grades 3-11 range from a low of 89 to a high of .94. The tests for grades 3-5 have fewer maximum possible points than for the grades 6-11 tests. The average reliability estimates are at least .90 except for grades 4 and 5 PBT tests which are .89 .

The average raw score SEM is consistently between a very reasonable $4 \%$ and $6 \%$ of the maximum possible score. The scale score SEMs are the lowest for grade 6 and the highest for grade 3. Across the nine grade levels, the raw score SEMs and scale score SEMs for the PBT assessments are higher than those for the CBT assessments except for grade 10.

[^5]Table 8.1 Summary of ELA/L Test Reliability Estimates for Total Group

| Grade Level | Testing Mode | Number of Forms | Total Sample Size | Average Maximum Possible Score | Average <br> Reliability | Average Raw Score SEM | Average Scale Score SEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | CBT | 5 | 371,885 | 93 | 0.91 | 5.21 | 12.02 |
|  | PBT | 3 | 98,738 | 94 | 0.91 | 5.46 | 12.24 |
| 4 | CBT | 5 | 377,002 | 106 | 0.91 | 5.78 | 10.59 |
|  | PBT | 3 | 82,792 | 106 | 0.89 | 6.25 | 11.47 |
| 5 | CBT | 5 | 404,383 | 106 | 0.91 | 5.56 | 9.83 |
|  | PBT | 3 | 50,081 | 106 | 0.89 | 6.07 | 10.37 |
| 6 | CBT | 5 | 402,155 | 121 | 0.92 | 6.28 | 8.79 |
|  | PBT | 3 | 52,096 | 121 | 0.92 | 6.72 | 8.75 |
| 7 | CBT | 5 | 395,258 | 121 | 0.93 | 6.37 | 9.57 |
|  | PBT | 3 | 53,335 | 121 | 0.92 | 6.92 | 10.97 |
| 8 | CBT | 5 | 388,964 | 121 | 0.93 | 6.43 | 10.05 |
|  | PBT | 3 | 50,121 | 121 | 0.92 | 6.76 | 10.72 |
| 9 | CBT | 6 | 259,459 | 121 | 0.93 | 5.97 | 9.33 |
|  | PBT | 3 | 14,606 | 121 | 0.92 | 6.66 | 10.70 |
| 10 | CBT | 6 | 183,504 | 121 | 0.93 | 6.24 | 11.96 |
|  | PBT | 3 | 8,407 | 121 | 0.94 | 6.54 | 11.95 |
| 11 | CBT | 6 | 129,937 | 121 | 0.92 | 6.17 | 10.89 |
|  | PBT | 3 | 6,045 | 121 | 0.91 | 6.55 | 12.12 |

Note: ELA grade 3 CBT tests have a lower average maximum possible score due to a spoiled item.

## Mathematics

The average reliability estimates for the grades 3-8 mathematics and end-of-course (EOC) assessments range from .86 to .93 for the CBT tests and from .75 to .93 for the PBT tests. Most of the average reliability estimates are above .90 except for some of the Integrated Mathematics tests. Integrated Mathematics I for PBT did not have sufficient sample sizes per form to estimate reliability.

The SEM as percentage of total score consistently range from $4 \%$ to $5 \%$ of the maximum score. The SEMs for the scale scores are the highest for Integrated Mathematics I and III and grade 8 and the lowest for geometry and grades 6 and 7. The PBT scale score SEMs are within one scale score point of the CBT scale score SEMs.

Table 8.2 Summary of Mathematics Test Reliability Estimates for Total Group

| Grade | Testing <br> Mode | Number <br> of Forms | Total <br> Sample <br> Size | Average <br> Maximum <br> Possible <br> Score | Average <br> Reliability | Average <br> Raw Score <br> SEM | Average <br> Scale <br> Score SEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | CBT | 7 | 375,519 | 66 | 0.93 | 3.46 | 9.03 |
|  | PBT | 4 | 99,447 | 66 | 0.93 | 3.63 | 9.34 |
| 4 | CBT | 7 | 378,225 | 66 | 0.93 | 3.35 | 8.34 |
|  | PBT | 4 | 84,410 | 66 | 0.93 | 3.56 | 8.88 |
| 5 | CBT | 7 | 405,033 | 66 | 0.92 | 3.56 | 8.64 |
|  | PBT | 3 | 51,463 | 66 | 0.93 | 3.55 | 8.50 |
| 6 | CBT | 7 | 404,238 | 66 | 0.93 | 3.51 | 8.15 |
|  | PBT | 3 | 51,856 | 66 | 0.93 | 3.61 | 8.16 |
| 7 | CBT | 7 | 382,190 | 66 | 0.92 | 3.34 | 8.19 |
|  | PBT | 4 | 52,101 | 66 | 0.92 | 3.55 | 8.03 |
| 8 | CBT | 7 | 314,017 | 66 | 0.91 | 3.25 | 11.07 |
|  | PBT | 4 | 44,484 | 66 | 0.91 | 3.58 | 12.11 |
| A1 | CBT | 7 | 301,139 | 81 | 0.91 | 3.91 | 10.19 |
|  | PBT | 4 | 19,605 | 81 | 0.92 | 3.77 | 10.28 |
| A2 | CBT | 6 | 138,781 | 81 | 0.93 | 3.47 | 7.12 |
|  | PBT | 3 | 5,156 | 81 | 0.93 | 3.65 | 7.35 |
| M1 | CBT | 6 | 130,338 | 81 | 0.93 | 3.62 | 10.53 |
|  | PBT | 2 | 7,839 | 81 | 0.91 | 3.86 | 11.52 |
| M2 | CBT | 2 | 16,275 | 81 | 0.90 | 3.45 | 10.65 |
|  | CBT | 2 |  | 4,313 | 80 | 0.86 | 3.27 |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III. M1 sample size was insufficient to report the results. A2 PBT and M3 PBT tests have lower average maximum possible scores due to a spoiled item.

### 8.4 Reliability Results for Subgroups of Interest

When sample size was sufficient, score reliability and scale score SEM were estimated for the groups identified for DIF analysis. Estimates were calculated only for groups of 100 or more students administered a specific test form.

Tables 8.3 through 8.11 summarize test reliability for groups of interest for English Language Arts/Literacy grades 3-11, and Tables 8.12 through 8.23 summarize test reliability for groups of interest
for mathematics grades/subjects. Note that reliability estimates are dependent on score variance, and subgroups with smaller variance are likely to have lower reliability estimates than the total group.

## Gender

English Language Arts/Literacy

Both the average reliability estimates and average SEMs for males and females are similar to the corresponding reliabilities and SEMs for the total group. Eleven of the eighteen reliabilities are . 01 higher for males than for females. The SEMs for females are all higher than for males.

## Mathematics

As with the English Language Arts/Literacy test components, the reliability estimates and SEMs for males and females reflect the corresponding reliabilities and SEMs for the total group. Typically, the reliabilities are .01 higher for males than for females. The SEMs are generally very similar for females and males.

## Ethnicity

## English Language Arts/Literacy

The majority of the reliabilities for the ethnicity groups are . 01-. 02 lower than for the total group. There is not a consistent difference among the test reliabilities for White, African-American, Asian/Pacific Islander, Hispanic, and multiple ethnicity students, with the majority of the reliabilities between .89 and .94. However, the majority of the reliabilities for American Indian/Alaskan Native students range from .88 to .91. In general, the SEMs are similar to the total group SEMs. Nevertheless, for most grade levels, the SEMs are highest for Asian/Pacific Islander students.

## Mathematics

As with the English Language Arts/Literacy reliabilities, the reliabilities for ethnicity groups are marginally lower than for the total group of students. Once again the average SEMs reflect the total group SEMs. While there is variation across tests, the average reliabilities are generally highest for Asian/Pacific Islander students. The American Indian/Alaskan Native groups and the African-American group has the lowest reliabilities.

## Special Education Needs

## English Arts/Literacy

The reliabilities for five groups of students (Economically Disadvantaged, Not Economically Disadvantaged, Non English Learner, Students with Disabilities, and Students without Disabilities) are generally .01 to .02 less than those for the total group of students. The majority of the reliabilities range from . 88 to .93. The average reliabilities for English Learner students are lower, ranging from . 84 to .88.

The SEMs are generally similar to the total group SEMs, however, for 16 of the 18 sets of SEMs, the lowest SEM is for Students with Disabilities.

## Mathematics

The average reliabilities for the larger student groups (Not Economically Disadvantaged, Non English Learner, and Students without Disabilities) are quite similar to the total group of students. For Economically Disadvantaged, English Learners, and Students with Disabilities, the average reliabilities average .04-. 05 lower than those for the total group. The Economically Disadvantaged group has the highest reliabilities and lowest SEMs on average. The English Learner group has the lowest reliabilities and highest SEMs on average.

## Students Taking Accommodated Forms

## English Arts/Literacy

Two of the four accommodation form types had sufficient sample sizes to allow for estimation of reliability and SEM. The other two groups did not have at least 100 students take any specific form. Within grades, the reliabilities of the Closed Caption forms, which range from . 92 to .95 , are higher than the average reliabilities for total group. For the Text-to-Speech forms, the reliabilities, which range from .84 to .88 , are lower than for the total group reliabilities.

## Mathematics

Only the Text-to-Speech forms had sufficient sample sizes for reliability and SEM estimation. With the exception of the Integrated Mathematics I, II and III courses, the Text-to-Speech reliabilities are very close to the total group reliabilities. The corresponding SEMs were somewhat higher than those for the total group SEMs.

## Students Taking Translated Forms

## Mathematics

With the exception of Integrated Mathematics I, II and III, there were sufficient numbers of students taking the Spanish Language form for reliability and SEM estimation. The reliabilities average .14 less than for the total group, with the largest differences being for grades 7 and 8 . The corresponding SEMs are generally higher for the students administered the Spanish language forms. The moderate to high correlations suggest the translated forms are sufficient for individual student reporting.

Table 8.3 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Subgroups: Grade 3 ELA/L

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM |
| Total Group | 371,885 | 93 | 0.91 | 12.02 | 98,738 | 94 | 0.91 | 12.24 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 189,541 | 93 | 0.91 | 11.76 | 50,305 | 94 | 0.91 | 11.98 |
| Female | 182,210 | 93 | 0.91 | 12.27 | 48,433 | 94 | 0.91 | 12.50 |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 174,764 | 93 | 0.89 | 12.09 | 36,973 | 94 | 0.90 | 12.22 |
| African American | 58,106 | 93 | 0.90 | 11.77 | 20,440 | 94 | 0.89 | 12.23 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 22,624 | 93 | 0.89 | 12.90 | 5,128 | 94 | 0.89 | 12.76 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,546 | 93 | 0.89 | 11.39 | 1,765 | 94 | 0.87 | 12.17 |
| Hispanic | 99,656 | 93 | 0.90 | 11.79 | 30,995 | 94 | 0.89 | 12.20 |
| Multiple | 12,624 | 93 | 0.91 | 11.98 | 3,126 | 94 | 0.91 | 12.42 |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 171,175 | 93 | 0.89 | 11.72 | 56,791 | 94 | 0.89 | 12.19 |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | 196,369 | 93 | 0.89 | 12.26 | 41,104 | 94 | 0.89 | 12.37 |
| English Learner (EL) | 47,433 | 93 | 0.88 | 11.60 | 20,930 | 94 | 0.87 | 12.25 |
| Non English Learner | 318,219 | 93 | 0.90 | 12.09 | 77,523 | 94 | 0.91 | 12.27 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 49,831 | 93 | 0.91 | 11.31 | 13,872 | 93 | 0.90 | 11.84 |
| Students without Disabilities | 206,901 | 93 | 0.90 | 12.21 | 37,583 | 94 | 0.90 | 12.24 |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | 204 | 94 | 0.92 | 12.13 | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | 8,147 | 94 | 0.85 | 12.03 | - | - | - | - |

Table 8.4 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Subgroups: Grade 4 ELA/L

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM |
| Total Group | 377,002 | 106 | 0.91 | 10.59 | 82,792 | 106 | 0.89 | 11.47 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 192,184 | 106 | 0.91 | 10.45 | 42,126 | 106 | 0.89 | 11.26 |
| Female | 184,715 | 106 | 0.90 | 10.70 | 40,666 | 106 | 0.88 | 11.63 |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 179,996 | 106 | 0.89 | 10.51 | 31,237 | 106 | 0.88 | 11.31 |
| African American | 57,342 | 106 | 0.89 | 10.63 | 16,946 | 106 | 0.86 | 11.67 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 23,244 | 106 | 0.89 | 11.03 | 4,214 | 106 | 0.88 | 11.63 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,688 | 106 | 0.89 | 10.36 | 1,594 | 106 | 0.83 | 12.30 |
| Hispanic | 100,111 | 106 | 0.89 | 10.63 | 26,187 | 106 | 0.86 | 11.53 |
| Multiple | 12,263 | 106 | 0.91 | 10.51 | 2,351 | 106 | 0.90 | 11.50 |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 170,854 | 106 | 0.89 | 10.61 | 47,039 | 106 | 0.86 | 11.61 |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | 201,717 | 106 | 0.89 | 10.60 | 34,928 | 106 | 0.88 | 11.37 |
| English Learner (EL) | 31,107 | 106 | 0.86 | 10.64 | 10,791 | 106 | 0.83 | 11.92 |
| Non English Learner | 339,651 | 106 | 0.90 | 10.58 | 71,743 | 106 | 0.88 | 11.42 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 55,923 | 106 | 0.91 | 10.31 | 13,933 | 106 | 0.88 | 11.13 |
| Students without Disabilities | 204,686 | 106 | 0.90 | 10.66 | 29,891 | 106 | 0.88 | 11.33 |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | 256 | 106 | 0.92 | 10.66 | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | 9,492 | 106 | 0.84 | 10.43 | - | - | - | - |

Table 8.5 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Subgroups: Grade 5 ELA/L

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Sample Size | Average Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM | Total Sample Size | Average Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM |
| Total Group | 404,383 | 106 | 0.91 | 9.83 | 50,081 | 106 | 0.89 | 10.37 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 206,355 | 106 | 0.91 | 9.66 | 25,720 | 106 | 0.89 | 10.19 |
| Female | 197,962 | 106 | 0.91 | 9.98 | 24,361 | 106 | 0.88 | 10.55 |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 186,556 | 106 | 0.90 | 9.73 | 25,127 | 106 | 0.88 | 10.27 |
| African American | 65,802 | 106 | 0.89 | 9.87 | 6,433 | 106 | 0.87 | 10.46 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 24,634 | 106 | 0.90 | 10.09 | 2,954 | 106 | 0.88 | 10.54 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,587 | 106 | 0.88 | 9.72 | 1,480 | 106 | 0.84 | 10.80 |
| Hispanic | 111,190 | 106 | 0.89 | 9.95 | 12,142 | 106 | 0.86 | 10.51 |
| Multiple | 12,156 | 106 | 0.91 | 9.75 | 1,731 | 106 | 0.89 | 10.30 |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 188,495 | 106 | 0.88 | 9.94 | 21,888 | 106 | 0.87 | 10.49 |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | 211,619 | 106 | 0.90 | 9.78 | 27,252 | 106 | 0.88 | 10.32 |
| English Learner (EL) | 26,430 | 106 | 0.84 | 10.02 | 5,441 | 106 | 0.83 | 10.90 |
| Non English Learner | 371,582 | 106 | 0.90 | 9.80 | 44,506 | 106 | 0.88 | 10.33 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 61,747 | 106 | 0.90 | 9.44 | 10,735 | 106 | 0.88 | 10.23 |
| Students without Disabilities | 199,926 | 106 | 0.90 | 9.91 | 28,683 | 106 | 0.87 | 10.33 |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | 331 | 106 | 0.94 | 8.65 | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | 9,972 | 106 | 0.87 | 8.81 | - | - | - | - |

Table 8.6 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Subgroups: Grade 6 ELA/L

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM |
| Total Group | 402,155 | 121 | 0.92 | 8.79 | 52,096 | 121 | 0.92 | 8.75 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 205,544 | 121 | 0.92 | 8.68 | 26,754 | 121 | 0.92 | 8.55 |
| Female | 196,559 | 121 | 0.92 | 8.87 | 25,342 | 121 | 0.91 | 8.93 |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 189,660 | 121 | 0.91 | 8.69 | 25,491 | 121 | 0.91 | 8.63 |
| African American | 64,711 | 121 | 0.91 | 8.92 | 7,696 | 121 | 0.91 | 8.84 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 24,305 | 121 | 0.92 | 8.89 | 3,329 | 121 | 0.92 | 8.97 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,604 | 121 | 0.89 | 8.84 | 1,352 | 121 | 0.87 | 9.54 |
| Hispanic | 108,122 | 121 | 0.91 | 8.92 | 12,153 | 121 | 0.91 | 8.77 |
| Multiple | 11,339 | 121 | 0.92 | 8.76 | 1,853 | 121 | 0.92 | 8.69 |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 181,767 | 121 | 0.90 | 8.93 | 22,590 | 121 | 0.91 | 8.84 |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | 215,759 | 121 | 0.91 | 8.72 | 28,728 | 121 | 0.91 | 8.71 |
| English Learner (EL) | 21,540 | 121 | 0.86 | 9.20 | 4,582 | 121 | 0.87 | 9.32 |
| Non English Learner | 374,639 | 121 | 0.92 | 8.76 | 47,327 | 121 | 0.92 | 8.71 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 62,422 | 121 | 0.91 | 8.70 | 10,828 | 121 | 0.91 | 8.68 |
| Students without Disabilities | 196,486 | 121 | 0.92 | 8.80 | 29,585 | 121 | 0.91 | 8.72 |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | 362 | 121 | 0.94 | 8.55 | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | 9,491 | 121 | 0.88 | 8.62 | - | - | - | - |

Table 8.7 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Subgroups: Grade 7 ELA/L

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Sample Size | Average Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum <br> Possible <br> Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM |
| Total Group | 395,258 | 121 | 0.93 | 9.57 | 53,335 | 121 | 0.92 | 10.97 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 202,017 | 121 | 0.93 | 9.44 | 27,311 | 121 | 0.92 | 10.80 |
| Female | 193,089 | 121 | 0.93 | 9.69 | 26,024 | 121 | 0.91 | 11.14 |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 187,804 | 121 | 0.92 | 9.48 | 26,445 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.82 |
| African American | 63,924 | 121 | 0.92 | 9.69 | 7,761 | 121 | 0.90 | 11.16 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 24,000 | 121 | 0.93 | 9.64 | 3,451 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.96 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,680 | 121 | 0.91 | 9.62 | 1,065 | 121 | 0.86 | 11.86 |
| Hispanic | 104,904 | 121 | 0.92 | 9.71 | 12,602 | 121 | 0.90 | 11.11 |
| Multiple | 10,550 | 121 | 0.93 | 9.49 | 1,807 | 121 | 0.92 | 10.98 |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 174,771 | 121 | 0.91 | 9.72 | 22,126 | 121 | 0.89 | 11.16 |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | 215,769 | 121 | 0.93 | 9.51 | 30,409 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.89 |
| English Learner (EL) | 20,935 | 121 | 0.87 | 10.00 | 4,422 | 121 | 0.85 | 11.61 |
| Non English Learner | 368,716 | 121 | 0.93 | 9.54 | 48,719 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.93 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 61,370 | 121 | 0.92 | 9.54 | 10,782 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.90 |
| Students without Disabilities | 194,254 | 121 | 0.93 | 9.56 | 30,723 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.92 |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | 330 | 121 | 0.95 | 9.73 | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | 8,719 | 121 | 0.87 | 10.25 | - | - | - | - |

Table 8.8 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Subgroups: Grade 8 ELA/L

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Sample Size | Average Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM |
| Total Group | 388,964 | 121 | 0.93 | 10.05 | 50,121 | 121 | 0.92 | 10.72 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 199,370 | 121 | 0.93 | 9.93 | 25,582 | 121 | 0.92 | 10.47 |
| Female | 189,539 | 121 | 0.92 | 10.13 | 24,539 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.96 |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 186,013 | 121 | 0.92 | 9.98 | 25,616 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.68 |
| African American | 64,138 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.15 | 7,056 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.62 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 23,023 | 121 | 0.92 | 10.21 | 3,108 | 121 | 0.91 | 11.18 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,715 | 121 | 0.90 | 10.11 | 1,051 | 121 | 0.87 | 10.90 |
| Hispanic | 101,788 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.15 | 11,565 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.62 |
| Multiple | 9,867 | 121 | 0.93 | 9.97 | 1,541 | 121 | 0.93 | 10.78 |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 170,454 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.13 | 20,110 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.64 |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | 213,685 | 121 | 0.92 | 10.03 | 29,155 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.78 |
| English Learner (EL) | 21,111 | 121 | 0.87 | 10.41 | 4,248 | 121 | 0.87 | 10.96 |
| Non English Learner | 362,665 | 121 | 0.92 | 10.03 | 45,715 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.71 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 59,625 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.00 | 10,084 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.35 |
| Students without Disabilities | 190,453 | 121 | 0.92 | 10.11 | 31,359 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.86 |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | 370 | 121 | 0.95 | 9.77 | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | 7,750 | 121 | 0.88 | 10.29 | - | - | - | - |

Table 8.9 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Subgroups: Grade 9 ELA/L

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM |
| Total Group | 259,459 | 121 | 0.93 | 9.33 | 14,606 | 121 | 0.92 | 10.70 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 132,978 | 121 | 0.93 | 9.22 | 7,390 | 121 | 0.92 | 10.51 |
| Female | 126,369 | 121 | 0.93 | 9.40 | 7,216 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.85 |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 115,923 | 121 | 0.93 | 9.25 | 8,362 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.68 |
| African American | 36,248 | 121 | 0.92 | 9.44 | 1,035 | 121 | 0.90 | 10.60 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 16,357 | 121 | 0.94 | 9.43 | 1,045 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.93 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,302 | 121 | 0.90 | 9.35 | 203 | 121 | 0.85 | 11.18 |
| Hispanic | 81,648 | 121 | 0.92 | 9.44 | 3,281 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.52 |
| Multiple | 5,292 | 121 | 0.94 | 9.27 | 420 | 121 | 0.92 | 10.64 |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 112,710 | 121 | 0.92 | 9.45 | 4,392 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.61 |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | 141,435 | 121 | 0.93 | 9.30 | 9,643 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.62 |
| English Learner (EL) | 18,073 | 121 | 0.86 | 9.85 | 714 | 121 | 0.87 | 10.39 |
| Non English Learner | 236,609 | 121 | 0.93 | 9.30 | 13,677 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.70 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 37,254 | 121 | 0.91 | 9.23 | 2,139 | 121 | 0.92 | 10.37 |
| Students without Disabilities | 124,682 | 121 | 0.93 | 9.39 | 2,334 | 121 | 0.92 | 10.96 |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | 196 | 121 | 0.94 | 9.43 | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | 2,129 | 121 | 0.84 | 9.99 | - | - | - | - |

Table 8.10 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Subgroups: Grade 10 ELA/L

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM |
| Total Group | 183,504 | 121 | 0.93 | 11.96 | 8,407 | 121 | 0.94 | 11.95 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 93,553 | 121 | 0.93 | 11.67 | 4,374 | 121 | 0.94 | 11.72 |
| Female | 89,841 | 121 | 0.93 | 12.19 | 3,888 | 121 | 0.93 | 12.22 |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 77,904 | 121 | 0.93 | 12.03 | 4,643 | 121 | 0.93 | 11.84 |
| African American | 37,978 | 121 | 0.92 | 11.89 | 1,602 | 121 | 0.92 | 12.22 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 13,758 | 121 | 0.93 | 12.28 | 263 | 121 | 0.93 | 11.98 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 2,801 | 121 | 0.90 | 11.80 | 103 | 121 | 0.90 | 11.71 |
| Hispanic | 47,137 | 121 | 0.92 | 11.89 | 1,159 | 121 | 0.93 | 12.13 |
| Multiple | 3,458 | 121 | 0.94 | 11.86 | 291 | 121 | 0.93 | 12.10 |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 71,859 | 121 | 0.92 | 11.85 | 3,223 | 121 | 0.92 | 12.12 |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | 106,854 | 121 | 0.93 | 12.08 | 4,386 | 121 | 0.93 | 11.78 |
| English Learner (EL) | 9,297 | 121 | 0.87 | 11.35 | 256 | 121 | 0.83 | 12.99 |
| Non English Learner | 173,554 | 121 | 0.93 | 11.98 | 7,992 | 121 | 0.93 | 11.94 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 28,424 | 121 | 0.91 | 11.42 | 1,461 | 121 | 0.93 | 11.13 |
| Students without Disabilities | 145,456 | 121 | 0.93 | 12.03 | 5,885 | 121 | 0.93 | 12.15 |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | 138 | 121 | 0.94 | 11.11 | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | 1,272 | 121 | 0.84 | 11.36 | - | - | - | - |

Table 8.11 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Subgroups: Grade 11 ELA/L

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM |
| Total Group | 129,937 | 121 | 0.92 | 10.89 | 6,045 | 121 | 0.91 | 12.12 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 67,136 | 121 | 0.92 | 10.72 | 3,226 | 121 | 0.91 | 12.01 |
| Female | 62,700 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.99 | 2,758 | 121 | 0.90 | 12.23 |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 58,944 | 121 | 0.92 | 10.79 | 4,062 | 121 | 0.91 | 11.98 |
| African American | 24,584 | 121 | 0.91 | 11.08 | 755 | 121 | 0.89 | 12.47 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 6,833 | 121 | 0.92 | 11.18 |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 2,470 | 121 | 0.88 | 10.58 | 366 | 121 | 0.87 | 12.58 |
| Hispanic | 34,786 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.95 | 472 | 121 | 0.91 | 12.10 |
| Multiple | 1,990 | 121 | 0.92 | 10.81 | 213 | 121 | 0.89 | 12.34 |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 54,356 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.93 | 2,036 | 121 | 0.89 | 12.30 |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | 75,462 | 121 | 0.92 | 10.90 | 3,805 | 121 | 0.91 | 12.13 |
| English Learner (EL) | 4,730 | 121 | 0.88 | 10.82 |  |  |  |  |
| Non English Learner | 124,753 | 121 | 0.92 | 10.89 | 5,748 | 121 | 0.91 | 12.09 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 19,930 | 121 | 0.90 | 10.72 | 952 | 121 | 0.91 | 11.38 |
| Students without Disabilities | 87,689 | 121 | 0.91 | 10.98 | 2,284 | 121 | 0.90 | 12.07 |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | 1,928 | 121 | 0.85 | 10.52 | - | - | - | - |

Table 8.12 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Subgroups: Grade 3 Mathematics

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM |
| Total Group | 375,519 | 66 | 0.93 | 9.03 | 99,447 | 66 | 0.93 | 9.34 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 191,565 | 66 | 0.94 | 9.01 | 50,623 | 66 | 0.93 | 9.33 |
| Female | 183,954 | 66 | 0.93 | 9.04 | 48,824 | 66 | 0.93 | 9.34 |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 174,999 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.94 | 36,988 | 66 | 0.92 | 9.21 |
| African American | 58,252 | 66 | 0.93 | 9.05 | 20,313 | 66 | 0.92 | 9.36 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 22,881 | 66 | 0.93 | 9.29 | 5,308 | 66 | 0.93 | 9.47 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,576 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.91 | 1,748 | 66 | 0.91 | 8.90 |
| Hispanic | 102,601 | 66 | 0.92 | 9.03 | 31,645 | 66 | 0.92 | 9.29 |
| Multiple | 12,556 | 66 | 0.94 | 8.99 | 3,188 | 66 | 0.93 | 9.33 |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 174,078 | 66 | 0.92 | 9.04 | 57,373 | 66 | 0.92 | 9.32 |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | 197,206 | 66 | 0.93 | 9.00 | 41,162 | 66 | 0.92 | 9.27 |
| English Learner (EL) | 51,285 | 66 | 0.92 | 9.13 | 21,657 | 66 | 0.92 | 9.33 |
| Non English Learner | 317,896 | 66 | 0.93 | 9.02 | 77,414 | 66 | 0.93 | 9.33 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 50,119 | 66 | 0.93 | 9.29 | 13,808 | 66 | 0.92 | 9.75 |
| Students without Disabilities | 209,299 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.98 | 38,060 | 66 | 0.93 | 9.25 |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | 93,286 | 66 | 0.94 | 9.36 | - | - | - | - |
| Students Taking Translated Forms Spanish Language Form | 4,462 | 66 | 0.90 | 9.54 | 1,067 | 66 | 0.90 | 9.95 |

Table 8.13 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Subgroups: Grade 4 Mathematics

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM |
| Total Group | 378,225 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.34 | 84,410 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.88 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 192,826 | 66 | 0.94 | 8.28 | 42,975 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.80 |
| Female | 185,399 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.39 | 41,435 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.95 |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 179,725 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.26 | 31,735 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.92 |
| African American | 57,364 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.53 | 16,958 | 66 | 0.91 | 8.80 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 23,504 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.39 | 4,405 | 66 | 0.93 | 9.09 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,668 | 66 | 0.91 | 8.38 | 1,569 | 66 | 0.90 | 8.81 |
| Hispanic | 101,307 | 66 | 0.91 | 8.41 | 27,076 | 66 | 0.91 | 8.77 |
| Multiple | 12,178 | 66 | 0.94 | 8.30 | 2,426 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.84 |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 171,913 | 66 | 0.91 | 8.48 | 48,084 | 66 | 0.91 | 8.79 |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | 201,945 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.28 | 35,454 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.97 |
| English Learner (EL) | 33,549 | 66 | 0.90 | 8.52 | 11,532 | 66 | 0.91 | 8.62 |
| Non English Learner | 338,473 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.33 | 72,502 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.91 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 55,871 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.54 | 13,900 | 66 | 0.91 | 8.69 |
| Students without Disabilities | 205,974 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.29 | 30,882 | 66 | 0.93 | 9.02 |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | 90,839 | 66 | 0.94 | 8.36 | - | - | - | - |
| Students Taking Translated Forms Spanish Language Form | 2,876 | 66 | 0.87 | 8.69 | 422 | 66 | 0.86 | 8.82 |

Table 8.14 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Subgroups: Grade 5 Mathematics

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM |
| Total Group | 405,033 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.64 | 51,463 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.50 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 206,669 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.65 | 26,439 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.53 |
| Female | 198,364 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.60 | 25,024 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.45 |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 186,430 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.46 | 25,566 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.42 |
| African American | 65,877 | 66 | 0.90 | 8.97 | 6,463 | 66 | 0.90 | 8.62 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 24,894 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.45 | 3,061 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.56 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,559 | 66 | 0.90 | 8.90 | 1,466 | 66 | 0.88 | 8.63 |
| Hispanic | 111,738 | 66 | 0.90 | 8.90 | 12,871 | 66 | 0.91 | 8.54 |
| Multiple | 12,047 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.55 | 1,828 | 66 | 0.94 | 8.51 |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 188,907 | 66 | 0.90 | 8.95 | 22,709 | 66 | 0.91 | 8.58 |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | 211,927 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.45 | 27,810 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.44 |
| English Learner (EL) | 28,266 | 66 | 0.88 | 9.34 | 5,840 | 66 | 0.89 | 8.64 |
| Non English Learner | 370,375 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.59 | 45,418 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.48 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 61,696 | 66 | 0.90 | 9.14 | 10,733 | 66 | 0.90 | 8.74 |
| Students without Disabilities | 200,834 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.50 | 29,684 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.41 |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | 110,215 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.76 | - | - | - | - |
| Students Taking Translated Forms Spanish Language Form | 2,537 | 66 | 0.84 | 10.16 | - | - | - | - |

Table 8.15 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Subgroups: Grade 6 Mathematics

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM |
| Total Group | 404,238 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.15 | 51,856 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.16 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 206,623 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.12 | 26,624 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.15 |
| Female | 197,615 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.15 | 25,232 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.14 |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 189,772 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.01 | 25,586 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.04 |
| African American | 65,552 | 66 | 0.90 | 8.43 | 6,840 | 66 | 0.90 | 8.44 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 24,575 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.19 | 3,326 | 66 | 0.94 | 8.19 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,605 | 66 | 0.90 | 8.42 | 1,337 | 66 | 0.90 | 8.32 |
| Hispanic | 109,052 | 66 | 0.91 | 8.31 | 12,725 | 66 | 0.90 | 8.26 |
| Multiple | 11,323 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.11 | 1,848 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.13 |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 183,318 | 66 | 0.90 | 8.37 | 22,522 | 66 | 0.90 | 8.32 |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | 216,433 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.04 | 28,556 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.09 |
| English Learner (EL) | 23,471 | 66 | 0.88 | 8.64 | 4,977 | 66 | 0.89 | 8.50 |
| Non English Learner | 374,708 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.10 | 46,655 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.12 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 62,599 | 66 | 0.91 | 8.42 | 10,652 | 66 | 0.89 | 8.57 |
| Students without Disabilities | 198,406 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.08 | 29,117 | 66 | 0.93 | 8.07 |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | 102 | 66 | 0.85 | 8.92 | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | 94,673 | 66 | 0.94 | 8.16 | - | - | - | - |
| Students Taking Translated Forms Spanish Language Form | 2,163 | 66 | 0.83 | 9.70 | - | - | - | - |

Table 8.16 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Subgroups: Grade 7 Mathematics

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM |
| Total Group | 382,190 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.19 | 52,101 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.03 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 195,431 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.20 | 26,584 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.01 |
| Female | 186,759 | 66 | 0.91 | 8.13 | 25,407 | 66 | 0.92 | 7.99 |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 180,836 | 66 | 0.91 | 7.86 | 25,660 | 66 | 0.92 | 7.70 |
| African American | 62,201 | 66 | 0.88 | 9.02 | 6,849 | 66 | 0.88 | 8.83 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 20,885 | 66 | 0.93 | 7.67 | 3,221 | 66 | 0.94 | 7.61 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,614 | 66 | 0.88 | 8.61 | 1,050 | 66 | 0.88 | 8.42 |
| Hispanic | 104,244 | 66 | 0.88 | 8.81 | 13,293 | 66 | 0.89 | 8.49 |
| Multiple | 10,038 | 66 | 0.92 | 7.94 | 1,644 | 66 | 0.93 | 7.66 |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 173,458 | 66 | 0.88 | 8.84 | 21,881 | 66 | 0.89 | 8.60 |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | 204,153 | 66 | 0.92 | 7.83 | 29,314 | 66 | 0.93 | 7.71 |
| English Learner (EL) | 22,803 | 66 | 0.84 | 9.80 | 4,922 | 66 | 0.85 | 9.26 |
| Non English Learner | 353,929 | 66 | 0.92 | 8.07 | 46,935 | 66 | 0.92 | 7.90 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 60,884 | 66 | 0.88 | 9.35 | 10,561 | 66 | 0.89 | 8.74 |
| Students without Disabilities | 183,814 | 66 | 0.92 | 7.89 | 29,263 | 66 | 0.93 | 7.75 |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | 84,756 | 66 | 0.91 | 9.20 | - | - | - | - |
| Students Taking Translated Forms Spanish Language Form | 2,145 | 66 | 0.67 | 13.83 | 110 | 66 | 0.70 | 11.69 |

Table 8.17 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Subgroups: Grade 8 Mathematics

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Sample Size | Average Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM |
| Total Group | 314,017 | 66 | 0.91 | 11.07 | 44,484 | 66 | 0.91 | 12.11 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 162,931 | 66 | 0.91 | 10.98 | 22,760 | 66 | 0.91 | 12.15 |
| Female | 151,086 | 66 | 0.90 | 11.10 | 21,585 | 66 | 0.91 | 11.98 |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 142,124 | 66 | 0.91 | 10.87 | 22,123 | 66 | 0.91 | 11.82 |
| African American | 57,743 | 66 | 0.86 | 11.90 | 5,513 | 66 | 0.87 | 12.72 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 13,402 | 66 | 0.94 | 10.58 | 2,599 | 66 | 0.93 | 11.46 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,194 | 66 | 0.83 | 11.66 | 1,043 | 66 | 0.85 | 12.51 |
| Hispanic | 89,300 | 66 | 0.87 | 11.61 | 11,636 | 66 | 0.88 | 12.50 |
| Multiple | 7,876 | 66 | 0.92 | 10.79 | 1,254 | 66 | 0.93 | 12.07 |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 153,286 | 66 | 0.87 | 11.66 | 18,929 | 66 | 0.88 | 12.52 |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | 157,815 | 66 | 0.91 | 10.80 | 24,902 | 66 | 0.91 | 11.82 |
| English Learner (EL) | 21,725 | 66 | 0.82 | 12.04 | 4,641 | 66 | 0.84 | 12.88 |
| Non English Learner | 288,184 | 66 | 0.91 | 11.02 | 39,637 | 66 | 0.91 | 11.99 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 55,668 | 66 | 0.87 | 11.68 | 9,454 | 66 | 0.87 | 12.68 |
| Students without Disabilities | 129,959 | 66 | 0.90 | 11.06 | 26,404 | 66 | 0.92 | 11.89 |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | 107 | 66 | 0.78 | 13.68 | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | 69,266 | 66 | 0.91 | 11.33 | - | - | - | - |
| Students Taking Translated Forms Spanish Language Form | 1,941 | 66 | 0.78 | 13.63 | 139 | 66 | 0.70 | 14.83 |

Table 8.18 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Subgroups: Algebra I

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM |
| Total Group | 301,139 | 81 | 0.91 | 10.19 | 19,605 | 81 | 0.92 | 10.28 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 155,264 | 81 | 0.91 | 10.15 | 10,145 | 81 | 0.92 | 10.30 |
| Female | 145,875 | 81 | 0.90 | 10.19 | 9,460 | 81 | 0.91 | 10.22 |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 127,928 | 81 | 0.91 | 9.82 | 10,639 | 81 | 0.92 | 10.11 |
| African American | 55,822 | 81 | 0.85 | 11.12 | 2,893 | 81 | 0.90 | 10.43 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 19,339 | 81 | 0.93 | 9.28 | 923 | 81 | 0.93 | 9.58 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,681 | 81 | 0.83 | 10.64 | 108 | 81 | 0.86 | 10.43 |
| Hispanic | 87,420 | 81 | 0.85 | 11.01 | 4,067 | 81 | 0.88 | 10.66 |
| Multiple | 6,556 | 81 | 0.92 | 9.91 | 648 | 81 | 0.92 | 10.17 |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 132,298 | 81 | 0.85 | 11.04 | 6,734 | 81 | 0.89 | 10.66 |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | 163,856 | 81 | 0.92 | 9.81 | 12,108 | 81 | 0.92 | 10.06 |
| English Learner (EL) | 22,732 | 81 | 0.80 | 11.22 | 1,111 | 81 | 0.81 | 11.30 |
| Non English Learner | 273,887 | 81 | 0.91 | 10.10 | 18,222 | 81 | 0.92 | 10.18 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 45,380 | 81 | 0.87 | 10.61 | 2,967 | 81 | 0.91 | 10.49 |
| Students without Disabilities | 182,451 | 81 | 0.91 | 9.87 | 9,263 | 81 | 0.92 | 10.16 |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | 153 | 81 | 0.54 | 15.20 | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | 58,724 | 81 | 0.89 | 11.67 | - | - | - | - |
| Students Taking Translated Forms Spanish Language Form | 3,181 | 81 | 0.66 | 13.05 | 222 | 81 | 0.59 | 14.88 |

Table 8.19 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Subgroups: Geometry

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM |
| Total Group | 138,781 | 81 | 0.93 | 7.12 | 5,156 | 81 | 0.93 | 7.35 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 70,817 | 81 | 0.93 | 7.08 | 2,658 | 81 | 0.94 | 7.34 |
| Female | 67,964 | 81 | 0.92 | 7.13 | 2,378 | 81 | 0.92 | 7.27 |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 65,066 | 81 | 0.93 | 6.99 | 2,578 | 81 | 0.93 | 7.16 |
| African American | 19,318 | 81 | 0.88 | 7.87 | 660 | 81 | 0.89 | 8.61 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 10,547 | 81 | 0.95 | 6.59 | 115 | 81 | 0.93 | 6.50 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 2,596 | 81 | 0.83 | 8.03 |  |  |  |  |
| Hispanic | 38,872 | 81 | 0.88 | 7.86 | 1,143 | 81 | 0.90 | 7.74 |
| Multiple | 2,123 | 81 | 0.94 | 7.11 |  |  |  |  |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 51,231 | 81 | 0.88 | 7.85 | 2,305 | 81 | 0.89 | 8.02 |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | 82,787 | 81 | 0.93 | 6.94 | 2,121 | 81 | 0.93 | 7.06 |
| English Learner (EL) | 6,752 | 81 | 0.83 | 8.38 | 221 | 81 | 0.88 | 7.43 |
| Non English Learner | 130,857 | 81 | 0.93 | 7.05 | 4,777 | 81 | 0.93 | 7.26 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 20,227 | 81 | 0.89 | 7.70 | 771 | 81 | 0.91 | 7.62 |
| Students without Disabilities | 104,632 | 81 | 0.93 | 6.98 | 3,023 | 81 | 0.93 | 7.25 |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| C: Closed-Caption |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R: Screen Reader |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| T: Text-to-Speech | 12,644 | 81 | 0.90 | 7.68 |  |  |  |  |
| Students Taking Translated Forms Spanish Language Form | 1,734 | 81 | 0.70 | 10.33 |  |  |  |  |

Table 8.20 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Subgroups: Algebra II

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM |
| Total Group | 130,338 | 81 | 0.93 | 10.53 | 7,839 | 80 | 0.91 | 11.52 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 64,586 | 81 | 0.93 | 10.43 | 3,887 | 81 | 0.92 | 11.50 |
| Female | 65,752 | 81 | 0.92 | 10.61 | 3,952 | 80 | 0.91 | 11.53 |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 61,040 | 81 | 0.92 | 10.59 | 4,659 | 81 | 0.91 | 11.26 |
| African American | 21,883 | 81 | 0.87 | 11.41 | 1,370 | 80 | 0.89 | 11.75 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 10,544 | 81 | 0.94 | 10.05 | 270 | 81 | 0.92 | 11.49 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 2,083 | 81 | 0.84 | 11.66 |  |  |  |  |
| Hispanic | 32,573 | 81 | 0.88 | 11.24 | 1,049 | 81 | 0.87 | 12.00 |
| Multiple | 1,879 | 81 | 0.93 | 10.41 | 317 | 80 | 0.91 | 11.53 |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 47,894 | 81 | 0.88 | 11.33 | 2,696 | 80 | 0.88 | 11.94 |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | 82,352 | 81 | 0.93 | 10.45 | 5,107 | 80 | 0.91 | 11.35 |
| English Learner (EL) | 4,041 | 81 | 0.87 | 10.94 |  |  |  |  |
| Non English Learner | 125,957 | 81 | 0.93 | 10.51 | 7,553 | 80 | 0.91 | 11.49 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 14,346 | 81 | 0.90 | 10.66 | 664 | 80 | 0.90 | 11.71 |
| Students without Disabilities | 97,168 | 81 | 0.93 | 10.42 | 2,957 | 80 | 0.90 | 11.07 |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | 12,156 | 81 | 0.91 | 11.34 | - | - | - | - |
| Students Taking Translated Forms Spanish Language Form | 879 | 81 | 0.79 | 12.42 | - | - | - | - |

Table 8.21 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Subgroups: Integrated Mathematics I

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM |
| Total Group | 16,275 | 81 | 0.90 | 10.65 | - | - | - | - |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 8,266 | 81 | 0.91 | 10.57 | - | - | - | - |
| Female | 8,009 | 81 | 0.89 | 10.66 | - | - | - | - |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 6,865 | 81 | 0.91 | 10.28 | - | - | - | - |
| African American | 1,878 | 81 | 0.84 | 11.89 | - | - | - | - |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 538 | 81 | 0.93 | 10.22 | - | - | - | - |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 124 | 81 | 0.82 | 12.03 | - | - | - | - |
| Hispanic | 6,400 | 81 | 0.87 | 11.17 | - | - | - | - |
| Multiple | 391 | 81 | 0.92 | 10.32 | - | - | - | - |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 8,066 | 81 | 0.86 | 11.31 | - | - | - | - |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | 8,205 | 81 | 0.91 | 10.29 | - | - | - | - |
| English Learner (EL) | 1,997 | 81 | 0.74 | 12.86 | - | - | - | - |
| Non English Learner | 13,890 | 81 | 0.90 | 10.51 | - | - | - | - |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 1,967 | 81 | 0.82 | 11.91 | - | - | - | - |
| Students without Disabilities | 4,031 | 81 | 0.88 | 11.00 | - | - | - | - |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | 1,480 | 81 | 0.84 | 12.43 | - | - | - | - |
| Students Taking Translated Forms Spanish Language Form | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Table 8.22 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Subgroups: Integrated Mathematics II

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM | Total Sample Size | Average <br> Maximum Possible Raw Scores | Average Reliability | Average Scale Score SEM |
| Total Group | 4,313 | 80 | 0.86 | 10.84 | 266 | 80 | 0.84 | 10.33 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 2,119 | 80 | 0.87 | 10.74 | 117 | 80 | 0.86 | 9.97 |
| Female | 2,194 | 80 | 0.85 | 10.92 | 149 | 80 | 0.82 | 10.61 |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 1,325 | 80 | 0.87 | 10.66 |  |  |  |  |
| African American | 484 | 80 | 0.73 | 12.33 |  |  |  |  |
| Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 182 | 80 | 0.69 | 12.08 | 202 | 80 | 0.83 | 10.54 |
| Hispanic | 2,121 | 80 | 0.80 | 11.19 |  |  |  |  |
| Multiple |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 2,786 | 80 | 0.79 | 11.41 | 215 | 80 | 0.84 | 10.48 |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | 1,487 | 80 | 0.88 | 10.76 |  |  |  |  |
| English Learner (EL) | 210 | 80 | 0.51 | 13.56 |  |  |  |  |
| Non English Learner | 3,982 | 80 | 0.86 | 10.85 | 189 | 80 | 0.83 | 10.14 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 388 | 81 | 0.60 | 12.67 |  |  |  |  |
| Students without Disabilities | 1,441 | 80 | 0.88 | 10.64 | 190 | 80 | 0.83 | 10.34 |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | 499 | 81 | 0.65 | 13.53 | - | - | - | - |
| Students Taking Translated Forms Spanish Language Form | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Table 8.23 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Subgroups: Integrated Mathematics III


### 8.5 Reliability Results for English Language Arts/Literacy Subscores

PARCC developed subclaims in addition to major claims based on the Common Core State Standards. English Language Arts/Literacy has two Major Claims relating to Reading Complex Text and Writing. The Major Claim for Reading Complex Text is that students read and comprehend a range of sufficiently complex texts independently. The Major Claim for Writing is that students write effectively when using and/or analyzing sources. Refer to Table 8.24 for a summary of the English language arts/literacy claims and subclaims.

Table 8.24 Descriptions of ELA/L Claims and Subclaims

|  |  | English Language Arts/Literacy |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Major Claim Subclaim | Description |  |
| Reading | Reading Literature | Students demonstrate comprehension and draw evidence from <br> readings of grade-level, complex literary text |
| Reading | Reading Information | Students demonstrate comprehension and draw evidence from <br> readings of grade-level, complex informational text |
| Writing Vocabulary | Students use context to determine the meaning of words and <br> phrases |  |
| Writing Written | Expression <br> Students produce clear and coherent writing in which the <br> development, organization, and style are appropriate to the task, <br> purpose, and audience <br> Students demonstrate knowledge of conventions and other <br> Language and | Important elements of language |

Reliability indices were calculated for each major claim and subclaim. Table 8.25 presents the average reliability estimates for all forms of the test at the specified grade and testing mode for the English Language Arts/Literacy tests. In order to assist in understanding the reliability estimates, the average maximum number of points for each major claim and subclaim are also provided.

The reliabilities for the Reading Complex Text claim for grades 3-11 ranges from .87 to .91 for CBT and from .86 to .92 for PBT. The reliability for grades 3-5 ranges from .86 to .90 and the average reliability for grades 6-11 ranges from . 88 to .92 .

The Writing claim reliabilities are lower than those for the Reading claim. The reliabilities for the Writing claim for grade 3 are based on 36 points and the average reliabilities for the grades 4-11 Writing claims are based on 45 points. The reliability for grades $3-5$ ranges from .79 to .84 with a median of .82 , and the average reliability for grades $6-11$ ranges from .84 to .88 , with a median of .86 . Taking the number of points into consideration, the per-point information of the two claims are quite similar, as are the perpoint information when comparing grades 3-5 with grades 6-11.

Reliability of the Reading Literature subclaim scores over testing mode and grade has a median average of .78 , and the reliabilities vary from .71 to .83 . For grades $3-5$, the Reading Information subclaim reliabilities are based on 25 points and have a median of .73 . For grades $6-11$, the Reading Information subclaim is based on an average of 37 points, and the median subclaim reliability is .80 . Once again, when taking the number of points into consideration, the per-point information of the claim is quite similar when comparing grades $3-5$ with grades 6-11. The Reading Vocabulary subclaim is based on the fewest points, ranging from 12 to 22 points. The average subclaim reliability has a median of .67 and ranges from .58 to .74 . The lower reliabilities for the Reading Vocabulary subclaim are reflected in the smaller range of raw score points.

The Writing: Written Expression subclaim is based on 27 points for grades $3-5$ and 36 points for grades $6-11$. The median average reliability for grades $3-5$ is .73 , and the median average reliability for grade 6 11 is .82. The Writing: Knowledge of Language and Conventions subclaims are all based on nine points. The average reliabilities are consistent, varying from .76 to .83 , with a median of .80 .

Table 8.25 Average ELA/L Reliability Estimates for Total Test and Subscores

| Grade Level | Testing Mode | Reading: Total |  | Reading: <br> Literature |  | Reading: Information |  | Reading: Vocabulary |  | Writing: Total |  | Writing: <br> Written Expression |  | Writing: Knowledge Language and Conventions |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Average <br> Max Possible Raw Score | Average Reliability | Average <br> Max Possible Raw Score | Average <br> Reliability | Average <br> Max Possible Raw Score | Average Reliability | Average Max Possible Raw Score | Average <br> Reliability | Average <br> Max Possible Raw Score | Average Reliability | Average <br> Max Possible Raw Score | Average Reliability | Average <br> Max Possible Raw Score | Average Reliability |
| 3 | CBT | 57 | 0.90 | 26 | 0.83 | 18 | 0.67 | 13 | 0.72 | 36 | 0.80 | 27 | 0.71 | 9 | 0.83 |
|  | PBT | 58 | 0.90 | 27 | 0.80 | 19 | 0.73 | 12 | 0.73 | 36 | 0.79 | 27 | 0.70 | 9 | 0.80 |
| 4 | CBT | 64 | 0.88 | 25 | 0.73 | 26 | 0.74 | 13 | 0.65 | 42 | 0.84 | 33 | 0.80 | 9 | 0.84 |
|  | PBT | 64 | 0.87 | 26 | 0.74 | 25 | 0.72 | 13 | 0.59 | 42 | 0.81 | 33 | 0.75 | 9 | 0.79 |
| 5 | CBT | 64 | 0.87 | 25 | 0.71 | 24 | 0.77 | 15 | 0.57 | 42 | 0.84 | 33 | 0.79 | 9 | 0.85 |
|  | PBT | 64 | 0.86 | 23 | 0.65 | 26 | 0.74 | 15 | 0.62 | 42 | 0.82 | 33 | 0.75 | 9 | 0.81 |
| 6 | CBT | 76 | 0.89 | 24 | 0.73 | 36 | 0.80 | 16 | 0.64 | 45 | 0.86 | 36 | 0.85 | 9 | 0.86 |
|  | PBT | 76 | 0.91 | 25 | 0.76 | 33 | 0.81 | 18 | 0.71 | 45 | 0.85 | 36 | 0.83 | 9 | 0.83 |
| 7 | CBT | 76 | 0.90 | 25 | 0.76 | 33 | 0.81 | 17 | 0.64 | 45 | 0.87 | 36 | 0.87 | 9 | 0.88 |
|  | PBT | 76 | 0.89 | 21 | 0.72 | 35 | 0.79 | 20 | 0.70 | 45 | 0.84 | 36 | 0.82 | 9 | 0.83 |
| 8 | CBT | 76 | 0.89 | 24 | 0.68 | 34 | 0.78 | 18 | 0.71 | 45 | 0.87 | 36 | 0.87 | 9 | 0.88 |
|  | PBT | 76 | 0.90 | 22 | 0.75 | 35 | 0.78 | 19 | 0.72 | 45 | 0.85 | 36 | 0.83 | 9 | 0.83 |
| 9 | CBT | 76 | 0.90 | 23 | 0.76 | 37 | 0.83 | 17 | 0.64 | 45 | 0.88 | 36 | 0.87 | 9 | 0.88 |
|  | PBT | 76 | 0.91 | 31 | 0.80 | 29 | 0.80 | 16 | 0.67 | 45 | 0.85 | 36 | 0.81 | 9 | 0.82 |
| 10 | CBT | 76 | 0.91 | 27 | 0.75 | 35 | 0.84 | 15 | 0.64 | 45 | 0.87 | 36 | 0.86 | 9 | 0.87 |
|  | PBT | 76 | 0.92 | 23 | 0.77 | 35 | 0.86 | 18 | 0.72 | 45 | 0.86 | 36 | 0.85 | 9 | 0.86 |
| 11 | CBT | 76 | 0.88 | 28 | 0.74 | 32 | 0.75 | 16 | 0.60 | 45 | 0.87 | 36 | 0.85 | 9 | 0.86 |
|  | PBT | 76 | 0.88 | 29 | 0.75 | 30 | 0.75 | 17 | 0.62 | 45 | 0.86 | 36 | 0.84 | 9 | 0.84 |

### 8.6 Reliability Results for Mathematics Subscores

For mathematics, there are four subclaims related to the major claim that students are on track or ready for college and careers:

- Subclaim A: Students solve problems involving the major content for their grade level with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.
- Subclaim B: Students solve problems involving the additional and supporting content for their grade level with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.
- Subclaim C: Students express grade/course-level appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable mathematical arguments and critiquing the reasoning of others, and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements
- Subclaim D: Students solve real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to the grade/course by applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards and by engaging particularly in the modeling practice.

Reliability estimates were calculated for each subclaim for mathematics. Table 8.26 presents the average reliability estimates for mathematics subclaims by mode (CBT and PBT) and grade/subject. The sample size for Integrated Mathematics I PBT was not sufficient for reliability analyses.

Subclaims with greater numbers of points tend to have greater internal consistency reliability estimates. The Major Content subclaim has the largest number of points for each assessment and accordingly has higher average reliabilities than the other three subclaims. For grades 3 through 8, the average reliability for the subclaim is .86 . The Major Content reliabilities were lower for the six EOC assessments than for grade level assessments. The average reliability for the Major Content subclaim for the traditional EOC tests is .81 and the average reliability for the integrated EOC tests is 0.66 .

The average reliability for the Additional and Supporting Content subclaim range for grades 3 through 8 is . 66 and the average reliability for the traditional EOC tests is .73. Due to the number of subclaim items being more similar across grades and courses, the subclaim reliabilities for Mathematics Reasoning are less variable than those for the Additional and Supporting Content subclaim. The Mathematics Reasoning subclaim reliability ranges from . 43 for Integrated Mathematics II PBT test forms to . 77 for the grade 7 PBT test forms.

For the Modeling Practice subclaim, the average reliability is .62 for grades 3 through 8 and .64 for the traditional and integrated mathematics EOC test forms.

Table 8.26 Average Mathematics Reliability Estimates for Total Test and Subscores

| Grade Level | Testing Mode | Major Content |  | Additional \& Supporting Content |  | Mathematics Reasoning |  | Modeling Practice |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Average Max Possible Raw Score | Average Reliability | Average Max Possible Raw Score | Average Reliability | Average Max Possible Raw Score | Average Reliability | Average Max Possible Raw Score | Average Reliability |
| 3 | CBT | 30 | 0.89 | 10 | 0.68 | 14 | 0.71 | 12 | 0.70 |
|  | PBT | 30 | 0.88 | 10 | 0.70 | 14 | 0.69 | 12 | 0.66 |
| 4 | CBT | 31 | 0.87 | 9 | 0.63 | 14 | 0.76 | 12 | 0.61 |
|  | PBT | 31 | 0.88 | 9 | 0.64 | 14 | 0.75 | 12 | 0.60 |
| 5 | CBT | 30 | 0.87 | 10 | 0.56 | 14 | 0.73 | 12 | 0.58 |
|  | PBT | 30 | 0.86 | 10 | 0.64 | 14 | 0.72 | 12 | 0.61 |
| 6 | CBT | 26 | 0.86 | 14 | 0.71 | 14 | 0.70 | 12 | 0.63 |
|  | PBT | 26 | 0.84 | 14 | 0.75 | 14 | 0.74 | 12 | 0.65 |
| 7 | CBT | 29 | 0.85 | 11 | 0.61 | 14 | 0.70 | 12 | 0.61 |
|  | PBT | 29 | 0.83 | 11 | 0.68 | 14 | 0.77 | 12 | 0.55 |
| 8 | CBT | 27 | 0.80 | 13 | 0.67 | 14 | 0.66 | 12 | 0.59 |
|  | PBT | 27 | 0.83 | 13 | 0.64 | 14 | 0.63 | 12 | 0.59 |
| A1 | CBT | 27 | 0.79 | 22 | 0.72 | 14 | 0.65 | 18 | 0.64 |
|  | PBT | 27 | 0.78 | 22 | 0.75 | 14 | 0.66 | 18 | 0.72 |
| GO | CBT | 30 | 0.85 | 19 | 0.71 | 14 | 0.69 | 18 | 0.69 |
|  | PBT | 30 | 0.84 | 19 | 0.73 | 14 | 0.70 | 18 | 0.67 |
| A2 | CBT | 28 | 0.80 | 21 | 0.75 | 14 | 0.72 | 18 | 0.67 |
|  | PBT | 28 | 0.78 | 21 | 0.71 | 14 | 0.65 | 18 | 0.61 |
| M1 | CBT | 31 | 0.77 | 18 | 0.65 | 14 | 0.66 | 18 | 0.69 |
|  | PBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| M2 | CBT | 30 | 0.68 | 18 | 0.58 | 14 | 0.52 | 18 | 0.68 |
|  | PBT | 29 | 0.58 | 19 | 0.48 | 14 | 0.43 | 18 | 0.62 |
| M3 | CBT | 26 | 0.78 | 23 | 0.67 | 14 | 0.73 | 18 | 0.64 |
|  | PBT | 26 | 0.48 | 22 | 0.27 | 14 | 0.51 | 18 | 0.41 |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III. Integrated Mathematics I PBT had insufficient sample sizes.

### 8.7 Reliability of Classification

The reliability of the classifications for the test takers was calculated using the computer program BBCLASS (Brennan, 2004), which operationalizes a statistical method developed by Livingston and Lewis (1993, 1995). As Livingston and Lewis $(1993,1995)$ explain, this method uses information from the administration of one test form (i.e., distribution of scores, the minimum and maximum possible scores, the cut points used for classification, and the reliability coefficient) to estimate two kinds of statistics, "decision accuracy" and "decision consistency." Decision accuracy refers to the extent to which the classifications of test takers based on their scores on the test form agree with the classifications made on the basis of the classifications that would be made if the test scores were perfectly reliable. Decision consistency refers to the agreement between these classifications based on two non-overlapping, equally difficult forms of the test.

Decision consistency values are always lower than the corresponding decision accuracy values, because in decision consistency, both of the classifications of the student are based on scores that depend on which form of the test the student took. In decision accuracy, only one of the classifications is based on a score that can vary in this way. It is not possible to know which students were accurately classified, but it is possible to estimate the proportion of the students who were accurately classified. Similarly, it is not possible to know which students would be consistently classified if they were retested with another form, but it is possible to estimate the proportion of the students who would be consistently classified.

## English Language Arts/Literacy

Table 8.27 provides information about the accuracy and the consistency of two classifications made on the basis of the scores on the grades 3-11 English Language Arts/Literacy assessments. The columns labeled as "Exact level" provide the classification of the student into one of five achievement levels. The columns labeled as "Level 4 or higher vs. 3 or lower" provide the classification of the student as being either in one of the upper two levels (Levels 4 and 5) or in one of the lower three levels (Levels 1, 2, and $3)$.

The table shows that for classifying each student into one of the five achievement levels, the proportion accurately classified ranges from .71 to .77 ; the proportion who would be consistently classified on two different test forms ranges from . 60 to .68. For classifying each student simply as being at Level 4 or higher vs. being at Level 3 or lower, the proportion accurately classified ranges from .90 to .93 ; the proportion who would be consistently classified on two different test forms ranges from .86 to .90 .

Table 8.27 Reliability of Classification: Summary for ELA/L

| Grade <br> Level | Testing <br> Mode | Decision Accuracy: Proportion Accurately Classified |  | Decision Consistency: Proportion Consistently Classified |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Exact level | Level 4 or higher vs. 3 or lower | Exact level | Level 4 or higher vs. 3 or lower |
| 3 | CBT | 0.73 | 0.91 | 0.64 | 0.88 |
|  | PBT | 0.74 | 0.91 | 0.65 | 0.87 |
| 4 | CBT | 0.73 | 0.91 | 0.63 | 0.87 |
|  | PBT | 0.71 | 0.90 | 0.60 | 0.86 |
| 5 | CBT | 0.76 | 0.91 | 0.67 | 0.87 |
|  | PBT | 0.75 | 0.90 | 0.66 | 0.86 |
| 6 | CBT | 0.76 | 0.91 | 0.67 | 0.88 |
|  | PBT | 0.77 | 0.91 | 0.68 | 0.88 |
| 7 | CBT | 0.75 | 0.92 | 0.65 | 0.89 |
|  | PBT | 0.73 | 0.91 | 0.63 | 0.88 |
| 8 | CBT | 0.76 | 0.92 | 0.67 | 0.89 |
|  | PBT | 0.74 | 0.91 | 0.65 | 0.88 |
| 9 | CBT | 0.76 | 0.92 | 0.66 | 0.89 |
|  | PBT | 0.74 | 0.91 | 0.64 | 0.88 |
| 10 | CBT | 0.73 | 0.92 | 0.64 | 0.89 |
|  | PBT | 0.75 | 0.93 | 0.66 | 0.90 |
| 11 | CBT | 0.74 | 0.92 | 0.64 | 0.88 |
|  | PBT | 0.71 | 0.91 | 0.61 | 0.87 |

Table 8.28 provides more detailed information about the accuracy and the consistency of the classification of students into proficiency levels for ELA/L grade 3 . Each cell in the 5 -by- 5 table shows the estimated proportion of students who would be classified into a particular combination of proficiency levels. The sum of the five bold italicized values on the diagonal should equal the exact level of decision accuracy or consistency presented in Table 8.27. For "Level 4 and higher vs. 3 and lower" found in Table 8.27, the sum of the shaded values in Table 8.28 should equal the level of decision accuracy or consistency presented in Table 8.27. Note that the sums based on values in Table 8.28 may not match exactly to the values in Table 8.27 due to truncation and rounding.

Detailed information for all ELA/L Spring results are provided in Appendix 8 Tables A.8.1 to A.8.9. Fall block results for ELA/L grades 9-11 are provided in the addendum to Section 8 . The structure of these tables is the same as that of Table 8.28 and the values in the tables should be interpreted in the same manner as Table 8.28.

Table 8.28 Reliability of Classification: Grade 3 ELA/L

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT |  | 650-699 | 0.15 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.18 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.04 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.20 |
|  | Accuracy | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.15 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
|  |  | 750-809 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.29 | 0.02 | 0.36 |
|  |  | 810-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 |
|  |  | 650-699 | 0.14 | 0.04 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.19 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.20 |
|  | Consistency | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.11 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.22 |
|  |  | 750-809 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.27 | 0.02 | 0.35 |
|  |  | 810-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.04 |
| PBT |  | 650-699 | 0.14 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.16 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.18 |
|  | Accuracy | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.22 |
|  |  | 750-809 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.33 | 0.02 | 0.40 |
|  |  | 810-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.04 |
|  |  | 650-699 | 0.13 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.17 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.04 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.18 |
|  | Consistency | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.21 |
|  |  | 750-809 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.30 | 0.02 | 0.39 |
|  |  | 810-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.05 |

Note: This table includes the same information as Table A.8.1. The sum of the five bold italicized values on the diagonal should equal the exact level of decision accuracy or consistency presented in Table 8.27. For "Level 4 and higher vs. 3 and lower" presented in Table 8.27, the sum of the shaded values in Table 8.28 should equal the level of decision accuracy or consistency presented in Table 8.27. Any differences between the sums based on values in Table 8.28 and the values in Table 8.27 are due to truncation and rounding.

## Mathematics

Table 8.29 provides information about the accuracy and the consistency of two classifications made on the basis of the scores on the mathematics assessments. For the grades 3-8 mathematics tests, the table shows that for classifying each student into one of the five achievement levels, the proportion accurately classified ranges from .71 to .78 ; the proportion who would be consistently classified on two different test forms ranges from . 62 to . 69 . For the six high school mathematics courses, the table shows that for classifying each student into one of the five achievement levels, the proportion accurately classified ranges from .68 to .79 ; the proportion who would be consistently classified on two different test forms ranges from . 57 to .70 .

For classifying each student simply as being at Level 4 or higher vs. being at Level 3 or lower, for the grades 3-8 mathematics tests, the proportion accurately classified ranges from .91 to .92 ; the proportion who would be consistently classified on two different test forms ranges from .87 to .89 . For the six high school mathematics courses, the proportion accurately classified as being at Level 4 or higher vs. being at Level 3 or lower ranges from . 90 to .97; the proportion who would be consistently classified on two different test forms ranges from . 86 to .95.

Appendix 8 tables A.8.10 to A.8.21 provide more detailed information about the accuracy and the consistency of the classification of students into proficiency levels on the basis of the mathematics. Each cell in the 5-by-5 table shows the estimated proportion of students who would be classified into a particular combination of proficiency levels. Fall block results for Algebra I, Geometry, and Algebra II are provided in the addendum to Section 8.

Table 8.29 Reliability of Classification: Summary for Mathematics

| Grade <br> Level | Testing <br> Mode | Decision Accuracy: Proportion Accurately Classified |  | Decision Consistency: Proportion Consistently Classified |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Exact Level | Level 4 or higher vs. 3 or lower | Exact Level | Level 4 or higher vs. 3 or lower |
| 3 | CBT | 0.76 | 0.92 | 0.67 | 0.89 |
|  | PBT | 0.76 | 0.92 | 0.66 | 0.89 |
| 4 | CBT | 0.78 | 0.92 | 0.69 | 0.89 |
|  | PBT | 0.77 | 0.92 | 0.68 | 0.89 |
| 5 | CBT | 0.76 | 0.92 | 0.67 | 0.88 |
|  | PBT | 0.77 | 0.92 | 0.68 | 0.89 |
| 6 | CBT | 0.78 | 0.92 | 0.69 | 0.89 |
|  | PBT | 0.77 | 0.92 | 0.68 | 0.89 |
| 7 | CBT | 0.77 | 0.92 | 0.68 | 0.88 |
|  | PBT | 0.76 | 0.92 | 0.67 | 0.88 |
| 8 | CBT | 0.73 | 0.92 | 0.64 | 0.89 |
|  | PBT | 0.71 | 0.91 | 0.62 | 0.87 |
| A1 | CBT | 0.75 | 0.92 | 0.65 | 0.88 |
|  | PBT | 0.76 | 0.92 | 0.67 | 0.88 |
| GO | CBT | 0.79 | 0.93 | 0.70 | 0.90 |
|  | PBT | 0.78 | 0.92 | 0.70 | 0.89 |
| A2 | CBT | 0.77 | 0.94 | 0.69 | 0.91 |
|  | PBT | 0.74 | 0.92 | 0.66 | 0.88 |
| M1 | CBT | 0.73 | 0.91 | 0.63 | 0.88 |
|  | PBT | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| M2 | CBT | 0.68 | 0.92 | 0.57 | 0.89 |
|  | PBT | 0.69 | 0.90 | 0.58 | 0.86 |
| M3 | CBT | 0.76 | 0.93 | 0.67 | 0.90 |
|  | PBT | 0.70 | 0.97 | 0.57 | 0.95 |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III. "--" means insufficient sample size (< 100 students).

### 8.8 Inter-rater Agreement

Inter-rater Agreement is the agreement between the first and second scores assigned to student responses. Inter-rater agreement measurements include exact, adjacent, and nonadjacent agreement. Pearson scoring staff used these statistics as one factor in determining the needs for continuing training and intervention on both individual and group levels. Table 8.30 displays both PARCC's expectations and the actual Spring 2015 agreement percentages for perfect agreement and perfect plus adjacent agreement.

Table 8.30 Inter-rater Agreement Expectations and Results

| Subject | Score Point <br> Range | Perfect Agreement <br> Expectation | Perfect <br> Agreement <br> Result | Within One <br> Point <br> Expectation | Within <br> One <br> Point <br> Result |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematics | $0-1$ | $90 \%$ | $94 \%$ | $96 \%^{*}$ | $100 \%$ |
| Mathematics | $0-2$ | $80 \%$ | $92 \%$ | $96 \%$ | $99 \%$ |
| Mathematics | $0-3$ | $70 \%$ | $89 \%$ | $96 \%$ | $99 \%$ |
| Mathematics | $0-4$ | $65 \%$ | $86 \%$ | $95 \%$ | $98 \%$ |
| Mathematics | $0-6$ | $65 \%$ | $89 \%$ | $95 \%$ | $97 \%$ |
| ELA/L | Multi-trait | $65 \%$ | $72 \%$ | $96 \%$ | $99 \%$ |

Note: ${ }^{*} \mathrm{~A} 0$ or 1 score compared to a blank score will have a disagreement greater than 1 point.
Pearson's ePEN2 scoring system included comprehensive inter-rater agreement reports that allowed supervisory personnel to monitor both individual and group performance. Based on reviews of these reports, scoring experts targeted individuals for increased backreading and feedback and, if necessary, retraining. Table 8.30 shows that the actual percentages for both exact reader agreement and the percentages of agreement within one-point were higher than the inter-rater agreement expectations. Refer to Section 4 for more information on handscoring.

## Section 9: Validity

### 9.1 Overview

The Standards for Educational and Psychological Testing, issued jointly by the American Educational Research Association [AERA], American Psychological Association [APA], and National Council on Measurement in Education [NCME] (2014) reports:

Validity refers to the degree to which evidence and theory support the interpretations of test scores for proposed uses of tests. Validity is, therefore, the most fundamental consideration in developing tests and evaluating tests. The process of validation involves accumulating relevant evidence to provide a sound scientific basis for the proposed score interpretations (p. 11).

The purpose of test validation is not to validate the test itself but to validate interpretations of the test scores for particular uses. Test validation is not a quantifiable property but an ongoing process, beginning at initial conceptualization and continuing throughout the lifetime of an assessment. Every aspect of an assessment provides evidence in support of its validity (or evidence of lack of validity), including design, content specifications, item development, and psychometric characteristics. The 2016 operational assessment provided an opportunity to gather evidence of validity based on both test content and on the internal structure of the tests.

Pearson applies the principles of Universal Design, as articulated in materials developed by the National Center for Educational Outcomes (NCEO) at the University of Minnesota.

### 9.2 Evidence Based on Test Content

Evidence based on content of achievement tests is supported by the degree of correspondence between test items and content standards. The degree to which the test measures what it claims to measure is known as construct validity. The PARCC Assessments adhere to the principles of evidence-centered design, in which the standards to be measured (the Common Core State Standards) are identified, and the performance a student needs to achieve to meet those standards is delineated in the PARCC evidence statements. Test items were reviewed for adherence to universal design principles, which maximize the participation of the widest possible range of students.

Pearson and PARCC have built spreadsheets at the evidence statement level that incorporates the probability statements from the test blueprints and attrition rates at committee review and data review. The basis of our entire item development will be driven by the use of these item development target spreadsheets provided by PARCC. Before beginning item development, Pearson will use these target spreadsheets to develop an internal item development plan to correlate with the expectations of the test design. These will be reviewed and approved by PARCC as discussed in V.A.1.A. We acknowledge that each assessment has multiple parts and each part specifies the types of tasks and standards eligible for assessment.

In addition to the PARCC evidence statements, content is aligned through the articulation of performance in the performance level descriptors. At the policy level, the performance level descriptors include policy claims about the educational achievement of students who attain a particular performance level, and a broad description of the grade-level knowledge, skills and practices students performing at a particular achievement level are able to demonstrate. Those policy-level descriptors are the foundation for the subject- and grade-specific performance level descriptors which, along with the PARCC Evidence frameworks, guide the development of the items and tasks.

The PARCC College- and Career-Ready determinations (CCRD) in English Language Arts/literacy and mathematics describe the academic knowledge, skills and practices students must demonstrate to show readiness for success in entry-level, credit-bearing college courses and relevant technical courses. The PARCC states determined that this level means graduating from high school and having at least a 75\% likelihood of earning a grade of " $C$ " or better in credit-bearing courses without the need for remedial coursework. After reviewing the standards and assessment design, the PARCC Governing Board (made up of the K-12 education chiefs in PARCC states) in conjunction with the PARCC Advisory Committee on College Readiness (composed of higher education chiefs in the PARCC states), determined that students who achieve at levels 4 and 5 on the final PARCC high school assessments are likely to have acquired the skills and knowledge to meet the definition of college- and career-readiness. To validate the determinations, PARCC conducted a Postsecondary Educator Judgment Study and a Benchmark study of the SAT, ACT, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), Trends in International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS), Programme of International Student Assessment (PISA), and Progress in International Reading Literacy Study (PIRLS) tests (McClarty, Korbin, Moyer, Griffin, Huth, Carey, and Medberry, 2015).

Gathering construct validity evidence for PARCC is embedded in the process by which the PARCC assessment content is developed and validated. At each step in the assessment development process, PARCC states involved hundreds of educators, assessment experts, and bias and sensitivity experts in review of text, items and tasks for accuracy, appropriateness, alignment to the instructional standards, and freedom from bias. See Chapter 2 for an overview of the content development process. In the early stages of development, Pearson conducted research studies to validate the PARCC item and task development approach. One such study was a Student Task Interaction Study designed to collect data on the student's experience with the assessment tasks and technological functionalities, as well as the amount of time needed for answering each task. Pearson also conducted a Rubric Choice Study that compared the functioning of two rubrics developed to score the Prose Constructed Response (PCR) tasks in ELA. Quantitative and qualitative evidence was collected to support the use of a condensed or expanded trait scoring rubric in scoring student responses.

PARCC items and tasks were field tested prior to their use on an assessment. During the initial field test administration in 2014, PARCC states collected feedback from students, test administrators, test coordinators, and classroom teachers on their experience with the PARCC assessments, including the quality of test items and student experience. A summary of the feedback can be found at:
http://parcconline.org/files/79/College\ and\ Career\ Ready/91/PARCCCCRDandPLDPublicFeed backSummaryReport-FINAL.pdf. The feedback from that survey was used to inform test directions, test
timing, and the function of online task interactions. Performance data from the field test also informed the future development of additional items and tasks.

All item developers and item writers are provided an electronic version of PARCC Accessibility Guidelines and PARCC's Linguistic Complexity Rubric. Items and passages are reviewed internally by accessibility and fairness experts trained in the principles of Universal Design and who become well versed in PARCC's Accessibility Guidelines. Items received internal review for alignment to PARCC evidence tables, Task Generation Model, item selection guidelines, and accessibility and fairness reviews.

An important consideration when constructing test forms is recognition of items that may introduce construct-irrelevant variance. Such items should not be included on test forms to help ensure fairness to all subgroups of test takers. PARCC convened bias and sensitivity committees to review all items. Additionally, content experts facilitated reviews of all items. All reviewers were trained using PARCC Bias and Sensitivity Guidelines, and the Guidelines were used to review items and ELA/L passages. Accommodations were made available based on individual need documented in the student's approved IEP, 504 Plan, or if required by the PARCC member state, an English learner (EL) Plan (refer to Section 3.4). An accessibility specialist worked in consultation with the PARCC accessibility specialist to review forms and determine which forms should be used for students with accommodations.

The ELA/L and mathematics operational test forms, as described in Section 2, were carefully constructed to align with the test blueprints and specifications that are based on the Common Core State Standards (CCSS). During the fall of 2014, content experts representing Parcc, Inc. and various PARCC states, along with content experts, held a series of meetings to review the operational forms for ELA/L and mathematics. These meetings provided opportunity to evaluate tests forms in their entirety and recommend changes. Requested item replacements were accommodated to the extent possible while striving to maintain the integrity of the various linking designs required for the operational test analyses. Psychometricians were available throughout this process to provide guidance with regard to implications of item replacements for the linking and statistical requirements.

Further information regarding the PARCC assessment college- and career-ready content standards, performance level descriptors, and accessibility features and accommodations is provided at the following URL: http://www.parcconline.org/policies-and-guidance.

### 9.3 Evidence Based on Internal Structure

Analyses of the internal structure of a test typically involve studies of the relationships among test items and/or test components (i.e., subclaims) in the interest of establishing the degree to which the items or components appear to reflect the construct on which a test score interpretation is based (AERA, APA, \& NCME, 2014, p. 16). The term construct is used here to refer to the characteristics that a test is intended to measure; in the case of the PARCC operational tests, the characteristics of interest are the knowledge and skills defined by the test blueprint for ELA/L and for mathematics.

The PARCC assessments provide a full summative test score, Reading claim score, and Writing claim score as well as ELA/L subclaims and mathematics subclaim scores. The goal of reporting at this level is
to provide criterion-referenced data to assess the strengths and weaknesses of a student's achievement in specific components of each content area. This information can then be used by teachers to plan for further instruction, to plan for curriculum development, and to report progress to parents. The results can also be used as one factor in making administrative decisions about program effectiveness, teacher effectiveness, class grouping, and needs assessment.

### 9.3.1 Intercorrelations

The ELA/L full summative tests comprise two claim scores: Reading (RD) and Writing (WR) and five subclaim scores: Reading Literature (RL), Reading Information (RI), Reading Vocabulary (RV), Writing Written Expression (WE), and Writing Knowledge Language and Conventions (WKL). The RD claim score is a composite of RL, RI, and RV. The writing claim score, a composite of WE and WKL, comprises only PCR items and the same PCR items are in each subclaim. The ELA/L operational test analyses were performed by evaluating the separate trait scores of WE and WKL, and for some PCR items also RL or RI, therefore the trait scores were used for the intercorrelations.

The mathematics full summative tests have four subclaim scores: Major Content (MC), Mathematical Reasoning (MR), Modeling Practice (MP), and Additional and Supporting Content (ASC).

High total group internal consistencies as well as similar reliabilities across subgroups provide additional evidence of validity. High reliability of test scores implies that the test items within a domain are measuring a single construct, which is a necessary condition for validity when the intention is to measure a single construct. Refer to Section 8 for reliability estimates for the overall population, subgroups of interest, as well as for subscores for ELA/L and subclaims for mathematics.

Another way to assess the internal structure of a test is through the evaluation of correlations among subscores. These analyses were conducted between the ELA/L reading and writing claim scores and the ELA/L subsclaims (RL, RI, RV, WE, and WKL) and between the mathematics subclaims. If these components within a content area are strongly related to each other, this is evidence of unidimensionality.

A series of tables are provided to summarize the results for the Spring 2016 administration. ${ }^{7}$ Tables 9.1 through 9.9 present the Pearson correlations observed between the ELA/L reading and writing claim scores and subclaim scores for each grade; correlations are reported separately for online (CBT) and paper (PBT) versions of the tests. The tables provide the weighted average intercorrelations by averaging the intercorrelations computed for all the core operational forms of the test, separately for the CBT and PBT tests within each grade level. The total sample size across all forms is provided in the upper triangle portion of the tables. The subclaim reliabilities (from Section 8) are reported along the diagonal. The WR, WE, and WKL scores tended to be highly correlated; this is expected given that these three intercorrelations are based on the same Writing items. RL, RI, and RV, all subclaims of Reading, are moderately to highly correlated. Additionally, the WR claim and the WE and WKL subclaims, are

[^6]moderately correlated with RD subclaims (of RL, RI, and RV). These moderate to high ELA/L intercorrelations amongst the subclaims are sufficiently high enough to provide evidence that the ELA/L tests are unidimensional. The moderate intercorrelations among the subclaims and claims suggest the claims may be sufficient for individual student reporting.

The intercorrelations and reliability estimates for mathematics are provided in Tables 9.10 to 9.21. The mathematics intercorrelations are moderate. The only observable pattern in the mathematics intercorrelations is that the MC subclaim has consistently slightly higher correlations with the ASC, MR, and MP subclaims; the intercorrelations amongst the ASC, MR, and MP subclaims are slightly lower. The mathematics intercorrelations are sufficiently high enough to suggest that the mathematics tests are likely to be unidimensional with some minor secondary dimensions.

Additionally, the ELA/L and mathematics correlations for the two modes, PBT and CBT, displayed similar patterns of intercorrelations suggesting that the structure of the PBT assessments and CBT assessments are similar. The one exception is the Integrated Mathematics II and III test for which the intercorrelations are noticeably lower for the PBT assessments. This is due to the substantially smaller number of students that took the PBT version of these tests.

Table 9.1 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Grade 3 ELA/L Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { RD } & \text { RL } \\ 0.90 & 371,885\end{array}$ |  | $\frac{\mathrm{RI}}{371,885}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{RV}}{371,885}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { WR } \\ \hline 371,885 \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{\text { WE }}{371,885}$ | WKL |  | RD | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL |
| RD |  |  | 371,885 |  |  |  | RD | 0.90 | 8,738 | 8,738 | ,738 | 8,738 | 8,738 | 98,738 |
| RL | 0.94 | 0.83 |  | 371,885 | 371,885 | 371,885 | 371,885 | 371,885 | RL | 0.93 | 0.80 | 8,738 | ,738 | 8,738 | 8,738 | 98,738 |
| RI | 0.87 | 0.71 | 0.67 | 371,885 | 371,885 | 371,885 | 371,885 | RI | 0.90 | 0.74 | 0.73 | ,738 | 8,738 | 8,738 | 98,738 |
| RV | 0.89 | 0.76 | 0.67 | 0.72 | 371,885 | 371,885 | 371,885 | RV | 0.87 | 0.73 | 0.70 | 0.73 | 8,738 | 8,738 | 98,738 |
| WR | 0.69 | 0.64 | 0.65 | 0.57 | 0.80 | 371,885 | 371,885 | WR | 0.75 | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.61 | 0.79 | 8,738 | 98,738 |
| WE | 0.66 | 0.62 | 0.63 | 0.54 | 0.99 | 0.71 | 371,885 | WE | 0.73 | 0.69 | 0.68 | 0.59 | 0.99 | 0.70 | 98,738 |
| WKL | 0.66 | 0.62 | 0.61 | 0.56 | 0.90 | 0.81 | 0.83 | WKL | 0.70 | 0.65 | 0.65 | 0.59 | 0.90 | 0.82 | 0.80 |

Note: RD = Reading, RL = Reading Literature, RI = Reading Information, RV = Reading Vocabulary WR = Writing, WE = Written Expression, and WKL = Writing Knowledge and Conventions. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8 . The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Please refer to Appendix A.12.1 (Form Composition) for information about the number of items and number of score points in each claim and subclaim.

Table 9.2 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Grade 4 ELA/L Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RD | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL | RD |  | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL |
| RD | 0.88 | 377,002 | 377,002 | 377,002 | 377,002 | 377,002 | 377,002 | RD | 0.87 | ,792 | 2,792 | 2,792 | 2,792 | 2,792 | 82,792 |
| RL | 0.91 | 0.73 | 377,002 | 377,002 | 377,002 | 377,002 | 377,002 | RL | 0.91 | 0.74 | 2,792 | 2,792 | 2,792 | 2,792 | 82,792 |
| RI | 0.91 | 0.72 | 0.74 | 377,002 | 377,002 | 377,002 | 377,002 | RI | 0.90 | 0.70 | 0.72 | 2,792 | 2,792 | 2,792 | 82,792 |
| RV | 0.84 | 0.68 | 0.67 | 0.65 | 377,002 | 377,002 | 377,002 | RV | 0.82 | 0.64 | 0.64 | 0.59 | 2,792 | 2,792 | 82,792 |
| WR | 0.75 | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.57 | 0.84 | 377,002 | 377,002 | WR | 0.74 | 0.69 | 0.68 | 0.54 | 0.81 | 2,792 | 82,792 |
| WE | 0.74 | 0.70 | 0.69 | 0.57 | 0.99 | 0.80 | 377,002 | WE | 0.73 | 0.68 | 0.68 | 0.53 | 0.99 | 0.75 | 82,792 |
| WKL | 0.71 | 0.67 | 0.66 | 0.55 | 0.94 | 0.90 | 0.84 | WKL | 0.70 | 0.65 | 0.65 | 0.52 | 0.94 | 0.90 | 0.79 |

Note: RD = Reading, RL = Reading Literature, RI = Reading Information, RV = Reading Vocabulary WR = Writing, WE = Written Expression, and WKL = Writing Knowledge and Conventions. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8 . The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Please refer to Appendix A.12.1 (Form Composition) for information about the number of items and number of score points in each claim and subclaim.

Table 9.3 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Grade 5 ELA/L Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RD | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL |  | RD | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL |
| RD | 0.87 | 404,383 | 404,383 | 404,383 | 404,383 | 404,383 | 404,383 | RD | 0.86 | ,081 | ,081 | ,081 | ,081 | 081 | 50,081 |
| RL | 0.90 | 0.71 | 404,383 | 404,383 | 404,383 | 404,383 | 404,383 | RL | 0.87 | 0.65 | ,081 | 0,081 | ,081 | 0,081 | 50,081 |
| RI | 0.91 | 0.72 | 0.77 | 404,383 | 404,383 | 404,383 | 404,383 | RI | 0.91 | 0.66 | 0.74 | ,081 | ,081 | ,081 | 50,081 |
| RV | 0.82 | 0.61 | 0.63 | 0.57 | 404,383 | 404,383 | 404,383 | RV | 0.84 | 0.62 | 0.66 | 0.62 | ,081 | ,081 | 50,081 |
| WR | 0.75 | 0.69 | 0.71 | 0.54 | 0.84 | 404,383 | 404,383 | WR | 0.74 | 0.67 | 0.68 | 0.57 | 0.82 | 0,081 | 50,081 |
| WE | 0.74 | 0.69 | 0.71 | 0.54 | 0.99 | 0.79 | 404,383 | WE | 0.73 | 0.67 | 0.68 | 0.56 | 0.99 | 0.75 | 50,081 |
| WKL | 0.72 | 0.66 | 0.68 | 0.53 | 0.94 | 0.90 | 0.85 | WKL | 0.70 | 0.63 | 0.65 | 0.54 | 0.94 | 0.89 | 0.81 |

Note: RD = Reading, RL = Reading Literature, RI = Reading Information, RV = Reading Vocabulary WR = Writing, WE = Written Expression, and WKL = Writing Knowledge and Conventions. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8. The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Please refer to Appendix A.12.1 (Form Composition) for information about the number of items and number of score points in each claim and subclaim.

Table 9.4 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Grade 6 ELA/L Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RD | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL |  | RD | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL |
| RD | 0.89 | 402,155 | 402,155 | 402,155 | 402,155 | 402,155 | 402,155 | RD | 0.91 | ,096 | 096 | ,096 | ,096 | 096 | 52,096 |
| RL | 0.90 | 0.73 | 402,155 | 402,155 | 402,155 | 402,155 | 402,155 | RL | 0.90 | 0.76 | 2,096 | 2,096 | ,096 | 2,096 | 52,096 |
| RI | 0.94 | 0.76 | 0.80 | 402,155 | 402,155 | 402,155 | 402,155 | RI | 0.94 | 0.76 | 0.81 | 2,096 | 096 | 096 | 52,096 |
| RV | 0.83 | 0.66 | 0.69 | 0.64 | 402,155 | 402,155 | 402,155 | RV | 0.87 | 0.70 | 0.74 | 0.71 | ,096 | 096 | 52,096 |
| WR | 0.74 | 0.72 | 0.70 | 0.53 | 0.86 | 402,155 | 402,155 | WR | 0.75 | 0.73 | 0.71 | 0.57 | 0.85 | ,096 | 52,096 |
| WE | 0.73 | 0.71 | 0.69 | 0.52 | 1.00 | 0.85 | 402,155 | WE | 0.74 | 0.73 | 0.70 | 0.57 | 1.00 | 0.83 | 52,096 |
| WKL | 0.73 | 0.71 | 0.70 | 0.53 | 0.97 | 0.95 | 0.86 | WKL | 0.73 | 0.71 | 0.70 | 0.56 | 0.97 | 0.95 | 0.83 |

Note: RD = Reading, RL = Reading Literature, RI = Reading Information, RV = Reading Vocabulary WR = Writing, WE = Written Expression, and WKL = Writing Knowledge and Conventions. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8 . The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Please refer to Appendix A.12.1 (Form Composition) for information about the number of items and number of score points in each claim and subclaim.

Table 9.5 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Grade 7 ELA/L Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RD | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL |  | RD | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL |
| RD | 0.90 | 395,258 | 395,258 | 395,258 | 395,258 | 395,258 | 395,258 | RD | 0.89 | 3,335 | 3,335 | 3,335 | 3,335 | 3,335 | 53,335 |
| RL | 0.91 | 0.76 | 395,258 | 395,258 | 395,258 | 395,258 | 395,258 | RL | 0.87 | 0.72 | 3,335 | ,335 | ,335 | ,335 | 53,335 |
| RI | 0.94 | 0.77 | 0.81 | 395,258 | 395,258 | 395,258 | 395,258 | RI | 0.94 | 0.72 | 0.79 | 3,335 | 3,335 | 3,335 | 53,335 |
| RV | 0.85 | 0.67 | 0.71 | 0.64 | 395,258 | 395,258 | 395,258 | RV | 0.87 | 0.68 | 0.72 | 0.70 | 3,335 | 3,335 | 53,335 |
| WR | 0.75 | 0.72 | 0.72 | 0.57 | 0.87 | 395,258 | 395,258 | WR | 0.74 | 0.71 | 0.70 | 0.58 | 0.84 | 3,335 | 53,335 |
| WE | 0.75 | 0.72 | 0.71 | 0.56 | 1.00 | 0.87 | 395,258 | WE | 0.73 | 0.70 | 0.69 | 0.57 | 1.00 | 0.82 | 53,335 |
| WKL | 0.75 | 0.72 | 0.72 | 0.57 | 0.98 | 0.96 | 0.88 | WKL | 0.73 | 0.70 | 0.69 | 0.57 | 0.98 | 0.96 | 0.83 |

Note: RD = Reading, RL = Reading Literature, RI = Reading Information, RV = Reading Vocabulary WR = Writing, WE = Written Expression, and WKL = Writing Knowledge and Conventions. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8. The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Please refer to Appendix A.12.1 (Form Composition) for information about the number of items and number of score points in each claim and subclaim.

Table 9.6 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Grade 8 ELA/L Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RD | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL |  | RD | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL |
| RD | 0.89 | 388,964 | 388,964 | 388,964 | 388,964 | 388,964 | 388,964 | RD | 0.90 | 0,121 | 0,121 | 0,121 | 0,121 | 0,121 | 50,121 |
| RL | 0.88 | 0.68 | 388,964 | 388,964 | 388,964 | 388,964 | 388,964 | RL | 0.89 | 0.75 | ,121 | 0,121 | 0,121 | 0,121 | 50,121 |
| RI | 0.93 | 0.72 | 0.78 | 388,964 | 388,964 | 388,964 | 388,964 | RI | 0.93 | 0.74 | 0.78 | ,121 | 0,121 | 0,121 | 50,121 |
| RV | 0.87 | 0.69 | 0.72 | 0.71 | 388,964 | 388,964 | 388,964 | RV | 0.88 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.72 | 0,121 | 0,121 | 50,121 |
| WR | 0.76 | 0.70 | 0.73 | 0.61 | 0.87 | 388,964 | 388,964 | WR | 0.76 | 0.72 | 0.71 | 0.61 | 0.85 | 0,121 | 50,121 |
| WE | 0.76 | 0.70 | 0.72 | 0.60 | 1.00 | 0.87 | 388,964 | WE | 0.75 | 0.72 | 0.71 | 0.61 | 1.00 | 0.83 | 50,121 |
| WKL | 0.76 | 0.69 | 0.73 | 0.61 | 0.97 | 0.95 | 0.88 | WKL | 0.75 | 0.71 | 0.70 | 0.61 | 0.97 | 0.95 | 0.83 |

Note: RD = Reading, RL = Reading Literature, RI = Reading Information, RV = Reading Vocabulary WR = Writing, WE = Written Expression, and WKL = Writing Knowledge and Conventions. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8 . The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Please refer to Appendix A.12.1 (Form Composition) for information about the number of items and number of score points in each claim and subclaim.

Table 9.7 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Grade 9 ELA/L Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RD | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL |  | RD | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL |
| RD | 0.90 | 259,459 | 259,459 | 259,459 | 259,459 | 259,459 | 259,459 | RD | 0.91 | 4,606 1 | ,606 | ,606 | ,606 | 4,606 | 14,606 |
| RL | 0.90 | 0.76 | 259,459 | 259,459 | 259,459 | 259,459 | 259,459 | RL | 0.93 | 0.801 | ,606 | ,606 | 4,606 | 4,606 | 14,606 |
| RI | 0.95 | 0.78 | 0.83 | 259,459 | 259,459 | 259,459 | 259,459 | RI | 0.93 | 0.78 | 0.80 | 4,606 | 4,606 | 14,606 | 14,606 |
| RV | 0.85 | 0.68 | 0.71 | 0.64 | 259,459 | 259,459 | 259,459 | RV | 0.86 | 0.73 | 0.72 | 0.67 | 4,606 | 14,606 | 14,606 |
| WR | 0.76 | 0.74 | 0.73 | 0.57 | 0.88 | 259,459 | 259,459 | WR | 0.74 | 0.71 | 0.70 | 0.57 | 0.85 | 14,606 | 14,606 |
| WE | 0.76 | 0.74 | 0.73 | 0.57 | 1.00 | 0.87 | 259,459 | WE | 0.73 | 0.71 | 0.70 | 0.56 | 1.00 | 0.81 | 14,606 |
| WKL | 0.76 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.58 | 0.98 | 0.97 | 0.88 | WKL | 0.74 | 0.71 | 0.70 | 0.57 | 0.99 | 0.98 | 0.82 |

Note: RD = Reading, RL = Reading Literature, RI = Reading Information, RV = Reading Vocabulary WR = Writing, WE = Written Expression, and WKL = Writing Knowledge and Conventions. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8 . The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Please refer to Appendix A.12.1 (Form Composition) for information about the number of items and number of score points in each claim and subclaim.

Table 9.8 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Grade 10 ELA/L Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RD | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL |  | RD | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL |
| RD | 0.91 | 183,504 | 183,504 | 183,504 | 183,504 | 183,504 | 183,504 | RD | 0.92 | 8,407 | 8,407 | 8,407 | 8,40 | 8,407 | 8,407 |
| RL | 0.91 | 0.75 | 183,504 | 183,504 | 183,504 | 183,504 | 183,504 | RL | 0.92 | 0.77 | 8,407 | 8,407 | 8,407 | 8,407 | 8,407 |
| RI | 0.95 | 0.78 | 0.84 | 183,504 | 183,504 | 183,504 | 183,504 | RI | 0.96 | 0.82 | 0.86 | 8,407 | 8,407 | 8,407 | 8,407 |
| RV | 0.83 | 0.67 | 0.71 | 0.64 | 183,504 | 183,504 | 183,504 | RV | 0.89 | 0.75 | 0.79 | 0.72 | 8,407 | 8,407 | 8,407 |
| WR | 0.77 | 0.74 | 0.74 | 0.58 | 0.87 | 183,504 | 183,504 | WR | 0.79 | 0.77 | 0.76 | 0.64 | 0.86 | 8,407 | 8,407 |
| WE | 0.76 | 0.74 | 0.73 | 0.57 | 1.00 | 0.86 | 183,504 | WE | 0.78 | 0.76 | 0.76 | 0.64 | 1.00 | 0.85 | 8,407 |
| WKL | 0.77 | 0.74 | 0.74 | 0.59 | 0.98 | 0.96 | 0.87 | WKL | 0.78 | 0.76 | 0.76 | 0.64 | 0.98 | 0.96 | 0.86 |

Note: RD = Reading, RL = Reading Literature, RI = Reading Information, RV = Reading Vocabulary WR = Writing, WE = Written Expression, and WKL = Writing Knowledge and Conventions. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8 . The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Please refer to Appendix A.12.1 (Form Composition) for information about the number of items and number of score points in each claim and subclaim.

Table 9.9 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Grade 11 ELA/L Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RD | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL |  | RD | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL |
| RD | 0.88 | 129,937 | 129,937 | 129,937 | 129,937 | 129,937 | 129,937 | RD | 0.88 | 6,045 | 6,045 | 6,045 | 6,045 | 6,045 | 6,045 |
| RL | 0.91 | 0.74 | 129,937 | 129,937 | 129,937 | 129,937 | 129,937 | RL | 0.91 | 0.75 | 6,045 | 6,045 | 6,04 | ,045 | 6,045 |
| RI | 0.92 | 0.74 | 0.75 | 129,937 | 129,937 | 129,937 | 129,937 | RI | 0.91 | 0.73 | 0.75 | 6,045 | 6,04 | 6,045 | 6,045 |
| RV | 0.81 | 0.64 | 0.65 | 0.60 | 129,937 | 129,937 | 129,937 | RV | 0.84 | 0.67 | 0.67 | 0.62 | 6,045 | 6,045 | 6,045 |
| WR | 0.74 | 0.69 | 0.72 | 0.50 | 0.87 | 129,937 | 129,937 | WR | 0.75 | 0.72 | 0.70 | 0.55 | 0.86 | 6,045 | 6,045 |
| WE | 0.73 | 0.69 | 0.72 | 0.50 | 1.00 | 0.85 | 129,937 | WE | 0.75 | 0.72 | 0.70 | 0.55 | 1.00 | 0.84 | 6,045 |
| WKL | 0.73 | 0.69 | 0.72 | 0.50 | 0.98 | 0.96 | 0.86 | WKL | 0.73 | 0.70 | 0.68 | 0.54 | 0.98 | 0.96 | 0.84 |

Note: RD = Reading, RL = Reading Literature, RI = Reading Information, RV = Reading Vocabulary WR = Writing, WE = Written Expression, and WKL = Writing Knowledge and Conventions. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8 . The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Please refer to Appendix A.12.1 (Form Composition) for information about the number of items and number of score points in each claim and subclaim.

Table 9.10 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Grade 3 Mathematics Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |
| MC | 0.89 | 375,552 | 375,552 | 375,552 | MC | 0.88 | 99,447 | 99,447 | 99,447 |
| ASC | 0.78 | 0.68 | 375,552 | 375,552 | ASC | 0.80 | 0.70 | 99,447 | 99,447 |
| MR | 0.74 | 0.64 | 0.71 | 375,552 | MR | 0.75 | 0.67 | 0.69 | 99,447 |
| MP | 0.78 | 0.66 | 0.71 | 0.70 | MP | 0.77 | 0.67 | 0.71 | 0.66 |

Note: MC = Major Content, ASC = Additional and Supporting Content, MR = Mathematical Reasoning, and MP = Modeling Practice. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8. The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Please refer to Appendix A.12.1 (Form Composition) for information about the number of items and number of score points in each claim and subclaim.

Table 9.11 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Grade 4 Mathematics Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |
| MC | 0.87 | 378,251 | 378,251 | 378,251 | MC | 0.88 | 84,410 | 84,410 | 84,410 |
| ASC | 0.70 | 0.63 | 378,251 | 378,251 | ASC | 0.72 | 0.64 | 84,410 | 84,410 |
| MR | 0.79 | 0.65 | 0.76 | 378,251 | MR | 0.77 | 0.67 | 0.75 | 84,410 |
| MP | 0.73 | 0.61 | 0.72 | 0.61 | MP | 0.71 | 0.61 | 0.68 | 0.60 |

Note: MC = Major Content, ASC = Additional and Supporting Content, MR = Mathematical Reasoning, and MP = Modeling Practice. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8 . The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Please refer to Appendix A.12.1 (Form Composition) for information about the number of items and number of score points in each claim and subclaim.

Table 9.12 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Grade 5 Mathematics Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |
| MC | 0.87 | 405,077 | 405,077 | 405,077 | MC | 0.86 | 51,531 | 51,531 | 51,531 |
| ASC | 0.68 | 0.56 | 405,077 | 405,077 | ASC | 0.72 | 0.64 | 51,531 | 51,531 |
| MR | 0.79 | 0.62 | 0.73 | 405,077 | MR | 0.79 | 0.66 | 0.72 | 51,531 |
| MP | 0.75 | 0.60 | 0.70 | 0.58 | MP | 0.72 | 0.63 | 0.70 | 0.61 |

Note: MC = Major Content, ASC = Additional and Supporting Content, MR = Mathematical Reasoning, and MP = Modeling Practice. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8. The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Please refer to Appendix A.12.1 (Form Composition) for information about the number of items and number of score points in each claim and subclaim.

Table 9.13 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Grade 6 Mathematics Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |
| MC | 0.86 | 404,256 | 404,256 | 404,256 | MC | 0.84 | 51,941 | 51,941 | 51,941 |
| ASC | 0.78 | 0.71 | 404,256 | 404,256 | ASC | 0.79 | 0.75 | 51,941 | 51,941 |
| MR | 0.77 | 0.69 | 0.70 | 404,256 | MR | 0.79 | 0.72 | 0.74 | 51,941 |
| MP | 0.75 | 0.68 | 0.73 | 0.63 | MP | 0.72 | 0.68 | 0.70 | 0.65 |

Note: MC = Major Content, ASC = Additional and Supporting Content, MR = Mathematical Reasoning, and MP = Modeling Practice. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8. The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Please refer to Appendix A.12.1 (Form Composition) for information about the number of items and number of score points in each claim and subclaim.

Table 9.14 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Grade 7 Mathematics Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |
| MC | 0.85 | 382,198 | 382,198 | 382,198 | MC | 0.83 | 52,101 | 52,101 | 52,101 |
| ASC | 0.71 | 0.61 | 382,198 | 382,198 | ASC | 0.76 | 0.68 | 52,101 | 52,101 |
| MR | 0.76 | 0.64 | 0.70 | 382,198 | MR | 0.79 | 0.72 | 0.77 | 52,101 |
| MP | 0.75 | 0.64 | 0.68 | 0.61 | MP | 0.77 | 0.69 | 0.72 | 0.55 |

Note: MC = Major Content, ASC = Additional and Supporting Content, MR = Mathematical Reasoning, and MP = Modeling Practice. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8. The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Please refer to Appendix A.12.1 (Form Composition) for information about the number of items and number of score points in each claim and subclaim.

Table 9.15 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Grade 8 Mathematics Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |
| MC | 0.80 | 314,025 | 314,025 | 314,025 | MC | 0.83 | 44,484 | 44,484 | 44,484 |
| ASC | 0.75 | 0.67 | 314,025 | 314,025 | ASC | 0.77 | 0.64 | 44,484 | 44,484 |
| MR | 0.72 | 0.68 | 0.66 | 314,025 | MR | 0.75 | 0.69 | 0.63 | 44,484 |
| MP | 0.67 | 0.64 | 0.67 | 0.59 | MP | 0.71 | 0.66 | 0.66 | 0.59 |

Note: MC = Major Content, ASC = Additional and Supporting Content, MR = Mathematical Reasoning, and MP = Modeling Practice. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8 . The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Please refer to Appendix A.12.1 (Form Composition) for information about the number of items and number of score points in each claim and subclaim.

Table 9.16 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Algebra I Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |
| MC | 0.79 | 301,139 | 301,139 | 301,139 | MC | 0.78 | 19,605 | 19,605 | 19,605 |
| ASC | 0.78 | 0.72 | 301,139 | 301,139 | ASC | 0.79 | 0.75 | 19,605 | 19,605 |
| MR | 0.72 | 0.69 | 0.65 | 301,139 | MR | 0.67 | 0.66 | 0.66 | 19,605 |
| MP | 0.77 | 0.72 | 0.67 | 0.64 | MP | 0.72 | 0.70 | 0.66 | 0.72 |

Note: MC = Major Content, ASC = Additional and Supporting Content, MR = Mathematical Reasoning, and MP = Modeling Practice. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8. The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Please refer to Appendix A.12.1 (Form Composition) for information about the number of items and number of score points in each claim and subclaim.

Table 9.17 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Geometry Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |
| MC | 0.85 | 138,856 | 138,856 | 138,856 | MC | 0.84 | 5,208 | 5,208 | 5,208 |
| ASC | 0.77 | 0.71 | 138,856 | 138,856 | ASC | 0.77 | 0.73 | 5,208 | 5,208 |
| MR | 0.74 | 0.64 | 0.69 | 138,856 | MR | 0.66 | 0.62 | 0.70 | 5,208 |
| MP | 0.79 | 0.70 | 0.75 | 0.69 | MP | 0.80 | 0.71 | 0.66 | 0.67 |

Note: MC = Major Content, ASC = Additional and Supporting Content, MR = Mathematical Reasoning, and MP = Modeling Practice. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8 . The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Please refer to Appendix A.12.1 (Form Composition) for information about the number of items and number of score points in each claim and subclaim.

Table 9.18 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Algebra II Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |
| MC | 0.80 | 130,408 | 130,408 | 130,408 | MC | 0.78 | 7,929 | 7,929 | 7,929 |
| ASC | 0.79 | 0.75 | 130,408 | 130,408 | ASC | 0.77 | 0.71 | 7,929 | 7,929 |
| MR | 0.76 | 0.75 | 0.72 | 130,408 | MR | 0.71 | 0.70 | 0.65 | 7,929 |
| MP | 0.75 | 0.73 | 0.72 | 0.67 | MP | 0.71 | 0.70 | 0.69 | 0.61 |

Note: MC = Major Content, ASC = Additional and Supporting Content, MR = Mathematical Reasoning, and MP = Modeling Practice. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8. The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Please refer to Appendix A.12.1 (Form Composition) for information about the number of items and number of score points in each claim and subclaim.

Table 9.19 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Integrated Mathematics I Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |
| MC | 0.77 | 16,364 | 16,364 | 16,364 | MC |  |  |  |  |
| ASC | 0.72 | 0.65 | 16,364 | 16,364 | ASC |  |  |  |  |
| MR | 0.63 | 0.57 | 0.66 | 16,364 | MR |  |  |  |  |
| MP | 0.73 | 0.65 | 0.65 | 0.69 | MP |  |  |  |  |

Note: MC = Major Content, ASC = Additional and Supporting Content, MR = Mathematical Reasoning, and MP = Modeling Practice. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8. The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Integrated Mathematics I PBT had insufficient sample sizes. Please refer to Appendix A.12.1 (Form Composition) for information about the number of items and number of score points in each claim and subclaim.

Table 9.20 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Integrated Mathematics II Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |
| MC | 0.68 | 4,381 | 4,381 | 4,381 | MC | 0.58 | 268 | 268 | 268 |
| ASC | 0.61 | 0.58 | 4,381 | 4,381 | ASC | 0.58 | 0.48 | 268 | 268 |
| MR | 0.63 | 0.55 | 0.52 | 4,381 | MR | 0.64 | 0.58 | 0.43 | 268 |
| MP | 0.67 | 0.59 | 0.60 | 0.68 | MP | 0.62 | 0.49 | 0.69 | 0.62 |

Note: MC = Major Content, ASC = Additional and Supporting Content, MR = Mathematical Reasoning, and MP = Modeling Practice. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8. The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Please refer to Appendix A.12.1 (Form Composition) for information about the number of items and number of score points in each claim and subclaim.

Table 9.21 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Integrated Mathematics III Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |
| MC | 0.78 | 2,226 | 2,226 | 2,226 | MC | 0.48 | 142 | 142 | 142 |
| ASC | 0.74 | 0.67 | 2,226 | 2,226 | ASC | 0.38 | 0.27 | 142 | 142 |
| MR | 0.75 | 0.69 | 0.73 | 2,226 | MR | 0.46 | 0.39 | 0.51 | 142 |
| MP | 0.70 | 0.67 | 0.69 | 0.64 | MP | 0.56 | 0.44 | 0.53 | 0.41 |

Note: MC = Major Content, ASC = Additional and Supporting Content, MR = Mathematical Reasoning, and MP = Modeling Practice. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8. The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Please refer to Appendix A.12.1 (Form Composition) for information about the number of items and number of score points in each claim and subclaim.

### 9.3.2 Reliability

Additionally, the reliability analyses presented in Section 8 of this technical report provide information about the internal consistency of the PARCC assessments. Internal consistency is typically measured via correlations amongst the items on an assessment and provides an indication of how much the items measure the same general construct. The reliability estimates, computed using coefficient alpha (Cronbach, 1951) are presented in Tables 8.1 and 8.2 and are along the diagonals of Tables 9.1 through 9.21. ${ }^{8}$ The average reliabilities for ELA/L PARCC assessments range from .89 to .94 and for the mathematics assessments range from .75 up to .93 . Tables 8.3 through 8.11 summarize test reliability for groups of interest for English Language Arts/Literacy grades 3-11, and Tables 8.12 through 8.23 summarize test reliability for groups of interest for mathematics grades/subjects. Along with the subclaim intercorrelations, the reliability estimates indicate that the items within each PARCC assessment are measuring the same construct and provides further evidence of unidimensionality.

### 9.3.3 Local Item Dependence

In addition to the intercorrelations for ELA/L and mathematics, local item independence was evaluated. Local independence is one of the primary assumptions of IRT that states the probability of success on one item is not influenced by performance on other items, when controlling for ability level. This implies that ability or theta accounts for the associations among the observed items. Local item dependence (LID) when present essentially overstates the amount of information predicted by the IRT model. It can exert other undesirable psychometric effects and represents a threat to validity since other factors besides the construct of interest are present. Classical statistics are also affected when LID is present since estimates of test reliability like IRT information can be inflated (Zenisky, Hambleton, \& Sireci, 2003).

The LID issue affects the choice of item scoring in IRT calibrations. Specifically, if evidence suggests these items indeed have local dependence, then it might be preferable to sum the item scores into clusters or testlets as a method of minimizing LID. However, if these items do not appear to have strong local item dependence, then retaining the scores as individual item scores in an IRT calibration is preferred since more information concerning item properties is retained. During the initial operational administration of the PARCC assessments in spring 2015, a study that included two methods of investigating the presence of LID was conducted. A description of the methods along with study findings are summarized below.

First, analyses of the internal consistency in items and testlets were conducted under classical test theory (Wainer \& Thissen, 2001) as a way to evaluate the degree of LID. Two estimates of Cronbach's alpha (Cronbach, 1951) were compared based on individual items in a test and those clustered into testlets. Cronbach's alpha is formulated as:

[^7]\[

$$
\begin{equation*}
\alpha=\frac{k}{k-1} \frac{\sum_{i \neq i^{\prime}} \sigma_{i i}}{\sigma_{T}^{2}} \tag{9-1}
\end{equation*}
$$

\]

where $k$ is the total number of items, $\sigma_{i^{\prime}}$ is the covariance of items $i$ and $i^{\prime}\left(i \neq i^{\prime}\right)$, and $\sigma_{T}^{2}$ is the variance of total scores. To compute an alpha coefficient, sample standard deviations and variances are substituted for the $\sigma_{i i^{\prime}}$ and $\sigma_{T}^{2}$. The alpha for the total test based on individual items is compared with those that form testlets based on larger subparts. If the item-level configuration has appreciably higher levels of internal consistency compared with the testlets, LID may be present.

For IRT based methods, local dependence can be evaluated using statistics such as $Q_{3}$ (Yen, 1984). The item residual is the difference between observed and expected performance. The $Q_{3}$ index is the correlation between residuals of each item pair defined as

$$
\begin{align*}
& d_{i}=(O-\hat{E}), \\
& Q_{3}=r\left(d_{i}, d_{i}\right) \tag{9-2}
\end{align*}
$$

where $O$ is the observed score and $\hat{E}$ is the expected value of $O$ under a proposed IRT model and the index is defined as the correlation between the two item residuals.

LID manifests itself as a residual correlation that is nonzero and large. For $Q_{3}$, LID can be either positive or negative. Positive (negative) LID indicates that performance is higher (lower) than expectation. The residual $Q_{3}$ correlation matrix can be inspected to determine if there are any blocks of locally dependent items (e.g., perhaps blocks of items belonging to the same reading passage). For $Q_{3}$, the null hypothesis is that local independence holds. The expected value of $Q_{3}$ is $-1 / n-1$ where $n$ is the number of items such that the statistic shows a small negative bias. As a rule-of-thumb, item pairs with moderate levels of LID for $Q_{3}$ are $|0.20|$ or greater. Significant levels of LID are present when the statistic is greater than $|0.40|$. An alternative is to use the Fisher $r$ to $z$ transformation and evaluate the resulting $p$ values.

For the LID comparisons, the follows eight test levels administered in spring 2015 were selected:

1. Grade 4 for span $3-5$ in ELA/L,
2. Grade 4 for span $3-5$ in mathematics,
3. Grade 7 for span $6-8$ in ELA/L,
4. Grade 7 for span 6-8 in mathematics,
5. Grade 10 for span $9-11$ in ELA/I,
6. Integrated Mathematics II for Integrated Mathematics I-III,
7. Algebra I, and
8. Algebra II.

One Spring 2015 CBT form for each of the eight tests was selected that was roughly at the median in terms of test difficulty. For ELA/L, reading items were summed according to passage assignment. For mathematics, items were summed according to subclaims. Cronbach's alpha was computed for the entire forms using the two different approaches as described above, one involving calculations at the
item level and the second utilizing scores on summed items (i.e., testlets). Further description of the data is given in Table 9.22.

To cross-validate the internal consistency analysis, the $\mathrm{Q}_{3}$ statistic was computed from spring CBT data based on Grade 4 ELA/L and Integrated Mathematics II items. All items in the pool at that test level were included. The CBT item pool for grade 4 ELA/L contained 125 items while Integrated Mathematics Two had 77 items.

The results for the internal consistency analysis are shown in Figure 9.1. In every instance, the itemlevel Cronbach's alpha is higher than in the testlet configuration. The greatest difference was for Algebra II which showed a difference of 0.07 . Although this was not unexpected, the magnitude of the differences in the respective alpha coefficients in general do not suggest a concerning level of LID. Table 9.23 shows the summary for the $Q_{3}$ values. Figures 9.2 and 9.3 show graphs of the distribution of $Q_{3}$ values. Most of the $Q_{3}$ values were small and negative, again suggesting that LID is not at a level of concern.

For these two test levels, the difference in the alpha coefficients was 0.03 and was consistent with the low values of $Q_{3}$.

In summary, this investigation did not find evidence for the existence of pervasive LID. The results of both the internal consistency analyses and $\mathrm{Q}_{3}$ methods support a claim of minimal LID. For a multiplechoice only test containing four reading passages with 5 to 12 items associated with a reading passage, Sireci, Thissen, and Wainer (1991) reported that testlet alpha was approximately 10 percent lower than the item-level coefficient. In comparison, PARCC tests have complex test structures and exhibited smaller differences in alpha coefficients. In addition, the median $Q_{3}$ values presented in Table 9.23 centered around the expectation of $-1 / n-1$.


Figure 9.1 Comparison of Internal Consistency by Item and Cluster (Testlet)

Table 9.22 Conditions used in LID Investigation and Results

|   $N$ $N$ <br> Content Grade Valid Complete | Percent | No. | No. | Item | Task |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Incomplete | Items | Tasks | Rel. | Rel. |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| ELA/L | 4 | 13,660 | 13,518 | 1.04 | 31 | 5 | 0.86 | 0.83 |
| ELA/L | 7 | 12,757 | 12,685 | 0.56 | 41 | 7 | 0.89 | 0.88 |
| ELA/L | 10 | 3,097 | 3,033 | 2.07 | 41 | 7 | 0.90 | 0.87 |


|  |  |  |  | Mathematics |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Math | 4 | 10,332 | 10,255 | 0.75 | 53 | 4 | 0.93 | 0.92 |
| Math | 7 | 10,295 | 10,188 | 1.04 | 50 | 6 | 0.92 | 0.87 |
| Math | A1 | 5,072 | 4,885 | 3.69 | 52 | 6 | 0.90 | 0.85 |
| Math | A2 | 4,982 | 4,769 | 4.28 | 54 | 6 | 0.92 | 0.85 |
| Math | M2 | 2,708 | 2,645 | 2.33 | 51 | 6 | 0.90 | 0.87 |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, A2 = Algebra II, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II.

Table 9.23 Summary of $Q_{3}$ Values for ELA/L Grade 4 and Integrated Mathematics II (Spring 2015)

| Min. | $\boldsymbol{Q}_{\mathbf{1}}$ | Median | Mean | $\boldsymbol{Q}_{\mathbf{3}}$ | Max. | $\boldsymbol{S D}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -0.138 | -0.047 | -0.031 | -0.031 | -0.017 | 0.279 | 0.030 |
|  |  |  | ELA/L, Grade 4 |  |  |  |
| -0.160 | -0.038 | -0.017 | -0.019 | 0.001 | 0.280 | 0.032 |



Figure 9.2 Distribution of $Q_{3}$ Values for Grade 4 ELA/L (Spring 2015)


Figure 9.3 Distribution of $Q_{3}$ Values for Integrated Mathematics II (Spring 2015)

### 9.4 Evidence Based on Relationships to Other Variables

Empirical results concerning the relationships between score on a test and measures of other variables external to the test can also provide evidence of validity when these relationships are found to be consistent with the definition of the construct that the test is intended to measure. As indicated in the AERA, APA and NCME Standards (2014), the variables investigated can include other tests that measure the same construct and different constructs, criterion measures that scores on the test are expected to predict, as well as demographic characteristics of test takers that are expected to be related and unrelated to test performance.

The relationship of the scores across the ELA/L and mathematics assessments was evaluated using correlational analyses. Tables 9.24 through 9.29 present the Pearson correlations observed between the ELA/L scale scores and the mathematics scale scores for each grade; the correlations are reported separately for online (CBT) and paper (PBT) versions of the tests. For grades three through 8, students must have a valid test score for both ELA/L and mathematics at the same grade level to be included in the tables. These tables provide the correlation in the lower triangle and the sample size is provided in the upper triangle. In computing the correlations between a particular pair of ELA/L and mathematics tests, test takers must have taken both tests via the same mode in spring 2016. ELA/L, Reading (RD), Writing (WR), are moderately to highly correlated with mathematics; the correlations range from . 64 up to .80 for grades 3 through 8, and range from .38 to .71 for the high school tests. These correlations suggest that the ELA/L and mathematics tests are assessing different content. The higher intercorrelations between the ELA/L, Reading (RD), and Writing (WR) suggest stronger internal relationships when compared to the correlations with the mathematics content area.

The ELA/L and mathematics correlations for the high school tests are presented in Tables 9.30 through 9.32. Because students in high school can take the mathematics courses in different years (e.g., one student make take Algebra I in grade 9 while another student may take Algebra I in grade 10), the high school mathematics scores were correlated with several of the ELA/L grades (e.g., Algebra I correlated with both grades 9 and 10). Only correlations for pairings with total sample sizes of at least 100 are shown in the tables. Correlations between high school mathematics scores and corresponding ELA/L scores demonstrate low to moderate correlations.

Table 9.24 Correlations between ELA/L and Mathematics for Grade 3

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ELA/L | RD | WR | MA | ELA/L | RD | WR |  |  |
| ELA/L |  | 371,112 | 371,112 | 371,112 | ELA/L |  | 97,697 | 97,697 | 97,697 |
| RD | 0.96 |  | 371,112 | 371,112 | RD | 0.96 | 97,697 | 97,697 |  |
| WR | 0.86 | 0.70 |  | 371,112 | WR | 0.88 | 0.74 |  |  |
| MA | 0.80 | 0.78 | 0.68 |  | MA | 0.79 | 0.77 | 0.68 |  |

Note: ELA/L = English language arts/Literacy, RD = Reading, WR = Writing, MA = Mathematics. The correlations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Students must have a valid grade 3 ELA/L score and a valid grade 3 mathematics score to be included in this table.

Table 9.25 Correlations between ELA/L and Mathematics for Grade 4

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ELA/L | RD | WR | MA |  | ELA/L | RD | WR |
| ELA/L |  | 375,844 | 375,844 | 375,844 | ELA/L | 82,186 | 82,186 | 82,186 |
| RD | 0.95 |  | 375,844 | 375,844 | RD | 0.95 | 82,186 | 82,186 |
| WR | 0.90 | 0.75 |  | 375,844 | WR | 0.90 | 0.73 | 82,186 |
| MA | 0.78 | 0.77 | 0.68 |  | MA | 0.76 | 0.75 | 0.66 |

Note: ELA/L = English language arts/Literacy, RD = Reading, WR = Writing, MA = Mathematics. The correlations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Students must have a valid grade 4 ELA/L score and a valid grade 4 mathematics score to be included in this table.

Table 9.26 Correlations between ELA/L and Mathematics for Grade 5

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ELA/L | RD | WR | MA |  | ELA/L | RD | WR | MA |
| ELA/L |  | 402,929 | 402,929 | 402,929 | ELA/L |  | 49,599 | 49,599 | 49,599 |
| RD | 0.96 |  | 402,929 | 402,929 | RD | 0.95 |  | 49,599 | 49,599 |
| WR | 0.87 | 0.72 |  | 402,929 | WR | 0.89 | 0.72 |  | 49,599 |
| MA | 0.77 | 0.75 | 0.67 |  | MA | 0.76 | 0.75 | 0.65 |  |

Note: ELA/L = English language arts/Literacy, RD = Reading, WR = Writing, MA = Mathematics. The correlations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Students must have a valid grade 5 ELA/L score and a valid grade 5 mathematics score to be included in this table.

Table 9.27 Correlations between ELA/L and Mathematics for Grade 6

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ELA/L | RD | WR | MA |  | ELA/L | RD | WR | MA |
| ELA/L |  | 400,243 | 400,243 | 400,243 | ELA/L |  | 50,107 | 50,107 | 50,107 |
| RD | 0.95 |  | 400,243 | 400,243 | RD | 0.95 |  | 50,107 | 50,107 |
| WR | 0.87 | 0.72 |  | 400,243 | WR | 0.88 | 0.73 |  | 50,107 |
| MA | 0.78 | 0.78 | 0.64 |  | MA | 0.79 | 0.78 | 0.66 |  |

Note: $\mathrm{ELA} / \mathrm{L}=$ English language arts/Literacy, RD = Reading, WR = Writing, MA = Mathematics. The correlations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Students must have a valid grade 6 ELA/L score and a valid grade 6 mathematics score to be included in this table.

Table 9.28 Correlations between ELA/L and Mathematics for Grade 7

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ELA/L | RD | WR | MA |  | ELA/L | RD | WR | MA |
| ELA/L |  | 377,972 | 377,972 | 377,972 | ELA/L |  | 50,271 | 50,271 | 50,271 |
| RD | 0.95 |  | 377,972 | 377,972 | RD | 0.95 |  | 50,271 | 50,271 |
| WR | 0.88 | 0.74 |  | 377,972 | WR | 0.90 | 0.73 |  | 50,271 |
| MA | 0.78 | 0.78 | 0.66 |  | MA | 0.79 | 0.79 | 0.67 |  |

Note: ELA/L = English language arts/Literacy, RD = Reading, WR = Writing, MA = Mathematics. The correlations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Students must have a valid grade $7 \mathrm{ELA} / \mathrm{L}$ score and a valid grade 7 mathematics score to be included in this table.

Table 9.29 Correlations between ELA/L and Mathematics for Grade 8

|  | CBT |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ELA/L | RD | WR | MA |  | ELA/L | RD | WR | MA |
| ELA/L |  | 306,787 | 306,787 | 306,787 | ELA/L |  | 42,825 | 42,825 | 42,825 |
| RD | 0.95 |  | 306,787 | 306,787 | RD | 0.95 |  | 42,825 | 42,825 |
| WR | 0.88 | 0.72 |  | 306,787 | WR | 0.91 | 0.75 |  | 42,825 |
| MA | 0.74 | 0.74 | 0.62 |  | MA | 0.79 | 0.78 | 0.68 |  |

Note: ELA/L = English language arts/Literacy, RD = Reading, WR = Writing, MA = Mathematics. The correlations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table. Students must have a valid grade $8 \mathrm{ELA} / \mathrm{L}$ score and a valid grade 8 mathematics score to be included in this table.

Table 9.30 Correlations between ELA/L and Mathematics for High School

| ELA/L | CBT |  |  |  |  |  | ELA/L | PBT |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A1 | GO | A2 | M1 | M2 | M3 |  | A1 | GO | A2 | M1 | M2 | M3 |
| 8 | 0.69 | 0.58 | 0.61 | 0.59 |  |  | 8 | 0.71 | 0.44 |  |  |  |  |
|  | $(69,594)$ | $(7,976)$ | (379) | $(1,313)$ |  |  |  | $(4,457)$ | (797) |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | 0.67 | 0.67 | 0.65 | 0.70 | 0.60 | 0.62 | 9 | 0.71 | 0.64 | 0.54 |  |  |  |
|  | $(159,598)$ | $(35,269)$ | $(7,944)$ | $(14,000)$ | $(1,290)$ | (166) |  | $(7,462)$ | (701) | (154) |  |  |  |
| 10 | 0.53 | 0.64 | 0.67 |  | 0.51 |  | 10 | 0.57 | 0.65 | 0.68 |  |  |  |
|  | $(11,827)$ | $(76,161)$ | $(32,522)$ |  | $(2,357)$ |  |  | (557) | $(2,280)$ | (920) |  |  |  |
| 11 | 0.44 | 0.50 | 0.59 |  | 0.59 | 0.66 | 11 |  | 0.52 | 0.68 |  | 0.68 |  |
|  | $(2,590)$ | $(9,540)$ | $(67,631)$ |  |  | $(1,526)$ |  |  |  | $(2,150)$ |  | (190) |  |

Note: ELA/L = English language arts/Literacy, A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III. The correlations are provided with the sample sizes, below in parentheses. Shaded cells indicate pairings with sample sizes less than 100.

Table 9.31 Correlations between ELA/L Reading and Mathematics for High School

| RD | CBT |  |  |  |  |  | RD | PBT |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A1 | GO | A2 | M1 | M2 | M3 |  | A1 | GO | A2 | M1 | M2 | M3 |
| 8 | $\begin{gathered} 0.69 \\ (69,594) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.57 \\ (7,976) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.63 \\ (379) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.58 \\ (1,313) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | 8 | $\begin{gathered} 0.71 \\ (4,457) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.48 \\ & (797) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | $\begin{gathered} 0.66 \\ (159,598) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.67 \\ (35,269) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.66 \\ (7,944) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.70 \\ (14,000) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.61 \\ (1,290) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.62 \\ (166) \end{gathered}$ | 9 | $\begin{gathered} 0.70 \\ (7,462) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.66 \\ & (701) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.60 \\ & (154) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| 10 | $\begin{gathered} 0.53 \\ (11,827) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.65 \\ (76,161) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.69 \\ (32,522) \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.53 \\ (2,357) \end{gathered}$ |  | 10 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.57 \\ & (557) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.65 \\ (2,280) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.67 \\ (920) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| 11 | $\begin{gathered} 0.43 \\ (2,590) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.52 \\ (9,540) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.60 \\ (67,631) \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.60 \\ (108) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.68 \\ (1,526) \end{gathered}$ | 11 |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.50 \\ (297) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.67 \\ (2,150) \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.67 \\ (190) \end{gathered}$ |  |

Note: RD = Reading, A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III. The correlations are provided with the sample sizes, below in parentheses. Shaded cells indicate pairings with sample sizes less than 100.

Table 9.32 Correlations between ELA/L Writing and Mathematics for High School

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  |  | WR | PBT |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A1 | GO | A2 | M1 | M2 | M3 |  | A1 | GO | A2 | M1 | M2 | M3 |
| 8 | $\begin{gathered} 0.58 \\ (69,549) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.49 \\ (7,976) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.50 \\ & (379) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.49 \\ (1,313) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | 8 | $\begin{gathered} 0.57 \\ (4,457) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.30 \\ & (797) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | $\begin{gathered} 0.55 \\ (159,598) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.55 \\ (35,269) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.53 \\ (7,944) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.56 \\ (14,000) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.44 \\ (1,290) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.47 \\ (166) \end{gathered}$ | 9 | $\begin{gathered} 0.59 \\ (7,462) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.50 \\ & (701) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.41 \\ (154) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| 10 | $\begin{gathered} 0.43 \\ (11,827) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.52 \\ (76,161) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.53 \\ (32,522) \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.37 \\ (2,357) \end{gathered}$ |  | 10 | $\begin{gathered} 0.46 \\ (557) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.53 \\ (2,280) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.58 \\ (920) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| 11 | $\begin{gathered} 0.38 \\ (2,590) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.39 \\ (9,540) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.47 \\ (67,631) \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.47 \\ (108) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.52 \\ (1,526) \end{gathered}$ | 11 |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.48 \\ (297) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.57 \\ (2,150) \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.59 \\ (190) \end{gathered}$ |  |

Note: WR = Writing, A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III. The average correlations are provided with the sample sizes, below in parentheses. Shaded cells indicate pairings with sample sizes less than 100.

### 9.5 Evidence from the Special Studies

Several research studies were conducted to provide additional validity evidence for the PARCC's goals of assessing more rigorous academic expectations, helping to prepare students for college and careers, and providing information back to teachers and parents about their students' progress towards college and career readiness. Some of the special studies conducted include:

- content evaluation studies,
- benchmarking study,
- mode comparability study, and
- device comparability study.

The following paragraphs briefly describe each of these studies.

### 9.5.1 Content Alignment Studies

The content of the ELA/L assessments at grades 5, 8, and 11 and the Algebra II and Integrated Mathematics II assessment were evaluated to determine how well the PARCC assessments were aligned to the Common Core State Standards (CCSS; Doorey, \& Polikoff, 2016, Schultz, Michaels, Dvorak, \& Wiley, 2016). These content alignment studies were conducted by the Fordham Institute for grades 5 and 8 and by Human Resources Research Organization (HumRRO) for the high school assessments. Both of these studies used the same methodology by having content experts review the assessment items and answers (for the constructed response items the rubrics were reviewed). The content experts then judged how well the items aligned to the CCSS, the depth of knowledge of the items, and the accessibility of the items to all students, including English learners and students with disabilities. The authors of both studies noted that the content experts reviewing the assessments were required to be familiar with the CCSS but could not be employed by participating organizations or be the writers of the CCSS. Therefore, an effort was made to eliminate any potential conflicts of interest.

The content studies had the individual content experts review and rate each items then as a group the content experts came to a consensus on the final ratings for the content alignment, depth of knowledge, and accessibility to all students. In addition to the ratings, the content experts were asked to make comments that provided an explanation of their ratings; these comments were then used by the full group of content experts to provide narrative comments regarding the overall ratings and to provide feedback and recommendation about the assessment programs.

The PARCC assessment program was rated as Excellent Match for ELA/L content and depth and Good Match for mathematics content and depth for grades 5 and 8. However, for grade 11 ELA/L content was rated as Excellent Match but depth was rated as Limited/Uneven Match. The high school mathematics assessments were rated at Excellent Match for content and Good Match for depth.

The content studies noted some weaknesses and strengths of the PARCC assessments. For ELA/L it was noted that the assessments include complex texts, a range of cognitive demands, and have a variety of item types. Furthermore, the ELA/L "assessments require close reading, assess writing to sources,
research, and inquiry, and emphasize vocabulary and language skills" (Doorey \& Polikoff, 2016). The grade 11 ELA/L assessment had a smaller range of depth and included items assessing the higherdemand cognitive level. A weakness of the ELA/L assessments is the lack of a listening and speaking component. It was also suggested that the ELA/L assessments could be enhanced by the inclusion of a research task that requires the use of two or more sources of information.

The strengths of the mathematics assessments include assessments that are aligned to the major work for each grade level. While the grade 5 assessment includes a range of cognitive demand, the grade 8 assessment includes a number of higher-demand items and may not fully assess the standards at the lowest level of cognitive demand. It was suggested that the grade 5 assessment could include more focus on the major work and the grade 8 assessment could include items at the lowest cognitive demand level. Additionally, the reviewers noted that some of the mathematics items should be carefully reviewed for editorial and mathematical accuracy.

The high school report noted that the PARCC assessment program incorporates a number of accessibility features and test accommodations for students with disabilities and for English language learners. Furthermore, the PARCC assessments included items designed to accommodate the needs of students with disabilities.

### 9.5.2 Benchmarking Study

The purpose of the PARCC Benchmarking Study (McClarty, Korbin, Moyer, Griffin, Huth, Carey, and Medberry, 2015) was to provide information that would inform the PARCC performance level setting (PLS) process. PARCC used an Evidence-Based Standard Setting approach (EBSS; McClarty, Way, Porter, Beimers, \& Miles, 2013) to establish the performance levels for its assessments. In EBSS, the threshold scores for performance levels are set based on a combination of empirical research evidence and expert judgment. This benchmarking study provided one source of empirical evidence to inform the PARCC college and career readiness performance level (i.e., Level 4). The study findings were provided to PARCC's pre-policy standard-setting committee. The charge of this committee was to suggest a reasonable range for the percentage of students meeting or exceeding the PARCC Level 4 threshold score and therefore considered college- and career-ready. Section 11.3.2 of this report provides more information about the PARCC pre-policy meeting. For the PARCC Benchmarking Study, external information was analyzed to provide information about the Level 4 threshold scores for the grade 11 ELA/literacy, Algebra II, and Integrated Mathematics III assessments, the grade 8 ELA/literacy and mathematics assessments, and the grade 4 ELA/literacy and mathematics assessments. The PARCC assessments and Level 4 expectations were compared with comparable assessments and expectations for the Programme of International Student Assessment (PISA), Trends in International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS), Progress in International Reading Literacy Study (PIRLS), National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), ACT, SAT, the Michigan Merit Exam, and the Virginia End-of-Course exams. For each external assessment, the best-matched performance level was determined and the percentage of students reaching that level across the nation and in the PARCC states was determined. Across all grades and subjects, the data indicated approximately 25 to 50 percent of students were college- and career-ready or on track to readiness based on PARCC's Level 4 expectations.

For details on how the benchmarking study was used during the standard setting process, refer to Section 11 of this technical report.

### 9.5.3 Mode Comparability Study

The PARCC (Operational) Mode Comparability Study was conducted using the 2015 operational data to support both computer-based testing (CBT) and paper-based testing (PBT) modes of administration of the PARCC assessments (Liu, Brown, Chen, Ali, Hou, \& Costanzo, 2016). PARCC has plans to conduct a follow-up Mode Comparability Study after the spring 2017 administration. The following provides a summary of the study conducted in 2015.

For the spring 2015 operational administration, schools and districts within each state selected the mode of test administration. The resulting CBT and PBT test-taking groups were therefore not randomly equivalent. To improve the overall comparability of the CBT and PBT groups, propensity score matching, based on test-taker demographic information, was used. Then item-level analyses (e.g., $p$ values, and differential item functioning) and test-level analyses (e.g., test characteristic curves) were conducted.

Item-level analyses showed that there were negligible to small differences in terms of $p$ values and average item scores across modes for the majority of items in mathematics and ELA/L. Prose Constructed Response (PCR) task traits in ELA/L had larger $p$ value effect sizes than other items, all favoring PBT. A very small percentage of items was identified as functioning differently (with C-level DIF) in the two modes. Many items ELA/L PCR task traits were also found to have B-level (DIF), favoring PBT.

Additionally, the item response theory (IRT) difficulty and discrimination parameters estimated separately within mode were highly correlated. For grade levels with lower correlations between modes, removing items with outlier parameter estimates provided substantial improvement in the correlation. As well, the overall the differences between common test characteristic curves (TCCs) of different modes were small and within 0.5 raw score points, except for ELA/L grade 9 and Geometry where TCC differences exceeded the differences that matter criterion in regions of the theta scale where large percentages of students were located. When comparing the performance on the common items, the effect sizes ranged from negligible to small for most of the tests evaluated. The directions of effect sizes were not consistent across subject/grade levels.

Additional analyses were conducted on students from one of the states that provided prior state assessment scores. Summary statistics of these students' prior state assessment scores suggested CBT and PBT samples from propensity score matching (PSM) were not comparable in their prior achievement. Therefore, poststratification weights based on prior state assessment score were used to calculate PBT students' PARCC scale score to minimize the impact of noncomparability of prior achievement across modes. The scale score differences were largely reduced for mathematics grade 5, 7 and Algebra I after weighting. Small effect sizes, in favor of PBT, were found for Geometry and ELA/L grade 9 and a negligible effect size was found for ELA/L grade 7 after poststratification weighting.

The PARCC (Operational) Mode Comparability Study found evidence that the score comparability was not consistent across all content domains and grade levels. As noted in the study, only one state
provided previous year's achievement data, therefore, the CBT and PBT groups were matched based on only demographic data. Furthermore, the additional analyses based on the one state that provided prior achievement data indicated that the CBT and PBT matched groups were not comparable in terms of their prior achievement. Thus, caution should be taken when interpreting the results of the Mode Comparability Study.

### 9.5.4 Device Comparability Study

In addition to the PARCC (Operational) Mode Comparability Study, the comparability across digital devices (e.g., tablet versus non-tablet) was evaluated using the 2015 operational data (Steedle, McBride, Johnson, \& Keng, 2015). PARCC has plans to conduct a follow-up digital devices study after the spring 2017 administration. The following provides a summary of the study conducted in 2015.

PARCC allows students to take its assessments on a variety of digital devices, such as desktops, laptops, and tablets. It is therefore important to evaluate comparability across digital devices by investigating whether test items were of similar difficulty, whether psychometric properties of test scores were similar, and whether overall test score interpretation was similar across traditional (i.e., desktops and laptops) and non-traditional (i.e., tablet) computing devices. For the 2015 Device Comparability Study, any student who took one of the study forms on a tablet or non-tablet device were eligible for inclusion in the study. Students were matched on demographic information to create tablet and non-tablet samples that were considered randomly equivalent.

The 2015 Device Comparability Study found evidence of comparability between test scores from tablets and non-tablet devices. The item $p$ values and IRT difficulty estimates were similar across tablets and non-tablet devices. A small number of items were flagged for device effects, and nearly all of them were part of high school mathematics assessments. The raw score and scale score distributions indicated similar overall performance on both components (PBA and EOY) of the 2015 PARCC assessments. Additionally, IRT true-score equating indicated that students who tested on non-tablet devices would be expected to score similarly had they taken the same PARCC assessment on tablets.

### 9.6 Evidence Based on Response Processes

As noted in the AERA, APA, and NCME Standards (2014), additional support for a particular score interpretation or use can be provided by theoretical and empirical evidence indicating that test takers are using the intended response processes when responding to the items in a test. This type of evidence may be gathered from interacting with test takers in order to understand what processes underlie their item responses. Evidence may also be derived from feedback provided by test proctors/teachers involved in the administration of the test and raters involved in the scoring of constructed response items. Evidence may also be gathered by evaluating the correct and incorrect responses to short constructed response items (e.g., items requiring a few words to respond) or by evaluating the response patterns to multi-part items.

PARCC has undertaken research investigating the quality of the items, tasks, and stimuli, focusing on whether students interact with items/tasks as intended, whether they were given enough time to complete the assessments, and the degree to which PARCC scoring rubrics allow accurate and reliable scoring. In addition, PARCC has examined the accessibility of the test for students with disabilities and English learners. This research has included examining students' understanding of the format of the assessments and the use of technology. Although out of the purview of this technical report, several other PARCC research efforts have investigated questions relevant to response processes evidence. ${ }^{9}$

### 9.7 Interpretations of Test Scores

The PARCC ELA/L and mathematics scores are expressed as scale scores (both total scores and claim scores), along with performance levels to describe how well students met the academic standards for their grade level. Additionally, information on specific skills (the subclaims) is also provided and is reported as "Below Expectations", "Nearly Meets Expectations" and, "Meets or Exceeds". On the basis of a student's total score, an inference is drawn about how much knowledge and skill in the content area the students has acquired. The total score is also used to classify students in terms of the level of knowledge and skill in the content area as students progress in the K-12 education. These levels are called performance levels and are reported as:

- Level 5: Exceeded expectations
- Level 4: Met expectations
- Level 3: Approached expectations
- Level 2: Partially met expectations
- Level 1: Did not yet meet expectations

Students classified as either Level 4 or Level 5 are meeting or exceeding the grade level expectations. PARCC has developed performance level descriptors (PLDs) to assist with the understanding and interpretations of the ELA/L and mathematics scores (http://www.parcconline.org/news-and-video/230-performance-level-descriptors). Additionally, resource information is available online to educators, parents, and students (http://www.parcconline.org/resources), which includes information on understanding and interpreting the ELA/L and mathematics score reports (http://www.state.nj.us/education/assessment/parcc/scores/Fall14Spring15SRIG.pdf and http://www.parcconline.org/assessments/score-results).

Section 12 of this technical report provides more information on the scale scores and the subclaim scores.

### 9.8 Evidence Based on the Consequences to Testing

The consequence of testing should also be investigated to support the validity evidence for the use of the PARCC assessments as the Standards note that tests are usually administered "with the expectation

[^8]that some benefit will be realized from the intended use of the scores" (AERA, APA, \& NCME, 2014). When this is the case, evidence that the expected benefits accrue will provide support for the intended use of the scores. Evidence of the consequence of testing will also accrue with the continued implementation of the CCSS and the continued administration of the PARCC assessments.

Consequences of the PARCC tests may vary by state or by school district. For example, some states may require "passing" the PARCC assessments as one of several criteria for high school graduation, while other states/districts may not require students to "pass" the PARCC assessments for high school graduation. Additionally, some school districts may use the PARCC scores along with other information such as school grades and teacher recommendations for placing students into special programs (e.g., remedial support, gifted and talented program) or for course placement (e.g., Algebra I in grade 8). Because the consequences for the PARCC assessments can vary by each state, it is suggested that each PARCC member state provide school districts, teachers, parents, and students with information on how to interpret and use the PARCC scores. Additionally, the states should monitor how PARCC scores are used to ensure that the scores are being used as intended by PARCC.

### 9.9 Summary

In this section of the technical report, several aspects of validity were included, such as validity evidence based on content, the internal structure of the assessments, relationships across the content assessments, and from special studies.

The PARCC item development process involved educators, assessment experts, and bias and sensitivity experts in review of text, items and tasks for accuracy, appropriateness, alignment to the instructional standards, and freedom from bias. PARCC conducted several studies during the item development process to evaluate the item development process (e.g., technological functionalities, answer time required, and student experiences). Additionally, items were field tested prior to the initial operational administration and data and feedback from students, test administrators, classroom teachers was used to improve the operational administration of the items and to inform future item development. The multiple item and form reviews conducted by educators and studies to evaluate item administration help to ensure the integrity of the PARCC assessments.

The intercorrelations of the subclaims, the reliability analyses, and the local item dependence analyses indicated that the ELA/L and the mathematics assessments are both essentially unidimensional. Furthermore, the correlations between ELA/L and mathematics indicated that the two assessments are measuring different content. Also, the patterns of correlations for the CBT and PBT assessments were similar indicating that the structure of the assessments were similar across the two modes.

Several studies were conducted as part of the PARCC assessment program (e.g., benchmarking study, content evaluation/alignment studies, mode and device comparability studies). The benchmarking study was conducted in support of the standard setting meeting. This study indicated students performing at or above Level 4 could be considered to be college- and career-ready or on track to readiness.

The content evaluation/alignment studies performed by the Fordham Institute and HumRRO indicate that the PARCC assessments are good to excellent matches to the CCSS in terms of content and depth of knowledge. Thus, the PARCC assessments are assessing the college- and career-readiness standards. However, the reports noted that the PARCC program could improve by adding a wider range of depth of knowledge to some of the assessments. The reports also suggested enhancing the ELA/L assessments by including a research task that requires the use of two or more sources of information.

The mode comparability study indicated that the comparability across modes was inconsistent across content domains and grade levels. The mode comparability study indicated that outliers should be removed from the mode anchor set and that the PCR items should be considered for exclusion from the anchor set. Furthermore, the scoring of the PCR items should be carefully reviewed.

The device comparability study indicated that there were some, but small, effects of testing device when comparing tablet to non-tablet devices. While a small number of mathematics tasks were flagged for device effects, the raw and scale score distributions were similar across the testing devices. The equating analyses indicated that students could expect to receive a similar score regardless of the testing device.

In addition to the validity information presented in this Section of the technical report, other information in support of the uses and interpretations of the PARCC scores appear in the following sections:

Section 5 presents information regarding student characteristics for the spring administration of the ELA/L and mathematics administration.

Section 6 provides information concerning the test characteristics based on classical test theory.
Section 7 provides information regarding the differential item functioning analyses (DIF).
Section 8 provides information on the test reliability (total test score and for subclaims) and includes information on the interrater reliability/agreement.

Section 12 provides detailed information concerning the scores that were reported and the cut scores for ELA/L and mathematics.

The technical report addendum provides the test taker characteristics and test reliability (total test score and for subclaims) for the 2015 Fall block administration.

## Section 10: IRT Calibration and Scaling in Operational Year Two

### 10.1 Overview

Multiple operational core forms were administered for each grade in English language arts/literacy (ELA/L) and mathematics. The purpose of the item response theory (IRT) calibration and scaling was to place all operational items for a single grade/subject onto a common scale. This section addresses procedures used to calibrate and scale the PARCC operational item response data using IRT. The operational data were calibrated concurrently across forms, and separately by mode (computer-based tests, or CBT, and, paper-based tests, or PBT) using IRT models consistent with mixed format data. The PBT IRT parameter estimates were then transformed onto the CBT scale using the Stocking and Lord (1983) procedure.

In this section of the technical report, the following topics related to IRT calibration and scaling are discussed:

## Calibration:

10.2 IRT data preparation
10.3 Description of the calibration process
10.4 Model fit evaluation criteria
10.5 Items excluded from score reporting

## Scaling:

10.6 Scaling Parameter Estimates
10.7 Items Excluded from Linking Sets
10.8 Correlations and Plots of Parameter Estimates
10.9 Scaling constants
10.10 Summary Statistics and Distributions from IRT Analyses

### 10.2 IRT Data Preparation

### 10.2.1 Overview

Post-equating was performed on an early sample of the student data. The Bureau of Indian Education (BIE), the District of Columbia (DC), and seven states were participating in the spring 2016 administration: Colorado (CO), Illinois (IL), Maryland (MD), Massachusetts (MA), New Jersey (NJ), New Mexico (NM), and Rhode Island (RI). Each state tested over multiple weeks. Student data were monitored to determine when the early equating sampling criteria were met. Student data were evaluated for the following:

1) Overall N-count, form count, and item count
2) Demographic Representation
3) State Representation

## 4) Summative Scale Score Distribution

Based on the Early Equating Report, using data from the spring 2015 PARCC administration, approximately $25 \%(75,000-90,000)$ of the online student data were sufficient for post-equating selected tests in grades 3-8 ELA/L and mathematics. Approximately $40 \%(70,000-90,000)$ of the online student data were sufficient for post-equating selected tests in grades 9-11 ELA/L and traditional mathematics. The larger percent of the student data for high school assessments was due to the high percent of students removed for not meeting attemptedness criteria and the need to obtain student responses for each score category for the more difficult items. Due to the small number of students taking the integrated mathematics assessments, approximately $90 \%$ of the student data were needed for post-equating. The results from the research study were used to determine criteria for sample size and acceptable differences between the baseline demographic distributions and the sample demographic distributions for the spring 2016 post-equating.

The resulting early equating samples for the spring 2016 administration exceeded state representation, exceeded the sample size criteria, met criteria for most of the demographic groups, and met criteria for the prior grade's PARCC performance level distributions for most of the grades/subjects. Tables 10.1 and 10.2 list the equating sample sizes by administration mode for each grade in ELA/L and mathematics, respectively.

All student response data in the early equating samples for operational items were used to create the IRT sparse data matrices for the concurrent calibration. IRT sparse data matrices combine student data across forms within administration mode. When duplicate records for a single student existed, the record with the largest raw score was included in the data file (and the other record was excluded). No student was included more than one time in the CBT and PBT IRT sparse data matrices file.

### 10.2.2 Student Inclusion/Exclusion Rules

The following are the IRT valid case criteria. These criteria are the same as the student inclusion/exclusion rules used to evaluate and filter data prior to conducting the operational item analysis (IA) and differential item functioning (DIF) analyses (steps 1-5). The rules were agreed upon with PARCC and applied to the scored data used in the IRT calibration.

1. All records with an invalid form number were excluded.
2. All records that were flagged as "void" were excluded.
3. Records in which the student attempted fewer than $25 \%$ of the items were excluded. An item was deemed "not attempted" if, it had a value of " $M$ " (item omitted) or " $Z$ " (item 'spoiled', do not score) in the scored item response block. For example, if there were 25 items on a form and two were flawed (" $Z$ "), those two items were not included in the numerator or denominator of the percentage attempted calculation.
4. For students with more than one valid record, the record with the higher raw score was chosen.
5. Records for students with administration issues or anomalies were excluded.

An assumption was made that mathematics items translated into Spanish were equivalent to the same items in English. The results of Spanish versus English differential item functioning (DIF) analyses supported this assumption (see Appendix 7 Table A.7.22).

### 10.2.3 Items Excluded from IRT Sparse Matrices

Pearson conducted an initial scoring and key check. Items identified by Pearson as "spoiled" (also referred to as "do not use (DNU)") were listed and excluded from the test maps. When the IRT sparse data matrices were created, all items were included in the files unless they were marked as "spoiled" by Pearson.

### 10.2.4 Omitted, Not Reached and Not Presented Items

In the student data files, ' $Z$ ' was used to represent "spoiled" or "not presented" items and ' $M$ ' was used to represent omitted items. For IA and IRT, omitted and not reached items were treated differently. Item response scores for omits were recoded as ' 0 ' in the IRT sparse matrix files (i.e., unless the omitted item was a "not reached" item). Not reached items are omitted items at the end of the test or unit - items that the student probably did not reach or try to answer. Not Reached items were recoded from ' $M$ ' in the SIRB to ' $N$ ' (i.e., not presented) in the IRT sparse matrix files, if all items from that point, to the end of the form, are ' M ' or ' $Z$ '. Not reached items were counted as missing or no response, and therefore did not contribute to the item statistics for IA and IRT calibration.

### 10.2.5 Quality Control of the IRT Sparse Matrix Data Files

The IRT sparse data matrices were created by the primary analysts and replicators from Pearson and HumRRO. The matrices were checked for quality and accuracy by comparing the number of students ( $N$ counts), item category frequencies, and item statistics (e.g., AIS values) between Pearson and HumRRO. Since the same inclusion rules for students were used, all $N$-counts, category frequencies, and statistics for all items matched. All discrepancies in $N$-counts were resolved. The programs used to create the IRT statistics were independent, so the QC procedure involved parallel computing. Tables 10.1 and 10.2 show the $N$-Counts ( $N$ ), percentage of students (Percent), and number of items ( $n$-Items) in the CBT and PBT IRT sparse data matrices for each grade in ELA/L and mathematics, respectively.

Table 10.1 N-Counts, Percent of Students, and Number of Items in the ELA/L IRT Calibration Files

|  | $\boldsymbol{N}$ |  |  |  | Percent |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grade | ALL | CBT | PBT | CBT | PBT | CBT | PBT |
| 3 | 321,130 | 258,460 | 62,670 | 80.5 | 19.5 | 65 | 52 |
| 4 | 290,320 | 230,933 | 59,387 | 79.5 | 20.5 | 85 | 50 |
| 5 | 309,881 | 277,599 | 32,282 | 89.6 | 10.4 | 84 | 44 |
| 6 | 282,219 | 255,682 | 26,537 | 90.6 | 9.4 | 80 | 56 |
| 7 | 369,023 | 337,798 | 31,225 | 91.5 | 8.5 | 88 | 72 |
| 8 | 382,313 | 351,012 | 31,301 | 91.8 | 8.2 | 84 | 56 |
| 9 | 266,750 | 252,364 | 14,386 | 94.6 | 5.4 | 89 | 66 |
| 10 | 136,305 | 128,773 | 7,532 | 94.5 | 5.5 | 102 | 58 |
| 11 | 129,964 | 124,097 | 5,867 | 95.5 | 4.5 | 78 | 64 |

Table 10.2 N-Counts, Percent of Students, and Number of Items in the Mathematics IRT Calibration Files

| Grade/ | $\boldsymbol{N}$ |  |  |  | Percent |  | $\boldsymbol{n}$-Items |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Subject | ALL | CBT | PBT | CBT | PBT | CBT | PBT |  |
| 3 | 165,838 | 105,798 | 60,040 | 63.8 | 36.2 | 97 | 75 |  |
| 4 | 283,218 | 237,951 | 45,267 | 84.0 | 16.0 | 101 | 65 |  |
| 5 | 217,178 | 176,389 | 40,789 | 81.2 | 18.8 | 95 | 69 |  |
| 6 | 288,187 | 250,305 | 37,882 | 86.9 | 13.1 | 101 | 63 |  |
| 7 | 199,278 | 173,163 | 26,115 | 86.9 | 13.1 | 103 | 65 |  |
| 8 | 205,031 | 173,980 | 31,051 | 84.9 | 15.1 | 89 | 63 |  |
| A1 | 211,197 | 193,784 | 17,413 | 91.8 | 8.2 | 100 | 69 |  |
| GO | 119,875 | 114,802 | 5,073 | 95.8 | 4.2 | 109 | 79 |  |
| A2 | 117,223 | 109,395 | 7,828 | 93.3 | 6.7 | 101 | 73 |  |
| M1 | 14,606 | 14,606 | $n / a$ | 100 | $n / a$ | 42 | $n / a$ |  |
| M2 | 3,766 | 3,766 | $n / a$ | 100 | $n / a$ | 42 | $n / a$ |  |
| M3 | 2,081 | 2,081 | $n / a$ | 100 | $n / a$ | 40 | $n / a$ |  |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, A2 = Algebra II, GO = Geometry, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, and M3 = Integrated Mathematics III.

### 10.3 Description of the Calibration Process

The Item Response Theory (IRT) calibrations were performed separately by mode on the IRT sparse data matrix. The form-to-form linking is established through internal and external common-items selected during test construction to represent the blueprint.

### 10.3.1 Two-Parameter Logistic/Generalized Partial Credit Model

The operational IRT analyses were conducted by both Pearson and HumRRO. The operational items in the IRT sparse data matrix were concurrently calibrated with the two-parameter logistic/generalized partial credit model (2PL/GPC: Muraki, 1992). The 2PL/GPC is denoted

$$
p_{i m}\left(\theta_{j}\right)=\frac{\exp \left[\sum_{k=0}^{m} D a_{i}\left(\theta_{j}-b_{i}+d_{i k}\right)\right]}{\sum_{v=0}^{M_{i}-1} \exp \left[\sum_{k=0}^{v} D a_{i}\left(\theta_{j}-b_{i}+d_{i v}\right)\right]}
$$

where $a_{i}\left(\theta_{j}-b_{i}+d_{i 0}\right) \equiv \mathrm{O} ; p_{i m}\left(\theta_{j}\right)$ is the probability of a test taker with $\theta_{j}$ getting score $m$ on item $i ; M_{i}$ is the number of score categories of item $i$ with possible item scores as consecutive integers from 0 to $M_{i}-1 ; \quad D$ is the IRT scale constant (1.7). IRT calibrations might also use a guessing parameter in special cases, if needed.

### 10.3.2 Treatment of Prose Constructed Response (PCR) Tasks

For prose constructed response (PCR) tasks, the student received a prompt and wrote a response which was then scored using a multi-trait rubric. An aggregated PCR item score was determined by adding together the multiple scores the student received on the two traits. The PCR scoring rubric for the Research Simulation Task and the Literary Analysis Task were modified for the 2016 administration. The original (2014-2015) Written Expression (WE) and Reading Comprehension (RC) traits were combined into a single trait called Reading Comprehension and Writing Expression (RCWE). Therefore, two trait scores were assigned for these PCRs: the Reading Comprehension and Writing Expression (RCWE) or Writing Knowledge and Conventions (WKL). One of the writing traits (Written Expression) was weighted by 4 to give it more emphasis in the total score and weighted by 3 to give it more emphasis in the writing claim score. The aggregated PCR scores have total maximum points possible range from 12 to 19 depending on the item and the grade.

The PCRs were calibrated at the trait score level (and not as aggregated scores). To address the issue of local independence related to PCR items, a single-calibration "model" approach was used. When sample sizes were large (i.e., greater than 10,000 test takers), the data were manipulated using random assignment, by selecting one of the two traits for each PCR item for each student. Then one calibration was run so that all trait parameters were independently estimated. When sample sizes were smaller (i.e., field-test samples), a multiple-calibration "model" approach was used. In this alternative approach, the same data set was calibrated two times, each trait represented in one of the two data sets for all students. Then the PCR traits were scaled onto the base scale using non-PCR items as anchor items. These two trait calibration approaches addressed the issue of local dependence, and also allowed for the accurate calculation of claim scores, and the proper weighting of traits in the summative scale scores.

### 10.3.3 IRT Item Exclusion Rules (Before Calibration)

In addition to checking IRT data for accuracy, Pearson conducted item analyses (IA) to identify items that were not performing as expected and should be considered for removal from calibration and score reporting. The following are the criteria Pearson used to flag extremely problematic items to be dropped from calibration. All "non-spoiled" items were included in the IRT data matrices, however, the IRTPRO
calibration software (Cai, Thissen, \& du Toit, 2011) control files were used to exclude from calibration items flagged for the following reasons:

1. A weighted polyserial correlation less than 0.0
2. An average item score of 0.0
3. $100 \%$ of the students have the same item score, such as:
a. $100 \%$ omitted the item,
b. $100 \%$ received the same score,
c. $100 \%$ of the responses were at the same score after collapsing score categories due to low frequencies, or
d. $100 \%$ of the responses were not presented or not reached
4. Insufficient sample sizes for the selected IRT model combinations (i.e., 300 for the 2PL/GPC).
5. High omit rates (i.e., greater than $50 \%$ ) on one or more forms (usually an indication that an item may not be functioning correctly on all forms).

A master list of all problematic items before and after calibration was maintained and all flagged and potentially flawed items were brought to the PARCC Priority Alert Task Force (consisting of Parcc Inc. and participating State Leads for PARCC member states) for content and statistical reviews. Ultimately, the decisions about whether to keep or exclude an item from score reporting was made by the PARCC Priority Task Force.

### 10.3.4 IRTPRO Calibration Procedures and Convergence Criteria

The data were calibrated concurrently across forms and separately by mode (CBT and PBT) using the 2PL/GPC model combination. The PBT parameter estimates were then transformed onto the CBT scale using the Stocking and Lord (1983) procedure. The primary goal was to place the operational item data within each content area and grade/subject on a common difficulty scale. The following are the steps used to calibrate the Spring 2016 operational item response data:

1. Using the IRT sparse data matrices, concurrent calibrations were conducted using commercially available IRTPRO for Windows (version 3.0) on CBT data, and separately on PBT data within each grade/subject.
2. The 2 PL/GPC model combination was used for all grades and subjects for each content area. Thus, two calibrations were completed for each grade/subject.
3. IRTPRO Calibration Settings: The logistic partial credit model was specified using the scale constant of 1.0. The prior distributions for latent traits were set to a mean of 0.00 and a SD of 1.00. The number of quadrature points used in the estimation was set to 49. And, the slope starting value was set/updated before each run.
4. Each IRTPRO run was inspected for convergence and for any unexpected item-parameter estimates. The PRIORS command in IRTPRO provided a prior on IRT parameters to constrain the calibration so that convergence was more likely. Specifically, option "Guessing[0]" indicated that the prior is placed on the lower asymptote for the 3-PL model, and a normal
distribution for the priors with mean of -1.4 and standard deviation 1. For these items, an inspection of item-level statistics and modal-data fit plots were sufficient to ensure that item parameters were acceptable if convergence was reached. Item information functions from the IRTPRO output may also be reviewed. Pearson verified that the maximum number of EM (expectation-maximization) cycles was not reached (which indicated the program did not converge).
5. To convert IRTPRO item parameters to the commonly used logistic parameter presentation (called new item parameters), the following formula was used since IRTPRO uses 1.0 for a scaling constant. There was no need to transfer $b$ - and $c$-parameters from IRTPRO output. Please note that all un-scaled and scaled item parameters were kept on the theta scale. For 2 PL or 3PL models:

New $a$-parameter: $a_{\text {new }}=\frac{a_{\text {irtpro }}}{1.7}$
6. Pearson reported any need for item-calibration decisions, including convergence issues and extreme parameter estimates, along with proposed resolutions, to the Priority Alert Task Force. Anticipated resolutions included fixing the slope parameters to a minimum .10 value, fixing the guessing parameter to a rational value (1 divided by number of options), and fixing the difficulty parameters at an upper or lower bound, depending on the nature of the problem. If extreme $b$-parameter values were observed (e.g., $>100$ ) and the $a$-parameter values for these items were low (i.e., $<0.10$ ), it was recommended that the prior for the $a$ parameter be set to 0.5 .
7. Dropping an item from further processing or dropping an item and rerunning IRTPRO was performed only if it was needed after communication with HumRRO and the Priority Alert Task Force.
8. Inspection of model-data fit plots was helpful in deciding parameter constraints and acceptability of parameter fit. Documentation of each step, after resolution of any issues, was provided by Pearson to PARCC, HumRRO, and Measured Progress.

### 10.3.5 Calibration Quality Control

To ensure IRT calibrations and conversion tables were produced accurately, HumRRO replicated the IRT calibrations and the generation of the score conversion tables. Both Pearson and HumRRO used the same calibration software, IRTPRO. Daily meetings were held so that Pearson and HumRRO could provide status reports and discuss issues related to the IRT work. Measured Progress performed independent quality control comparisons between the Pearson and HumRRO item parameter estimates to identify any differences.

Specifically, Measured Progress completed the following quality control analyses/comparisons:

1. Made sure all items were treated the same way (e.g., if Pearson collapsed a category, made sure HumRRO collapsed the category in the same way for the item);
2. Compared IRT item parameter estimates by Pearson and HumRRO (i.e., IRT $a$-, $b$-, and $d$ parameter estimates);
3. Compared the scaling constants for the common item linking sets;
4. Compared transformed PBT parameter estimates generated by Pearson and HumRRO;
5. Compared all conversion tables produced Pearson and HumRRO to make sure they were accurate.

Measured Progress prepared reports documenting their findings. Exact matches were found between all Pearson and HumRRO conversion tables before scores were reported.

### 10.4 Model Fit Evaluation Criteria

The usefulness of IRT models is dependent on the extent to which they effectively reflect the data. As discussed by Hambleton, Swaminathan, and Rogers (1991), "The advantages of item response models can be obtained only when the fit between the model and the test data of interest is satisfactory. A poorly fitting IRT model will not yield invariant item and ability parameters" (p.53).

After convergence was achieved for each IRT data set, the IRT model fit was evaluated by doing the following:

1. Calculating the $\mathrm{Q}_{1}$ statistic and comparing it to a criterion score
2. Calculating the $\mathrm{G}^{2}$ statistic and comparing it to a criterion score
3. Reviewing graphical output for all items

The $Q_{1}$ statistic (Yen, 1981) was used as an index of correspondence between observed and expected performance. To compute $Q_{1}$, first the estimated item parameters and student response data (along with observed item scores) were used to estimate student ability $(\hat{\theta})$. Next, expected performance was computed on each item using students' ability estimates in combination with estimated item parameters. Differences between expected item performance and observed item performance were then compared at 10 intervals across the range of student achievement (with approximately the same number of students per interval). $Q_{1}$ was computed as a ratio involving expected and observed item performance. $Q_{1}$ is interpretable as a chi-squared ( $\chi^{2}$ ) statistic, which can be compared to a critical chisquared value to make a statistical inference about whether the data (observed item performance) were consistent with what might be observed if the IRT model was true (expected item performance). $Q_{1}$ is not directly comparable across different item types because items with different numbers of IRT parameters have different degrees of freedom (df). For that reason, a linear transformation (to a Zscore, $Z_{Q_{1}}$ ) was applied to $Q_{1}$. This transformation also made item fit results easier to interpret and addresses the sensitivity of $Q_{1}$ to sample size.

To evaluate item fit, Yen's $Q_{1}$ statistic was calculated for all operational and field-test items. $Q_{1}$ is a fit statistics that compares observed and expected item performance. MAP (maximum a posteriori) estimates from IRTPRO was used as student ability estimates. For dichotomous items, $Q_{1}$ was computed as

$$
Q_{1 i}=\sum_{j=1}^{j} \frac{N_{i j}\left(O_{i j}-E_{i j}\right)^{2}}{E_{i j}\left(1-E_{i j}\right)}
$$

where $N_{i j}$ was the number of examinees in interval (or group) $j$ for item $i, O_{i j}$ was the observed proportion of the examinees for the same cell, and $E_{i j}$ was the expected proportions of the examinees for the same interval. The expected proportion was computed as

$$
E_{i j}=\frac{1}{N_{i j}} \sum_{a \in j}^{N_{i j}} P_{i}\left(\hat{\theta}_{a}\right)
$$

where $P_{i}\left(\hat{\theta}_{a}\right)$ was the item characteristic function for item $i$ and examinee $a$. The summation is taken over examinees in interval $j$.

The generalization of $Q_{1}$ for items with multiple response categories is

$$
\operatorname{Gen} Q_{1 i}=\sum_{j=1}^{10} \sum_{k=1}^{m_{i}} \frac{N_{i j}\left(O_{i k j}-E_{i k j}\right)^{2}}{E_{i k j}}
$$

where

$$
E_{i k j}=\frac{1}{N_{i j}} \sum_{a \in j}^{N_{i j}} P_{i k}\left(\hat{\theta}_{a}\right)
$$

Both $Q_{1}$ and generalized $Q_{1}$ results were transformed to $Z Q_{1}$ and were compared to a criterion $Z Q_{1, \text { crit }}$ to determine acceptable fit. The conversion formula was

$$
Z Q_{1}=\frac{Q_{1}-d f}{\sqrt{2 d f}}
$$

and

$$
Z Q_{1, \text { crit }}=\frac{N}{1500} * 4,
$$

Where $d f$ is the degrees of freedom. The degrees of freedom is equal to the number independent cells minus the number of independent item parameters. For example; the degrees of freedom for polytomous items equals [ $10 \times$ (number of score categories-1) - number of independent item parameters]. For the GPCM, the number of independent item parameters equals 1 (for the $a$ parameter)
plus the number of step values (e.g., for an item scored $0,1,2,3$ : there are 3 independent step valuesthe $b$ parameter is simply the mean of the step values and is not, therefore, independent).

If $Q_{1}$ is found to be excessively sensitive (i.e., a large number of items are flagged for poor fit, even if their item fit plots look okay), a likelihood-ratio chi-squared statistic may be computed for each item (Muraki, 1997):

$$
G_{i}^{2}=2 \sum_{w=1}^{W_{i}} \sum_{h=1}^{m_{i}} r_{w i h} \ln \frac{r_{w i h}}{N_{w i} P_{i h}\left(\bar{\theta}_{w}\right)}
$$

where $r_{\text {wih }}$ is the observed frequency of the $h^{\text {th }}$ categorical response to item $i$ in interval $w, N_{w i}$ is the number of examinees in interval $w$ for item $i, P_{i h}\left(\bar{\theta}_{w}\right)$ is the expected probability of observing the $h^{\text {th }}$ categorical response to item $i$ for the mean $\theta$ in interval $w$, and $W_{i}$ is the number of intervals remaining after neighboring intervals are merged, if necessary, to avoid expected values, $N_{w i} P_{i h}\left(\bar{\theta}_{w}\right)$, less than 5. To conduct a standard hypothesis test, the number of degrees of freedom is equal to the number of intervals, $W_{i}$, multiplied by $m_{i}-1$.

As an alternative to a traditional hypothesis test, the "contingency coefficient" (effect size; Barton \& Huynh, 2003) was computed:

$$
C=\sqrt{\frac{\chi^{2}}{\chi^{2}+N}}
$$

In this formula, $G_{i}^{2}$ was substituted for $\chi^{2}$, and $N$ is the sample size on which the IRT parameters were estimated. According to Cohen (1988, pp. 224-225) values of C below .10 are considered insignificant, .10+ small, .287+ medium, and .447+ large. A threshold of .35 is recommended (i.e., flag items for which $\mathrm{C} \geq .35$ ).

An item fit-plot was created for each item. Item-fit plots show observed and expected average scores for each interval (e.g., figure below).


Figure 10.1 An example ELA/L 5-Category Item, 2 PL/GPC Model, N-count 44,658, $Q_{1}=1266.64$, $Z Q_{1}=147.21$ and a criterion $Z Q_{1, \text { crit }}=237.02$

### 10.5 Items Excluded from Score Reporting

As mentioned previously, after calibration and model fit evaluation was completed, a master list of all problematic items was compiled and potentially flawed items were brought to the PARCC Priority Alert Task Force. The Task Force reviewed each item, its content and the statistical properties, and made decisions about whether to include the item in the operational scores. Sometimes, an item was rejected because it appeared to have content issues, and sometimes an item was excluded because it could not be calibrated or showed extremely poor IRT model fit. Ultimately the decisions about whether to keep or exclude each flagged item was made by the Task Force.

### 10.5.1 Item Review Process

The following are the types of problematic items that were brought to the PARCC Priority Alert Task Force for evaluation and an "include or exclude" determination was made:

1. Extremely difficult items (e.g., an item with a $p$ value less than 0.02 ),
2. Items with low $a$-parameter estimates (e.g., slope less than 0.10 ),
3. Items flagged for subgroup DIF or language DIF

Again, the primary goal was to minimize the number of items dropped from the operational test forms. An equally important goal was to not advantage or disadvantage any test takers.

### 10.5.2 Count and Percentage of Items Excluded from Score Reporting

All items that did not have IRT item parameter estimates were excluded from the student operational scores and the conversion tables used for score reporting. For ELA/L and mathematics, at most $2 \%$ of the items were excluded from score reporting for all grades/subjects. Figure 10.2 demonstrates an item that was flagged during the calibrations and item fit review for poor statistics (a-parameter=0.02 and bparameter=33.48) and poor fit (e.g. $Q_{1}=4947.19, Z Q_{1}=845.52$ and a criterion $Z Q_{1, \text { crit }}=468.90$ ). This item was reviewed by the Priority Alert Task Force and removed from scoring.


Figure 10.2 An example ELA/L 3-Category Item, 2 PL/GPC Model, N-count 175,839

Tables 10.3 and 10.4 present the count and percentage of CBT and PBT items excluded from IRT calibration along with the reasons the items were excluded for ELA/L and mathematics, respectively.

Table 10.3 Number and Percentage of ELA/L Items Excluded from IRT Calibration

| Grade | Total $n$ of CBT Items | $n$ of CBT Items <br> Excluded | Percent <br> Excluded | Reason Excluded |  |  |  | Total $n$ of PBT Items | $n$ of PBT Items Excluded | Percent <br> Excluded | Reason Excluded |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Small Sample Size | Poor IA Stats | Did Not <br> Calibrate | Other |  |  |  | Small Sample Size | Poor IA Stats. | Did Not Calibrate | Other |
| 3 | 65 | 1 | 2\% |  | 1 |  |  | 52 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 85 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  | 50 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 84 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  | 44 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | 80 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  | 56 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 88 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  | 72 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | 84 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  | 56 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | 89 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  | 66 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | 102 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  | 58 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | 78 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  | 64 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  |

Table 10.4 Number and Percentage of Mathematics Items Excluded from IRT Calibration

| Grade/ Subject | Total $n$ of CBT Items | $n$ of CBT Items <br> Excluded | Percent <br> Excluded | Reason Excluded |  |  |  | Total <br> $n$ of <br> PBT <br> Items | $n$ of PBT Items <br> Excluded | Percent <br> Excluded | Reason Excluded |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Small Sample Size | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Poor } \\ & \text { IA } \\ & \text { Stats } \end{aligned}$ | Did Not Calibrate | Other |  |  |  | Small Sample Size | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Poor } \\ & \text { IA } \\ & \text { Stats. } \end{aligned}$ | Did Not <br> Calibrate | Other |
| 3 | 97 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  | 75 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 101 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  | 65 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 95 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  | 69 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | 101 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  | 63 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 103 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  | 65 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | 89 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  | 63 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  |
| A1 | 100 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  | 69 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  |
| GO | 101 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  | 73 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  |
| A2 | 109 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  | 79 | 1 | 1\% |  | 1 |  |  |
| M1 | 42 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  | n/a |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| M2 | 42 | 1 | 2\% |  | 1 |  |  | n/a |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| M3 | 40 | 0 | 0\% |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III.

### 10.6 Scaling Parameter Estimates

Three linking analyses to transform IRT parameters to a new IRT scale were a part of the spring 2016 psychometric process: (1) Year-to-year linking, (2) paper-to-online linking, and (3) traditional mathematics to integrated mathematics linking. The linking analyses included common-item sets. The linking methodology was based on the Stocking and Lord (1983) test characteristic curve scale transformation method.

### 10.6.1 Scaling Procedures (Year-to-Year)

Year-to-year linking transforms IRT parameters from different years (or administrations) onto the same underlying IRT scale. Due to the PARCC test redesign and updates to the trait scoring for the PCRs, the spring 2016 online IRT scale was established as the base IRT scale. The PARCC item bank consisting of spring 2015, fall 2015, and fall 2014 IRT parameters were on the 2015 IRT scale. The item bank was transformed to the spring 2016 IRT scale through a common item linking set consisting of spring 2016 operational online items that were operational or field-test items on the spring 2015 online administration.

Once the CBT item response data were calibrated for all grades/subjects for each content area, all available item parameter estimates of operational common items across years, were used to transform the spring 2015 item parameter estimates onto the spring 2016 scales. The software program STUIRT (Kim \& Kolen, 2004) was used to obtain Stocking and Lord (1983) transformation values to link the scales.

The 2015 IRT parameters were then transformed to the 2016 IRT scale through the transformation values using the following formulas:

$$
a_{2016}=a_{2015} / \text { slope }_{2015 \text { _to_2016 }}
$$

where $a_{2015}$ is the item discrimination parameter from 2015 for a given item, and $a_{2016}$ is the 2015 item discrimination on 2016 scale for the same item, and slope 2015_to_2016 $^{\text {is }}$ the multiplicative coefficient from linking the IRT parameters in 2015 to the IRT parameters in 2016 resulting from the application of the Stocking and Lord methodology.

$$
b_{2016}=b_{2015} * \text { slope }_{2015-t o \_2016}+\text { intercept }_{2015 \text { _to_2016 }}
$$

where $b_{2015}$ is the item difficulty parameter from 2015 for a given item, and $b_{2016}$ is the item difficulty on 2016 scale, and intercept 2015_to_2016 is the additive coefficient from linking the IRT parameters in 2015 to the IRT parameters in 2016 based on the Stocking and Lord methodology.

### 10.6.2 Scaling Procedures (PBT to CBT)

PARCC tests are administered in two delivery modes: (1) online and (2) paper. Even though the tests are administered in different modes, the test forms have common items. The spring 2016 online IRT scale is the base scale for each PARCC assessments. The common items allow paper IRT parameters to be
transformed to the online IRT scale. The common item set consists of spring 2016 operational and fieldtest online items that are operational or field-test items in the spring 2016 paper administration.

Once the CBT and PBT item response data were calibrated for all grades/subjects for each content area, all available item parameter estimates of common items across modes (CBT and PBT), were used to transform the PBT item parameter estimates onto the CBT scales. The software program STUIRT (Kim \& Kolen, 2004) was used to obtain Stocking and Lord (1983) transformation values to link the PBT scales.

### 10.6.3 Scaling Procedures (Traditional-to-Integrated Mathematics)

A special linking design between traditional mathematics and integrated mathematics was implemented using items that measure the same content standards in traditional and integrated mathematics. This linking design was necessary because the small sample sizes on the integrated mathematics assessments could not support extensive field testing in integrated mathematics. Establishing a link between traditional and integrated mathematics enriched the integrated mathematics item banks for test construction purposes and pre-equating form construction.

For linking purpose, some operational integrated mathematics items were also administered as field test items in the traditional mathematics forms. These items were used as common items to transform the traditional mathematics items onto the integrated mathematics IRT scales. This linking design was completed after the year-to-year linking and the paper-to-online linking are completed.

Due to the integrated mathematics assessments having content standards in common with multiple traditional mathematics assessments, there are multiple linking transforms planned. Where common items were available, each traditional mathematics assessment was scaled to each integrated mathematics scale. The software program STUIRT (Kim \& Kolen, 2004) was used to obtain Stocking and Lord (1983) transformation values.

### 10.6.4 Comparability across Spanish and English Versions

All items on one CBT and one PBT form of the mathematics test at each grade/subject was translated from English into Spanish. However, data from the Spanish forms were not included in the calibration with the English data. The item parameter estimates based on data from the English forms was used to generate conversion tables for the Spanish forms. To check that the Spanish and English items were performing similarly across language versions, when sample size was large enough, Mantel-Haenszel (MH) and the Standardized Mean Difference (SMD) DIF procedures were run and items showing C-DIF were dropped from the Spanish forms. The DIF analyses ${ }^{10}$ required at least 100 students for the smaller group (either reference or focal group) and 400 student for the combined group (reference and focal groups). If either of these sample size requirements were not met, then the DIF analyses were not performed.

An item may be dropped from the Spanish form if: a) it appears the item was poorly translated, and b) if it provided either an advantage or a disadvantage to those students taking the Spanish forms. Spanish

[^9]items flagged for C-DIF were reviewed by Pearson content specialists to decide if the translations were an issue. These items were also reviewed by the Priority Alert Task Force for determination of whether to exclude these items from score reporting. The number and content representation of the flagged items (to be dropped) was monitored closely to avoid dropping large number of items and points for a single form, and to avoid dropping too many items from a single subclaim. Items excluded from score reporting due to Spanish DIF were: one item each in mathematics grades 5, 6, 8, and Integrated Mathematics II; two items in Algebra II; three items in Integrated Mathematics I; and six items in Integrated Mathematics III.

### 10.6.5 Scaling Quality Control

HumRRO not only conducted independent calibrations of item response data using IRTPRO scaling software, they also used STUIRT (Kim \& Kolen, 2004) software to transform their IRTPRO item parameter estimates onto the IRTPRO scales for each grade/subject. HumRRO's scaling constants were compared to those generated by Pearson and found exactly match. As described in Section 10.3.4, Measured Progress independently made certain that the same items were excluded from the linking sets, and compared transformed parameter estimates by Pearson and HumRRO.

### 10.7 Items Excluded from Linking Sets

Linking is an iterative process. Robust $Z$ (Huynh \& Meyer, 2010) and Weighted Root Mean Square Difference (WRMSD) were used to identify outlier items in the linking sets. Furthermore, items used in the paper-to-online linking were checked for differential item functioning (DIF). Mantel-Haenszel D-DIF procedures were used for dichotomous items and standardized mean difference (SMD) were calculated for polytomous items. The following rules were used to identify items for possible exclusion from the linking sets:

1) Exclude an item from the common item set if different amounts of collapsing resulted in a different number of response categories across modes or versions.
2) Flag and potentially exclude an item from the common item set if the online or paper weighted polyserial correlation, based on the item analysis, was less than 0.10.
3) Exclude items dropped by the PARCC Priority Alert Task Force (i.e., due to content or parameter estimation issues).
4) Flag and potentially exclude an item from the common item set if the mode DIF results indicated positive or negative C-DIF.

After removing items due to item performance issues as described above, the following steps were performed:
5) Implement the Robust $Z$ approach to see if any common items are flagged
6) Run the initial Stocking and Lord procedure using the STUIRT software
7) Calculate WRMSD and check to see if any common items exceed the threshold
8) Re-run STUIRT after removing the items flagged by Robust $Z$
9) Compare the slopes and intercepts from steps 2 and 4

SAS code was developed to calculate WRMSD, Robust Z, compare the item characteristic curves (ICCs) across modes and to identify items for possible removal from the linking sets. Table 10.5 lists the flag criteria for the weighted root mean square difference (WRMSD). (Note: these values were originally developed as part of the 2014 PARCC field test analysis.).

Table 10.5 WRMSD Flagging Criteria for Inspection and Possible Removal of Linking Items

| Categories | Points | WRMSD/ <br> Points | WRMSD |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | | 2 | 1 | 0.100 | 0.100 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 3 | 2 | 0.075 | 0.150 |
| 4 | 3 | 0.075 | 0.225 |
| 5 | 4 | 0.075 | 0.300 |
| 6 | 5 | 0.075 | 0.375 |
| 7 | 6 | 0.075 | 0.450 |
| $>=8$ | $>=7$ | 0.090 | 0.999 |

When inspecting items flagged for exclusion from the linking sets, content representation was also considered to avoid removing large numbers of items from the same subclaim. Tables 10.6 and 10.7 present the numbers of items excluded from the year-to-year linking sets for each grade/subject by content area. Tables 10.6 and 10.7 present: the total number of common items, items excluded from the year-to-year linking sets, and items kept in the linking sets for each grade/subject by content area. For ELA/L the final number of linking items ranged from 36 (in grade 3) to 80 (in grade 10). For mathematics, the final number of linking items ranged from 18 (in integrated mathematics 3 ) to 94 (in grade 7). For ELA/L, grade 6 had the largest number of items removed from the linking sets due to Robust $Z$ for the a-parameter and b-parameter. For mathematics, grade 6 had the largest number of items removed from the linking sets due to Robust $Z$ for the b-parameter.

Table 10.6 Number of ELA/L Items Excluded from the Year-to-Year Linking Sets

|  | ```Total \(n\) of Common Items``` | Number Excluded | Final Number in Linking Set | Number of Excluded Items by Reason for Exclusion |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grade |  |  |  | Low Polyserial | $\begin{gathered} \text { Robust Z } \\ \text { IRT_a } \end{gathered}$ | Robust Z IRT_b | High WRMSD |
| 3 | 43 | 7 | 36 |  | 3 | 4 |  |
| 4 | 58 | 11 | 47 |  | 4 | 7 |  |
| 5 | 70 | 12 | 58 |  | 5 | 7 |  |
| 6 | 73 | 15 | 58 |  | 7 | 8 |  |
| 7 | 53 | 9 | 44 |  | 6 | 3 |  |
| 8 | 64 | 4 | 60 |  | 3 | 1 |  |
| 9 | 78 | 8 | 70 |  | 6 | 2 |  |
| 10 | 88 | 8 | 80 |  | 6 | 2 |  |
| 11 | 63 | 4 | 59 |  | 2 | 2 |  |

Table 10.7 Number of Mathematics Items Excluded from the Year-to-Year Linking Sets

| Grade /Subj. | Total $n$ of Common Items | Number Excluded | Final Number in Linking Set | Number of Excluded Items by Reason for Exclusion |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Low Polyserial | Robust <br> Z IRT_a | Robust Z IRT_b | High WRMSD |
| 3 | 87 | 9 | 78 |  | 3 | 6 |  |
| 4 | 91 | 5 | 86 |  | 4 | 1 |  |
| 5 | 80 | 12 | 68 |  | 5 | 7 |  |
| 6 | 86 | 16 | 70 |  | 6 | 10 |  |
| 7 | 97 | 3 | 94 |  | 2 | 1 |  |
| 8 | 72 | 5 | 67 |  | 4 | 1 |  |
| A1 | 91 | 11 | 80 |  | 8 | 3 |  |
| GO | 98 | 5 | 93 |  | 5 |  |  |
| A2 | 83 | 10 | 73 |  | 4 | 6 |  |
| M1 | 23 | 4 | 19 |  | 2 | 2 |  |
| M2 | 24 | 4 | 20 | 1 | 2 | 2 |  |
| M3 | 21 | 3 | 18 |  | 1 | 2 |  |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III.

Tables 10.8 and 10.9 present the numbers of items excluded from the CBT/PBT linking sets for each grade/subject by content area. Tables 10.8 and 10.9 present: the total number of common items, items excluded from the CBT/PBT linking sets, and items kept in the linking sets for each grade/subject by content area. For ELA/L the final number of linking items ranged from 11 (in grade 10) to 26 (in grade 4). For mathematics, the final number of linking items ranged from 18 (in grade 4 and Algebra I) to 30 (in grades 6 and 8 ). For ELA/L, grade 7 had the largest number of items removed from the linking sets due
to Robust $Z$ for the a-parameter. For mathematics, grade 4 had the largest number of items removed from the linking sets due to Robust $Z$ for the a-parameter.

Table 10.8 Number of ELA/L Items Excluded from the CBT/PBT Linking Sets

| Grade | Total $n$ of Common Items | Number Excluded | Final Number in Linking Set | Number of Excluded Items by Reason for Exclusion |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Low Polyserial | Mode <br> C-DIF | Robust Z IRT_a | Robust Z IRT_b | High WRMSD |
| 3 | 21 | 4 | 17 |  | 2 | 1 | 1 |  |
| 4 | 30 | 4 | 26 |  | 2 | 2 |  |  |
| 5 | 14 | 0 | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | 25 | 2 | 23 |  |  | 2 |  |  |
| 7 | 30 | 6 | 24 |  | 4 | 4 | 2 |  |
| 8 | 29 | 4 | 25 |  |  | 3 | 1 |  |
| 9 | 26 | 2 | 24 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |
| 10 | 12 | 1 | 11 |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 11 | 28 | 4 | 24 |  | 1 | 1 | 2 |  |

Table 10.9 Number of Mathematics Items Excluded from the CBT/PBT Linking Sets

|  | Total $n$ of Common Items | Number Excluded | Final Number in Linking Set | Number of Excluded Items by Reason for Exclusion |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grade <br> /Subj. |  |  |  | Low Polyserial | Mode C-DIF | Robust Z IRT_a | $\begin{gathered} \text { Robust Z } \\ \text { IRT_b } \end{gathered}$ | High WRMSD |
| 3 | 33 | 5 | 28 |  |  | 1 | 4 |  |
| 4 | 29 | 11 | 18 |  | 3 | 8 | 2 |  |
| 5 | 32 | 5 | 27 |  |  | 3 | 2 |  |
| 6 | 32 | 2 | 30 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |
| 7 | 27 | 2 | 25 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| 8 | 34 | 4 | 30 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |  |
| A1 | 22 | 4 | 18 |  |  | 3 | 1 |  |
| GO | 25 | 5 | 20 |  | 1 | 3 | 1 |  |
| A2 | 22 | 2 | 20 | 1 |  | 2 |  |  |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II.

### 10.8 Correlations and Plots of Scaling Item Parameter Estimates

Once the final group of items for each linking set was determined, and the 2015 item parameter estimates were transformed onto the 2016 scales, the $a$ - and $b$-parameter estimates across modes were plotted and the correlation between the $a$-parameter estimates and the $b$-parameter estimates were calculated. Tables 10.10 and 10.11 present the number of linking items, score points of the linking items, and the correlation of the $a$ - and $b$-parameter estimates across years.

Table 10.10 Number of Items, Number of Points and Correlations for ELA/L Year-to-Year Linking Items

| Number |  |  |  | Parameter Correlations |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Items | Points | $\boldsymbol{a}-$ | $\boldsymbol{b}$ - |  |
| Grade | 36 | 76 | 0.99 | 0.99 |  |
| 3 | 47 | 101 | 0.98 | 0.99 |  |
| 4 | 58 | 121 | 0.98 | 0.99 |  |
| 5 | 58 | 121 | 0.99 | 0.99 |  |
| 6 | 44 | 92 | 0.97 | 0.97 |  |
| 7 | 60 | 124 | 0.97 | 0.98 |  |
| 8 | 70 | 144 | 0.98 | 0.98 |  |
| 9 | 80 | 168 | 0.97 | 0.96 |  |
| 10 | 59 | 126 | 0.97 | 0.98 |  |
| 11 |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 10.11 Number of Items, Number of Points and Correlations for Mathematics Year-to-Year Linking Items

|  | Number |  | Parameter Correlations |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grade/ Subject | Items | Points | $a-$ | b- |
| 3 | 78 | 111 | 0.97 | 0.99 |
| 4 | 86 | 129 | 0.95 | 0.99 |
| 5 | 68 | 121 | 0.97 | 0.99 |
| 6 | 70 | 108 | 0.98 | 0.99 |
| 7 | 94 | 158 | 0.97 | 0.99 |
| 8 | 67 | 120 | 0.96 | 0.99 |
| A1 | 80 | 163 | 0.97 | 0.98 |
| GE | 93 | 178 | 0.96 | 0.99 |
| A2 | 73 | 145 | 0.97 | 0.98 |
| M1 | 19 | 36 | 0.98 | 0.98 |
| M2 | 20 | 43 | 0.94 | 0.98 |
| M3 | 18 | 36 | 0.93 | 0.98 |

Note: A1 = Algebra $\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{GO}=$ Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics $\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{M} 2$ = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III.

Tables 10.12 and 10.13 presents similar information for the PBT/CBT linking items; that is, the number of PBT/CBT linking items, score points of the linking items, and the correlation of the $a$ - and $b$-parameter estimates across modes.

Table 10.12 Number of Items, Number of Points and Correlations for ELA/L CBT/PBT Linking Items

| Number |  |  | Parameter Correlations |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grade | Items | Points | $\boldsymbol{a}-$ | $\boldsymbol{b}$ - |
| 3 | 17 | 37 | 0.98 | 0.99 |
| 4 | 26 | 55 | 0.98 | 0.99 |
| 5 | 14 | 32 | 0.98 | 0.97 |
| 6 | 23 | 49 | 0.97 | 0.99 |
| 7 | 24 | 48 | 0.91 | 0.98 |
| 8 | 25 | 53 | 0.98 | 0.98 |
| 9 | 24 | 51 | 0.97 | 0.99 |
| 10 | 11 | 25 | 0.99 | 0.99 |
| 11 | 24 | 50 | 0.97 | 0.99 |

Table 10.13 Number of Items, Number of Points and Correlations for Mathematics CBT/PBT Linking Items

| Number |  |  |  | Parameter Correlations |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grade/ <br> Subject | Items | Points | $\boldsymbol{a}-$ | $\boldsymbol{b}$ - |  |
| 3 | 28 | 38 | 0.92 | 0.99 |  |
| 4 | 18 | 24 | 0.97 | 0.98 |  |
| 5 | 27 | 50 | 0.94 | 1.00 |  |
| 6 | 30 | 44 | 0.96 | 0.99 |  |
| 7 | 25 | 32 | 0.9 | 0.99 |  |
| 8 | 30 | 58 | 0.96 | 0.99 |  |
| A1 | 18 | 40 | 0.98 | 0.99 |  |
| GE | 20 | 56 | 0.93 | 0.99 |  |
| A2 | 20 | 60 | 0.93 | 0.96 |  |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III.

Figures 10.3 to 10.10 are a selection of plots of the $a$ - and $b$-parameter estimates for linking items for the year-to-year linking and CBT/PBT linking. ELA/L grade 8 (Figures 10.3 and 10.4) and mathematics grade 5 (Figures 10.5 and 10.6) are examples of the year-to-year linking. ELA/L grade 4 (Figures 10.7 and 10.8) and mathematics grade 8 (Figures 10.9 and 10.10) are examples of the CBT/PBT linking. For each plot, the $x$-axis is the original (reference) parameter and the $y$-axis is the new parameter after applying the scaling constants.


Figure 10.3 ELA/L Grade 8 Transformed New $a$ - vs. Reference $a$-Parameter Estimates for Year-to-Year Linking


Figure 10.4 ELA/L Grade 8 Transformed New $b$ - vs. Reference $b$-Parameter Estimates for Year-to-Year Linking


Figure 10.5 Mathematics Grade 5 Transformed New $a$ - vs. Reference $a$-Parameter Estimates for Year-toYear Linking


Figure 10.6 Mathematics Grade 5 Transformed New b-vs. Reference b-Parameter Estimates for Year-toYear Linking


Figure 10.7 ELA/L Grade 4 Transformed New $a$ - vs. Reference $a$-Parameter Estimates for PBT to CBT Linking


Figure 10.8 ELA/L Grade 4 Transformed New $b$ - vs. Reference $b$-Parameter Estimates for PBT to CBT Linking


Figure 10.9 Mathematics Grade 8 Transformed New $a$ - vs. Reference $a$-Parameter Estimates for PBT to CBT Linking


Figure 10.10 Mathematics Grade 8 Transformed New $b$ - vs. Reference $b$-Parameter Estimates for PBT to CBT Linking

### 10.9 Scaling Constants

Tables 10.14-10.17 present the slope and intercept scaling constants for ELA/L and mathematics for the year-to-year linking and the PBT to CBT linking, respectively, derived from STUIRT (Kim \& Kolen, 2004) using the Stocking and Lord (1983) test characteristic curve procedure.

Table 10.14 shows that, for ELA/L, the intercept is fairly consistent, ranging between -0.12 and 0.04 for grades 3 through 11. Table 10.15 shows that, for mathematics, the intercept is fairly consistent, ranging between -0.28 and 0.01 for grades 3 through 8 and high school.

Table 10.14 Scaling Constants Spring 2015 to Spring 2016 for ELA/L
Spring 2015 to Spring 2016

|  | Slope | Intercept |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3 | 0.9864 | -0.0012 |
| 4 | 0.9759 | -0.0047 |
| 5 | 1.0004 | 0.0363 |
| 6 | 1.0145 | 0.0191 |
| 7 | 0.9991 | -0.0747 |
| 8 | 1.0062 | -0.1229 |
| 9 | 1.0011 | -0.0844 |
| 10 | 0.9844 | -0.0685 |
| 11 | 1.0489 | 0.0404 |

Table 10.15 Scaling Constants Spring 2015 to Spring 2016 for Mathematics

|  | Spring 2015 to Spring 2016 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Grade/ Subject | Slope | Intercept |  |
|  | 3 | 0.9918 | -0.1840 |
|  | 4 | 0.9880 | -0.1230 |
| 6 | 0.9983 | -0.1863 |  |
| 7 | 1.0182 | -0.0899 |  |
| 8 | 1.0229 | -0.0673 |  |
| A1 | 1.0185 | -0.0278 |  |
| GO | 0.9618 | -0.1158 |  |
| A2 | 0.9701 | -0.0907 |  |
| M1 | 0.9431 | -0.0682 |  |
| M2 | 1.0393 | -0.1600 |  |
| M3 | 1.0009 | 0.0131 |  |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III.

Table 10.16 shows that, for ELA/L, the intercept is fairly consistent, ranging between 0.004 and 0.35 for grades 3 through 11. Table 10.17 shows that, for mathematics, the intercept ranged between -0.32 and 0.38 for grades 3 through 8 and high school.

Table 10.16 Scaling Constants Spring 2016 PBT to CBT for ELA/L

|  | Spring 2016 PBT to CBT |  |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Grade/Subject | Slope | Intercept |
| 3 | 1.0329 | 0.1125 |
| 4 | 1.0062 | 0.0042 |
| 5 | 0.9547 | 0.3535 |
| 6 | 1.0476 | 0.2647 |
| 7 | 1.0498 | 0.0700 |
| 8 | 1.0186 | 0.2071 |
| 9 | 1.0615 | 0.2635 |
| 10 | 1.0255 | 0.2155 |
| 11 | 1.0965 | 0.2197 |

Table 10.17 Scaling Constants Spring 2016 PBT to CBT for Mathematics

|  | Spring 2015 PBT to CBT |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| Grade/ Subject | Slope | Intercept |
| 3 | 1.0604 | -0.1093 |
| 4 | 1.0330 | -0.3249 |
| 5 | 1.0554 | 0.0635 |
| 6 | 1.0655 | 0.0455 |
| 7 | 1.1436 | 0.1332 |
| 8 | 1.2392 | 0.3817 |
| A1 | 1.0979 | 0.1167 |
| GO | 1.0260 | 0.1064 |
| A2 | 0.9786 | 0.1854 |
| M1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| M2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| M3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III.

### 10.10 Summary Statistics and Distributions from IRT Analyses

Tables 10.18 through 10.29 present summary statistics for the IRT ( $b$ - and $a$-) parameter estimates and the standard errors (SEs) of the parameter estimates, as well as the IRT model fit values (chi-square and adjusted fit). The information is provided by content area (ELA/L and mathematics) and by mode (CBT and PBT) for all items at each grade level or course. The summary statistics shown include the total
number of items and score points, along with the mean, standard deviation (SD) and minimum and maximum.

### 10.10.1 IRT Summary Statistics for English Language Arts/Literacy

Tables 10.18 and 10.23 show the $b$ - and $a$-parameter estimates for the ELA/L assessments. All item responses were estimated using the $2 \mathrm{PL} / \mathrm{GPC}$ model combination. Tables 10.20 and 10.21 present the standard errors of estimate for CBT and PBT ELA/L assessments, and Tables 10.22 and 10.23 provide model fit information. IRT summary statistics are provided in the Appendix 10 for ELA/L for all items, reading-only, and writing-only.

Table 10.18 CBT IRT Summary Parameter Estimates for All Items for ELA/L by Grade

| Grade | No. of Items | No. of Score Points | b Estimates Summary |  |  |  | a Estimates Summary |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| 3 | 64 | 140 | 0.49 | 1.07 | -1.42 | 3.25 | 0.55 | 0.19 | 0.16 | 1.07 |
| 4 | 85 | 189 | 0.46 | 1.09 | -3.55 | 4.96 | 0.48 | 0.22 | 0.17 | 0.99 |
| 5 | 84 | 186 | 0.83 | 1.38 | -1.31 | 7.91 | 0.48 | 0.25 | 0.05 | 1.12 |
| 6 | 80 | 178 | 0.55 | 0.87 | -1.43 | 3.8 | 0.45 | 0.21 | 0.1 | 0.98 |
| 7 | 88 | 194 | 0.31 | 0.87 | -1.81 | 3.18 | 0.45 | 0.21 | 0.17 | 1.02 |
| 8 | 84 | 186 | 0.38 | 0.95 | -1.57 | 5.15 | 0.47 | 0.23 | 0.1 | 1.03 |
| 9 | 89 | 196 | 0.74 | 1.09 | -0.78 | 6.49 | 0.48 | 0.25 | 0.08 | 1.16 |
| 10 | 102 | 225 | 0.70 | 0.83 | -1.15 | 3.39 | 0.49 | 0.19 | 0.14 | 0.95 |
| 11 | 78 | 174 | 1.00 | 1.37 | -1.15 | 8.68 | 0.47 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.96 |

Table 10.19 PBT IRT Summary Parameter Estimates for All Items for ELA/L by Grade

|  |  | No. of | $\boldsymbol{b}$ Estimates Summary |  |  |  | $\boldsymbol{a}$ Estimates Summary |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grade | No. of | Score |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Items | Points | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |  |
| 3 | 52 | 114 | 0.66 | 0.88 | -1.1 | 3.25 | 0.52 | 0.18 | 0.12 | 0.82 |
| 4 | 50 | 111 | 0.73 | 1.06 | -1.13 | 5.09 | 0.41 | 0.17 | 0.15 | 0.82 |
| 5 | 44 | 98 | 0.91 | 0.83 | -0.97 | 2.93 | 0.46 | 0.21 | 0.13 | 0.94 |
| 6 | 56 | 121 | 0.50 | 0.74 | -0.82 | 2.14 | 0.43 | 0.16 | 0.16 | 0.78 |
| 7 | 72 | 159 | 0.28 | 0.83 | -1.99 | 2.92 | 0.40 | 0.15 | 0.11 | 0.82 |
| 8 | 56 | 124 | 0.37 | 0.84 | -1.17 | 2.97 | 0.43 | 0.18 | 0.09 | 0.88 |
| 9 | 66 | 144 | 0.47 | 0.83 | -1.12 | 2.93 | 0.43 | 0.16 | 0.18 | 0.79 |
| 10 | 58 | 128 | 0.70 | 0.76 | -0.53 | 2.59 | 0.50 | 0.19 | 0.18 | 0.9 |
| 11 | 64 | 140 | 1.06 | 0.99 | -0.97 | 3.75 | 0.41 | 0.21 | 0.1 | 0.89 |

Table 10.20 CBT IRT Standard Errors of Parameter Estimates for All Items for ELA/L by Grade

| Grade | No. of Items | No. of Score Points | SE of $b$ Estimates |  |  |  | SE of $a$ Estimates |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| 3 | 64 | 140 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.003 | 0.057 | 0.004 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.009 |
| 4 | 85 | 189 | 0.013 | 0.016 | 0.004 | 0.107 | 0.005 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.011 |
| 5 | 84 | 186 | 0.018 | 0.041 | 0.004 | 0.316 | 0.004 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.011 |
| 6 | 80 | 178 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.004 | 0.071 | 0.004 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.01 |
| 7 | 88 | 194 | 0.008 | 0.005 | 0.003 | 0.043 | 0.004 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.01 |
| 8 | 84 | 186 | 0.009 | 0.01 | 0.003 | 0.093 | 0.003 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.009 |
| 9 | 89 | 196 | 0.014 | 0.027 | 0.004 | 0.238 | 0.004 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.011 |
| 10 | 102 | 225 | 0.015 | 0.012 | 0.006 | 0.079 | 0.006 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.013 |
| 11 | 78 | 174 | 0.022 | 0.037 | 0.005 | 0.297 | 0.006 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.015 |

Table 10.21 PBT IRT Standard Errors of Parameter Estimates for All Items for ELA/L by Grade

|  |  | No. of | SE of $\boldsymbol{b}$ Estimates |  |  |  |  | SE of $a$ Estimates |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grade | No. of | Score |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Items | Points | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |  |  |
| 3 | 52 | 114 | 0.016 | 0.012 | 0.007 | 0.085 | 0.007 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.014 |  |
| 4 | 50 | 111 | 0.022 | 0.027 | 0.007 | 0.187 | 0.007 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.015 |  |
| 5 | 44 | 98 | 0.024 | 0.016 | 0.009 | 0.076 | 0.009 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.02 |  |
| 6 | 56 | 121 | 0.021 | 0.012 | 0.01 | 0.083 | 0.009 | 0.003 | 0.005 | 0.015 |  |
| 7 | 72 | 159 | 0.024 | 0.018 | 0.011 | 0.154 | 0.009 | 0.003 | 0.004 | 0.02 |  |
| 8 | 56 | 124 | 0.022 | 0.015 | 0.01 | 0.09 | 0.009 | 0.003 | 0.004 | 0.02 |  |
| 9 | 66 | 144 | 0.032 | 0.018 | 0.015 | 0.122 | 0.013 | 0.005 | 0.007 | 0.029 |  |
| 10 | 58 | 128 | 0.043 | 0.032 | 0.019 | 0.174 | 0.02 | 0.007 | 0.009 | 0.04 |  |
| 11 | 64 | 140 | 0.074 | 0.057 | 0.026 | 0.258 | 0.021 | 0.008 | 0.01 | 0.044 |  |

Table 10.22 CBT IRT Model Fit for All Items for ELA/L by Grade

| Grade | No. of Items | No. of Score Points | $\boldsymbol{G}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |  |  |  | $\mathrm{Q}_{1}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| 3 | 64 | 140 | 3136.9 | 2980 | 450.4 | 17317 | 3004.6 | 2881.8 | 418 | 17000.5 |
| 4 | 85 | 189 | 2181.4 | 1726.3 | 155.4 | 9059.9 | 2121.4 | 1741.4 | 148.9 | 9757.6 |
| 5 | 84 | 186 | 2521.2 | 2016.4 | 282.2 | 10665.5 | 2432.3 | 1982.7 | 278.3 | 10922.5 |
| 6 | 80 | 178 | 2898.3 | 2583.5 | 324.9 | 15422.4 | 2813.2 | 2623.8 | 320.2 | 16395.8 |
| 7 | 88 | 194 | 3447.8 | 3089.5 | 333.1 | 17360.3 | 3432.7 | 3351 | 300.3 | 21851.3 |
| 8 | 84 | 186 | 2919.8 | 3105.5 | 253.1 | 23884.3 | 2873.3 | 3175 | 248.4 | 24231.3 |
| 9 | 89 | 196 | 2629.2 | 2164.4 | 301.4 | 9393.9 | 2564 | 2245.2 | 289.5 | 10501.1 |
| 10 | 102 | 225 | 1382 | 987.7 | 172.2 | 5524 | 1309.8 | 971 | 168.4 | 5623.9 |
| 11 | 78 | 174 | 1367.9 | 1250.8 | 147.5 | 5899 | 1350.7 | 1291 | 143.6 | 6363.8 |

Table 10.23 PBT IRT Model Fit for All Items for ELA/L by Grade

| Grade | No. of Items | No. of Score Points | $\boldsymbol{G}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |  |  |  | $\mathrm{Q}_{1}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| 3 | 52 | 114 | 868.8 | 661.6 | 145.2 | 3861 | 813.8 | 604.8 | 133.3 | 3544.3 |
| 4 | 50 | 111 | 915.2 | 583.6 | 54.6 | 2234.4 | 872.1 | 564.8 | 56 | 2600.5 |
| 5 | 44 | 98 | 587.1 | 471.9 | 79.1 | 2011.4 | 582.3 | 486.6 | 73.8 | 2373.9 |
| 6 | 56 | 121 | 497.7 | 347.2 | 69.9 | 1732.8 | 482.7 | 346.1 | 66.8 | 1695 |
| 7 | 72 | 159 | 461.8 | 269 | 75.7 | 1484.6 | 457.6 | 278.1 | 72.9 | 1433.7 |
| 8 | 56 | 124 | 481.9 | 417.7 | 71.6 | 2489 | 505.8 | 555.4 | 68.6 | 3741.3 |
| 9 | 66 | 144 | 230.2 | 158.4 | 42.7 | 927.9 | 225.1 | 159.6 | 39.5 | 877.2 |
| 10 | 58 | 128 | 146.9 | 103.7 | 31.6 | 550.8 | 142.8 | 110.1 | 26.4 | 530 |
| 11 | 64 | 140 | 92.2 | 65 | 26.5 | 376.2 | 89.1 | 66.3 | 24.3 | 373.3 |

### 10.10.2 IRT Summary Statistics for Mathematics

Tables 10.24 and 10.29 show the $b$ - and $a$-parameter estimates for the mathematics assessments. All item responses were estimated using the 2PL/GPC model combination. Due to small sample sizes, the Integrated Mathematics assessments were not post-equated; therefore, results are not presented in the PBT tables. Tables 10.26 and 10.27 present the standard errors of estimate for CBT and PBT mathematics assessments, and Tables 10.28 and 10.29 provide model fit information. IRT summary statistics are provided in the Appendix 10 for mathematics for all items, single select multiple choice items, constructed response items, and subclaims.

Table 10.24 CBT IRT Summary Parameter Estimates for All Items for Mathematics by Grade/Subject

|  |  | No. of | $\boldsymbol{b}$ Estimates Summary |  |  |  | $\boldsymbol{a}$ Estimates Summary |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grade/ <br> Subject | No. of | Score | Items | Points | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD |
| 3 | 97 | 144 | -0.23 | 1.34 | -3.2 | 3.58 | 0.76 | 0.25 | 0.24 | 1.36 |
| 4 | 101 | 155 | -0.23 | 1.29 | -2.93 | 2.34 | 0.72 | 0.19 | 0.34 | 1.32 |
| 5 | 95 | 157 | 0.11 | 1.16 | -3.41 | 2.60 | 0.67 | 0.24 | 0.24 | 1.26 |
| 6 | 101 | 169 | 0.25 | 1.27 | -4.46 | 3.74 | 0.74 | 0.25 | 0.23 | 1.42 |
| 7 | 103 | 173 | 0.82 | 1.21 | -2.23 | 3.24 | 0.76 | 0.32 | 0.23 | 1.84 |
| 8 | 89 | 162 | 0.87 | 1.24 | -1.53 | 3.48 | 0.63 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 1.29 |
| A1 | 100 | 192 | 1.19 | 1.08 | -1.16 | 3.9 | 0.63 | 0.28 | 0.1 | 1.51 |
| GO | 109 | 203 | 0.87 | 1.13 | -1.98 | 2.98 | 0.75 | 0.31 | 0.22 | 1.73 |
| A2 | 101 | 198 | 1.35 | 0.81 | -1.41 | 2.80 | 0.69 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 1.44 |
| M1 | 42 | 81 | 1.20 | 1.06 | -0.95 | 3.41 | 0.62 | 0.33 | 0.17 | 1.61 |
| M2 | 41 | 80 | 1.90 | 1.45 | -0.74 | 5.99 | 0.53 | 0.27 | 0.12 | 1.18 |
| M3 | 40 | 81 | 1.27 | 1.08 | -2.27 | 4.28 | 0.59 | 0.27 | 0.16 | 1.27 |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III.

Table 10.25 PBT IRT Summary Parameter Estimates for All Items for Mathematics by Grade/Subject

| Grade/ <br> Subject | No. of Items | No. of Score Points | b Estimates Summary |  |  |  | $a$ Estimates Summary |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| 3 | 75 | 111 | -0.34 | 1.17 | -3.22 | 2.25 | 0.72 | 0.24 | 0.28 | 1.32 |
| 4 | 65 | 109 | -0.36 | 1.12 | -2.69 | 1.53 | 0.69 | 0.22 | 0.3 | 1.24 |
| 5 | 69 | 115 | 0.06 | 1.15 | -2.45 | 2.28 | 0.67 | 0.2 | 0.31 | 1.2 |
| 6 | 63 | 110 | 0.20 | 1.17 | -3.54 | 2.47 | 0.67 | 0.22 | 0.23 | 1.4 |
| 7 | 65 | 102 | 0.86 | 1.31 | -2.03 | 3.14 | 0.62 | 0.22 | 0.26 | 1.39 |
| 8 | 63 | 114 | 1.09 | 1.27 | -1.37 | 3.54 | 0.54 | 0.22 | 0.18 | 1.07 |
| A1 | 69 | 128 | 1.17 | 1.15 | -0.99 | 3.36 | 0.55 | 0.23 | 0.13 | 1.3 |
| GO | 79 | 139 | 1.23 | 1.28 | -1.51 | 5.98 | 0.67 | 0.3 | 0.18 | 1.41 |
| A2 | 72 | 143 | 1.65 | 1.59 | -1.14 | 9.06 | 0.60 | 0.27 | 0.12 | 1.41 |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II.

Table 10.26 CBT IRT Standard Errors of Parameter Estimates for All Items for Mathematics by Grade/Subject

| Grade/ Subject | No. of Items | No. of Score Points | $S E$ of $b$ Estimates |  |  |  | SE of $a$ Estimates |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| 3 | 97 | 144 | 0.018 | 0.015 | 0.005 | 0.086 | 0.011 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.023 |
| 4 | 101 | 155 | 0.011 | 0.008 | 0.003 | 0.038 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.013 |
| 5 | 95 | 157 | 0.012 | 0.01 | 0.003 | 0.061 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.013 |
| 6 | 101 | 169 | 0.011 | 0.012 | 0.003 | 0.104 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.014 |
| 7 | 103 | 173 | 0.015 | 0.01 | 0.004 | 0.051 | 0.009 | 0.005 | 0.003 | 0.041 |
| 8 | 89 | 162 | 0.015 | 0.01 | 0.005 | 0.045 | 0.007 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.02 |
| A1 | 100 | 192 | 0.017 | 0.021 | 0.003 | 0.191 | 0.007 | 0.003 | 0.002 | 0.028 |
| GO | 109 | 203 | 0.016 | 0.011 | 0.005 | 0.066 | 0.01 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.022 |
| A2 | 101 | 198 | 0.02 | 0.018 | 0.005 | 0.161 | 0.01 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.021 |
| M1 | 42 | 81 | 0.051 | 0.038 | 0.021 | 0.199 | 0.017 | 0.007 | 0.008 | 0.04 |
| M2 | 41 | 80 | 0.153 | 0.18 | 0.028 | 0.977 | 0.033 | 0.021 | 0.018 | 0.123 |
| M3 | 40 | 81 | 0.108 | 0.107 | 0.038 | 0.631 | 0.041 | 0.018 | 0.015 | 0.097 |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III.

Table 10.27 PBT IRT Standard Errors of Parameter Estimates for All Items for Mathematics by Grade/Subject

|  |  | No. of | SE of $\boldsymbol{b}$ Estimates |  |  |  |  | SE of $a$ Estimates |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grade/ <br> Subject | No. of | Score | Items | Points | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: |
| 3 |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II.

Table 10.28 CBT IRT Model Fit for All Items for Mathematics by Grade/Subject

| Grade/ <br> Subject | No. of Items | No. of Score Points | $\boldsymbol{G}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |  |  |  | $\mathrm{Q}_{1}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| 3 | 97 | 144 | 292.4 | 396.5 | 23.3 | 2232.4 | 283.4 | 387.1 | 23.8 | 2184.7 |
| 4 | 101 | 155 | 762.6 | 1235.7 | 63.9 | 9556.2 | 741 | 1188.3 | 61.5 | 8903.2 |
| 5 | 95 | 157 | 743 | 742.7 | 67.4 | 5094.5 | 708.8 | 729.9 | 63.9 | 4918.4 |
| 6 | 101 | 169 | 925.5 | 1233.4 | 90.5 | 5676.1 | 906.3 | 1233.7 | 87 | 5694 |
| 7 | 103 | 173 | 727 | 934.8 | 29.1 | 5174.9 | 688.3 | 893 | 29.2 | 4958 |
| 8 | 89 | 162 | 739.4 | 886.9 | 60.1 | 6471.5 | 721.6 | 926.6 | 58.8 | 7013.4 |
| A1 | 100 | 192 | 932.8 | 1111 | 75.4 | 8440.3 | 880.5 | 1008.2 | 73.5 | 7402.2 |
| GO | 109 | 203 | 537.5 | 509.7 | 15.4 | 2455.1 | 534.1 | 554.5 | 15.3 | 3491.6 |
| A2 | 101 | 198 | 641.4 | 738.2 | 34 | 3247.4 | 592.6 | 693.4 | 32.8 | 3211.1 |
| M1 | 42 | 81 | 165.2 | 145.5 | 18.6 | 780 | 288.4 | 852.7 | 18.1 | 5611.7 |
| M2 | 41 | 80 | 57.3 | 55.9 | 9.2 | 257.6 | 54.5 | 56.2 | 9.1 | 234.1 |
| M3 | 40 | 81 | 37.2 | 28.6 | 7.6 | 125.8 | 31.9 | 23.1 | 7 | 102.3 |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III.

Table 10.29 PBT IRT Model Fit for All Items for Mathematics by Grade/Subject

| Grade/ <br> Subject | No. of Items | No. of Score Points | $\boldsymbol{G}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |  |  |  | $\mathrm{Q}_{1}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| 3 | 75 | 111 | 257.8 | 265.3 | 33.1 | 1417.6 | 248.6 | 256.9 | 32.7 | 1368 |
| 4 | 65 | 109 | 272.4 | 302.9 | 28 | 1383.4 | 266.9 | 303.9 | 26.4 | 1356.7 |
| 5 | 69 | 115 | 211.3 | 173.7 | 19.5 | 742.4 | 199.3 | 160.7 | 19 | 680.1 |
| 6 | 63 | 110 | 268.8 | 279.8 | 19.2 | 1646.4 | 256 | 277.3 | 18.8 | 1648.5 |
| 7 | 65 | 102 | 188.6 | 250 | 15.6 | 1441.4 | 173.3 | 223.1 | 15.4 | 1282.4 |
| 8 | 63 | 114 | 242.9 | 281.6 | 15 | 1486.4 | 226.3 | 261 | 10.7 | 1309.9 |
| A1 | 69 | 128 | 126.5 | 152.1 | 10.5 | 896.8 | 123.8 | 147.9 | 10.4 | 829.3 |
| GO | 79 | 139 | 45.9 | 44.2 | 4.6 | 221.6 | 41.7 | 39.7 | 4.3 | 197.7 |
| A2 | 72 | 143 | 70.9 | 66.7 | 6.9 | 322.2 | 71.8 | 99.9 | 6.3 | 746.5 |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II.

## Section 11: Performance Level Setting

### 11.1 Performance Standards

Performance standards relate levels of performance on an assessment directly to what students are expected to learn. This is done by establishing threshold scores that distinguish between performance levels. Performance level setting (PLS) is the process of establishing these threshold scores that define the performance levels for an assessment.

### 11.2 Performance Levels and Policy Definitions

For the PARCC assessments, the performance levels are

- Level 5: Exceeded expectations
- Level 4: Met expectations
- Level 3: Approached expectations
- Level 2: Partially met expectations
- Level 1: Did not yet meet expectations

More detailed descriptions of each performance level, known as policy definitions, are:

## Level 5: Exceeded expectations

Students performing at this level exceed academic expectations for the knowledge, skills, and practices contained in the standards assessed at their grade level or course.

Grades 3-10: Students performing at this level exceed academic expectations for the knowledge, skills, and practices contained in the standards for English language arts/literacy or mathematics assessed at their grade level. They are academically well prepared to engage successfully in further studies in this content area.

Algebra II, Integrated Mathematics III, and ELA/L 11: Students performing at this level exceed academic expectations for the knowledge, skills, and practices contained in the Mathematics and ELA/L standards assessed at grade 11. They are very likely to engage successfully in entry-level, credit-bearing courses in Mathematics and ELA/L, as well as technical courses requiring an equivalent command of the content area. Students performing at this level are exempt from having to take and pass placement tests in twoand four-year public institutions of higher education designed to determine whether they are academically prepared for such courses without need for remediation.

## Level 4: Met expectations

Students performing at this level meet academic expectations for the knowledge, skills, and practices contained in the standards assessed at their grade level or course.

Grades 3-10: Students performing at this level meet academic expectations for the knowledge, skills, and practices contained in the standards for English language arts/literacy or Mathematics assessed at
their grade level. They are academically prepared to engage successfully in further studies in this content area.

Algebra II, Integrated Mathematics III, and ELA/L 11: Students performing at this level meet academic expectations for the knowledge, skills and practices contained in Mathematics and ELA/L at grade 11. They are very likely to engage successfully in entry-level, credit bearing courses in mathematics and ELA/L, as well as technical courses requiring an equivalent command of the content area. Students performing at this level are exempt from having to take and pass placement tests in two- and four-year public institutions of higher education designed to determine whether they are academically prepared for such courses without need for remediation.

## Level 3: Approached expectations

Students performing at this level approach academic expectations for the knowledge, skills, and practices contained in the standards assessed at their grade level or course

Grades 3-10: Students performing at this level approach academic expectations for the knowledge, skills, and practices contained in the standards for English language arts/literacy or Mathematics assessed at their grade level. They are likely prepared to engage successfully in further studies in this content area.

Algebra II, Integrated Mathematics III, and ELA/L 11: Students performing at this level approach academic expectations for the knowledge, skills, and practices contained in the ELA/L and mathematics standards assessed at grade 11. They are likely to engage successfully in entry-level, credit-bearing courses in mathematics and ELA/L, as well as technical courses requiring an equivalent command of the content area. Students performing at Level 3 are strongly encouraged to continue to take challenging high school coursework in English and mathematics through graduation. Postsecondary institutions are encouraged to use additional information about students performing at Level 3, such as course completion, course grades and scores on other assessments to determine whether to place them directly into entry level courses.

## Level 2: Partially met expectations

Students performing at this level partially meet academic expectations for the knowledge, skills, and practices contained in the standards assessed at their grade level or course.

Grades 3-10: Students performing at this level partially meet academic expectations for the knowledge, skills, and practices contained in the standards for English language arts/literacy or Mathematics assessed at their grade level. They will likely need academic support to engage successfully in further studies in this content area.

Algebra II, Integrated Mathematics III, and ELA/L 11: Students performing at this level partially meet academic expectations for the knowledge, skills, and practices contained in the ELA/L and mathematics standards assessed at grade 11. They will likely need academic support to engage successfully in entrylevel, credit-bearing courses, and technical courses requiring an equivalent command of the content area. Students performing at this level are not exempt from having to take and pass placement tests
designed to determine whether they are academically prepared for such courses without the need for remediation in two- and four-year public institutions of higher education.

## Level 1: Did not meet expectations

Students performing at this level do not yet meet academic expectations for the knowledge, skills, and practices contained in the standards assessed at their grade level or course.

Grades 3-10: Students performing at this level do not yet meet academic expectations for the knowledge, skills, and practices contained in the standards for English language arts/literacy or Mathematics assessed at their grade level. They will need academic support to engage successfully in further studies in this content area.

Algebra II, Integrated Mathematics III, and ELA/L 11: Students performing at this level do not yet meet academic expectations for the knowledge, skills, and practices contained in the ELA/L and mathematics standards assessed at grade 11. They will need academic support to engage successfully in entry-level, credit-bearing courses in College Algebra, Introductory College Statistics, and technical courses requiring an equivalent level of mathematics. Students performing at this level are not exempt from having to take and pass placement tests in two- and four-year public institutions of higher education designed to determine whether they are academically prepared for such courses without need for remediation.

### 11.3 Performance Level Setting Process for the PARCC Assessment System

One of the main objectives of the PARCC assessment system is to provide information to students, parents, educators, and administrators as to whether students are on track in their learning for success after high school, defined as college- and career-readiness. To set performance levels associated with this objective, PARCC used the Evidence-Based Standard Setting (EBSS) method (Beimers, Way, McClarty, \& Miles, 2012) for the PARCC Performance Level Setting (PLS) process. The EBSS method is a systematic method for combining various considerations into the process for setting performance levels, including policy considerations, content standards, educator judgment about what student should know and be able to demonstrate, and research to support PARCC's policy goals related to college- and career- readiness. A defined multistep process was used to allow a diverse set of stakeholders to consider the interaction of these elements in recommending performance level threshold scores for each PARCC assessment.

The seven steps of the EBSS process that were followed in order to establish performance standards for the PARCC assessments are:

Step 1: Define outcomes of interest and policy goals
Step 2: Develop research, data collection, and analysis plans
Step 3: Synthesize the research results
Step 4: Conduct pre-policy meeting
Step 5: Conduct performance level setting (PLS) meetings with panels
Step 6: Conduct reasonableness review with post-policy panel
Step 7: Continue to gather evidence in support of standards

A summary of key components within these steps is provided below. Additional detail about each step in the PARCC Performance Level Setting (PLS) process is provided in the "PARCC Performance Level Setting Technical Report".

### 11.3.1 PARCC Research Studies

PARCC conducted two research studies in support of their policy goals—the Benchmarking study and the Postsecondary Educators' Judgment (PEJ) study. The Benchmarking study included a review of the literature relative to college- and career- readiness as well as consideration of the percentage of students obtaining a level equivalent to college- and career- readiness on a set of external assessments (e.g., ACT, SAT, NAEP). The PEJ study involved a group of nearly 200 college faculty reviewing items on the Algebra II and ELA/L 11 PARCC assessments and making judgments about the level of performance needed on each item to be academically ready for an entry-level college-credit bearing course in mathematics or ELA/L. Additional detail ${ }^{11}$ about the Benchmarking study can be found in the "PARCC Performance Level Setting Technical Report" as well as in the "PARCC Benchmarking Study Report." Additional detail about the PEJ study can be found in the in the "PARCC Performance Level Setting Technical Report" as well as in the "Postsecondary Educators' Judgment Study Final Report."

### 11.3.2 PARCC Pre-Policy Meeting

Prior to the PLS meetings, a pre-policy meeting was convened to determine reasonable ranges which would be shown to panelists during the high school PLS meetings. Pre-policy meeting participants included representatives from both K-12 and higher education who served in roles such as Commissioner/Superintendent, Deputy/Assistant Commissioner, State Board Member, Director of Assessment, Director of Academic Affairs, Senior Policy Associate, and so on. The reasonable ranges recommended by the pre-policy meeting defined the minimum and maximum percentage of students that would be expected to be classified as college- and career-ready. The pre-policy meeting participants reviewed the test purpose, how the performance standards will be used, and the results of the research studies to provide the recommendations for the reasonable ranges without viewing any student performance data.

### 11.3.3 Performance Level Setting Meetings

The task of the performance level setting committee was to recommend four threshold scores that would define the five performance levels for each PARCC assessment. PARCC solicited nominations from all states that had administered the PARCC assessments in 2014-2015 for panelists to serve on the performance level setting committees. Nominations were solicited both from state departments of public education (K-12) and higher education (primarily for participation on the high school panels). When selecting panelists, PARCC placed an emphasis on those educators who had content knowledge as

[^10]well as experience with a variety of student groups and attempted to balance the panels in terms of state representation.

PARCC used an Extended Modified Angoff (Yes/No) method to collect educator judgments on the PARCC items. This method asked panelists to review each item on a reference form of the PARCC assessment and to make the following judgment:

## How many points would a borderline student at each performance level likely earn if they answered the question?

This extension to the Yes/No standard setting method (Plake, Ferdous, Impara, \& Buckendahl, 2005) allowed for incorporation of the multipoint PARCC items by asking educators to evaluate (Yes or No) whether a borderline student would earn the maximum number of points on an item, a lesser number of points on an item, or no points on the item. In the case of a single point or multiple-choice item, this task simplifies to the standard Yes/No method.

After receiving training on the PLS procedure, panelists participated in three rounds of judgments for each assessment. Within each round, panelists were asked to consider the items in the test form, starting with the PBA component and then the EOY component. Each panelist made a judgment for the Level 2 performance level, followed by judgments for the Level 3 performance level, the Level 4 performance level, and the Level 5 performance level, in this order. The panelists entered their item judgments for each round by completing an online item judgment survey. Educator judgments were summed across items to create an estimated total score on the reference form for each performance level threshold. Feedback data relative to panelist agreement, student performance on the items, and student performance on the test as a whole were provided in between each of the three rounds of judgment. Panelists were shown the pre-policy reasonable ranges prior to making their Round 1 judgments and again as feedback data following each round of judgment.

A dry-run of the PARCC PLS meeting process was held for Grade 11 English language arts/literacy (ELA/L) and Algebra II in order to evaluate the implementation of the performance level setting method with the innovative characteristics of the PARCC assessments. These content areas were selected because they combined all of the various aspects of the PARCC assessments, including the various types of items, scoring rules, and performance level decisions. The dry-run PLS meetings provided the opportunity to implement and evaluate multiple aspects of the operational plan for the actual PLS meeting, including pre-work, meeting materials, data analysis and feedback, and staff and panelist functions. The results of the dry-run PLS meeting were used to implement improvements in the process for the operational PLS meetings. Additional information about the methods and results of the dry-run PLS meeting is available in the full report for the "PARCC Performance Level Setting Dry-Run Meeting Report."

The PLS meetings for the PARCC assessments were conducted during three one-week sessions. The dates of the twelve PLS committee meetings that were conducted are shown in Table 11.1.

Table 11.1 PARCC PLS Committee Meetings and Dates

| Dates | Committees by Subjects and Grades |
| :---: | :---: |
| July 27-31, 2015 | Algebra I/Integrated Mathematics I |
|  | Geometry/Integrated Mathematics II |
|  | Algebra II/Integrated Mathematics III |
|  | Grade 9 English Language Arts/Literacy |
| August 17-21, 2015 | Grade 10 English Language Arts/Literacy |
| August 24-28, 2015 | Grades 7 \& 8 Mathematics |
|  | Grades 7 \& 8 English Language Arts/Literacy |
|  | Grades 3 \& 4 Mathematics |
|  | Grades 5 \& 6 Mathematics |

Additional information about the methods and results of the PLS meetings is available in the "Performance Level Setting Technical Report."

### 11.3.4 PARCC Post-Policy Reasonableness Review

Performance standards for all PARCC assessments were recommended by PLS committees and reviewed by the PARCC Governing Board and (for the Algebra II, Integrated Mathematics III, and ELA/L 11 assessments) the Advisory Committee on College Readiness as part of a post-policy reasonableness review. This group reviewed both the median threshold score recommendations from each committee and the variability in the threshold scores as represented by the Standard Error of Judgment (SEJ) of the committee. Adjustments to the median threshold scores that were within 2 SEJ were considered to be consistent with the PLS panels' recommendation.

In addition to voting to adopt the performance standards based on the committees' recommendations, this group also voted to conduct a shift in the PARCC performance levels to better meet the intended inferences about student performance. Holding the college- and career- ready (or on track) expectations (i.e., the current level 4) constant, performance levels above this expectation were combined and performance levels below this expectation were expanded to create the final system of performance levels with three below and two above the college- and career- ready (or on track) expectation. The shift in performance levels was accomplished using a scale anchoring process which involved two primary steps. In the first step, the top two performance levels, above college- and career-ready (or on-track), were combined into a single performance level and an additional performance level below college-and career- ready (or on track) was created by empirically determining the mid-point between the existing two levels. In the second step, the performance level descriptors (PLDs) were updated using items which discriminated student performance well at this level to create a PLD aligned with the new empirically determined performance level. At this same time, PLDs for all performance levels were reviewed for consistency and continuity. Members of the original PLS committees were recruited to participate in this process. Additional information about this process can be found in the Performance Level Setting Technical Report.

## Section 12: Scale Scores

PARCC assessments are designed to measure and report results in categories called master claims and subclaims. Master claims (or simply "claims") are at a higher level than subclaims with content representing multiple subclaims contributing to each claim outcome.

Four scale scores were reported for PARCC assessments. ${ }^{12}$ A full summative (FS) claim score was reported for each mathematics assessment. A FS claim score, and separate claim scores for Reading and Writing were reported for each English language arts/literacy (ELA/L) assessment. PARCC reports results according to five performance levels that delineate the knowledge, skills, and practices students are able to demonstrate:

- Level 5: Exceeded expectations
- Level 4: Met expectations
- Level 3: Approached expectations
- Level 2: Partially met expectations
- Level 1: Did not yet meet expectations

Subclaim outcomes describe student performance for content-specific subsets of the item scores contributing to a particular claim. For example, Written Expression and Knowledge of Conventions subclaim outcomes are reported along with Writing claim scores. Subclaim outcomes are reported as Below Expectations, Nearly Meets Expectations or Meets or Exceeds Expectations.

### 12.1 Operational Test Content (Claims and Subclaims)

A claim is a statement about student performance based on how students respond to test questions. PARCC tests are designed to elicit evidence from students that support valid and reliable claims about the extent to which they are college and career ready or on track toward that goal and are making expected academic gains based on the Common Core State Standards (CCSS).

The number of items associated with each claim and subclaim outcome vary depending on test subject and grade. The item types vary in terms of the number of points associated with them, so that both the number of items and the number of points are important in evaluating the quality of a claim or subclaim score.

### 12.1.1 English Language Arts/Literacy

Table $12.1^{13}$ includes the number of items and the number of points by subclaim and claim for ELA/L Grade 3. Corresponding information is provided in Appendix $\mathbf{1 2 . 1}$ for all ELA/L grades.

[^11]Table 12.1 Form Composition for ELA/L Grade 3

| Claims | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Reading |  |  |  |
|  | Reading Literary Text | $10-12$ | $20-24$ |
|  | Reading Informational Text | $8-9$ | $16-18$ |
|  | Vocabulary | $5-8$ | $10-16$ |
|  | Claim Total | 26 | 52 |
|  |  |  | 30 |
| Writing | Written Expression | 2 | 12 |
|  | Knowledge of Conventions | 1 | 42 |
|  | Claim Total | 3 | 94 |
|  | 29 |  |  |

Note: Prose constructed responses (PCRs) consist of at least two writing traits (Written Expression and Writing Knowledge and Conventions) and, in some cases, a reading trait as well. An aggregated PCR item score is determined by summing the multiple scores the student received on two or three traits depending on the item. Therefore, each PCR trait is identified as a separate item in this table for the two writing subclaims and, in some cases, either the Reading Literary Text or the Reading Informational Text subclaim.

Each ELA/L form contains items of varying types. The prose constructed response (PCR) traits contribute to different claims and the aggregate of the traits contributes to the summative scale score. The following details the number of possible points and the associated subclaims for the three PCR tasks:

- Literary Analysis Task;
- Research Simulation Task;
- Narrative Writing Task.

The Literary Analysis Task and the Research Simulation Task are scored for two traits/subclaims: "Reading Comprehension \& Written Expression" and "Knowledge of Conventions." The Narrative Writing Task is scored for two traits/subclaims: Written Expression and Knowledge of Conventions. All traits/subclaims are initially scored as either 0-3 or 0-4; the Written Expression subclaims are multiplied by 3 (or weighted) to increase their contribution to the total score, making possible subclaim scores 0,3 , 6 , and 9, or $0,3,6,9$, and 12. The maximum possible points for ELA/L PCR items are provided in Table 12.2.

Table 12.2 Contribution of Prose Constructed Response Items to ELA/L

|  |  | Possible Points |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grade | Score | Literary Analysis Task | Research Simulation Task | Narrative Writing Task |
| 3 | Reading | 3 | 3 | 0 |
|  | Written Expression | 9 | 9 | 9 |
|  | Knowledge of Conventions | 3 | 3 | 3 |
|  | Total | 15 | 15 | 12 |
| 4-5 | Reading | 4 | 4 | 0 |
|  | Written Expression | 12 | 12 | 9 |
|  | Knowledge of Conventions | 3 | 3 | 3 |
|  | Total | 19 | 19 | 12 |
| 6-11 | Reading | 4 | 4 | 0 |
|  | Written Expression | 12 | 12 | 12 |
|  | Knowledge of Conventions | 3 | 3 | 3 |
|  | Total | 19 | 19 | 15 |

### 12.1.2 Mathematics

Table $12.3^{14}$ includes the numbers of items and points associated with subclaim scores for mathematics grade 3, as an example of the composition of the mathematics tests.

Table 12.3 Mathematics Form Composition for Grade 3

|  | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematics |  |  |  |
|  | Major Content | 26 | 30 |
|  | Additional \& Supporting Content | 10 | 10 |
|  | Expressing Mathematical Reasoning | 4 | 14 |
|  | Modeling and Applications | 3 | 12 |
| TOTAL |  | 43 | 66 |

Because there is substantial variation in the composition of the tests, corresponding information is provided in Appendix $\mathbf{1 2 . 1}$ tables for all mathematics grades/courses.

### 12.2 Establishing the Reporting Scales

PARCC reporting scales designate student performance into one of five Performance Levels ${ }^{15}$ with Level 1 indicating the lowest level of performance and Level 5 indicating the highest level of performance.

[^12]Threshold or cut scores associated with performance levels were initially expressed as raw scores on the performance level setting (PLS) forms approved by the PARCC Governing Board.

A scale score task force was assembled by PARCC, which made recommendations about how threshold levels would be represented on the reporting scale.

### 12.2.1 Full Summative Score Scale and Performance Levels

There are 201 defined full summative scale score points for both ELA/L and mathematics, ranging from 650 to 850 . A scale score of 700 is associated with minimum Level 2 performance, a scale score of 750 is associated with minimum Level 4 performance. The threshold for summative performance levels on the scale score metric recommended by the scale score task force are described in Table 12.4.

Table 12.4 Defined Summative Scale Scores

|  | Lowest Obtainable <br> Scale Score | Level 2 | Level 4 | Highest Obtainable <br> Scale Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative | 650 | 700 | 750 | 850 |

For spring 2015, scale scores were defined for each test as a linear transformation of the theta $\left(\theta_{2015}\right)$ scale. The theta values associated with the Level 2 and Level 4 performance levels were identified using the test characteristic curve associated with the performance level setting form. With Levels 2 and 4 scale scores fixed at 700 and 750, respectively, the relationship between theta ( $\theta_{2015}$ ) and scale scores (Scale Score ${ }_{2015}$ ) was established as

$$
\text { Scale Score } 2015=A_{2015} * \theta_{2015}+B_{2015}
$$

where $A_{2015}$ is the slope and $B_{2015}$ is the intercept. The slope and intercept were established as

$$
A_{2015}=\frac{750-700}{\theta_{\text {2015_Level 4 }}-\theta_{2015 \_L e v e l ~} 2}
$$

and

$$
B_{2015}=750-A_{2015} * \theta_{2015 \_ \text {Level } 4}
$$

As indicated by these formulas, the slope and intercept for the summative scale scores were based on the theta scale, and by default the IRT parameter scale, established in 2015. Since the spring 2016 IRT parameter scale is the base scale for the IRT parameters, the scaling constants $A_{2015}$ and $B_{2015}$ were updated in order to continue reporting performance levels, summative scale scores, claim scores, and sub-claim performance levels on the same scale as 2015. Maintaining the 2015 scale allows for prior year scores to be compared to current and future scores, and it maintains the performance levels cut scores.

New scaling constants for the summative scale score were needed for the linear transformation of the theta scale $\left(\theta_{2016}\right)$ to the 2015 reporting scale (Scale Score ${ }_{2015}$ ):

$$
\text { Scale Score } 2015=S A_{2016} * \theta_{2016}+S B_{2016}
$$

The slope (slope 2015_to_2016 ) and intercept (intercept 2015_to_2016) generated during the year-to-year linking defined the linear relationship between the 2015 theta scale $\left(\theta_{2015}\right)$ and the 2016 theta scale $\left(\theta_{2016}\right)$. These values were included in the scale score formula, and the formulas were used to solve for the slope ( $S A_{2016}$ ) and ( $S B_{2016}$ ) intercept for 2016.

The slope ( $A_{2016}$ ) was updated using the following formula:

$$
S A_{2016}=A_{2015} / \text { slope }_{2015 \text { _to_2016 }}
$$

where $A_{2015}$ is the current scale score multiplicative constant, slope 2015_to_2016 is the multiplicative coefficient from the year-to-year linking, and $S A_{2016}$ is the scale score slope constant for 2016 and beyond.

The intercept ( $\mathrm{B}_{2016}$ ) was updated using the following formula:

$$
S B_{2016}=B_{2015}-A_{2016} * \text { intercept }_{2015-t o-2016}
$$

where $B_{2015}$ is the current scale score additive constant, $A_{2016}$ is the updated scale score slope, and $\left(S B_{2016}\right)$ is the scale score intercept constant for 2016 and beyond.

In addition, new scaling constants for the reading and writing claim scales were needed. The same formulas were applied by replacing the slope $\left(A_{2015}\right)$ and intercept ( $B_{2015}$ ) with the reading claim slope and intercept and the writing claim slope and intercept.
$A$ and $B$ values resulting from these calculations as well as the theta values associated with the threshold performance levels are included in Appendix 12.2; Appendix 12.3 includes raw to scale score conversion tables for the performance level setting forms.

### 12.2.2 ELA/L Reading and Writing Claim Scale

There are 81 defined scale score points for Reading, ranging from 10 to 90 . A scale score of 30 is associated with minimum Level 2 performance, a scale score of 50 is associated with minimum Level 4 performance. There are 51 defined scale score points for Writing, ranging from 10 to 60 . A scale score of 25 is associated with minimum Level 2 performance, a scale score of 35 is associated with minimum Level 4 performance. The threshold Reading and Writing performance levels on the scale score metric recommended by the scale score task force are described in Table 12.5.

Table 12.5 Defined Scaled Scores for Reading and Writing Claim Scores

|  | Lowest Obtainable <br> Scale Score | Level 2 | Level 4 | Highest Obtainable <br> Scale Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reading | 10 | 30 | 50 | 90 |
| Writing | 10 | 25 | 35 | 60 |

As with the full summative scores, scale scores for Reading and Writing were defined for each test as a linear transformation of the IRT theta $(\Theta)$ scale. The same IRT theta scale was used for Reading and Writing as was used for the ELA/L full summative scores. The theta values associated with the Level 2 and Level 4 performance levels were identified using the test characteristic curve associated with the performance level setting form. As with the full summative scores, the relationship between theta and scale scores was established with Level 2 and 4 theta scores and the corresponding predefined scale scores. The formulas used for this are provided in Table 12.6.

Table 12.6 Calculating Scaling Constants for Reading and Writing Claim Scores

| Reading | Writing |
| :---: | :---: |
| Scale $=A_{R} * \Theta+B_{R}$ | Scale $=A_{W} * \theta+B_{W}$ |
| $A_{R}=\frac{50-30}{\Theta_{\text {Level 4 }}-\Theta_{\text {Level 2 }}}$ | $A_{W}=\frac{35-25}{\theta_{\text {Level } 4}-\Theta_{\text {Level } 2}}$ |
| $B_{R}=50-A * \Theta_{\text {Level 4 }}$ | $B_{W}=35-A * \theta_{\text {Level 4 }}$ |

$A$ and $B$ values resulting from these calculations are included in Appendix 12.2.

### 12.2.3 Subclaims Scale

The Level 4 cut is defined as Meets or Exceeds Expectations because high school students at Level 4 or above are likely to have the skills and knowledge to meet the definition of career and college readiness. The Level 3 cut is defined as Nearly Meets Expectations. Subclaim outcomes center on the Level 3 and Level 4 performance levels and are reported at three levels:

- Below Expectations;
- Nearly Meets Expectations; or
- Meets or Exceeds Expectations.

The subclaim performance levels are designated through the IRT theta $(\Theta)$ scale for the items associated with a particular subclaim. The theta values and corresponding raw scores associated with the Level 3 and Level 4 performance levels were identified using the test characteristic curve. Students earning a raw subclaim score equal to or greater than the Level 4 threshold were designated as Meets or Exceeds Expectations. Students not earning a raw subclaim score equal to or greater than the Level 3 threshold were designated as Below Expectations. Other students, whose raw subclaim score fell between the Level 3 and 4 thresholds, were designated as Nearly Meets Expectations.

### 12.3 Creating Conversion Tables

A PARCC conversion table relates the number of points earned by a student on the ELA/L full summative score, the mathematics full summative score, the Reading claim score, or the Writing claim score to the corresponding scale score for the test form administered to that student. An IRT inverse test characteristic curve (TCC) approach is used to develop the relationship between point scores and IRT
ability estimates $(\theta s)$. In carrying out the calculations, estimates of item parameters and thetas are substituted for parameters in the formulas in each step.

Step 1: Calculate the expected item score (i.e., estimated item true score) for every scale score in the selected range (determined by LOSS, HOSS, and scale score increment) based on the generalized partial credit model for both dichotomous and polytomous items:

$$
\begin{gather*}
S_{i}\left(\theta_{j}\right)=\sum_{m=0}^{M_{i}-1} m p_{i m}\left(\theta_{j}\right)  \tag{12-4}\\
p_{i m}\left(\theta_{j}\right)=\frac{\exp \left[\sum_{k=0}^{m} D a_{i}\left(\theta_{j}-b_{i}+d_{i k}\right)\right]}{\sum_{v=0}^{M_{i}-1} \exp \left[\sum_{k=0}^{v} D a_{i}\left(\theta_{j}-b_{i}+d_{i v}\right)\right]} \tag{12-5}
\end{gather*}
$$

where $a_{i}\left(\theta_{j}-b_{i}+d_{i 0}\right) \equiv 0 ; s_{i}\left(\theta_{j}\right)$ is the expected item score for item $i$ on a scale score, $\theta_{j} ; p_{i m}\left(\theta_{j}\right)$ is the probability of a test taker with $\theta_{j}$ getting score $m$ on item $i ;{ }_{M_{i}}$ is the number of score categories of item $i$ with possible item scores as consecutive integers from 0 to $\boldsymbol{M}_{\boldsymbol{i}}-\mathbf{1} ; D$ is the IRT scale constant (1.7); $a_{i}$ is a slope parameter; $b_{i}$ is a location parameter reflecting overall item difficulty; $d_{i k}$ is a location parameter incrementing the overall item difficulty to reflect the difficulty of earning score category $k$; $v$ is the number of score categories.

Step 2: Calculate the expected (weighted) test score for every scale score in the selected range:

$$
\begin{equation*}
T_{j}=\sum_{i=1}^{I} w_{i} s_{i}\left(\theta_{j}\right) \tag{12-6}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $T_{j}$ is the expected (weighted) test score on a scale score, $\theta_{j} ; w_{i}$ is the item weight for item $i$ (e.g., with $w_{i}=2$, a dichotomous item is scored as 0 or 2 , and a three-category item is scored as 0,2 , or 4); $I$ is the total number of items in a test form.

Step 3: Calculate the estimated conditional standard error of measurement (CSEM) for each scale score in the selected range:

$$
\begin{gather*}
\operatorname{CSEM}_{j}=\sqrt{\frac{1}{\sum_{i=1}^{I} L_{i}\left(\theta_{j}\right)}}  \tag{12-7}\\
L_{i}\left(\theta_{j}\right)=\left(D a_{i}\right)^{2}\left[s_{i 2}\left(\theta_{j}\right)-s_{i}^{2}\left(\theta_{j}\right)\right]  \tag{12-8}\\
S_{i 2}\left(\theta_{j}\right)=\sum_{m=0}^{M_{i}-1} m^{2} p_{i m}\left(\theta_{j}\right) \tag{12-9}
\end{gather*}
$$

where $L_{i}\left(\theta_{j}\right)$ is the estimated item information function for item $i$ on scale score $\theta_{j}$.

Step 4: Match every raw score with a scale score. $\theta_{j}$ is the scale score for a raw score $r_{h}$ if $T_{j}-r_{h}$ is minimum across all $T_{j}$ s.

Figure 12.1 contains TCCs, estimated information (INF) curves, and estimated conditional standard error of measurement (CSEM) curves for ELA/L grade 3. ${ }^{16}$ The curves in each figure are for the three core online forms and two core paper forms. The average difficulty of each form is reported and the curves are reported on the theta scale. Vertical dotted lines indicate the performance level cuts on the theta scale. For ELA/L grade 3, the three CBT and two paper PBT forms had very similar TCCs. Information and CSEM curves were similar for CBT forms and PBT forms. Appendix $\mathbf{1 2 . 4}$ contains TCC, INF, and CSEM curves for all ELA/L grades and all mathematics grades/courses.

[^13]

Figure 12.1 Test Characteristic Curves, Information Curves, and Conditional Standard Error of Measurement Curve for ELA/L Grade 3

### 12.4 Score Distributions

### 12.4.1 Score Distributions for ELA/L

## All Students

Figures 12.4 through 12.6 graphically represent the distributions of scale scores for grades 3 through 11 ELA/L FS, Reading, and Writing, respectively. The vertical axis of each graph, labeled "Density", represents the proportion of students earning the scale score point indicated along the horizontal axis.
$E L A / L$ scale scores that were a bit below the Level 4 cut score (i.e., 750 ) were most commonly observed for grades 3 to 11 .

Grade 3


Grade 5


Grade 4


Grade 6


Figure 12.4 Distributions of ELA/L Scale Scores: Grades 3 to 11

Grade 7


Grade 8


Grade 9


Grade 10


Grade 11


Figure 12.4 (continued) Distributions of ELA/L Scale Scores: Grades 3 to 11

Reading scale scores that were a bit below the Level 4 cut score of 50 were most often observed.
Distributions were fairly symmetric, with scores below the Level 4 cut score being a bit more common than higher scores. A portion of this is due to larger numbers of students earning near zero raw scores than near perfect raw scores. Near zero raw scores can occur for a variety of reasons, such as student illness, and do not always indicate weak student skills.

Grade 3


Grade 4


Grade 5


Grade 6


Figure 12.5 Distributions of Reading Scale Scores: Grades 3 to 11

Grade 7


Grade 8


Grade 9


Grade 10


Grade 11


Figure 12.5 (continued) Distributions of Reading Scale Scores: Grades 3 to 11

Writing scale score distributions are noticeably less smooth than Reading or ELA/L FS distributions due to peaks related to the weighting of the Written Expression portion of the PCR tasks.

The proportion of students earning the lowest obtainable scale score is fairly high for Writing. This occurred even though a score point of zero is typically necessary to obtain the minimum scale score. Writing items are embedded exclusively in PCR tasks, which tended to be difficult. Written Expression trait/subclaim also tended to be the most difficult of the PCR traits.

Grade 3


Grade 4


Grade 5


Grade 6


Figure 12.6 Distributions of Writing Scale Scores: Grades 3 to 11

Grade 7


Grade 8


Grade 9


Grade 10


Grade 11


Figure 12.6 (continued) Distributions of Writing Scale Scores: Grades 3 to 11

## Groups

Grade 3 group statistics for ELA/L FS, Reading, and Writing scale scores are presented in Table 12.7. ${ }^{17}$ Mean scores were higher for female students relative to male students. Mean scores were highest for Asian students followed by White students and were lowest for American Indian/Alaska Native students. Economically disadvantaged students performed less well than students who are not economically disadvantaged. English learners (EL) performed less well than Non English learner students. Students with disabilities (SWD) performed less well than students without disabilities.

Patterns of mean scale scores were extremely similar in other grades; corresponding tables for all grades are presented in Appendix 12.5.

Table 12.7 Subgroup Performance for ELA/L: Grade 3

| Group Type | Group | $N$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score |  | 471,801 | 738.48 | 40.58 | 650 | 850 |
| Gender | Female | 231,217 | 743.26 | 40.89 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 240,584 | 733.90 | 39.74 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 5,431 | 716.71 | 34.76 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Asian | 27,059 | 765.40 | 39.86 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 78,661 | 722.26 | 37.94 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 131,457 | 724.68 | 37.37 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 803 | 749.12 | 39.26 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 15,836 | 744.02 | 40.43 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 212,059 | 749.76 | 38.05 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 228,865 | 722.74 | 36.75 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 237,879 | 753.32 | 38.38 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 68,638 | 713.99 | 34.27 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Non English Learner | 396,667 | 742.77 | 40.05 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 63,952 | 709.97 | 38.13 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 245,463 | 745.33 | 39.39 | 650 | 850 |
| Reading Score |  | 471,801 | 45.19 | 16.10 | 10 | 90 |
| Gender | Female | 231,217 | 46.47 | 16.18 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Male | 240,584 | 43.96 | 15.93 | 10 | 90 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 5,431 | 36.37 | 13.55 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Asian | 27,059 | 55.21 | 16.06 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Black or African American | 78,661 | 38.65 | 14.58 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 131,457 | 39.37 | 14.46 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 803 | 48.52 | 15.20 | 10 | 90 |

[^14]| Group Type | Group | N | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 15,836 | 47.78 | 16.18 | 10 | 90 |
|  | White | 212,059 | 49.97 | 15.31 | 10 | 90 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 228,865 | 38.82 | 14.24 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 237,879 | 51.18 | 15.44 | 10 | 90 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 68,638 | 35.01 | 12.95 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Non English Learner | 396,667 | 46.96 | 15.93 | 10 | 90 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 63,952 | 34.68 | 15.11 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 245,463 | 47.64 | 15.74 | 10 | 90 |
| Writing Score |  | 471,801 | 31.18 | 11.90 | 10 | 60 |
| Gender | Female | 231,217 | 33.13 | 11.50 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Male | 240,584 | 29.32 | 11.97 | 10 | 60 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 5,431 | 26.48 | 11.27 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Asian | 27,059 | 38.17 | 10.46 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Black or African American | 78,661 | 27.46 | 11.95 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 131,457 | 28.43 | 11.73 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 803 | 34.50 | 11.54 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 15,836 | 31.96 | 11.85 | 10 | 60 |
|  | White | 212,059 | 33.44 | 11.24 | 10 | 60 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 228,865 | 27.62 | 11.72 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 237,879 | 34.55 | 11.05 | 10 | 60 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 68,638 | 26.17 | 11.51 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Non English Learner | 396,667 | 32.07 | 11.74 | 10 | 60 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 63,952 | 23.14 | 11.94 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 245,463 | 33.17 | 11.31 | 10 | 60 |

Note: *Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

Grade 9 group statistics for ELA/L, Reading, and Writing scale scores are presented in Table 12.8. ${ }^{18}$ Mean scores were very similar to what was observed for grades 3 to 8 . Mean scores were higher for female students than for male students. Mean scores were highest for Asian students followed by White students; scores were lowest for Black or African American students. Economically disadvantaged students performed less well than students who are not economically disadvantaged. English learners (EL) performed less well than Non English Learner students. Students with disabilities (SWD) performed less well than students without disabilities.

[^15]Very similar patterns are observed in other grades, and corresponding tables for all grades are presented in Appendix 12.5.

Table 12.8 Subgroup Performance for ELA/L: Grade 9

| Group Type | Group | $N$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score |  | 275,158 | 738.99 | 36.84 | 650 | 850 |
| Gender | Female | 134,144 | 746.59 | 35.93 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 141,014 | 731.76 | 36.23 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,669 | 724.04 | 29.81 | 650 | 828 |
|  | Asian | 17,145 | 767.48 | 37.14 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 37,389 | 723.04 | 33.25 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 85,831 | 727.43 | 33.73 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 417 | 748.40 | 36.39 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 5,774 | 743.50 | 37.43 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 124,609 | 748.09 | 34.93 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 117,958 | 724.96 | 33.12 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 151,423 | 749.76 | 35.89 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 19,031 | 702.15 | 26.81 | 650 | 846 |
|  | Non English Learner | 251,285 | 741.91 | 35.92 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 39,611 | 712.05 | 32.17 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 127,890 | 746.64 | 36.61 | 650 | 850 |
| Reading Score |  | 275,158 | 45.80 | 14.81 | 10 | 90 |
| Gender | Female | 134,144 | 47.91 | 14.51 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Male | 141,014 | 43.80 | 14.82 | 10 | 90 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,669 | 38.99 | 11.87 | 10 | 79 |
|  | Asian | 17,145 | 56.28 | 15.24 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Black or African American | 37,389 | 39.61 | 13.11 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 85,831 | 40.85 | 13.23 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 417 | 48.93 | 14.59 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 5,774 | 48.26 | 15.36 | 10 | 90 |
|  | White | 124,609 | 49.73 | 14.26 | 10 | 90 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 117,958 | 40.01 | 12.98 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 151,423 | 50.23 | 14.59 | 10 | 90 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 19,031 | 30.82 | 9.94 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Non English Learner | 251,285 | 46.97 | 14.48 | 10 | 90 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 39,611 | 35.61 | 12.94 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 127,890 | 48.36 | 14.66 | 10 | 90 |
| Writing Score |  | 275,158 | 29.76 | 12.42 | 10 | 60 |
| Gender | Female | 134,144 | 33.10 | 11.31 | 10 | 60 |


| Group Type | Group | $\boldsymbol{N}$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | 141,014 | 26.59 | 12.60 | 10 | 60 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,669 | 27.23 | 11.25 | 10 | 56 |
|  | Asian | 17,145 | 38.17 | 10.53 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Black or African American | 37,389 | 24.88 | 12.40 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 85,831 | 27.07 | 12.23 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 417 | 33.25 | 11.23 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 5,774 | 30.18 | 12.51 | 10 | 60 |
|  | White | 124,609 | 31.99 | 11.72 | 10 | 60 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 117,958 | 26.08 | 12.27 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 151,423 | 32.60 | 11.77 | 10 | 60 |
| English Learner | English Learner (EL) | 19,031 | 19.94 | 11.20 | 10 | 60 |
| Status | Non English Learner | 251,285 | 30.56 | 12.17 | 10 | 60 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 39,611 | 21.12 | 11.96 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 127,890 | 32.39 | 11.93 | 10 | 60 |

Note: *Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

### 12.4.2 Score Distributions for Mathematics

## All Students

Figure 12.7 graphically represents the distributions of scale scores for grades 3 through 8 mathematics. Scale score distributions peaked midway between 700 and the Level 4 performance level cut of 750 .

Grade 3


Grade 4


Grade 5


Grade 7


Grade 6


Grade 8


Figure 12.7 Distributions of Mathematics Scale Scores: Grades 3 to 8

Figure 12.8 graphically represents the distributions of scale scores for Algebra I, Geometry, Algebra II, and Integrated Mathematics I through III. Scale score distributions peaked between 700 and the 750 Level 4 performance level cut score. Distributions were similar for Algebra I and Integrated Mathematics I, for Geometry and Integrated Mathematics II, and for Algebra II and Integrated Mathematics III.



Figure 12.8 (continued) Distributions of Mathematics Scale Scores: High School

## Groups

Grade 3 group statistics for mathematics scale scores are presented in Table 12.9. ${ }^{19}$ Mean scores were slightly higher for female students relative to male students. Mean scores were highest for Asian students followed by White students and were lowest for American Indian/Alaska Native students. Economically disadvantaged students performed less well than students who are not economically disadvantaged. English learners (EL) performed less well than Non English learner students. Students with disabilities (SWD) performed less well than students without disabilities.

Table 12.9 Subgroup Performance for Mathematics Scale Scores: Grade 3

| Group Type | Group | $\boldsymbol{N}$ | Mean | $\boldsymbol{S D}$ | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score | $\mathbf{4 7 6 , 6 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{7 4 2 . 6 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 6 . 5 5}$ | $\mathbf{6 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 5 0}$ |  |
| Gender | Female | 233,536 | 743.30 | 35.54 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 243,084 | 742.00 | 37.49 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 5,436 | 723.43 | 31.20 | 650 | 845 |
|  | Asian | 27,498 | 772.68 | 35.53 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 78,668 | 726.06 | 34.28 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 135,427 | 730.79 | 33.24 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 817 | 748.97 | 35.46 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 15,843 | 746.02 | 36.86 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 212,345 | 752.70 | 33.75 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 232,719 | 728.42 | 33.34 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 238,816 | 756.22 | 34.28 | 650 | 850 |

[^16]| English Learner <br> Status | English Learner (EL) | 73,569 | 724.77 | 32.50 | 650 | 850 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Non English Learner | 396,435 | 746.02 | 36.24 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 64,259 | 718.66 | 37.10 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 248,483 | 748.90 | 35.18 | 650 | 850 |

Note: ${ }^{*}$ Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

Similar patterns were observed in other grades; corresponding tables for all grades are presented in Appendix 12.5.

Algebra I scale score statistics are presented in Table 12.10. ${ }^{20}$ Mean scores were higher for female students relative to male students. Mean scores were highest for Asian students followed by White students and were lowest for American Indian/Alaska Native students. Economically disadvantaged students performed less well than students who are not economically disadvantaged. English learners (EL) performed less well than Non English learner students. Students with disabilities (SWD) performed less well than students without disabilities.

Table 12.10 Subgroup Performance for Mathematics Scale Scores: Algebra I

| Group Type | Group | $\boldsymbol{N}$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score | $\mathbf{3 2 3 , 7 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{7 3 5 . 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 4 . 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{6 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 5 0}$ |  |
| Gender | Female | 156,671 | 737.07 | 33.14 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 167,030 | 733.05 | 35.49 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,914 | 717.72 | 26.42 | 650 | 821 |
|  | Asian | 19,893 | 765.60 | 36.37 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 59,226 | 719.96 | 29.30 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 93,396 | 723.59 | 29.61 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 504 | 743.90 | 36.53 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 7,298 | 739.34 | 34.65 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 139,104 | 744.96 | 33.14 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Economically Disadvantaged | 140,960 | 721.81 | 29.38 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 177,020 | 745.33 | 34.58 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner | English Learner (EL) | 24,388 | 709.23 | 25.78 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Status | Non English Learner | 294,669 | 737.12 | 34.14 | 650 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 48,956 | 713.19 | 29.77 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 194,227 | 741.88 | 34.77 | 650 | 850 |

Note: *Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

[^17]Very similar patterns were observed in Geometry and Algebra II; corresponding tables are presented in Appendix $\mathbf{1 2 . 5}$.

Integrated Mathematics I scale score statistics are presented in Table 12.11. ${ }^{21}$ Mean scores were higher for female students relative to male students. Mean scores were highest for Asian students followed by White students and were lowest for American Indian/Alaska Native students. Economically disadvantaged students performed less well than students who are not economically disadvantaged. English learners (EL) performed less well than non-English learner students. Students with disabilities (SWD) performed less well than students without disabilities.

[^18]Table 12.11 Subgroup Performance for Mathematics Scale Scores: Integrated Mathematics I

| Group Type | Group | N | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score |  | 16,581 | 732.30 | 34.26 | 650 | 850 |
| Gender | Female | 8,128 | 734.36 | 33.01 | 650 | 841 |
|  | Male | 8,453 | 730.33 | 35.30 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 166 | 715.13 | 28.28 | 650 | 790 |
|  | Asian | 551 | 749.85 | 37.96 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 1,891 | 720.44 | 30.49 | 650 | 821 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 6,552 | 723.95 | 30.77 | 650 | 835 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 30 | 735.00 | 36.69 | 673 | 810 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 416 | 736.19 | 35.74 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 6,968 | 742.18 | 34.65 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 8,230 | 722.92 | 30.91 | 650 | 838 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 8,347 | 741.57 | 34.87 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 2,106 | 710.19 | 25.55 | 650 | 815 |
|  | Non English Learner | 14,074 | 736.33 | 33.95 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 2,019 | 709.23 | 29.76 | 650 | 830 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 4,216 | 725.38 | 31.59 | 650 | 848 |

Note: *Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

Very similar patterns were observed in Integrated Mathematics II and Integrated Mathematics III; corresponding tables are presented in Appendix 12.5.

### 12.5 Interpreting Claim Scores and Subclaim Scores

### 12.5.1 Interpreting Claim Scores

PARCC ELA/L assessments provide separate claim scale scores for both Reading and Writing. The claim scale scores and the summative scale score are on different scales; therefore, the sum of the scale scores for each claim will not equal the summative scale score. PARCC Reading scale scores range from 10 to 90 and PARCC Writing scale scores range from 10 to 60 .

The claim scores can be interpreted by comparing a student's claim scale score to the average performance for the school, district, and state. The PARCC Individual Student Report (ISR) provides the student scale score results and the average scale score results for the school, district, and state.

### 12.5.2 Interpreting Subclaim Scores

Within each reporting category are specific skill sets (subclaims) students demonstrate on the PARCC assessments. Subclaim categories are not reported using scale scores or Performance Levels. Subclaim
performance for PARCC assessments is reported using graphical representations that indicate how the student performed relative to the Level 3 and Level 4 performance levels for the content area.

Subclaim indicators represent how well students performed in a subclaim category relative to Performance Level 3 and Level 4 thresholds for the items associated with the subclaim category. To determine a student's subclaim performance, the Performance Level 3 and Level 4 thresholds corresponding to the IRT based performance for the items for a given subclaim determined the reference points for "Approached Expectations" and "Did Not Yet Meet or Partially Met Expectations" respectively.

Student performance for each subclaim is marked with a subclaim performance indicator.

- An 'up' arrow for the specified subclaim for "Meets or Exceeds Expectations" indicates that the student's performance for the subclaim was equal to or better than the threshold for Performance Level 4 (i.e., students whose summative scale score was 750).
- A 'bidirectional' arrow for the specified subclaim for "Nearly Meets Expectations" indicates that the student's performance was below the Performance Level 4 threshold (i.e., summative scale score was 750) but better than or equal to the Performance Level 3 threshold (i.e., summative scale score was 725).
- A 'down' arrow for the specified subclaim for "Below Expectations" indicates that the student's performance for the subclaim was below the Performance Level 3 threshold (i.e., summative scale score was 725).


## Section 13: Quality Control Procedures

Quality control in a testing program is a comprehensive and ongoing process. This section describes procedures put into place to monitor the quality of the item bank, test form, and ancillary material development. The quality checks for scanning, image editing, scoring, and data screening during psychometric analyses are also outlined. Additional quality information can be found in the PARCC Program Quality Plan document.

### 13.1 Quality Control of the Item Bank

The PARCC summative item bank consists of test passages and items, their associated metadata, and status (e.g., operational-ready, field-test ready, released, etc.). The items on the 2015-2016 assessments were developed by Pearson and West Ed and put in the item bank once created.

In 2015, the PARCC summative bank underwent a conversion from the existing repository to the Assessment Banking for Building and Interoperability (ABBI) system. The ABBI bank houses the passages and items, art, associated metadata, rubrics, alternate text for use on accommodated forms, and text complexity documentation. It provides an item previewer that allows items to be viewed and interacted with in the same way students see and interact with items and tools, and manages versioning of items with a date/time stamp. It allows PARCC reviewers to vote on item acceptance, and to record and retain their review notes for later reconciliation and reference. As part of the bank transition, quality processes were conducted to ensure that the content of the passages and items, and the underlying QTI structure associated with those items, remained consistent from the old bank to the new bank. A validation of scoring and metadata was conducted. Mathematics rubrics were loaded and the versions validated.

In 2015, the bank transition occurred after initial development, but prior to the PARCC editorial review. PARCC editorial review committee participants conducted their review in the item banking system. As with all reviews, the committee members viewed the items as the student would, and could vote to alter the item, accept the item or reject the item and record their comments in the system. After each meeting, reports were forwarded to Parcc Inc. The reports were generated by the item banking system and summarized feedback from the committee reviewers.

All new development for the PARCC assessments is being created within the ABBI system, which employs templates to control the consistency of the underlying scoring logic and QTI creation for each item type. The ABBI system incorporates a previewer that allows the PARCC reviewers to validate the content of the item and validate the expected scoring of tasks. It supports the full range of PARCC review activities, including content review, bias and sensitivity review, expert editorial review, data review, and test construction review. It provides insight into the item edit process through versioning. A series of metadata validations at key points in the development cycle provide support for metadata consistency. The bank can be queried on the full range of PARCC metadata values to support bank analysis.

### 13.2 Quality Control of Test Form Development

Test Forms were built based upon targets and the established blueprints set by PARCC. The construction process started with specification and requirement capture to create the Test Specification Document. From there items were pulled into forms based on the criteria approved in the Test Specifications document. Quality control steps were conducted on the items and forms evaluating several item characteristics (e.g., content accuracy, completeness, style guides conformity, tools function). After forms composition, the forms went through a review process that involved groups from Pearson, Parcc Inc., and the PARCC states. Revisions were incorporated into the forms before final review and approval. Section 2.2 provides more details on the form development process.

The forms quality assurance was performed by Pearson's Assessment and Information Quality (AIQ) organization. AIQ completed a comprehensive review of all online forms for the PARCC administration cycle. This group is part of Pearson's larger Organizational Quality group and operates exclusively to validate form operability. The group validates that the functionality of every online form is working to specifications. The overall functionality and maneuverability of each form is checked, and the behavior of each item within the form is verified. (Quality processes for paper forms are described in section 13.3).

The items within each form were tested to verify that they operated as expected for test takers. As a further aspect of the testing process, AIQ confirmed that forms were loaded correctly and that the audio was correct when compared to text. Sections, seal codes, and overviews were reviewed. Technology enhanced items also were tested as an additional measure. As enumerated in the Technology Guidelines for PARCC Assessments, ${ }^{22}$ user interfaces were compatible with a range of common computer devices, operating systems, and browsers.

Pearson also performed QC tests to verify that a standard set of responses was outputted to the XML as expected after PARCC had approved the final version of the form. These responses were based on the keys provided in the test map or a standard open-ended (OE) responses string that contained a valid range of characters. The test maps also were validated against the form layout and item types for correctness as part of these tests.

Pearson conducted a multifaceted validation of all item layout, rendering, and functionality. Reviewers conducted comparisons between the approved item and the item as it appeared in the field test form, validated that tools and functions in the test delivery system, TestNav, were accurately applied, and verified that the style and layout met requirements documented in the PARCC Publishing Style Guide as

[^19]part of the PARCC Item Development Technical Guide. ${ }^{23}$ In addition, all answer keys were validated through a formal key review process. More details on the Test Development procedures are provided in Section 2.

### 13.3 Quality Control of Test Materials

Pearson provided high quality materials in a timely and efficient manner to meet PARCC's test administration needs. Since the majority of printing work was done in-house it was possible to fully control the production environment, press schedule, and quality process for print materials. Additionally, strict security requirements were employed to protect secure materials production; Section 3 provides details on the secure handling of test materials. Materials were produced according to the PARCC Style Guide and to the detailed specifications supplied in the Materials List.

Pearson Print Service operates within the sanctions of an ISO 9001:2008 Quality Management System, and practices process improvement through Lean principles and employee involvement.

Raw materials (paper and ink) used for scannable forms production were manufactured exclusively for Pearson Print Service using specifications created by Pearson Print Service. Samples of ink and paper were tested by Pearson prior to use in production. Project Specialists were the point of contact for incoming production.

Purchase orders and other order information were assessed against manufacturing capabilities and assigned to the optimal production methodology. PARCC expectations, quality requirements, and cost considerations were foremost in these decisions. Prior to release for manufacture, order information was checked against PARCC specifications, technical requirements, and other communication that includes expected outcomes. Records of these checks were maintained.

Files for image creation flow through one of two file preparation functions: Digital pre-press (DPP) for digital print methodology, or plateroom for offset print methodology. Both the DPP and plateroom functions verify content, file naming, imposition, pagination, numbering stream, registration of technical components, color mapping, workflow, and file integrity. Records of these checks are created and saved.

Offset production requires printing that uses a lithographic process. Offline finishing activities are required to create books and package offset output. Digital output may flow through an inkjet Digital Production Line (DPL) or a sheet-fed toner application process in the Xpress Center. A battery of quality checks was performed in these areas. The checks included color match, correct file selection, content match to proof, litho-code to serial number synchronization, registration of technical components, ink density controlled by densitometry, inspection for print flaws, perforations, punching, pagination, scanning requirements, and any unique features specified for the order. Records of these checks and

[^20]samples pulled from planned production points were maintained. Offline finishing included cutting, shrink wrapping, folding, and collating. The collation process has three robust inline detection systems that inspected each book for:

- Caliper validation that detects too few or too many pages. This detector will stop the collator if an incorrect caliper reading is registered.
- An optical reader that will only accept one sheet. Two or zero sheets will result in a collator stoppage.
- The correct bar code for the signature being assembled. An incorrect or upside down signature will be rejected by the bar code scanner and will result in a collator stoppage.

Pearson's Quality Assurance (QA) department personnel inspected print output prior to collation and shipment. QA also supported process improvement, work area documentation, audited process adherence, and established training programs for employees.

### 13.4 Quality Control of Scanning

Establishing and maintaining the accuracy of scanning, editing, and imaging processes is a cornerstone of the Pearson scoring process. While the scanners are designed to perform with great precision, Pearson implements other quality assurance processes to confirm that the data captured from scan processing produce a complete and accurate map to the expected results.

Pearson pioneered optical mark reading (OMR) and image scanning, and continues to improve in-house scanners for this purpose. Software programs drive the capture of student demographic data and student responses from the test materials during scan processing. Routinely scheduled maintenance and adjustments to the scanner components (e.g., camera) maintain scanner calibration. Test sheets inserted into every batch test scanner accuracy and calibration.

Controlled processes for developing and testing software specifications included a series of validation and verification procedures to confirm the captured data can be mapped accurately and completely to the expected results and that editing application rules are properly applied.

### 13.5 Quality Control of Image Editing

The final step in producing accurate data for scoring is the editing process. Once information from the documents was captured in the scanning process, the scan program file was executed, comparing the data captured from the student documents to the project specifications. The result of the comparison was a report (or edit listing) of documents needing corrections or validation. Image Editing Services performed the tasks necessary to correct and verify the student data prior to scoring.

Using the report, editors verified that all unscanned documents were scanned, or the data were imported into the system through some other method such as flatbed scan or key entry.

Documents with missing or suspect data were pulled, verified, and corrections or additional data were entered. Standard edits included:

- Incorrect or double gridding
- Incorrect dates (including birth year)
- Mismatches between pre-ID label and gridded information
- Incomplete names

When all edits were resolved, corrections were incorporated into the document file containing student records.

Additional quality checks were also performed. These included student $N$-count checks to make certain:

- Students were placed under the correct header
- All sheets belonged to the appropriate document
- Documents were not scanned twice
- No blank documents existed

Finally, accuracy checks were performed by checking random documents against scanned data to verify the accuracy of the scanning process.

Once all corrections were made, the scan program was tested a second time to verify all data were valid. When the resulting output showed that no fields were flagged as suspect, the file was considered clean and scoring began. Once all scanning was completed, the right/wrong response data were securely handed off.

### 13.6 Quality Control of Answer Document Processing and Scoring

Quality control of answer document processing and scoring involves all aspects of the scoring procedures, including key-based and rule-based machine scoring and handscoring for constructed response items and performance tasks.

For the 2015 PARCC operational administration, Pearson's validation team prepared test plans used throughout the scoring process. Test plan preparation was organized around detailed specifications.

Based on lessons learned from previous administrations the following quality steps were implemented:

- Raw score validation (e.g., score key validation; evidence statement, field test non-score; double-grid combinations; possible correct combination, if applicable; out-of-range/negative test cases);
- Matching (e.g., validation of high-confidence criteria, low-confidence criteria, cross document, external or forced matching by customer; prior to and after data updates; extract file of matched and unmatched documents);
- Demographic update tests (e.g., verification of data extract against corresponding layout; valid values for updatable fields; invalid values for updatable/non-updatable fields; negative test for non-existing record or empty file).

The following components were added to the quality control process specifically for the PARCC program. These additional steps were introduced to address issues with item-level scoring that were identified in the 2014 PARCC field test administration:

- XML Validation: A combination of automated validation against 100\% of item XMLs and human inspection of XML from selected difficult item types or composite items.
- Administration/End-to-End Data Validation: An automated generation of response data from approved test maps that have known conditions were executed against the operational scoring systems and data generation systems to verify scoring accuracy.
- Psychometric Validation: Verification of data integrity using criteria typically used in psychometric processes (e.g., statistical keychecks) and categorization of identified issues to help inform investigation by other groups
- Content Validation: An examination, by subject matter experts, of all items using a combination of automated tools to generate response and scoring data.

In addition to the steps described above, the following quality control process for answer keys and scoring that was implemented for the first PARCC operational administration were used:

1. Pearson's psychometrics team conducted empirical analyses based on preliminary data files and flagged items based on statistical criteria;
2. Pearson content team reviewed the flagged items and provided feedback on the accuracy of content, answer keys, and scoring;
3. Items potentially requiring changes were added to the product validation (PV) log for further investigation by other Pearson teams;
4. PARCC staff was notified of items for which keys or scoring changes were recommended;
5. PARCC approved/rejected scoring changes; and
6. All approved scoring changes were implemented and validated prior to the generation of the data files used for psychometric processing.

### 13.7 Quality Control of Psychometric Processes

High quality psychometric work for the 2015-2016 PARCC operational administrations was necessary to provide accurate and reliable results of student performance. Pearson, HumRRO, and Measured Progress implemented quality control procedures to ensure the quality of the work including:

1) Well-defined psychometric specifications
2) Consistently applied data cleaning rules
3) Clear and frequent communication
4) Test run analyses
5) Quality checks of the analyses
6) Checklists for statistical procedures

### 13.7.1 Pearson Psychometric Quality Control Process

Pearson was responsible for the psychometric analyses of the 2015-2016 PARCC operational administration and implemented measures to ensure the quality of work. The psychometric analyses were all conducted according to well-defined specifications. Data cleaning rules were clearly articulated and applied consistently throughout the process. Results from all analyses underwent comprehensive
quality checks by a team of psychometricians and data analysts. Detailed checklists were used by members of the team for each statistical procedure.

Described below is an overview of the quality control steps performed at different stages of the psychometric analyses. Greater detail is provided in Sections 6 (Classical Item Analysis), 7 (Differential Item Functioning), 10 (IRT Calibration and Scaling), and 12 (Scale Scores).

## Data Screening

Data screening is an important first step to ensure quality data input for meaningful analysis. The Pearson Customer Data Quality (CDQ) team validated all student data files used in the operational psychometric analyses. The data validation for the student data files (SDF) and item response files (IRF) included the following steps:

1. Validated variables in the data file for values in acceptable ranges.
2. Validated that the test form ID, unique item numbers (UINs) and item sequence on the data file were consistent with the test form values on the corresponding Test Map
3. Computed the composite raw score, claim raw scores, and subclaim raw scores, given the item scores in the student data file.
4. Compared computed raw scores to the raw scores in the student data file.
5. Compared the student item response block (SIRB) to the item scores.
6. Flagged student records with inconsistencies for further investigation.

Pearson Psychometrics and HumRRO established predefined valid case criteria, which were implemented consistently throughout the process. Refer to Section 5.3 for rules for inclusion of students in analyses and Section 10.2 for IRT calibration data preparation criteria and procedures.

## Classical Item Analysis

Classical item analysis (IA) produces item level statistics (e.g., item difficulty and item-total correlations). The IA results were reviewed by Pearson psychometricians. Items flagged for unusual statistical properties were reviewed by the content team. A subset of items identified as having key issues, scoring issues, or content issues was presented to the PARCC Priority Alert Task Force, which made decisions on whether to exclude them from the IRT calibration process and, consequently, the calculation of reported student scores. Refer to Section 6.4 for classical IA item flagging criteria.

## Calibrations

Creation of item response theory (IRT) sparse data matrices is an important step before the calibrations can begin. Using the same scored item response data, Pearson and HumRRO teams filtered the data and generated their own sparse data matrices independently. Processing of all data was done in parallel by two psychometricians and compared for $n$-counts. This verification of the data preparation was important to ensure that student exclusion rules were applied consistently across the analyses.

During the calibration process, checks were made to ensure that the correct options for the analyses were selected. Checks were also made on the number of items, number of test takers with valid scores,

IRT item difficulties, standard errors for the item difficulties, and the consistency between selected IRT statistics to the corresponding statistics obtained during item analyses. Psychometricians also performed detailed reviews of statistics to investigate the extent to which the assumptions of the model fit the observed data. Refer to Section 10.4 for IRT model fit evaluation criteria.

## Scaling

During the scaling process, checks were made on the number of linking items, the number of items that were excluded from linking during the stability check of the scaling process, and the scaling constants. Linking items that did not meet the anchor criteria were excluded as linking items. For example, C-DIF items flagged in the mode comparability study were dropped. Additionally, items with large weighted root mean square difference (WRMSD) values in Round 1 of scaling were excluded as linking items in Round 2. Finally, reviewers computed the linking constants and then checked that the linking constants were correctly applied. Refer to Section 10.6 for description of scaling process.

## Conversion Tables

Conversion tables must be accurate because they are used to generate reported scores for test takers. Comprehensive records were meticulously maintained on item-level decisions, and thorough checks were made to ensure that the correct items were included in the final score. All conversion tables were processed in parallel by Pearson and HumRRO and completely matched. A reasonableness check was also conducted by psychometricians for each content and grade level to make sure the results were in alignment with observations during the analyses prior to conversion table creation. Refer to Section 12.3 for the procedure to create conversion tables.

## Delivering Item Statistics

Item statistics based on classical item analyses and IRT analyses were obtained during the psychometric analysis process. The statistics were compiled by two data analysts independently to ensure that the correct statistics were delivered for the item bank.

### 13.7.2 HumRRO Psychometric Quality Control Process

HumRRO served as the psychometric replicator for the 2015-16 PARCC operational administration. HumRRO replicated the IRT analyses, scaling analyses, and the conversion file creations. The following steps outline the replication process:

1. Calibrated online and paper data separately.
2. Scaled the 2015 item parameter estimates to the 2016 online scale.
3. Scaled the paper item parameter estimates to the online scale.
4. Sent the item parameter estimates and scaling constants to Measured Progress for comparison.
5. Reconciled differences, if any, in results with Pearson and Measured Progress.
6. Generated the scale score scaling constants based on the 2016 online scale.
7. Sent data files to Measured Progress for comparison and reconciled differences, if any.
8. Generated the performance levels, summative, claim, and subclaim conversion tables.
9. Sent conversion tables to Measured Progress for comparison and reconciled differences, if any.

### 13.7.3 Measured Progress Psychometric Quality Control Process

Measured Progress (MP) served as the external evaluator for the 2015-16 PARCC operational administration. MP's main task was to evaluate the reasonableness of IRT calibration results, and to compare to the IRT calibration results, scaling constants, summative, claim and subclaim conversion tables created by HumRRO and Pearson.

## IRT Calibrations Comparison

MP reviewed and compared the psychometric IRT calibrations performed primarily by Pearson and HumRRO for all grade levels in ELA/L and mathematics administered both online and on paper.

Pearson and HumRRO each provided comparison files containing IRT item parameter estimates, IRT model fit statistics, and classical item statistics (item-level mean score, item-total correlation). Pearson also provided the IRT model fit plots for the items. For each test, the reasonableness of IRT parameters and the comparability of IRT parameter estimates between Pearson and HumRRO were evaluated on the following aspects:

- Number of items and types of interventions in the IRT calibration process
- Descriptive statistics of the IRT $a$-, $b$-, and $d$-parameter estimates
- Scatterplot of IRT $a$-, $b$-, and $d$-parameter estimates
- Absolute differences in IRT $a$-, $b$-, and $d$-parameter estimates
- Mean absolute difference (MAD) and root mean square difference (RMSD) in IRT-modelpredicted item mean scores if there were nontrivial absolute differences in IRT parameter estimates
- IRT model fit statistics and plots
- Item parameter linking status for paper forms


## IRT Comparison Results

In general, MP observed highly comparable IRT item parameter estimates between Pearson and HumRRO across all grades and subjects and in both online and paper forms in the 2015-2016 PARCC operational analyses. The largest differences in item parameter estimates occurred at the fourth decimal place. In general, model fit ranged from good to reasonable, with a few items illustrating more variability when sample sizes were small. For a very few items across all the tests, MP observed extreme IRT parameter estimates and/or standard errors, and sent the findings to Pearson for further investigation. Those items were sent to the Priority Alert Task Force for review, and they were either spoiled in operational scoring or flagged for re-field-testing with larger sample sizes.

## Conversion Files Comparison

Measured Progress provided comparison results for the scaling constants, the summative, claim, and subclaim score conversion tables and their performance levels of both regular and accommodated forms in each of the Grades 3-8 and High School tests.
The conversion tables were evaluated and compared in the following aspects:

- Form ID and the number of total score points
- Minimum and maximum score points
- Raw cut-scores
- Theta and scaled scores associated with each raw score point


## Conversion Files Comparison Results

MP observed identical lower and upper limits of scale scores for summative and subclaim performance levels in each test. In the final comparison files and after any observed differences were reconciled, MP observed identical form IDs and number of raw score points for each test. The largest differences in the theta points only showed on the fourth decimals across all the conversion tables. Only very few scale score points differed by one point due to rounding errors out of the numerous forms across the grades and subjects. None of the differences occurred on the scale cut-scores. Overall, the final conversion files provided by HumRRO and Pearson were highly comparable.

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## Appendices

Appendix 5: Test Takers by Grade and Mode, for Each State
Table A.5.1 ELA/L Test Takers, by State, and Grade

| State | Category | English Language Arts/Literacy |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Grade 3 | Grade 4 | Grade 5 | Grade 6 | Grade 7 | Grade 8 | Grade 9 | Grade 10 | Grade 11 |
| PARCC | N of Students | 3,339,882 | 471,801 | 461,204 | 455,980 | 455,888 | 449,801 | 440,160 | 275,158 | 192,956 | 136,934 |
| PARCC | $N$ of CBT | 2,923,625 | 373,061 | 378,410 | 405,897 | 403,788 | 396,461 | 390,037 | 260,548 | 184,539 | 130,884 |
| PARCC | \% of CBT | 87.5 | 79.1 | 82 | 89 | 88.6 | 88.1 | 88.6 | 94.7 | 95.6 | 95.6 |
| PARCC | $N$ of PBT | 416,257 | 98,740 | 82,794 | 50,083 | 52,100 | 53,340 | 50,123 | 14,610 | 8417 | 6,050 |
| PARCC | \% of PBT | 12.5 | 20.9 | 18 | 11 | 11.4 | 11.9 | 11.4 | 5.3 | 4.4 | 4.4 |
| BIE | N of Students | 8,808 | 1,480 | 1,381 | 1,338 | 1,273 | 1,085 | 1,100 | 318 | 320 | 513 |
| BIE | \% of PARCC Data | 0.3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BIE | N of CBT | 1,559 | 158 | 139 | 141 | 120 | 253 | 250 | 162 | 162 | 174 |
| BIE | \% of CBT | 17.7 | 10.7 | 10.1 | 10.5 | 9.4 | 23.3 | 22.7 | 50.9 | 50.6 | 33.9 |
| BIE | $N$ of PBT | 7,249 | 1,322 | 1,242 | 1,197 | 1,153 | 832 | 850 | 156 | 158 | 339 |
| BIE | \% of PBT | 82.3 | 89.3 | 89.9 | 89.5 | 90.6 | 76.7 | 77.3 | 49.1 | 49.4 | 66.1 |
| CO | N of Students | 407,867 | 63,303 | 62,964 | 61,847 | 59,887 | 57,989 | 53,765 | 48,112 | n/a | n/a |
| CO | \% of PARCC Data | 12.2 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.4 | n/a | n/a |
| CO | N of CBT | 388,232 | 58,884 | 60,224 | 59,248 | 57,059 | 55,396 | 51,311 | 46,110 | n/a | n/a |
| CO | \% of CBT | 95.2 | 93 | 95.6 | 95.8 | 95.3 | 95.5 | 95.4 | 95.8 | n/a | n/a |
| CO | $N$ of PBT | 19,635 | 4,419 | 2,740 | 2,599 | 2,828 | 2,593 | 2,454 | 2,002 | n/a | n/a |
| CO | \% of PBT | 4.8 | 7 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.2 | n/a | n/a |
| DC | N of Students | 37,874 | 6,211 | 5,512 | 5,029 | 4,450 | 4,343 | 4,159 | 3,410 | 4,701 | 59 |
| DC | \% of PARCC Data | 1.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0 |
| DC | $N$ of CBT | 37,319 | 6,139 | 5,454 | 4,999 | 4,437 | 4,338 | 4,134 | 3,326 | 4,433 | 59 |
| DC | \% of CBT | 98.5 | 98.8 | 98.9 | 99.4 | 99.7 | 99.9 | 99.4 | 97.5 | 94.3 | 100 |
| DC | N of PBT | 555 | 72 | 58 | 30 | n/a | n/a | 25 | 84 | 268 | n/a |
| DC | \% of PBT | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 2.5 | 5.7 | n/a |
| IL | N of Students | 100,7955 | 149,169 | 145,294 | 144,640 | 147,351 | 144,775 | 142,058 | 94,466 | 11,451 | 28,751 |
| IL | \% of PARCC Data | 30.2 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 2.8 | 0.3 | 0.9 |
| IL | N of CBT | 854,366 | 98,492 | 101,913 | 132,896 | 134,920 | 132,182 | 133,232 | 84,522 | 10,492 | 25,717 |


| State | Category | English Language Arts/Literacy |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Grade 3 | Grade 4 | Grade 5 | Grade 6 | Grade 7 | Grade 8 | Grade 9 | Grade 10 | Grade 11 |
| IL | \% of CBT | 84.8 | 66 | 70.1 | 91.9 | 91.6 | 91.3 | 93.8 | 89.5 | 91.6 | 89.4 |
| IL | $N$ of PBT | 153,589 | 50,677 | 43,381 | 11,744 | 12,431 | 12,593 | 8,826 | 9,944 | 959 | 3,034 |
| IL | \% of PBT | 15.2 | 34 | 29.9 | 8.1 | 8.4 | 8.7 | 6.2 | 10.5 | 8.4 | 10.6 |
| MA | N of Students | 295,830 | 50,160 | 48,971 | 48,585 | 48,954 | 49,647 | 49,513 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MA | \% of PARCC Data | 8.9 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | n/a |
| MA | N of CBT | 119,362 | 18,729 | 18,742 | 19,534 | 21,236 | 20,740 | 20,381 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MA | \% of CBT | 40.3 | 37.3 | 38.3 | 40.2 | 43.4 | 41.8 | 41.2 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MA | N of PBT | 176,468 | 31,431 | 30,229 | 29,051 | 27,718 | 28,907 | 29,132 | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | n/a |
| MA | \% of PBT | 59.7 | 62.7 | 61.7 | 59.8 | 56.6 | 58.2 | 58.8 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MD | N of Students | 459,985 | 67,660 | 65,842 | 64,227 | 62,919 | 62,378 | 61,753 | 643 | 58,220 | 16,343 |
| MD | \% of PARCC Data | 13.8 | 2 | 2 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 0 | 1.7 | 0.5 |
| MD | N of CBT | 422,623 | 59,881 | 62,999 | 61,382 | 57,330 | 56,821 | 55,988 | 613 | 53,356 | 14,253 |
| MD | \% of CBT | 91.9 | 88.5 | 95.7 | 95.6 | 91.1 | 91.1 | 90.7 | 95.3 | 91.6 | 87.2 |
| MD | N of PBT | 37,362 | 7,779 | 2,843 | 2,845 | 5,589 | 5,557 | 5,765 | 30 | 4,864 | 2,090 |
| MD | \% of PBT | 8.1 | 11.5 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 9.3 | 4.7 | 8.4 | 12.8 |
| NJ | N of Students | 828,566 | 98,899 | 96,740 | 95,694 | 96,772 | 95,837 | 94,102 | 94,074 | 86,398 | 70,050 |
| NJ | \% of PARCC Data | 24.8 | 3 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.1 |
| NJ | N of CBT | 825,528 | 98,695 | 96,529 | 95,511 | 96,467 | 95,514 | 93,748 | 93,557 | 85,910 | 69,597 |
| NJ | \% of CBT | 99.6 | 99.8 | 99.8 | 99.8 | 99.7 | 99.7 | 99.6 | 99.5 | 99.4 | 99.4 |
| NJ | N of PBT | 3,038 | 204 | 211 | 183 | 305 | 323 | 354 | 517 | 488 | 453 |
| NJ | \% of PBT | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| NM | N of Students | 211,318 | 24,252 | 23,990 | 24,242 | 23,853 | 23,596 | 23,402 | 24,022 | 22,828 | 21,133 |
| NM | \% of PARCC Data | 6.3 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.6 |
| NM | N of CBT | 208,432 | 23,751 | 23,756 | 23,974 | 23,725 | 22,884 | 22,749 | 23,878 | 22,716 | 20,999 |
| NM | \% of CBT | 98.6 | 97.9 | 99 | 98.9 | 99.5 | 97 | 97.2 | 99.4 | 99.5 | 99.4 |
| NM | N of PBT | 2,886 | 501 | 234 | 268 | 128 | 712 | 653 | 144 | 112 | 134 |
| NM | \% of PBT | 1.4 | 2.1 | 1 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 3 | 2.8 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.6 |
| RI | N of Students | 81,554 | 10,660 | 10,500 | 10,373 | 10,423 | 10,143 | 10,301 | 10,113 | 9,009 | 32 |
| RI | \% of PARCC Data | 2.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0 |
| RI | N of CBT | 66,079 | 8,325 | 8,644 | 8,207 | 8,488 | 8,325 | 8,237 | 8,380 | 7,441 | 32 |


|  |  | English Language Arts/Literacy |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State | Category | Total | Grade 3 | Grade 4 | Grade 5 | Grade 6 | Grade 7 | Grade 8 | Grade 9 | Grade 10 | Grade 11 |
| RI | \% of CBT | 81 | 78.1 | 82.3 | 79.1 | 81.4 | 82.1 | 80 | 82.9 | 82.6 | 100 |
| RI | $N$ of PBT | 15,475 | 2,335 | 1,856 | 2,166 | 1,935 | 1,818 | 2,064 | 1,733 | 1,568 | n/a |
| RI | \% of PBT | 19 | 21.9 | 17.7 | 20.9 | 18.6 | 17.9 | 20 | 17.1 | 17.4 | n/a |

Note: CBT = computer-based test; PBT = paper-based test; $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}=$ not applicable.

Table A.5.2 Mathematics Test Takers, by State, and Grade

|  |  | Mathematics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State | Category | Total | Grade 3 | Grade 4 | Grade 5 | Grade 6 | Grade 7 | Grade 8 | A1 | GO | A2 | M1 | M2 | M3 |
| PARCC | N of Students | 3,284,448 | 476,620 | 464,485 | 458,218 | 457,815 | 435,545 | 359,231 | 323,701 | 145,270 | 139,956 | 16,581 | 4,655 | 2,371 |
| PARCC | N of CBT | 286,7238 | 377,172 | 380,072 | 406,685 | 405,870 | 383,442 | 314,746 | 304,078 | 140,056 | 132,009 | 16,492 | 4,387 | 2,229 |
| PARCC | \% of CBT | 87.3 | 79.1 | 81.8 | 88.8 | 88.7 | 88 | 87.6 | 93.9 | 96.4 | 94.3 | 99.5 | 94.2 | 94 |
| PARCC | $N$ of PBT | 417,210 | 99,448 | 84,413 | 51,533 | 51,945 | 52,103 | 44,485 | 19,623 | 5,214 | 7,947 | 89 | 268 | 142 |
| PARCC | \% of PBT | 12.7 | 20.9 | 18.2 | 11.2 | 11.3 | 12 | 12.4 | 6.1 | 3.6 | 5.7 | 0.5 | 5.8 | 6 |
| BIE | N of Students | 8,734 | 1,479 | 1,368 | 1,336 | 1,272 | 1,072 | 1,063 | 281 | 334 | 281 | 29 | 206 | n/a |
| BIE | \% of PARCC Data | 0.3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BIE | $N$ of CBT | 1,528 | 158 | 139 | 141 | 120 | 245 | 215 | 156 | 181 | 171 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| BIE | \% of CBT | 17.5 | 10.7 | 10.2 | 10.6 | 9.4 | 22.9 | 20.2 | 55.5 | 54.2 | 60.9 | 6.9 | n/a | n/a |
| BIE | N of PBT | 7,206 | 1,321 | 1,229 | 1,195 | 1,152 | 827 | 848 | 125 | 153 | 110 | 27 | 206 | n/a |
| BIE | \% of PBT | 82.5 | 89.3 | 89.8 | 89.4 | 90.6 | 77.1 | 79.8 | 44.5 | 45.8 | 39.1 | 93.1 | 100 | 100 |
| CO | N of Students | 410,385 | 64,932 | 63,510 | 62,044 | 60,232 | 55,489 | 41,195 | 39,100 | 10,722 | 2,373 | 9,240 | 1,379 | 169 |
| CO | \% of PARCC Data | 12.5 | 2 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0 | 0 |
| CO | $N$ of CBT | 382,434 | 59,967 | 59,519 | 58,136 | 56,119 | 51,726 | 38,106 | 36,082 | 9,856 | 2,163 | 9,212 | 1,379 | 169 |
| CO | \% of CBT | 93.2 | 92.4 | 93.7 | 93.7 | 93.2 | 93.2 | 92.5 | 92.3 | 91.9 | 91.2 | 99.7 | 100 | 100 |
| CO | $N$ of PBT | 27,951 | 4,965 | 3,991 | 3,908 | 4,113 | 3,763 | 3,089 | 3,018 | 866 | 210 | 28 | n/a | n/a |
| CO | \% of PBT | 6.8 | 7.6 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 8.1 | 8.8 | 0.3 | n/a | n/a |
| DC | N of Students | 38,146 | 6,236 | 5,514 | 5,057 | 4,484 | 4,149 | 3,273 | 3,607 | 5,546 | 211 | n/a | 69 | n/a |
| DC | \% of PARCC Data | 1.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0 | n/a | 0 | n/a |
| DC | N of CBT | 37,594 | 6,163 | 5,459 | 5,027 | 4,471 | 4,144 | 3,248 | 3,523 | 5,279 | 211 | n/a | 69 | n/a |
| DC | \% of CBT | 98.6 | 98.8 | 99 | 99.4 | 99.7 | 99.9 | 99.2 | 97.7 | 95.2 | 100 | n/a | 100 | n/a |
| DC | $N$ of PBT | 552 | 73 | 55 | 30 | n/a | n/a | 25 | 84 | 267 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| DC | \% of PBT | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.8 | 2.3 | 4.8 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| IL | N of Students | 983,476 | 149,406 | 145,580 | 144,878 | 147,622 | 144,303 | 138,380 | 70,301 | 8,810 | 23,563 | 6,699 | 2,334 | 1,600 |
| IL | \% of PARCC Data | 29.9 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 2.1 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0 |
| IL | $N$ of CBT | 831,095 | 98,593 | 102,045 | 133,105 | 135,155 | 131,657 | 129,610 | 63,385 | 7,991 | 19,141 | 6,668 | 2,274 | 1,471 |
| IL | \% of CBT | 84.5 | 66 | 70.1 | 91.9 | 91.6 | 91.2 | 93.7 | 90.2 | 90.7 | 81.2 | 99.5 | 97.4 | 91.9 |
| IL | $N$ of PBT | 152,381 | 50,813 | 43,535 | 11,773 | 12,467 | 12,646 | 8,770 | 6,916 | 819 | 4,422 | 31 | 60 | 129 |
| IL | \% of PBT | 15.5 | 34 | 29.9 | 8.1 | 8.4 | 8.8 | 6.3 | 9.8 | 9.3 | 18.8 | 0.5 | 2.6 | 8.1 |


|  |  | Mathematics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State | Category | Total | Grade 3 | Grade 4 | Grade 5 | Grade 6 | Grade 7 | Grade 8 | A1 | GO | A2 | M1 | M2 | M3 |
| MA | N of Students | 296,763 | 50,408 | 49,230 | 48,759 | 49,079 | 49,752 | 44,367 | 5,168 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MA | \% of PARCC Data | 9 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 0.2 | n/a | n/a | n/a | $n / \mathrm{a}$ | n/a |
| MA | N of CBT | 119,627 | 18,819 | 18,813 | 19,556 | 21,292 | 20,787 | 17,417 | 2,943 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MA | \% of CBT | 40.3 | 37.3 | 38.2 | 40.1 | 43.4 | 41.8 | 39.3 | 56.9 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MA | $N$ of PBT | 177,136 | 31,589 | 30,417 | 29,203 | 27,787 | 28,965 | 26,950 | 2,225 | n/a | $n / \mathrm{a}$ | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MA | \% of PBT | 59.7 | 62.7 | 61.8 | 59.9 | 56.6 | 58.2 | 60.7 | 43.1 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| MD | N of Students | 448,656 | 68,084 | 66,260 | 64,677 | 63,169 | 53,779 | 43,368 | 63,591 | 5,588 | 20,140 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MD | \% of PARCC Data | 13.7 | 2.1 | 2 | 2 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 0.2 | 0.6 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MD | N of CBT | 418,268 | 60,510 | 63,413 | 61,916 | 59,192 | 50,787 | 41,363 | 59,073 | 4,612 | 17,402 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MD | \% of CBT | 93.2 | 88.9 | 95.7 | 95.7 | 93.7 | 94.4 | 95.4 | 92.9 | 82.5 | 86.4 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MD | $N$ of PBT | 30,388 | 7,574 | 2,847 | 2,761 | 3,977 | 2,992 | 2,005 | 4,518 | 976 | 2,738 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MD | \% of PBT | 6.8 | 11.1 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 6.3 | 5.6 | 4.6 | 7.1 | 17.5 | 13.6 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| NJ | N of Students | 806,752 | 99,738 | 97,549 | 96,390 | 97,441 | 93,076 | 60,650 | 105,056 | 83,434 | 73,332 | 43 | 30 | n/a |
| NJ | \% of PARCC Data | 24.6 | 3 | 3 | 2.9 | 3 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NJ | N of CBT | 803,623 | 99,520 | 97,308 | 96,186 | 97,121 | 92,739 | 60,329 | 104,423 | 82,943 | 72,968 | 43 | 30 | 13 |
| NJ | \% of CBT | 99.6 | 99.8 | 99.8 | 99.8 | 99.7 | 99.6 | 99.5 | 99.4 | 99.4 | 99.5 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| NJ | $N$ of PBT | 3,129 | 218 | 241 | 204 | 320 | 337 | 321 | 633 | 491 | 364 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| NJ | \% of PBT | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| NM | N of Students | 211,379 | 25,555 | 24,841 | 24,590 | 23,982 | 23,703 | 19,227 | 25,771 | 21,879 | 20,049 | 569 | 637 | 576 |
| NM | \% of PARCC Data | 6.4 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NM | N of CBT | 208,496 | 25,030 | 24,604 | 24,315 | 23,854 | 22,992 | 18,589 | 25,613 | 21,775 | 19,947 | 566 | 635 | 576 |
| NM | \% of CBT | 98.6 | 97.9 | 99 | 98.9 | 99.5 | 97 | 96.7 | 99.4 | 99.5 | 99.5 | 99.5 | 99.7 | 100 |
| NM | N of PBT | 2,883 | 525 | 237 | 275 | 128 | 711 | 638 | 158 | 104 | 102 | 3 | 2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| NM | \% of PBT | 1.4 | 2.1 | 1 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 3 | 3.3 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.3 | n/a |
| RI | N of Students | 80,030 | 10,775 | 10,623 | 10,482 | 10,528 | 10,214 | 7,701 | 10,742 | 8,957 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| RI | \% of PARCC Data | 2.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0 | 0 | n/a | n/a |
| RI | $N$ of CBT | 64,446 | 8,405 | 8,762 | 8,298 | 8,540 | 8,357 | 5,862 | 8,796 | 7,419 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| RI | \% of CBT | 80.5 | 78 | 82.5 | 79.2 | 81.1 | 81.8 | 76.1 | 81.9 | 82.8 | 85.7 | 100 | n/a | n/a |
| RI | $N$ of PBT | 15,584 | 2,370 | 1,861 | 2,184 | 1,988 | 1,857 | 1,839 | 1,946 | 1,538 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| RI | \% of PBT | 19.5 | 22 | 17.5 | 20.8 | 18.9 | 18.2 | 23.9 | 18.1 | 17.2 | 14.3 | n/a | n/a | n/a |

## PARCC

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III. CBT = computer-based test; PBT = paper-based test; n/a = not applicable.

Table A.5.3 Spanish-Language Mathematics Test Takers, by State, and Grade

| State* | Category | Mathematics (Spanish-Language forms) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Grade 3 | Grade 4 | Grade 5 | Grade 6 | Grade 7 | Grade 8 | A1 | GO | A2 | M1 | M2 | M3 |
| PARCC | N of Students | 25,344 | 5,924 | 3,490 | 2,743 | 2,306 | 2,325 | 2,119 | 3,556 | 1,813 | 911 | 84 | 68 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| PARCC | $N$ of CBT | 23,159 | 4,857 | 3,068 | 2,675 | 2,221 | 2,215 | 1,980 | 3,333 | 1,761 | 894 | 82 | 68 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| PARCC | \% of CBT | 91.4 | 82 | 87.9 | 97.5 | 96.3 | 95.3 | 93.4 | 93.7 | 97.1 | 98.1 | 97.6 | 100 | 100 |
| PARCC | N of PBT | 2,185 | 1,067 | 422 | 68 | 85 | 110 | 139 | 223 | 52 | n/a | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| PARCC | \% of PBT | 8.6 | 18 | 12.1 | 2.5 | 3.7 | 4.7 | 6.6 | 6.3 | 2.9 | 1.9 | 2.4 | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| BIE | N of Students | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| BIE | $N$ of CBT | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| BIE | \% of CBT | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| BIE | $N$ of PBT | n/a | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | n/a | n/a | n/a | $n / a$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| BIE | \% of PBT | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| CO | N of Students | 2,684 | 1,173 | 449 | 252 | 174 | 219 | 201 | 152 | n/a | n/a | 60 | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| CO | \% of PARCC Data | 10.6 | 4.6 | 1.8 | 1 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0 | n/a | 0.2 | 0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| CO | N of CBT | 2,538 | 1,101 | 438 | 244 | 158 | 201 | 185 | 147 | n/a | n/a | 60 | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| CO | \% of CBT | 94.6 | 93.9 | 97.6 | 96.8 | 90.8 | 91.8 | 92 | 96.7 | 100 | n/a | 100 | 100 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| CO | N of PBT | 146 | 72 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| CO | \% of PBT | 5.4 | 6.1 | 2.4 | 3.2 | 9.2 | 8.2 | 8 | 3.3 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| DC | N of Students | 329 | 45 | 45 | 55 | 40 | 39 | n/a | 38 | 50 | n/a | n/a | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| DC | \% of PARCC Data | 1.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | n/a | n/a | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| DC | $N$ of CBT | 329 | 45 | 45 | 55 | 40 | 39 | n/a | 38 | 50 | n/a | n/a | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| DC | \% of CBT | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | n/a | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| DC | N of PBT | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| DC | \% of PBT | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| IL | N of Students | 6,013 | 2,190 | 991 | 1,033 | 722 | 445 | 323 | 209 | n/a | n/a | n/a | 66 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| IL | \% of PARCC Data | 23.7 | 8.6 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| IL | N of CBT | 4,633 | 1,264 | 619 | 1,008 | 707 | 427 | 311 | 208 | n/a | n/a | n/a | 66 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| IL | \% of CBT | 77 | 57.7 | 62.5 | 97.6 | 97.9 | 96 | 96.3 | 99.5 | 100 | 26.7 | 100 | 100 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| IL | $N$ of PBT | 1,380 | 926 | 372 | 25 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| IL | \% of PBT | 23 | 42.3 | 37.5 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 4 | 3.7 | 0.5 | n/a | 73.3 | n/a | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |


| State* | Category | Mathematics (Spanish-Language forms) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Grade 3 | Grade 4 | Grade 5 | Grade 6 | Grade 7 | Grade 8 | A1 | GO | A2 | M1 | M2 | M3 |
| MA | N of Students | 59 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MA | \% of PARCC Data | 0.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.1 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MA | N of CBT | 57 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MA | \% of CBT | 96.6 | 100 | 100 | 90.9 | 100 | 100 | 92.9 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | $n / \mathrm{a}$ |
| MA | N of PBT | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | $n / a$ |
| MA | \% of PBT | 3.4 | n/a | n/a | 9.1 | n/a | n/a | 7.1 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | $n / a$ |
| MD | N of Students | 345 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | 26 | 25 | 234 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| MD | \% of PARCC Data | 1.4 | 0 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.9 | 0 | n/a | n/a | n/a | $n / \mathrm{a}$ |
| MD | $N$ of CBT | 218 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | 26 | 25 | 107 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | $n / a$ |
| MD | \% of CBT | 63.2 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 45.7 | 100 | n/a | n/a | $n / \mathrm{a}$ | $n / \mathrm{a}$ |
| MD | $N$ of PBT | 127 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | 127 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | $n / a$ |
| MD | \% of PBT | 36.8 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | 54.3 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | $n / a$ |
| NJ | N of Students | 11,129 | 1,121 | 1,047 | 947 | 1,045 | 1,219 | 1,185 | 2,369 | 1,401 | 795 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| NJ | \% of PARCC Data | 43.9 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 9.3 | 5.5 | 3.1 | n/a | n/a | $n / \mathrm{a}$ |
| NJ | N of CBT | 10,972 | 1,106 | 1,018 | 932 | 1,032 | 1,207 | 1,165 | 2,330 | 1,393 | 789 | n/a | $n / \mathrm{a}$ | $n / \mathrm{a}$ |
| NJ | \% of CBT | 98.6 | 98.7 | 97.2 | 98.4 | 98.8 | 99 | 98.3 | 98.4 | 99.4 | 99.2 | n/a | n/a | $n / a$ |
| NJ | N of PBT | 157 | n/a | 29 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | 39 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | $n / a$ |
| NJ | \% of PBT | 1.4 | 1.3 | 2.8 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 0.6 | 0.8 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| NM | N of Students | 3,699 | 1,253 | 847 | 347 | 209 | 269 | 229 | 263 | 169 | 101 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| NM | \% of PARCC Data | 14.6 | 4.9 | 3.3 | 1.4 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 1 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NM | $N$ of CBT | 3,670 | 1,234 | 846 | 343 | 208 | 269 | 227 | 263 | 169 | 101 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| NM | \% of CBT | 99.2 | 98.5 | 99.9 | 98.8 | 99.5 | 100 | 99.1 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 66.7 | 100 | 100 |
| NM | $N$ of PBT | 29 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| NM | \% of PBT | 0.8 | 1.5 | 0.1 | 1.2 | 0.5 | n/a | 0.9 | n/a | n/a | n/a | 33.3 | n/a | n/a |
| RI | N of Students | 1,086 | 127 | 92 | 86 | 80 | 99 | 125 | 291 | 186 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| RI | \% of PARCC Data | 4.3 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.7 | n/a | n/a | n/a | $n / a$ |
| RI | N of CBT | 742 | 92 | 83 | 71 | 40 | 37 | 37 | 240 | 142 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| RI | \% of CBT | 68.3 | 72.4 | 90.2 | 82.6 | 50 | 37.4 | 29.6 | 82.5 | 76.3 | n/a | n/a | n/a | $n / a$ |
| RI | $N$ of PBT | 344 | 35 | n/a | n/a | 40 | 62 | 88 | 51 | 44 | n/a | n/a | $n / a$ | n/a |


| State ${ }^{*}$ | Category | Mathematics (Spanish-Language forms) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Grade 3 | Grade 4 | Grade 5 | Grade 6 | Grade 7 | Grade 8 | A1 | GO | A2 | M1 | M2 | M3 |
| RI | \% of PBT | 31.7 | 27.6 | 9.8 | 17.4 | 50 | 62.6 | 70.4 | 17.5 | 23.7 | n/a | n/a | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III. CBT = computer-based test; PBT = paper-based test; $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}=$ not applicable.
*No students in BIE tested in mathematics using Spanish-language forms.

Table A.5.4 All States Combined: ELA/L Test Takers by Grade, Mode, and Gender

| Grade | Mode | Valid Cases | Gender |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Female |  | Male |  |
|  |  | N | N | \% | N | \% |
| 3 | All | 471,801 | 231,217 | 49 | 240,584 | 51 |
| 3 | CBT | 373,061 | 182,783 | 49 | 190,278 | 51 |
| 3 | PBT | 98,740 | 48,434 | 49.1 | 50,306 | 50.9 |
| 4 | All | 461,204 | 226,107 | 49 | 235,097 | 51 |
| 4 | CBT | 378,410 | 185,441 | 49 | 192,969 | 51 |
| 4 | PBT | 82,794 | 40,666 | 49.1 | 42,128 | 50.9 |
| 5 | All | 455,980 | 223,111 | 48.9 | 232,869 | 51.1 |
| 5 | CBT | 405,897 | 198,749 | 49 | 207,148 | 51 |
| 5 | PBT | 50,083 | 24,362 | 48.6 | 25,721 | 51.4 |
| 6 | All | 455,888 | 222,704 | 48.9 | 233,184 | 51.1 |
| 6 | CBT | 403,788 | 197,362 | 48.9 | 206,426 | 51.1 |
| 6 | PBT | 52,100 | 25,342 | 48.6 | 26,758 | 51.4 |
| 7 | All | 449,801 | 219,732 | 48.9 | 230,069 | 51.1 |
| 7 | CBT | 396,461 | 193,704 | 48.9 | 202,757 | 51.1 |
| 7 | PBT | 53,340 | 26,028 | 48.8 | 27,312 | 51.2 |
| 8 | All | 440,160 | 214,660 | 48.8 | 225,500 | 51.2 |
| 8 | CBT | 390,037 | 190,121 | 48.7 | 199,916 | 51.3 |
| 8 | PBT | 50,123 | 24,539 | 49 | 25,584 | 51 |
| 9 | All | 275,158 | 134,144 | 48.8 | 141,014 | 51.2 |
| 9 | CBT | 260,548 | 126,927 | 48.7 | 133,621 | 51.3 |
| 9 | PBT | 14,610 | 7,217 | 49.4 | 7,393 | 50.6 |
| 10 | All | 192,956 | 94,310 | 48.9 | 98,646 | 51.1 |
| 10 | CBT | 184,539 | 90,364 | 49 | 94,175 | 51 |
| 10 | PBT | 8,417 | 3,946 | 46.9 | 4,471 | 53.1 |
| 11 | All | 136,934 | 66,006 | 48.2 | 70,928 | 51.8 |
| 11 | CBT | 130,884 | 63,185 | 48.3 | 67,699 | 51.7 |
| 11 | PBT | 6,050 | 2,821 | 46.6 | 3,229 | 53.4 |

Note: CBT = computer-based tests; PBT = paper-based tests.

Table A.5.5 All States Combined: All Mathematics Test Takers by Grade, Mode, and Gender

| Grade | Mode | Valid Cases | Gender |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Female |  | Male |  |
|  |  | N | N | \% | N | \% |
| 3 | All | 476,620 | 233,536 | 49 | 243,084 | 51 |
| 3 | CBT | 377,172 | 184,711 | 49 | 192,461 | 51 |
| 3 | PBT | 99,448 | 48,825 | 49.1 | 50,623 | 50.9 |
| 4 | All | 464,485 | 227,746 | 49 | 236,739 | 51 |
| 4 | CBT | 380,072 | 186,308 | 49 | 193,764 | 51 |
| 4 | PBT | 84,413 | 41,438 | 49.1 | 42,975 | 50.9 |
| 5 | All | 458,218 | 224,219 | 48.9 | 233,999 | 51.1 |
| 5 | CBT | 406,685 | 199,163 | 49 | 207,522 | 51 |
| 5 | PBT | 51,533 | 25,056 | 48.6 | 26,477 | 51.4 |
| 6 | All | 457,815 | 223,647 | 48.9 | 234,168 | 51.1 |
| 6 | CBT | 405,870 | 198,380 | 48.9 | 207,490 | 51.1 |
| 6 | PBT | 51,945 | 25,267 | 48.6 | 26,678 | 51.4 |
| 7 | All | 435,545 | 212,807 | 48.9 | 222,738 | 51.1 |
| 7 | CBT | 383,442 | 187,347 | 48.9 | 196,095 | 51.1 |
| 7 | PBT | 52,103 | 25,460 | 48.9 | 26,643 | 51.1 |
| 8 | All | 359,231 | 173,063 | 48.2 | 186,168 | 51.8 |
| 8 | CBT | 314,746 | 151,421 | 48.1 | 163,325 | 51.9 |
| 8 | PBT | 44,485 | 21,642 | 48.7 | 22,843 | 51.3 |
| A1 | All | 323,701 | 156,671 | 48.4 | 167,030 | 51.6 |
| A1 | CBT | 304,078 | 147,204 | 48.4 | 156,874 | 51.6 |
| A1 | PBT | 19,623 | 9,467 | 48.2 | 10,156 | 51.8 |
| GO | All | 145,270 | 70,985 | 48.9 | 74,285 | 51.1 |
| GO | CBT | 140,056 | 68,538 | 48.9 | 71,518 | 51.1 |
| GO | PBT | 5,214 | 2,447 | 46.9 | 2,767 | 53.1 |
| A2 | All | 139,956 | 70,612 | 50.5 | 69,344 | 49.5 |
| A2 | CBT | 132,009 | 66,616 | 50.5 | 65,393 | 49.5 |
| A2 | PBT | 7,947 | 3,996 | 50.3 | 3,951 | 49.7 |
| M1 | All | 16,581 | 8,128 | 49 | 8,453 | 51 |
| M1 | CBT | 16,492 | 8,095 | 49.1 | 8,397 | 50.9 |
| M1 | PBT | 89 | 33 | 37.1 | 56 | 62.9 |
| M2 | All | 4,655 | 2,384 | 51.2 | 2,271 | 48.8 |
| M2 | CBT | 4,387 | 2,235 | 50.9 | 2,152 | 49.1 |
| M2 | PBT | 268 | 149 | 55.6 | 119 | 44.4 |
| M3 | All | 2,371 | 1,263 | 53.3 | 1,108 | 46.7 |
| M3 | CBT | 2,229 | 1,191 | 53.4 | 1,038 | 46.6 |
| M3 | PBT | 142 | 72 | 50.7 | 70 | 49.3 |

Note: Includes students taking English-language mathematics tests, students taking Spanish-language mathematics tests, and students taking accommodated forms. A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III. CBT = computer-based test; PBT = paper-based test; and $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}=$ not applicable.

Table A.5.6 All States Combined: Spanish-Language Mathematics Test Takers, by Grade, Mode, and Gender

| Grade | Mode | Valid Cases | Gender |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Female |  | Male |  |
|  |  | N | N | \% | N | \% |
| 3 | All | 5,924 | 2,931 | 49.5 | 2,993 | 50.5 |
| 3 | CBT | 4,857 | 2,404 | 49.5 | 2,453 | 50.5 |
| 3 | PBT | 1,067 | 527 | 49.4 | 540 | 50.6 |
| 4 | All | 3,490 | 1,692 | 48.5 | 1,798 | 51.5 |
| 4 | CBT | 3,068 | 1,503 | 49 | 1,565 | 51 |
| 4 | PBT | 422 | 189 | 44.8 | 233 | 55.2 |
| 5 | All | 2,743 | 1,316 | 48 | 1,427 | 52 |
| 5 | CBT | 2,675 | 1,285 | 48 | 1,390 | 52 |
| 5 | PBT | 68 | 31 | 45.6 | 37 | 54.4 |
| 6 | All | 2,306 | 1,093 | 47.4 | 1,213 | 52.6 |
| 6 | CBT | 2,221 | 1,059 | 47.7 | 1,162 | 52.3 |
| 6 | PBT | 85 | 34 | 40 | 51 | 60 |
| 7 | All | 2,325 | 1,115 | 48 | 1,210 | 52 |
| 7 | CBT | 2,215 | 1,064 | 48 | 1,151 | 52 |
| 7 | PBT | 110 | 51 | 46.4 | 59 | 53.6 |
| 8 | All | 2,119 | 984 | 46.4 | 1,135 | 53.6 |
| 8 | CBT | 1,980 | 927 | 46.8 | 1,053 | 53.2 |
| 8 | PBT | 139 | 57 | 41 | 82 | 59 |
| A1 | All | 3,556 | 1,598 | 44.9 | 1,958 | 55.1 |
| A1 | CBT | 3,333 | 1,496 | 44.9 | 1,837 | 55.1 |
| A1 | PBT | 223 | 102 | 45.7 | 121 | 54.3 |
| GO | All | 1,813 | 848 | 46.8 | 965 | 53.2 |
| GO | CBT | 1,761 | 826 | 46.9 | 935 | 53.1 |
| GO | PBT | 52 | n/a | 42.3 | 30 | 57.7 |
| A2 | All | 911 | 482 | 52.9 | 429 | 47.1 |
| A2 | CBT | 894 | 472 | 52.8 | 422 | 47.2 |
| A2 | PBT | n/a | n/a | 58.8 | n/a | 41.2 |
| M1 | All | 84 | 27 | 32.1 | 57 | 67.9 |
| M1 | CBT | 82 | 26 | 31.7 | 56 | 68.3 |
| M1 | PBT | n/a | n/a | 50 | n/a | 50 |
| M2 | All | 68 | 38 | 55.9 | 30 | 44.1 |
| M2 | CBT | 68 | 38 | 55.9 | 30 | 44.1 |
| M3 | All | n/a | n/a | 40 | n/a | 60 |
| M3 | CBT | n/a | n/a | 40 | n/a | 60 |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III. CBT = computer-based test; PBT = paper-based test; and $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}=$ not applicable.

Table A.5.7 Demographic Information for Grade 3 ELA/L, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | BIE | CO | DC | IL | MA | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 48.5 | 99.7 | 45.4 | 56.6 | 53.8 | 37.4 | 47.0 | 41.5 | 72.5 | 53.5 |
| SWD (\%) | 13.6 | 12.4 | 10.9 | 14.7 | 10.6 | 19.0 | 12.7 | 17.4 | 13.5 | 15.0 |
| EL (\%) | 14.5 | 39.2 | 15.5 | 11.3 | 20.3 | 14.6 | 10.8 | 7.0 | 18.7 | 11.4 |
| Male (\%) | 51.0 | 49.5 | 51.3 | 50.7 | 50.9 | 51.1 | 51.2 | 50.8 | 51.2 | 51.0 |
| Female (\%) | 49.0 | 50.5 | 48.7 | 49.3 | 49.1 | 48.9 | 48.8 | 49.2 | 48.8 | 49.0 |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 1.2 | 99.9 | 0.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 10.7 | 0.6 |
| Asian (\%) | 5.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 3.0 | 1.3 | 4.7 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 10.1 | 1.0 | 3.0 |
| Black/AA (\%) | 16.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 4.8 | 68.2 | 17.8 | 10.4 | 33.6 | 15.6 | 1.9 | 8.5 |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 27.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 33.5 | 16.1 | 27.0 | 23.7 | 17.0 | 28.6 | 60.3 | 25.8 |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 44.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 53.2 | 11.7 | 46.6 | 55.4 | 38.3 | 43.1 | 23.8 | 56.9 |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | 0.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Two or More (\%) | 3.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 4.5 | 1.9 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 4.3 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 4.9 |
| Unknown (\%) | 0.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.0 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 0.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.1 | 0.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |

Note: PARCC = data from all participating states combined. Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported.

Table A.5.8 Demographic Information for Grade 4 ELA/L, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | BIE | CO | DC | IL | MA | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 47.5 | 99.9 | 45.2 | 56.9 | 52.6 | 36.0 | 46.0 | 40.3 | 71.8 | 51.4 |
| SWD (\%) | 15.2 | 15.2 | 11.8 | 16.1 | 12.8 | 20.7 | 14.5 | 18.9 | 14.8 | 14.6 |
| EL (\%) | 9.1 | 51.3 | 14.0 | 8.3 | 10.2 | 11.2 | 5.5 | 4.1 | 13.8 | 9.0 |
| Male (\%) | 51.0 | 47.0 | 51.1 | 50.5 | 50.8 | 50.9 | 51.3 | 51.0 | 50.6 | 51.9 |
| Female (\%) | 49.0 | 53.0 | 48.9 | 49.5 | 49.2 | 49.1 | 48.7 | 49.0 | 49.4 | 48.1 |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 1.2 | 99.9 | 0.7 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 10.7 | 0.6 |
| Asian (\%) | 5.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 3.0 | 1.5 | 4.8 | 6.1 | 6.5 | 10.3 | 1.1 | 3.1 |
| Black/AA (\%) | 16.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 4.6 | 68.9 | 16.9 | 10.2 | 33.6 | 15.3 | 1.9 | 7.9 |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 27.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 33.8 | 16.8 | 26.8 | 23.3 | 16.2 | 27.6 | 60.4 | 25.6 |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 45.9 | $n / r$ | 53.5 | 10.5 | 47.7 | 56.4 | 38.9 | 44.4 | 23.9 | 58.3 |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | 0.2 | $n / r$ | 0.2 | $n / r$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | $n / r$ |
| Two or More (\%) | 3.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 4.1 | 2.1 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 4.2 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 4.2 |
| Unknown (\%) | 0.1 | $n / r$ | 0.0 | $n / r$ | 0.1 | 0.2 | $n / r$ | 0.1 | 0.2 | $n / r$ |

Note: PARCC = data from all participating states combined. Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported; $n / a=n o t ~ a p p l i c a b l e . ~$

Table A.5.9 Demographic Information for Grade 5 ELA/L, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | BIE | CO | DC | IL | MA | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 46.4 | 99.8 | 45.2 | 56.8 | 51.3 | 34.3 | 44.4 | 39.0 | 72.2 | 50.0 |
| SWD (\%) | 16.0 | 15.5 | 12.5 | 16.3 | 13.4 | 21.7 | 15.3 | 19.5 | 16.0 | 16.2 |
| EL (\%) | 7.0 | 51.2 | 11.5 | 5.6 | 7.2 | 9.1 | 4.1 | 3.0 | 12.0 | 7.8 |
| Male (\%) | 51.1 | 50.4 | 51.2 | 50.0 | 51.2 | 50.8 | 51.0 | 51.1 | 50.6 | 51.1 |
| Female (\%) | 48.9 | 49.6 | 48.8 | 50.0 | 48.8 | 49.2 | 49.0 | 48.9 | 49.4 | 48.9 |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 1.1 | 100.0 | 0.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 10.0 | 0.7 |
| Asian (\%) | 5.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 3.3 | 1.3 | 4.9 | 6.0 | 6.8 | 10.3 | 1.1 | 3.0 |
| Black/AA (\%) | 15.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 4.6 | 70.7 | 16.3 | 10.2 | 33.8 | 15.1 | 1.9 | 8.4 |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 27.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 35.0 | 15.0 | 26.5 | 22.0 | 15.2 | 26.8 | 61.4 | 24.6 |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 46.5 | $n / r$ | 52.2 | 10.7 | 48.5 | 57.8 | 39.7 | 45.7 | 23.6 | 59.0 |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | 0.2 | $n / r$ | 0.2 | $n / r$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | $n / r$ |
| Two or More (\%) | 3.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 3.9 | 2.1 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 4.1 |
| Unknown (\%) | 0.1 | $n / r$ | 0.0 | $n / r$ | 0.1 | 0.2 | $n / r$ | 0.0 | 0.2 | $n / r$ |

Note: PARCC = data from all participating states combined. Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported.

Table A.5.10 Demographic Information for Grade 6 ELA/L, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | BIE | CO | DC | IL | MA | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 45.1 | 99.8 | 44.4 | 62.0 | 50.2 | 33.4 | 42.9 | 37.4 | 69.0 | 48.7 |
| SWD (\%) | 16.1 | 13.9 | 12.5 | 19.5 | 13.8 | 22.3 | 15.5 | 19.3 | 15.4 | 16.9 |
| EL (\%) | 5.8 | 48.2 | 10.2 | 5.0 | 5.3 | 7.5 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 11.8 | 5.7 |
| Male (\%) | 51.1 | 49.6 | 51.3 | 50.2 | 51.1 | 51.1 | 51.0 | 51.4 | 50.8 | 51.4 |
| Female (\%) | 48.9 | 50.4 | 48.7 | 49.8 | 48.9 | 48.9 | 49.0 | 48.6 | 49.2 | 48.6 |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 1.1 | 99.9 | 0.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 10.2 | 0.8 |
| Asian (\%) | 5.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 3.3 | 1.4 | 4.9 | 6.1 | 6.7 | 10.4 | 1.1 | 3.2 |
| Black/AA (\%) | 15.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 4.5 | 72.1 | 16.6 | 10.2 | 34.0 | 15.0 | 1.9 | 8.2 |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 26.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 34.8 | 14.6 | 26.0 | 21.4 | 14.3 | 25.6 | 61.7 | 23.7 |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 47.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 52.7 | 9.8 | 48.9 | 58.4 | 40.5 | 47.1 | 23.3 | 60.1 |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | 0.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 |

Note: PARCC = data from all participating states combined. Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported.

Table A.5.11 Demographic Information for Grade 7 ELA/L, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | BIE | CO | DC | IL | MA | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 44.0 | 99.8 | 43.5 | 60.2 | 49.2 | 31.9 | 42.0 | 36.3 | 68.3 | 47.4 |
| SWD (\%) | 16.1 | 15.8 | 12.6 | 19.3 | 14.0 | 22.1 | 15.2 | 18.9 | 14.7 | 17.1 |
| EL (\%) | 5.7 | 44.9 | 10.6 | 5.3 | 4.8 | 7.4 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 11.0 | 5.6 |
| Male (\%) | 51.1 | 48.7 | 51.3 | 50.4 | 51.4 | 51.0 | 51.1 | 51.2 | 50.2 | 51.6 |
| Female (\%) | 48.9 | 51.3 | 48.7 | 49.6 | 48.6 | 49.0 | 48.9 | 48.8 | 49.8 | 48.4 |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 1.1 | 99.6 | 0.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 10.3 | 0.6 |
| Asian (\%) | 6.0 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 3.4 | 1.8 | 4.8 | 6.1 | 6.9 | 10.4 | 1.2 | 2.8 |
| Black/AA (\%) | 16.0 | $n / r$ | 4.8 | 72.9 | 16.4 | 10.1 | 33.7 | 15.6 | 1.9 | 8.2 |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 26.3 | $n / r$ | 35.1 | 14.3 | 25.7 | 20.7 | 14.4 | 25.0 | 61.5 | 23.7 |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 47.7 | $n / r$ | 52.1 | 9.1 | 49.6 | 59.5 | 40.7 | 47.4 | 23.4 | 61.3 |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | 0.2 | $n / r$ | 0.3 | $n / r$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | $n / r$ |
| Two or More (\%) | 2.8 | $n / r$ | 3.6 | 1.5 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 3.2 |
| Unknown (\%) | 0.1 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.1 | 0.2 | $n / r$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ |

Note: PARCC = data from all participating states combined. Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported.

Table A.5.12 Demographic Information for Grade 8 ELA/L, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | BIE | CO | DC | IL | MA | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 43.5 | 99.9 | 44.0 | 60.0 | 48.4 | 31.8 | 40.8 | 35.8 | 67.8 | 46.7 |
| SWD (\%) | 15.9 | 15.9 | 12.1 | 20.5 | 13.8 | 21.7 | 15.2 | 18.7 | 14.0 | 17.0 |
| EL (\%) | 5.8 | 45.6 | 11.4 | 5.6 | 4.8 | 7.1 | 3.8 | 2.9 | 11.2 | 5.7 |
| Male (\%) | 51.2 | 46.0 | 52.0 | 50.4 | 51.1 | 50.5 | 51.1 | 51.4 | 51.2 | 52.8 |
| Female (\%) | 48.8 | 54.0 | 48.0 | 49.6 | 48.9 | 49.5 | 48.9 | 48.6 | 48.8 | 47.2 |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 1.1 | 100.0 | 0.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 10.4 | 0.7 |
| Asian (\%) | 5.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 3.5 | 1.6 | 4.6 | 5.8 | 6.6 | 10.0 | 1.1 | 3.2 |
| Black/AA (\%) | 16.2 | $n / r$ | 5.0 | 72.3 | 16.5 | 10.5 | 34.0 | 15.6 | 2.1 | 7.9 |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 25.9 | $n / r$ | 35.5 | 15.5 | 25.2 | 20.4 | 13.9 | 24.5 | 61.7 | 23.7 |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 48.1 | $n / r$ | 51.4 | 8.8 | 50.3 | 60.1 | 41.1 | 48.4 | 23.2 | 61.2 |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | 0.1 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.2 | $n / r$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | $n / r$ |
| Two or More (\%) | 2.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 3.5 | 1.5 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 3.8 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 3.1 |
| Unknown (\%) | 0.1 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.1 | 0.2 | $n / r$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |

Note: PARCC = data from all participating states combined. Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported; $n / a=$ not applicable.

Table A.5.13 Demographic Information for Grade 9 ELA/L, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | BIE | CO | DC | IL | MA | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 42.9 | 99.7 | 42.9 | 48.3 | 44.1 | $n / r$ | 49.5 | 35.9 | 62.3 | 46.4 |
| SWD (\%) | 14.4 | 11.3 | 11.6 | 19.1 | 12.3 | $n / r$ | 22.7 | 17.8 | 12.7 | 17.6 |
| EL (\%) | 6.9 | 19.2 | 11.8 | 7.5 | 5.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 5.1 | 12.0 | 5.6 |
| Male (\%) | 51.2 | 47.5 | 51.8 | 49.3 | 50.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 54.0 | 51.6 | 51.1 | 51.2 |
| Female (\%) | 48.8 | 52.5 | 48.2 | 50.7 | 49.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 46.0 | 48.4 | 48.9 | 48.8 |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 1.3 | 99.1 | 0.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.1 | 10.5 | 0.6 |
| Asian (\%) | 6.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 3.4 | 1.9 | 5.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 9.9 | 1.3 | 3.0 |
| Black/AA (\%) | 13.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 5.2 | 73.5 | 17.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 36.7 | 15.4 | 1.9 | 8.4 |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 31.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 36.6 | 14.0 | 27.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 4.4 | 26.1 | 60.4 | 23.3 |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 45.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 50.3 | 7.3 | 45.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 51.3 | 47.2 | 24.4 | 61.3 |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | 0.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.2 | 0.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Two or More (\%) | 2.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 3.4 | 1.0 | 2.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 6.2 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 3.2 |
| Unknown (\%) | 0.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 2.1 | 0.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |

Note: PARCC = data from all participating states combined. Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported due to $n<20 ; n / a=$ not applicable.

Table A.5.14 Demographic Information for Grade 10 ELA/L, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | BIE | CO | DC | IL | MA | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 39.3 | 99.4 | $n / r$ | 45.7 | 40.1 | $n / r$ | 36.7 | 34.5 | 59.5 | 45.3 |
| SWD (\%) | 15.6 | 15.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 19.5 | 10.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 14.2 | 17.9 | 12.0 | 16.2 |
| EL (\%) | 5.1 | 10.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 6.9 | 2.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 5.0 | 4.5 | 8.6 | 5.4 |
| Male (\%) | 51.1 | 53.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 49.3 | 51.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 50.8 | 51.5 | 50.6 | 51.8 |
| Female (\%) | 48.9 | 46.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 50.7 | 48.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 49.2 | 48.5 | 49.4 | 48.2 |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 1.6 | 99.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.3 | 0.1 | 10.8 | 0.6 |
| Asian (\%) | 7.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 1.3 | 2.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 7.3 | 9.9 | 1.3 | 3.0 |
| Black/AA (\%) | 20.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 74.5 | 10.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 35.2 | 15.4 | 2.2 | 8.1 |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 25.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 15.1 | 21.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 13.9 | 25.7 | 59.7 | 22.8 |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 42.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 4.8 | 62.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 39.9 | 47.5 | 24.5 | 62.4 |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | 0.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Two or More (\%) | 2.0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 1.2 | 3.0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 3.4 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 3.0 |
| Unknown (\%) | 0.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 2.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |

Note: PARCC = data from all participating states combined. Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported; $n / a=$ not applicable.

Table A.5.15 Demographic Information for Grade 11 ELA/L, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | BIE | CO | DC | IL | MA | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 41.8 | 99.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 67.8 | 41.5 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 42.4 | 36.5 | 57.5 | 71.9 |
| SWD (\%) | 15.4 | 12.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 8.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 15.1 | 19.7 | 10.5 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| EL (\%) | 3.7 | 22.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 1.1 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 1.2 | 4.3 | 6.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Male (\%) | 51.8 | 45.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 49.2 | 50.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 51.9 | 52.8 | 50.1 | 71.9 |
| Female (\%) | 48.2 | 54.4 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 50.8 | 49.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 48.1 | 47.2 | 49.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 2.1 | 99.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.2 | 0.1 | 10.5 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Asian (\%) | 4.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 1.3 | $n / r$ | 2.2 | 8.2 | 1.5 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Black/AA (\%) | 18.6 | $n / r$ | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 42.4 | 15.9 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 50.9 | 17.3 | 1.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 26.3 | $n / r$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 50.8 | 10.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 9.7 | 26.9 | 59.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 46.1 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 69.3 | $n / r$ | 34.0 | 46.4 | 24.7 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | 0.2 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 0.1 | $n / r$ | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | $n / r$ |
| Two or More (\%) | 1.6 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 3.0 | $n / r$ | 2.9 | 0.8 | 1.5 | $n / r$ |
| Unknown (\%) | 0.1 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.1 | $n / r$ | $n / \mathrm{r}$ |

Note: PARCC = data from all participating states combined. Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported due to $n<20 ; n / a=$ not applicable.

Table A.5.16 Demographic Information for Grade 3 Mathematics, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | BIE | CO | DC | IL | MA | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 48.8 | 99.7 | 46.6 | 56.4 | 53.8 | 37.4 | 47.1 | 41.7 | 73.7 | 53.7 |
| SWD (\%) | 13.5 | 12.4 | 10.9 | 14.5 | 10.5 | 18.9 | 12.6 | 17.3 | 13.3 | 14.9 |
| EL (\%) | 15.4 | 39.3 | 17.5 | 11.9 | 20.6 | 14.9 | 11.4 | 7.7 | 22.7 | 12.4 |
| Male (\%) | 51.0 | 49.6 | 51.3 | 50.6 | 50.9 | 51.1 | 51.2 | 50.8 | 51.2 | 51.1 |
| Female (\%) | 49.0 | 50.4 | 48.7 | 49.4 | 49.1 | 48.9 | 48.8 | 49.2 | 48.8 | 48.9 |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 1.1 | 99.9 | 0.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 10.1 | 0.6 |
| Asian (\%) | 5.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 3.0 | 1.3 | 4.8 | 6.3 | 6.5 | 10.2 | 1.0 | 3.2 |
| Black/AA (\%) | 16.5 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 4.7 | 67.8 | 17.7 | 10.4 | 33.5 | 15.5 | 1.8 | 8.6 |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 28.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 35.1 | 16.3 | 27.0 | 23.8 | 17.2 | 28.9 | 62.3 | 26.2 |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 44.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 52.0 | 11.8 | 46.5 | 55.1 | 38.1 | 42.9 | 22.6 | 56.3 |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | 0.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |

Note: PARCC = data from all participating states combined. Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported.

Table A.5.17 Demographic Information for Grade 4 Mathematics, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | BIE | CO | DC | IL | MA | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 47.7 | 99.9 | 45.6 | 56.5 | 52.6 | 36.0 | 46.1 | 40.5 | 72.7 | 51.7 |
| SWD (\%) | 15.1 | 15.3 | 11.8 | 15.8 | 12.7 | 20.6 | 14.4 | 18.7 | 14.6 | 14.4 |
| EL (\%) | 9.8 | 51.5 | 14.7 | 9.0 | 10.4 | 11.5 | 6.2 | 4.9 | 16.7 | 10.0 |
| Male (\%) | 51.0 | 47.1 | 51.0 | 50.5 | 50.8 | 50.9 | 51.3 | 51.0 | 50.6 | 51.9 |
| Female (\%) | 49.0 | 52.9 | 49.0 | 49.5 | 49.2 | 49.1 | 48.7 | 49.0 | 49.4 | 48.1 |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 1.1 | 99.9 | 0.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 10.4 | 0.6 |
| Asian (\%) | 5.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 3.0 | 1.5 | 4.9 | 6.2 | 6.6 | 10.4 | 1.0 | 3.3 |
| Black/AA (\%) | 16.0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 4.6 | 68.5 | 16.8 | 10.2 | 33.5 | 15.2 | 1.8 | 8.0 |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 27.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 34.3 | 17.3 | 26.8 | 23.3 | 16.5 | 27.9 | 61.7 | 26.0 |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 45.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 53.0 | 10.4 | 47.7 | 56.2 | 38.7 | 44.2 | 23.1 | 57.8 |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | 0.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Two or More (\%) | 3.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 4.1 | 2.1 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 4.2 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 4.2 |
| Unknown (\%) | 0.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.1 | 0.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |

Note: PARCC = data from all participating states combined. Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported; $n / a=n o t ~ a p p l i c a b l e . ~$

Table A.5.18 Demographic Information for Grade 5 Mathematics, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | BIE | CO | DC | IL | MA | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 46.5 | 99.8 | 45.2 | 56.4 | 51.3 | 34.3 | 44.5 | 39.2 | 72.5 | 50.3 |
| SWD (\%) | 15.9 | 15.6 | 12.6 | 16.3 | 13.4 | 21.5 | 15.2 | 19.4 | 15.9 | 16.0 |
| EL (\%) | 7.5 | 51.3 | 11.6 | 6.3 | 7.4 | 9.4 | 4.8 | 3.8 | 13.1 | 8.8 |
| Male (\%) | 51.1 | 50.4 | 51.2 | 50.0 | 51.2 | 50.8 | 51.0 | 51.1 | 50.7 | 51.1 |
| Female (\%) | 48.9 | 49.6 | 48.8 | 50.0 | 48.8 | 49.2 | 49.0 | 48.9 | 49.3 | 48.9 |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 1.1 | 100.0 | 0.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 9.8 | 0.7 |
| Asian (\%) | 6.0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 3.3 | 1.4 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 6.8 | 10.3 | 1.1 | 3.1 |
| Black/AA (\%) | 15.8 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 4.6 | 70.0 | 16.3 | 10.2 | 33.6 | 15.0 | 1.9 | 8.5 |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 27.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 35.0 | 15.6 | 26.5 | 22.1 | 15.5 | 27.1 | 61.8 | 25.1 |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 46.3 | $n / r$ | 52.1 | 10.7 | 48.5 | 57.5 | 39.5 | 45.4 | 23.3 | 58.5 |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | 0.2 | $n / r$ | 0.2 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | $n / r$ |
| Two or More (\%) | 3.0 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 3.9 | 2.1 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 4.1 |
| Unknown (\%) | 0.1 | $n / r$ | 0.0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.1 | 0.4 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.0 | 0.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |

Note: PARCC = data from all participating states combined. Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported.

Table A.5.19 Demographic Information for Grade 6 Mathematics, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | BIE | CO | DC | IL | MA | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 45.2 | 99.8 | 44.4 | 61.3 | 50.2 | 33.4 | 43.2 | 37.7 | 69.3 | 49.0 |
| SWD (\%) | 16.1 | 13.9 | 12.6 | 19.2 | 13.7 | 22.2 | 15.4 | 19.2 | 15.3 | 16.6 |
| EL (\%) | 6.3 | 48.3 | 10.2 | 6.1 | 5.5 | 7.8 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 12.5 | 6.8 |
| Male (\%) | 51.1 | 49.5 | 51.3 | 50.0 | 51.1 | 51.1 | 51.0 | 51.4 | 50.7 | 51.4 |
| Female (\%) | 48.9 | 50.5 | 48.7 | 50.0 | 48.9 | 48.9 | 49.0 | 48.6 | 49.3 | 48.6 |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 1.1 | 100.0 | 0.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 10.2 | 0.7 |
| Asian (\%) | 6.0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 3.3 | 1.5 | 5.0 | 6.1 | 6.7 | 10.4 | 1.1 | 3.3 |
| Black/AA (\%) | 15.9 | $n / r$ | 4.6 | 71.4 | 16.5 | 10.2 | 33.8 | 14.9 | 1.9 | 8.3 |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 26.8 | $n / r$ | 34.8 | 15.3 | 26.1 | 21.5 | 14.8 | 26.1 | 62.0 | 24.2 |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 47.1 | $n / r$ | 52.7 | 9.8 | 48.9 | 58.2 | 40.3 | 46.8 | 23.0 | 59.5 |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | 0.1 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.2 | $n / r$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Two or More (\%) | 2.9 | $n / r$ | 3.6 | 1.7 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 4.0 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 3.7 |
| Unknown (\%) | 0.1 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.1 | 0.4 | $n / r$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |

Note: PARCC = data from all participating states combined. Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported.

Table A.5.20 Demographic Information for Grade 7 Mathematics, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | BIE | CO | DC | IL | MA | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 45.1 | 99.8 | 45.2 | 62.5 | 49.4 | 31.9 | 45.1 | 37.8 | 68.6 | 47.7 |
| SWD (\%) | 16.5 | 15.9 | 13.0 | 19.8 | 14.0 | 22.0 | 17.0 | 19.4 | 14.5 | 16.9 |
| EL (\%) | 6.4 | 45.1 | 11.1 | 6.6 | 5.1 | 7.7 | 5.3 | 3.8 | 12.0 | 6.6 |
| Male (\%) | 51.1 | 48.6 | 51.0 | 50.2 | 51.4 | 51.0 | 51.3 | 51.1 | 50.3 | 51.6 |
| Female (\%) | 48.9 | 51.4 | 49.0 | 49.8 | 48.6 | 49.0 | 48.7 | 48.9 | 49.7 | 48.4 |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 1.1 | 99.7 | 0.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 10.2 | 0.6 |
| Asian (\%) | 5.4 | $n / r$ | 3.1 | 1.7 | 4.8 | 6.1 | 5.0 | 9.2 | 1.2 | 2.7 |
| Black/AA (\%) | 15.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 4.9 | 75.1 | 16.4 | 10.1 | 34.5 | 16.0 | 1.9 | 8.3 |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 27.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 36.5 | 15.4 | 25.8 | 20.9 | 15.6 | 26.1 | 62.1 | 24.2 |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 47.5 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 50.9 | 6.1 | 49.5 | 59.2 | 40.6 | 47.1 | 22.9 | 60.7 |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | 0.2 | $n / r$ | 0.3 | $n / r$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Two or More (\%) | 2.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 3.5 | 1.2 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 3.2 |
| Unknown (\%) | 0.1 | $n / r$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.1 | 0.4 | $n / r$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |

Note: PARCC = data from all participating states combined. Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported.

Table A.5.21 Demographic Information for Grade 8 Mathematics, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | BIE | CO | DC | IL | MA | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 48.1 | 99.9 | 51.7 | 67.0 | 48.5 | 33.6 | 48.9 | 44.1 | 72.9 | 54.1 |
| SWD (\%) | 18.2 | 16.4 | 14.7 | 23.9 | 14.1 | 23.0 | 18.6 | 25.6 | 17.6 | 21.3 |
| EL (\%) | 7.4 | 46.4 | 14.7 | 6.2 | 5.1 | 8.1 | 5.8 | 5.1 | 14.6 | 8.9 |
| Male (\%) | 51.8 | 46.4 | 52.4 | 51.3 | 51.2 | 51.1 | 52.0 | 53.0 | 52.4 | 54.1 |
| Female (\%) | 48.2 | 53.6 | 47.6 | 48.7 | 48.8 | 48.9 | 48.0 | 47.0 | 47.6 | 45.9 |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 1.2 | 100.0 | 0.9 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 11.2 | 0.8 |
| Asian (\%) | 4.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 2.7 | 1.2 | 4.6 | 5.6 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 0.7 | 2.8 |
| Black/AA (\%) | 17.6 | $n / r$ | 5.8 | 79.8 | 16.6 | 10.7 | 41.0 | 19.5 | 2.2 | 8.9 |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 28.2 | $n / r$ | 41.3 | 13.4 | 25.1 | 21.8 | 16.2 | 29.6 | 64.7 | 28.1 |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 45.7 | $n / r$ | 45.7 | 4.2 | 50.4 | 58.5 | 33.9 | 44.2 | 19.9 | 55.8 |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | 0.1 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.2 | $n / r$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ |
| Two or More (\%) | 2.6 | $n / r$ | 3.3 | 1.1 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 3.6 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 3.3 |
| Unknown (\%) | 0.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $n / r$ | 0.1 | 0.4 | $n / r$ | 0.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |

Note: PARCC = data from all participating states combined. Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported; $n / a=n o t ~ a p p l i c a b l e . ~$

Table A.5.22 Demographic Information for Algebra I, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | BIE | CO | DC | IL | MA | MD | NJ | NM |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| RII |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SWD (\%) | 43.5 | 99.6 | 40.3 | 48.0 | 53.1 | 16.6 | 40.1 | 36.3 | 62.9 |
| EL (\%) | 15.1 | 9.3 | 11.8 | 19.4 | 14.2 | 8.6 | 15.0 | 17.5 | 13.4 |
| (\%) | 7.5 | 15.7 | 10.0 | 8.9 | 8.5 | 1.3 | 7.0 | 5.2 | 12.6 |
| Male (\%) | 51.6 | 46.3 | 52.3 | 50.8 | 51.7 | 46.4 | 51.9 | 51.5 | 51.4 |
| Female (\%) | 48.4 | 53.7 | 47.7 | 49.2 | 48.3 | 53.6 | 48.1 | 48.5 | 48.6 |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 1.2 | 99.3 | 0.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.3 | 0.1 | 10.6 |
| Asian (\%) | 6.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 3.3 | 1.6 | 4.4 | 7.8 | 6.9 | 9.5 | 1.3 |
| Black/AA (\%) | 18.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 4.5 | 70.5 | 21.0 | 8.4 | 34.8 | 15.3 | 2.0 |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 28.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 33.6 | 16.5 | 32.8 | 9.0 | 15.5 | 26.6 | 60.6 |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 43.0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 54.1 | 8.1 | 38.9 | 72.1 | 38.7 | 47.1 | 23.1 |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | 0.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.1 | 58.9 |  |
| Two or More (\%) | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 3.6 | 1.2 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 3.6 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 3.0 |

Note: PARCC = data from all participating states combined. Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported; $n / a=$ not applicable.

Table A.5.23 Demographic Information for Geometry, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | BIE | CO | DC | IL | MA | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 37.6 | 100.0 | 20.2 | 45.1 | 30.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 30.9 | 33.7 | 59.1 | 45.1 |
| SWD (\%) | 14.7 | 14.4 | 3.6 | 17.7 | 8.9 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 15.5 | 17.4 | 11.0 | 14.7 |
| EL (\%) | 5.0 | 8.4 | 2.3 | 7.4 | 1.4 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 4.4 | 4.3 | 9.0 | 6.8 |
| Male (\%) | 51.1 | 51.5 | 50.5 | 48.4 | 50.8 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 53.8 | 51.4 | 50.7 | 51.2 |
| Female (\%) | 48.9 | 48.5 | 49.5 | 51.6 | 49.2 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 46.2 | 48.6 | 49.3 | 48.8 |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 1.9 | 99.4 | 0.5 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.3 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.4 | 0.1 | 10.2 | 0.4 |
| Asian (\%) | 7.2 | $n / r$ | 6.3 | 1.8 | 3.6 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 10.8 | 9.9 | 1.2 | 3.4 |
| Black/AA (\%) | 13.8 | $n / r$ | 2.2 | 69.0 | 8.7 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 23.8 | 15.2 | 2.2 | 8.5 |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 28.2 | $n / r$ | 18.4 | 17.0 | 12.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 10.7 | 25.3 | 60.1 | 23.7 |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 46.8 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 68.3 | 8.2 | 71.3 | $n / r$ | 51.1 | 48.2 | 24.6 | 60.7 |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | 0.2 | $n / r$ | 0.2 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | $n / r$ | 0.2 | 0.1 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Two or More (\%) | 1.6 | $n / r$ | 4.1 | 1.3 | 3.6 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 3.1 | 0.9 | 1.5 | 3.0 |
| Unknown (\%) | 0.2 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 2.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | $n / r$ | 0.1 | $n / r$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |

Note: PARCC = data from all participating states combined. Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported due to $n<20 ; n / a=$ not applicable.

Table A.5.24 Demographic Information for Algebra II, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | BIE | CO | DC | IL | MA | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 36.9 | 100.0 | 9.8 | 32.7 | 38.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 33.2 | 32.9 | 55.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| SWD (\%) | 10.9 | 12.5 | 2.9 | $n / r$ | 5.3 | $n / r$ | 9.0 | 14.3 | 8.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| EL (\%) | 3.1 | 11.7 | 1.0 | $n / r$ | 1.3 | $n / r$ | 1.2 | 3.4 | 6.0 | $n / r$ |
| Male (\%) | 49.5 | 42.3 | 53.4 | 48.3 | 48.3 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 47.7 | 50.5 | 49.1 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Female (\%) | 50.5 | 57.7 | 46.6 | 51.7 | 51.7 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 52.3 | 49.5 | 50.9 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 1.7 | 100.0 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.3 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.4 | 0.1 | 9.6 | $n / r$ |
| Asian (\%) | 7.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 8.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 2.0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 6.8 | 11.2 | 1.7 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Black/AA (\%) | 16.7 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 21.3 | 16.5 | $n / r$ | 39.6 | 15.1 | 1.8 | $n / r$ |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 24.8 | $n / r$ | 8.9 | 24.6 | 11.3 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 8.4 | 24.9 | 59.0 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 47.3 | $n / r$ | 77.1 | 45.5 | 66.6 | $n / r$ | 42.2 | 47.4 | 26.3 | $n / r$ |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | 0.2 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 0.1 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.1 | 0.3 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ |
| Two or More (\%) | 1.7 | $n / r$ | 4.6 | $n / r$ | 3.1 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ | 2.5 | 0.9 | 1.5 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Unknown (\%) | 0.1 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 0.1 | $n / r$ | $n / \mathrm{r}$ |

Note: PARCC = data from all participating states combined. Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported due to $n<20 ; n / a=$ not applicable.

Table A.5.25 Demographic Information for Integrated Mathematics I, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | BIE | CO | DC | IL | MA | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 49.6 | 96.6 | 49.7 | $n / r$ | 46.8 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 62.8 | 78.6 | $n / r$ |
| SWD (\%) | 12.2 | $n / r$ | 11.2 | $n / r$ | 12.3 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 100.0 | 20.6 | $n / r$ |
| EL (\%) | 12.7 | 69.0 | 18.1 | $n / r$ | 5.1 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 12.1 | $n / r$ |
| Male (\%) | 51.0 | $n / r$ | 51.7 | $n / r$ | 49.7 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 83.7 | 51.8 | $n / r$ |
| Female (\%) | 49.0 | $n / r$ | 48.3 | $n / r$ | 50.3 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 48.2 | $n / r$ |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 1.0 | 100.0 | 0.9 | $n / r$ | 0.3 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 5.8 | $n / r$ |
| Asian (\%) | 3.3 | $n / r$ | 4.5 | $n / r$ | 1.9 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ |
| Black/AA (\%) | 11.4 | $n / r$ | 7.3 | $n / r$ | 17.8 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 39.5 | $n / r$ | 45.6 | $n / r$ | 28.5 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 72.8 | $n / r$ |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 42.0 | $n / r$ | 38.7 | $n / r$ | 48.7 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 55.8 | 18.1 | $n / r$ |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | 0.2 | $n / r$ | 0.3 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ |
| Two or More (\%) | 2.5 | $n / r$ | 2.6 | $n / r$ | 2.6 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ |

Note: PARCC = data from all participating states combined. Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported due to $n<20 ; n / a=$ not applicable.

Table A.5.26 Demographic Information for Integrated Mathematics II, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | BIE | CO | DC | IL | MA | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 65.9 | 99.0 | 34.4 | 36.2 | 75.6 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 80.0 | 90.4 | $n / r$ |
| SWD (\%) | 8.8 | $n / r$ | 2.3 | $n / r$ | 9.7 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 100.0 | 15.2 | $n / r$ |
| EL (\%) | 9.3 | 37.4 | 1.5 | $n / r$ | 10.4 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 14.3 | $n / r$ |
| Male (\%) | 48.8 | 46.6 | 47.4 | 34.8 | 48.9 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 66.7 | 52.7 | $n / r$ |
| Female (\%) | 51.2 | 53.4 | 52.6 | 65.2 | 51.1 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 47.3 | $n / r$ |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 8.7 | 98.1 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 31.2 | $n / r$ |
| Asian (\%) | 1.9 | $n / r$ | 4.5 | $n / r$ | 1.0 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ |
| Black/AA (\%) | 10.4 | $n / r$ | 5.7 | 65.2 | 15.0 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 47.2 | $n / r$ | 27.6 | $n / r$ | 62.6 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 52.7 | $n / r$ |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 29.7 | $n / r$ | 56.6 | $n / r$ | 20.7 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 14.3 | $n / r$ |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ |
| Two or More (\%) | 1.8 | $n / r$ | 4.7 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ |

Note: PARCC = data from all participating states combined. Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported due to $n<20 ; n / a=$ not applicable.

Table A.5.27 Demographic Information for Integrated Mathematics III, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | BIE | CO | DC | IL | MA | MD | NJ | NM |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 50.7 | $n / r$ | 15.4 | $n / r$ | 38.5 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 94.3 |
| SWD (\%) | 10.3 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 9.8 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 12.5 |
| EL (\%) | 2.6 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 8.2 |
| Male (\%) | 46.7 | $n / r$ | 55.0 | $n / r$ | 47.0 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 43.2 |
| Female (\%) | 53.3 | $n / r$ | 45.0 | $n / r$ | 53.0 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 56.8 |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 6.2 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 22.7 |
| Asian (\%) | 1.3 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 1.3 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ |
| Black/AA (\%) | 3.7 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 5.1 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 24.3 | $n / r$ | 14.8 | $n / r$ | 11.4 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 62.8 |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 63.0 | $n / r$ | 76.3 | $n / r$ | 80.6 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 12.3 |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ |
| Two or More (\%) | 1.3 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | 1.3 | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ |
| Unknown (\%) | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ | $n / r$ |

Note: PARCC = data from all participating states combined. Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported due to $n<20 ; n / a=$ not applicable.

## Appendix 7: Summary of Differential Item Function (DIF) Results

Table A.7.1 Differential Item Functioning for ELA/L Grade 3

| DIF Comparisons | Mode | Total $\mathbf{N}$ of Unique Items | Total N of Item Occurrences | Total N of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis | C- DIF |  | B- DIF |  | A DIF |  | B+ DIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF |
| Male vs Female | CBT | 71 | 105 | 105 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 101 | 96 | 2 | 2 |
|  | PBT | 57 | 70 | 70 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 65 | 93 | 4 | 6 |
| White vs AmerIndian | CBT | 71 | 105 | 105 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 104 | 99 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 57 | 70 | 70 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 11 | 61 | 87 |  |  |
| White vs Asian | CBT | 71 | 105 | 105 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 102 | 97 | 2 | 2 |
|  | PBT | 57 | 70 | 70 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 67 | 96 | 2 | 3 |
| White vs Black | CBT | 71 | 105 | 105 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 103 | 98 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 57 | 70 | 70 |  |  | 4 | 6 | 66 | 94 |  |  |
| White vs Hispanic | CBT | 71 | 105 | 105 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 102 | 97 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 57 | 70 | 70 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 10 | 62 | 89 |  |  |
| White vs Pacific Islander | CBT | 71 | 105 | 105 |  |  |  |  | 105 | 100 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 57 | 70 | 52 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 49 | 94 |  |  |
| White vs Multiracial | CBT | 71 | 105 | 105 |  |  |  |  | 105 | 100 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 57 | 70 | 70 |  |  |  |  | 70 | 100 |  |  |
| NoEcnDis vs EcnDis | CBT | 71 | 105 | 105 |  |  |  |  | 105 | 100 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 57 | 70 | 70 |  |  | 3 | 4 | 67 | 96 |  |  |
| ELN vs ELY | CBT | 71 | 105 | 105 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 102 | 97 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 57 | 70 | 70 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 64 | 91 |  |  |
| SWDN vs SWDY | CBT | 71 | 105 | 105 |  |  |  |  | 105 | 100 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 57 | 70 | 70 |  |  |  |  | 70 | 100 |  |  |

Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander,
Multiracial = Multiple Race Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English learner, ELY=English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY = student with disability.

Table A.7.2 Differential Item Functioning for ELA/L Grade 4

| DIF Comparisons | Mode | Total $\mathbf{N}$ of Unique Items | Total N of Item Occurrences | Total $\mathbf{N}$ of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis | N of Occurrences | DIF <br> \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of currences | DIF <br> \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of currences | DIF <br> \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | B+ DIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF |
| Male vs Female | CBT | 92 | 111 | 111 |  |  | 3 | 3 | 99 | 89 | 9 | 8 |
|  | PBT | 54 | 74 | 74 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 63 | 85 | 9 | 12 |
| White vs AmerIndian | CBT | 92 | 111 | 111 |  |  | 4 | 4 | 107 | 96 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 54 | 74 | 74 | 20 | 27 | 14 | 19 | 37 | 50 | 3 | 4 |
| White vs Asian | CBT | 92 | 111 | 111 |  |  |  |  | 104 | 94 | 7 | 6 |
|  | PBT | 54 | 74 | 74 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 72 | 97 | 1 | 1 |
| White vs Black | CBT | 92 | 111 | 111 |  |  |  |  | 111 | 100 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 54 | 74 | 74 | 4 | 5 | 12 | 16 | 58 | 78 |  |  |
| White vs Hispanic | CBT | 92 | 111 | 111 |  |  | 3 | 3 | 108 | 97 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 54 | 74 | 74 | 3 | 4 | 13 | 18 | 57 | 77 | 1 | 1 |
| White vs Pacific Islander | CBT | 92 | 111 | 111 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 110 | 99 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 54 | 74 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Multiracial | CBT | 92 | 111 | 111 |  |  |  |  | 111 | 100 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 54 | 74 | 74 |  |  |  |  | 74 | 100 |  |  |
| NoEcnDis vs EcnDis | CBT | 92 | 111 | 111 |  |  |  |  | 111 | 100 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 54 | 74 | 74 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 68 | 92 |  |  |
| ELN vs ELY | CBT | 92 | 111 | 111 | 2 | 2 | 11 | 10 | 98 | 88 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 54 | 74 | 74 | 2 | 3 | 9 | 12 | 63 | 85 |  |  |
| SWDN vs SWDY | CBT | 92 | 111 | 111 |  |  |  |  | 111 | 100 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 54 | 74 | 74 | 9 | 12 | 4 | 5 | 61 | 82 |  |  |

Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander,
Multiracial = Multiple Race Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English learner, ELY=English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY = student with disability. Small sample sizes may result in fewer items in the column Total $N$ of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis.

Table A.7.3 Differential Item Functioning for ELA/L Grade 5

| DIF Comparisons | Mode | Total $\mathbf{N}$ of Unique Items | Total N of Item Occurrences | Total $\mathbf{N}$ of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis | N of Occurrences | DIF <br> \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of currences | DIF <br> \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of currences | DIF <br> \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | B+ DIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF |
| Male vs Female | CBT | 91 | 111 | 111 |  |  | 4 | 4 | 100 | 90 | 7 | 6 |
|  | PBT | 48 | 74 | 74 |  |  |  |  | 64 | 86 | 10 | 14 |
| White vs AmerIndian | CBT | 91 | 111 | 111 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 108 | 97 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 48 | 74 | 74 | 15 | 20 | 19 | 26 | 40 | 54 |  |  |
| White vs Asian | CBT | 91 | 111 | 111 |  |  |  |  | 110 | 99 | 1 | 1 |
|  | PBT | 48 | 74 | 74 |  |  |  |  | 74 | 100 |  |  |
| White vs Black | CBT | 91 | 111 | 111 |  |  |  |  | 111 | 100 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 48 | 74 | 74 |  |  |  |  | 74 | 100 |  |  |
| White vs Hispanic | CBT | 91 | 111 | 111 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 108 | 97 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 48 | 74 | 74 |  |  | 3 | 4 | 71 | 96 |  |  |
| White vs Pacific Islander | CBT | 91 | 111 | 111 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 109 | 98 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 48 | 74 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Multiracial | CBT | 91 | 111 | 111 |  |  |  |  | 111 | 100 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 48 | 74 | 74 |  |  |  |  | 74 | 100 |  |  |
| NoEcnDis vs EcnDis | CBT | 91 | 111 | 111 |  |  |  |  | 111 | 100 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 48 | 74 | 74 |  |  |  |  | 74 | 100 |  |  |
| ELN vs ELY | CBT | 91 | 111 | 111 | 3 | 3 |  |  | 108 | 97 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 48 | 74 | 74 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 69 | 93 |  |  |
| SWDN vs SWDY | CBT | 91 | 111 | 111 |  |  |  |  | 111 | 100 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 48 | 74 | 74 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 73 | 99 |  |  |

Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander,
Multiracial = Multiple Race Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English learner, ELY=English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY = student with disability. Small sample sizes may result in fewer items in the column Total $N$ of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis.

Table A.7.4 Differential Item Functioning for ELA/L Grade 6

| DIF Comparisons | Mode | Total $\mathbf{N}$ of Unique Items | Total N of Item Occurrences | Total N of Item Occurrence Included in DIF Analysis | C- DIF |  | B- DIF |  | A DIF |  | B+ DIF |  | C+ DIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | N of Occurrences | \% of Total <br> Occurrences <br> in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total <br> Occurrences <br> in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrence | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF |
| Male vs Female | CBT | 86 | 129 | 129 | 1 | 1 | 9 | 7 | 101 | 78 | 18 | 14 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 59 | 86 | 86 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 65 | 76 | 3 | 3 | 12 | 14 |
| White vs AmerIndian | CBT | 86 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 6 | 5 | 123 | 95 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 59 | 86 | 86 | 37 | 43 | 20 | 23 | 29 | 34 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Asian | CBT | 86 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 120 | 93 | 9 | 7 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 59 | 86 | 86 |  |  |  |  | 77 | 90 | 9 | 10 |  |  |
| White vs Black | CBT | 86 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 128 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 59 | 86 | 86 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 84 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Hispanic | CBT | 86 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 5 | 4 | 124 | 96 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 59 | 86 | 86 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 84 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Pacific Islander | CBT | 86 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 127 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 59 | 86 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Multiracial | CBT | 86 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 59 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 84 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
| NoEcnDis vs EcnDis | CBT | 86 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 59 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 85 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
| ELN vs ELY | CBT | 86 | 129 | 129 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 5 | 120 | 93 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 59 | 86 | 86 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 7 | 79 | 92 |  |  |  |  |
| SWDN vs SWDY | CBT | 86 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 59 | 86 | 86 | 3 | 3 | 10 | 12 | 73 | 85 |  |  |  |  |

Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, Multiracial = Multiple Race Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English learner, ELY = English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY = student with disability. Small sample sizes may result in fewer items in the column Total $N$ of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis.

Table A.7.5 Differential Item Functioning for ELA/L Grade 7

| DIF Comparisons | Mode | Total $\mathbf{N}$ of Unique Items | Total N of Item Occurrences | Total N of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis | C- DIF |  | B- DIF |  | A DIF |  | B+ DIF |  | C+ DIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | N of Occurrences | \% of Total <br> Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total <br> Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF |
| Male vs Female | CBT | 94 | 129 | 129 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 8 | 115 | 89 | 3 | 2 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 77 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 70 | 81 | 8 | 9 | 6 | 7 |
| White vs AmerIndian | CBT | 94 | 129 | 129 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 123 | 95 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 77 | 86 | 86 | 27 | 31 | 20 | 23 | 33 | 38 | 6 | 7 |  |  |
| White vs Asian | CBT | 94 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 128 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 77 | 86 | 86 |  |  |  |  | 80 | 93 | 6 | 7 |  |  |
| White vs Black | CBT | 94 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 77 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 3 | 3 | 83 | 97 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Hispanic | CBT | 94 | 129 | 129 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 126 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 77 | 86 | 86 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 77 | 90 | 3 | 3 |  |  |
| White vs Pacific Islander | CBT | 94 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 125 | 97 | 3 | 2 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 77 | 86 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Multiracial | CBT | 94 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 77 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 85 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
| NoEcnDis vs EcnDis | CBT | 94 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 77 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 85 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
| ELN vs ELY | CBT | 94 | 129 | 129 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 5 | 118 | 91 | 3 | 2 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 77 | 86 | 86 | 3 | 3 | 7 | 8 | 72 | 84 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| SWDN vs SWDY | CBT | 94 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 77 | 86 | 86 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 78 | 91 |  |  |  |  |

Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, Multiracial = Multiple Race Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English learner, ELY = English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY = student with disability. Small sample sizes may result in fewer items in the column Total $N$ of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis.

Table A.7.6 Differential Item Functioning for ELA/L Grade 8

| DIF Comparisons | Mode | Total $\mathbf{N}$ of Unique Items | Total N of Item Occurrences | Total N of Item <br> Occurrences <br> Included in DIF Analysis | C- DIF |  | B- DIF |  | A DIF |  | B+ DIF |  | C+ DIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrence | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF |
| Male vs Female | CBT | 90 | 129 | 129 | 5 | 4 | 10 | 8 | 102 | 79 | 12 | 9 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 60 | 86 | 86 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 7 | 67 | 78 | 10 | 12 | 1 | 1 |
| White vs AmerIndian | CBT | 90 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 60 | 86 | 86 | 36 | 42 | 15 | 17 | 30 | 35 | 5 | 6 |  |  |
| White vs Asian | CBT | 90 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 127 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 60 | 86 | 86 |  |  |  |  | 83 | 97 | 3 | 3 |  |  |
| White vs Black | CBT | 90 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 60 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 3 | 3 | 83 | 97 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Hispanic | CBT | 90 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 6 | 5 | 123 | 95 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 60 | 86 | 86 | 1 | 1 | 9 | 10 | 76 | 88 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Pacific Islander | CBT | 90 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 128 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 60 | 86 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Multiracial | CBT | 90 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 60 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 3 | 3 | 83 | 97 |  |  |  |  |
| NoEcnDis vs EcnDis | CBT | 90 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 60 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 85 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
| ELN vs ELY | CBT | 90 | 129 | 129 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 124 | 96 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 60 | 86 | 86 | 11 | 13 | 13 | 15 | 55 | 64 | 7 | 8 |  |  |
| SWDN vs SWDY | CBT | 90 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 60 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 5 | 6 | 81 | 94 |  |  |  |  |

Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, Multiracial = Multiple Race Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English learner, ELY = English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY = student with disability. Small sample sizes may result in fewer items in the column Total $N$ of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis.

Table A.7.7 Differential Item Functioning for ELA/L Grade 9

| DIF Comparisons | Mode | Total N of Unique Items | Total N of Item Occurrences | Total N of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis | N of Occurrences | DIF <br> \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | B- DIF |  | A DIF |  | B+ DIF |  | C+ DIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF |
| Male vs Female | CBT | 95 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 11 | 9 | 112 | 87 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
|  | PBT | 70 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 8 | 9 | 70 | 81 | 8 | 9 |  |  |
| White vs AmerIndian | CBT | 95 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 127 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 70 | 86 | 86 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 80 | 93 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| White vs Asian | CBT | 95 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 70 | 86 | 86 |  |  |  |  | 86 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Black | CBT | 95 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 128 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 70 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 85 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Hispanic | CBT | 95 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 127 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 70 | 86 | 86 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 84 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Pacific Islander | CBT | 95 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 70 | 86 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Multiracial | CBT | 95 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 70 | 86 | 86 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 85 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
| NoEcnDis vs EcnDis | CBT | 95 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 70 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 85 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
| ELN vs ELY | CBT | 95 | 129 | 129 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 126 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 70 | 86 | 86 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 76 | 88 | 5 | 6 |  |  |
| SWDN vs SWDY | CBT | 95 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 70 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 84 | 98 | 1 | 1 |  |  |

Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, Multiracial = Multiple Race Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English learner, ELY = English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY = student with disability. Small sample sizes may result in fewer items in the column Total $N$ of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis.

Table A.7.8 Differential Item Functioning for ELA/L Grade 10

| DIF Comparisons | Mode | Total $\mathbf{N}$ of Unique Items | Total N of Item Occurrences | Total N of Item <br> Occurrences <br> Included in DIF Analysis | C- DIF |  | B- DIF |  | A DIF |  | B+ DIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrence | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF |
| Male vs Female | CBT | 109 | 129 | 129 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 5 | 111 | 86 | 7 | 5 |
|  | PBT | 62 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 10 | 12 | 69 | 80 | 7 | 8 |
| White vs AmerIndian | CBT | 109 | 129 | 129 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 121 | 94 | 2 | 2 |
|  | PBT | 62 | 86 | 86 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 9 | 76 | 88 |  |  |
| White vs Asian | CBT | 109 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 62 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 85 | 99 |  |  |
| White vs Black | CBT | 109 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 62 | 86 | 86 |  |  |  |  | 86 | 100 |  |  |
| White vs Hispanic | CBT | 109 | 129 | 129 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 125 | 97 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 62 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 5 | 6 | 81 | 94 |  |  |
| White vs Pacific Islander | CBT | 109 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 128 | 99 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 62 | 86 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Multiracial | CBT | 109 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 62 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 4 | 5 | 82 | 95 |  |  |
| NoEcnDis vs EcnDis | CBT | 109 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 3 | 2 | 126 | 98 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 62 | 86 | 86 |  |  |  |  | 86 | 100 |  |  |
| ELN vs ELY | CBT | 109 | 129 | 129 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 123 | 95 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 62 | 86 | 86 | 1 | 1 | 9 | 10 | 76 | 88 |  |  |
| SWDN vs SWDY | CBT | 109 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 62 | 86 | 86 |  |  |  |  | 86 | 100 |  |  |

Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander,
Multiracial = Multiple Race Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English learner, ELY=English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY = student with disability. Small sample sizes may result in fewer items in the column Total $N$ of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis.

Table A.7.9 Differential Item Functioning for ELA/L Grade 11

| DIF Comparisons | Mode | Total $\mathbf{N}$ of Unique Items | Total N of Item Occurrences | Total N of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis | C- DIF |  | B- DIF |  | A DIF |  | B+ DIF |  | C+ DIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrence | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF |
| Male vs Female | CBT | 84 | 129 | 129 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 125 | 97 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 68 | 86 | 86 | 3 | 3 | 8 | 9 | 69 | 80 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 2 |
| White vs AmerIndian | CBT | 84 | 129 | 129 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 5 | 118 | 91 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 68 | 86 | 86 | 6 | 7 | 18 | 21 | 48 | 56 | 5 | 6 | 9 | 10 |
| White vs Asian | CBT | 84 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 128 | 99 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
|  | PBT | 68 | 86 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Black | CBT | 84 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 128 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 68 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 85 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Hispanic | CBT | 84 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 4 | 3 | 125 | 97 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 68 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 3 | 3 | 83 | 97 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Pacific Islander | CBT | 84 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 6 | 5 | 121 | 94 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 68 | 86 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Multiracial | CBT | 84 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 68 | 86 | 86 |  |  |  |  | 85 | 99 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| NoEcnDis vs EcnDis | CBT | 84 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 68 | 86 | 86 |  |  |  |  | 86 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| ELN vs ELY | CBT | 84 | 129 | 129 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 5 | 120 | 93 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 68 | 86 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SWDN vs SWDY | CBT | 84 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 68 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 83 | 97 | 2 | 2 |  |  |

Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, Multiracial = Multiple Race Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English learner, ELY = English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY = student with disability. Small sample sizes may result in fewer items in the column Total $N$ of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis.

Table A.7.10 Differential Item Functioning for Mathematics Grade 3

| DIF Comparisons | Mode | Total $\mathbf{N}$ of Unique Items | Total N of Item Occurrences | Total N of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis | C- DIF |  | B- DIF |  | A DIF |  | B+ DIF |  | C+ DIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF |
| Male vs Female | CBT | 97 | 129 | 129 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 124 | 96 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 75 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 85 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs AmerIndian | CBT | 97 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 127 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 75 | 86 | 86 | 3 | 3 | 7 | 8 | 74 | 86 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
| White vs Asian | CBT | 97 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 111 | 86 | 16 | 12 | 2 | 2 |
|  | PBT | 75 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 82 | 95 | 3 | 3 |  |  |
| White vs Black | CBT | 97 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 124 | 96 | 3 | 2 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 75 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 7 | 8 | 78 | 91 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| White vs Hispanic | CBT | 97 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 128 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 75 | 86 | 86 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 8 | 76 | 88 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
| White vs Pacific Islander | CBT | 97 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 127 | 98 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 75 | 86 | 40 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 33 | 83 | 5 | 13 |  |  |
| White vs Multiracial | CBT | 97 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 75 | 86 | 86 |  |  |  |  | 86 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| NoEcnDis vs EcnDis | CBT | 97 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 128 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 75 | 86 | 86 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 80 | 93 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| ELN vs ELY | CBT | 97 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 3 | 2 | 126 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 75 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 4 | 5 | 82 | 95 |  |  |  |  |
| SWDN vs SWDY | CBT | 97 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 4 | 3 | 125 | 97 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 75 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 84 | 98 | 1 | 1 |  |  |

Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, Multiracial = Multiple Race Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English learner, ELY = English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY = student with disability. Small sample sizes may result in fewer items in the column Total $N$ of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis.

Table A.7.11 Differential Item Functioning for Mathematics Grade 4


Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander,
Multiracial = Multiple Race Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English Learner, ELY = English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY = student with disability. Small sample sizes may result in fewer items in the column Total $N$ of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis.

Table A.7.12 Differential Item Functioning for Mathematics Grade 5

| DIF Comparisons | Mode | Total $\mathbf{N}$ of Unique Items | Total N of Item Occurrence | Total N of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis | C- DIF |  | B- DIF |  | A DIF |  | B+ DIF |  | C+ DIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrence in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrence | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF |
| Male vs Female | CBT | 80 | 100 | 100 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 95 | 95 | 3 | 3 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 69 | 80 | 80 |  |  | 6 | 8 | 74 | 93 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs AmerIndian | CBT | 80 | 100 | 100 |  |  |  |  | 100 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 69 | 80 | 80 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 77 | 96 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Asian | CBT | 80 | 100 | 100 |  |  |  |  | 97 | 97 | 3 | 3 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 69 | 80 | 80 |  |  |  |  | 79 | 99 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| White vs Black | CBT | 80 | 100 | 100 |  |  |  |  | 99 | 99 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 69 | 80 | 80 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 73 | 91 | 3 | 4 |  |  |
| White vs Hispanic | CBT | 80 | 100 | 100 |  |  |  |  | 100 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 69 | 80 | 80 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 78 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Pacific Islander | CBT | 80 | 100 | 98 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 96 | 98 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 69 | 80 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Multiracial | CBT | 80 | 100 | 100 |  |  |  |  | 100 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 69 | 80 | 80 |  |  |  |  | 80 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| NoEcnDis vs EcnDis | CBT | 80 | 100 | 100 |  |  |  |  | 100 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 69 | 80 | 80 |  |  |  |  | 76 | 95 | 4 | 5 |  |  |
| ELN vs ELY | CBT | 80 | 100 | 100 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 98 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 69 | 80 | 80 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 79 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
| SWDN vs SWDY | CBT | 80 | 100 | 100 |  |  | 3 | 3 | 96 | 96 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
|  | PBT | 69 | 80 | 80 |  |  |  |  | 80 | 100 |  |  |  |  |

Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, Multiracial = Multiple Race Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English learner, ELY = English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY = student with disability. Small sample sizes may result in fewer items in the column Total $N$ of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis.

Table A.7.13 Differential Item Functioning for Mathematics Grade 6

| DIF Comparisons | Mode | Total $\mathbf{N}$ of Unique Items | Total N of Item Occurrence | Total N of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis | N of Occurrences | DIF <br> \% of Total Occurrence in DIF | B- DIF |  | A DIF |  | B+ DIF |  | C+ DIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | N of Occurrence | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrence in DIF | N of Occurrence | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF |
| Male vs Female | CBT | 101 | 114 | 114 |  |  | 4 | 4 | 110 | 96 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 63 | 76 | 76 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 74 | 97 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs AmerIndian | CBT | 101 | 114 | 114 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 113 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 63 | 76 | 76 | 5 | 7 | 3 | 4 | 68 | 89 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Asian | CBT | 101 | 114 | 114 |  |  |  |  | 111 | 97 | 3 | 3 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 63 | 76 | 76 |  |  |  |  | 69 | 91 | 7 | 9 |  |  |
| White vs Black | CBT | 101 | 114 | 114 |  |  |  |  | 113 | 99 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 63 | 76 | 76 |  |  |  |  | 75 | 99 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| White vs Hispanic | CBT | 101 | 114 | 114 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 112 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 63 | 76 | 76 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 75 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Pacific Islander | CBT | 101 | 114 | 114 |  |  |  |  | 114 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 63 | 76 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Multiracial | CBT | 101 | 114 | 114 |  |  |  |  | 114 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 63 | 76 | 76 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 75 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
| NoEcnDis vs EcnDis | CBT | 101 | 114 | 114 |  |  |  |  | 114 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 63 | 76 | 76 |  |  |  |  | 76 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| ELN vs ELY | CBT | 101 | 114 | 114 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 112 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 63 | 76 | 76 |  |  | 3 | 4 | 73 | 96 |  |  |  |  |
| SWDN vs SWDY | CBT | 101 | 114 | 114 |  |  |  |  | 112 | 98 |  |  | 2 | 2 |
|  | PBT | 63 | 76 | 76 |  |  |  |  | 76 | 100 |  |  |  |  |

Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, Multiracial = Multiple Race Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English learner, ELY = English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY = student with disability. Small sample sizes may result in fewer items in the column Total $N$ of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis.

Table A.7.14 Differential Item Functioning for Mathematics Grade 7

| DIF Comparisons | Mode | Total $\mathbf{N}$ of Unique Items | Total N of Item Occurrence | Total N of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis | C- DIF |  | B- DIF |  | A DIF |  | B+ DIF |  | C+ DIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrence in DIF | N of Occurrence | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF |
| Male vs Female | CBT | 103 | 114 | 114 | 1 | 1 | 11 | 10 | 101 | 89 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 65 | 76 | 76 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 72 | 95 | 2 | 3 |  |  |
| White vs AmerIndian | CBT | 103 | 114 | 114 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 109 | 96 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 65 | 76 | 76 |  |  | 6 | 8 | 70 | 92 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Asian | CBT | 103 | 114 | 114 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 93 | 82 | 15 | 13 | 5 | 4 |
|  | PBT | 65 | 76 | 76 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 60 | 79 | 9 | 12 | 5 | 7 |
| White vs Black | CBT | 103 | 114 | 114 |  |  | 3 | 3 | 107 | 94 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
|  | PBT | 65 | 76 | 76 |  |  |  |  | 76 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Hispanic | CBT | 103 | 114 | 114 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 108 | 95 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 65 | 76 | 76 |  |  |  |  | 76 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Pacific Islander | CBT | 103 | 114 | 114 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 113 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 65 | 76 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Multiracial | CBT | 103 | 114 | 114 |  |  |  |  | 114 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 65 | 76 | 76 |  |  |  |  | 76 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| NoEcnDis vs EcnDis | CBT | 103 | 114 | 114 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 108 | 95 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 65 | 76 | 76 |  |  |  |  | 76 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| ELN vs ELY | CBT | 103 | 114 | 114 | 5 | 4 | 8 | 7 | 101 | 89 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 65 | 76 | 76 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 74 | 97 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| SWDN vs SWDY | CBT | 103 | 114 | 114 |  |  |  |  | 114 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 65 | 76 | 76 |  |  |  |  | 76 | 100 |  |  |  |  |

Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, Multiracial = Multiple Race Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English learner, ELY = English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY = student with disability. Small sample sizes may result in fewer items in the column Total $N$ of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis.

Table A.7.15 Differential Item Functioning for Mathematics Grade 8

| DIF Comparisons | Mode | Total $\mathbf{N}$ of Unique Items | Total N of Item Occurrences | Total N of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis | N of Occurrences | DIF <br> \% of Total <br> Occurrences in DIF | B- DIF |  | A DIF |  | B+ DIF |  | C+ DIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | N of Occurrences | \% of Total <br> Occurrences <br> in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total <br> Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrence | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF |
| Male vs Female | CBT | 74 | 92 | 92 |  |  | 3 | 3 | 89 | 97 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 63 | 72 | 72 |  |  | 3 | 4 | 69 | 96 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs AmerIndian | CBT | 74 | 92 | 92 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 87 | 95 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 63 | 72 | 72 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 7 | 65 | 90 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Asian | CBT | 74 | 92 | 92 |  |  |  |  | 85 | 92 | 6 | 7 | 1 | 1 |
|  | PBT | 63 | 72 | 72 |  |  |  |  | 63 | 88 | 7 | 10 | 2 | 3 |
| White vs Black | CBT | 74 | 92 | 92 |  |  |  |  | 92 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 63 | 72 | 72 |  |  |  |  | 72 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Hispanic | CBT | 74 | 92 | 92 |  |  |  |  | 92 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 63 | 72 | 72 |  |  |  |  | 72 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Pacific Islander | CBT | 74 | 92 | 89 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 87 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 63 | 72 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Multiracial | CBT | 74 | 92 | 92 |  |  |  |  | 92 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 63 | 72 | 72 |  |  |  |  | 72 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| NoEcnDis vs EcnDis | CBT | 74 | 92 | 92 |  |  |  |  | 92 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 63 | 72 | 72 |  |  |  |  | 72 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| ELN vs ELY | CBT | 74 | 92 | 92 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 88 | 96 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 63 | 72 | 72 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 69 | 96 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| SWDN vs SWDY | CBT | 74 | 92 | 92 |  |  |  |  | 92 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 63 | 72 | 72 |  |  |  |  | 72 | 100 |  |  |  |  |

Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, Multiracial = Multiple Race Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English learner, ELY = English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY = student with disability. Small sample sizes may result in fewer items in the column Total N of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis.

Table A.7.16 Differential Item Functioning for Algebra I

| DIF Comparisons | Mode | Total N of Unique Items | Total N of Item Occurrence | Total N of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis | C- DIF |  | B- DIF |  | A DIF |  | B+ DIF |  | C+ DIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrence | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF |
| Male vs Female | CBT | 100 | 126 | 126 |  |  | 3 | 2 | 123 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 69 | 84 | 84 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 79 | 94 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| White vs AmerIndian | CBT | 100 | 126 | 126 |  |  |  |  | 126 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 69 | 84 | 84 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 79 | 94 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| White vs Asian | CBT | 100 | 126 | 126 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 118 | 94 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 1 |
|  | PBT | 69 | 84 | 84 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 77 | 92 | 5 | 6 |  |  |
| White vs Black | CBT | 100 | 126 | 126 |  |  |  |  | 126 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 69 | 84 | 84 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 82 | 98 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| White vs Hispanic | CBT | 100 | 126 | 126 |  |  |  |  | 126 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 69 | 84 | 84 |  |  |  |  | 84 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Pacific Islander | CBT | 100 | 126 | 126 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 122 | 97 | 3 | 2 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 69 | 84 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Multiracial | CBT | 100 | 126 | 126 |  |  |  |  | 126 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 69 | 84 | 84 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 83 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
| NoEcnDis vs EcnDis | CBT | 100 | 126 | 126 |  |  |  |  | 126 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 69 | 84 | 84 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 83 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
| ELN vs ELY | CBT | 100 | 126 | 126 |  |  | 3 | 2 | 121 | 96 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 69 | 84 | 84 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 83 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
| SWDN vs SWDY | CBT | 100 | 126 | 126 |  |  |  |  | 126 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 69 | 84 | 84 |  |  |  |  | 83 | 99 | 1 | 1 |  |  |

Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, Multiracial = Multiple Race Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English learner, ELY = English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY = student with disability. Small sample sizes may result in fewer items in the column Total $N$ of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis.

Table A.7.17 Differential Item Functioning for Geometry

| DIF Comparisons | Mode | Total $\mathbf{N}$ of Unique Items | Total N of Item Occurrences | Total N of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis | C- DIF |  | B- DIF |  | A DIF |  | B+ DIF |  | C+ DIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF |
| Male vs Female | CBT | 109 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 3 | 2 | 126 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 79 | 86 | 86 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 80 | 93 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs AmerIndian | CBT | 109 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 4 | 3 | 125 | 97 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 79 | 86 | 86 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 78 | 91 | 3 | 3 |  |  |
| White vs Asian | CBT | 109 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 121 | 94 | 8 | 6 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 79 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 3 | 3 | 77 | 90 | 5 | 6 | 1 | 1 |
| White vs Black | CBT | 109 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 126 | 98 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 79 | 86 | 86 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 79 | 92 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| White vs Hispanic | CBT | 109 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 128 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 79 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 84 | 98 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| White vs Pacific Islander | CBT | 109 | 129 | 129 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 118 | 91 | 4 | 3 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 79 | 86 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Multiracial | CBT | 109 | 129 | 129 |  |  |  |  | 129 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 79 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 3 | 3 | 81 | 94 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
| NoEcnDis vs EcnDis | CBT | 109 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 128 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 79 | 86 | 86 |  |  |  |  | 85 | 99 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| ELN vs ELY | CBT | 109 | 129 | 129 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 118 | 91 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 79 | 86 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SWDN vs SWDY | CBT | 109 | 129 | 129 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 128 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 79 | 86 | 86 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 81 | 94 | 2 | 2 |  |  |

Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, Multiracial = Multiple Race Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English learner, ELY = English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY = student with disability. Small sample sizes may result in fewer items in the column Total $N$ of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis.

Table A.7.18 Differential Item Functioning for Algebra II

| DIF Comparisons | Mode | Total $\mathbf{N}$ of Unique Items | Total N of Item Occurrence | Total N of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis | C- DIF |  | B- DIF |  | A DIF |  | B+ DIF |  | C+ DIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF |
| Male vs Female | CBT | 101 | 123 | 123 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 121 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 73 | 82 | 82 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 80 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs AmerIndian | CBT | 101 | 123 | 123 |  |  | 3 | 2 | 115 | 93 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
|  | PBT | 73 | 82 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Asian | CBT | 101 | 123 | 123 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 105 | 85 | 17 | 14 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 73 | 82 | 82 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 78 | 95 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
| White vs Black | CBT | 101 | 123 | 123 |  |  |  |  | 122 | 99 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 73 | 82 | 82 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 80 | 98 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| White vs Hispanic | CBT | 101 | 123 | 123 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 122 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 73 | 82 | 82 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 80 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Pacific Islander | CBT | 101 | 123 | 123 |  |  | 3 | 2 | 115 | 93 | 5 | 4 |  |  |
|  | PBT | 73 | 82 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Multiracial | CBT | 101 | 123 | 123 |  |  |  |  | 123 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 73 | 82 | 82 |  |  | 3 | 4 | 79 | 96 |  |  |  |  |
| NoEcnDis vs EcnDis | CBT | 101 | 123 | 123 |  |  |  |  | 123 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 73 | 82 | 82 |  |  |  |  | 82 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| ELN vs ELY | CBT | 101 | 123 | 123 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 112 | 91 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
|  | PBT | 73 | 82 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SWDN vs SWDY | CBT | 101 | 123 | 123 |  |  |  |  | 123 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | PBT | 73 | 82 | 82 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 71 | 87 | 6 | 7 | 1 | 1 |

Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, Multiracial = Multiple Race Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English learner, ELY = English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY = student with disability. Small sample sizes may result in fewer items in the column Total $N$ of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis.

Table A.7.19 Differential Item Functioning for Integrated Mathematics I

| DIF Comparisons | Mode | Total $\mathbf{N}$ of Unique Items | Total N of Item Occurrences | Total N of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis | N of urrences | DIF <br> \% of Total <br> Occurrences <br> s in DIF | B- DIF |  | A DIF |  | B+ DIF |  | C+ DIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF |
| Male vs Female | CBT | 42 | 42 | 42 |  |  | 1 | 2 | 41 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs AmerIndian | CBT | 42 | 42 | 42 |  |  | 2 | 5 | 40 | 95 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Asian | CBT | 42 | 42 | 42 |  |  | 1 | 2 | 40 | 95 | 1 | 2 |  |  |
| White vs Black | CBT | 42 | 42 | 42 |  |  | 1 | 2 | 41 | 98 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Hispanic | CBT | 42 | 42 | 42 |  |  | 2 | 5 | 40 | 95 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Pacific Islander | CBT | 42 | 42 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Multiracial | CBT | 42 | 42 | 42 |  |  |  |  | 42 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| NoEcnDis vs EcnDis | CBT | 42 | 42 | 42 |  |  |  |  | 42 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| $\overline{\text { ELN vs ELY }}$ | CBT | 42 | 42 | 42 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 5 | 38 | 90 |  |  |  |  |
| SWDN vs SWDY | CBT | 42 | 42 | 42 |  |  | 1 | 2 | 39 | 93 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |

Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, Multiracial = Multiple Race
Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English learner, ELY=English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY= student with disability. Small sample sizes may result in fewer items in the column Total $N$ of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis.

Table A.7.20 Differential Item Functioning for Integrated Mathematics II

| DIF Comparisons | Mode | Total $\mathbf{N}$ of Unique Items | Total N of Item Occurrences | Total N of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis | C- DIF |  | B- DIF |  | A DIF |  | B+ DIF |  | C+ DIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF |
| Male vs Female | CBT | 42 | 42 | 42 |  |  |  |  | 40 | 95 | 2 | 5 |  |  |
| White vs AmerIndian | CBT | 42 | 42 | 42 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 39 | 93 | 1 | 2 |  |  |
| White vs Asian | CBT | 42 | 42 | 41 |  |  | 1 | 2 | 39 | 95 | 1 | 2 |  |  |
| White vs Black | CBT | 42 | 42 | 42 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 37 | 88 | 2 | 5 |  |  |
| White vs Hispanic | CBT | 42 | 42 | 42 |  |  | 2 | 5 | 40 | 95 |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Pacific Islander | CBT | 42 | 42 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Multiracial | CBT | 42 | 42 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NoEcnDis vs EcnDis | CBT | 42 | 42 | 42 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 40 | 95 |  |  |  |  |
| $\overline{\text { ELN vs ELY }}$ | CBT | 42 | 42 | 42 | 2 | 5 |  |  | 37 | 88 | 3 | 7 |  |  |
| SWDN vs SWDY | CBT | 42 | 42 | 42 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 32 | 76 | 6 | 14 | 1 | 2 |

Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, Multiracial = Multiple Race
Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English learner, ELY=English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY= student with disability. Small sample sizes may result in fewer items in the column Total $N$ of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis.

Table A.7.21 Differential Item Functioning for Integrated Mathematics III

| DIF Comparisons | Mode | Total $\mathbf{N}$ of Unique Items | Total N of Item Occurrences | Total N of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis | N of ccurrences | DIF <br> \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | B- DIF |  | A DIF |  | B+ DIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | N of Occurrences | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrence | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF | N of Occurrence | \% of Total Occurrences in DIF |
| Male vs Female | CBT | 40 | 40 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 38 | 95 | 2 | 5 |
| White vs AmerIndian | CBT | 40 | 40 | 40 |  |  | 2 | 5 | 35 | 88 | 3 | 8 |
| White vs Asian | CBT | 40 | 40 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Black | CBT | 40 | 40 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Hispanic | CBT | 40 | 40 | 40 |  |  | 2 | 5 | 37 | 93 | 1 | 3 |
| White vs Pacific Islander | CBT | 40 | 40 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White vs Multiracial | CBT | 40 | 40 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NoEcnDis vs EcnDis | CBT | 40 | 40 | 40 |  |  | 1 | 3 | 39 | 98 |  |  |
| $\overline{\text { ELN vs ELY }}$ | CBT | 40 | 40 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SWDN vs SWDY | CBT | 40 | 40 | 40 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 33 | 83 | 5 | 13 |

Note: AmerIndian = American Indian/Alaska Native, Black = Black/African American, Hispanic = Hispanic/Latino, Pacific Islander = Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander,
Multiracial = Multiple Race Selected, NoEcnDis = not economically disadvantaged, EcnDis = economically disadvantaged, ELN = not an English learner, ELY=English learner, SWDN = not student with disabilitie(s), SWDY = student with disability. Small sample sizes may result in fewer items in the column Total $N$ of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis.

## PARCC

Table A.7.22 Differential Item Functioning for Mathematics: Spanish-Language vs. English-Language Forms


Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II. Small sample sizes may result in fewer items in the column Total N of Item Occurrences Included in DIF Analysis.

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Appendix 8: Reliability of Classification by Content and Grade Level
Table A.8.1 Reliability of Classification: Grade 3 ELA/L

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT |  | 650-699 | 0.15 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.18 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.04 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.20 |
|  | Accuracy | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.15 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
|  |  | 750-809 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.29 | 0.02 | 0.36 |
|  |  | 810-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 |
|  |  | 650-699 | 0.14 | 0.04 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.19 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.20 |
|  | Consistency | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.11 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.22 |
|  |  | 750-809 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.27 | 0.02 | 0.35 |
|  |  | 810-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.04 |
| PBT |  | 650-699 | 0.14 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.16 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.18 |
|  | Accuracy | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.22 |
|  |  | 750-809 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.33 | 0.02 | 0.40 |
|  |  | 810-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.04 |
|  |  | 650-699 | 0.13 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.17 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.04 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.18 |
|  | Consistency | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.21 |
|  |  | 750-809 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.30 | 0.02 | 0.39 |
|  |  | 810-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.05 |

Table A.8.2 Reliability of Classification: Grade 4 ELA/L

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.09 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.11 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.18 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.18 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.27 |
|  |  | 750-789 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.28 | 0.03 | 0.36 |
|  |  | 790-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.06 | 0.08 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.12 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.19 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.15 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.26 |
|  |  | 750-789 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.07 | 0.25 | 0.03 | 0.35 |
|  |  | 790-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.09 |
| PBT | Decision Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.09 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.11 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.20 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.18 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.27 |
|  |  | 750-789 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.27 | 0.03 | 0.35 |
|  |  | 790-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.07 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.12 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.19 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.14 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.26 |
|  |  | 750-789 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 0.23 | 0.03 | 0.34 |
|  |  | 790-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.08 |

Table A.8.3 Reliability of Classification: Grade 5 ELA/L

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.08 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.10 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.21 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.19 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.28 |
|  |  | 750-798 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.32 | 0.02 | 0.38 |
|  |  | 799-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.11 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.20 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.27 |
|  |  | 750-798 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.29 | 0.02 | 0.38 |
|  |  | 799-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.04 |
| PBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.04 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.02 | 0.10 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.15 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.18 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.27 |
|  |  | 750-798 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.40 | 0.03 | 0.48 |
|  |  | 799-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.04 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.07 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.02 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.16 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.15 | 0.07 | 0.00 | 0.26 |
|  |  | 750-798 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.07 | 0.36 | 0.03 | 0.46 |
|  |  | 799-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.06 |

Table A.8.4 Reliability of Classification: Grade 6 ELA/L

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.09 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.10 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.20 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.21 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.30 |
|  |  | 750-789 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.28 | 0.02 | 0.35 |
|  |  | 790-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.05 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.11 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.20 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.18 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.28 |
|  |  | 750-789 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.25 | 0.02 | 0.34 |
|  |  | 790-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.06 |
| PBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.02 | 0.10 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.15 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.19 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.27 |
|  |  | 750-789 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.35 | 0.03 | 0.42 |
|  |  | 790-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.07 | 0.09 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.07 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.02 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.16 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.26 |
|  |  | 750-789 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.31 | 0.03 | 0.41 |
|  |  | 790-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.10 |

Table A.8.5 Reliability of Classification: Grade 7 ELA/L

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.11 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.13 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.19 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.17 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.25 |
|  |  | 750-784 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.24 | 0.03 | 0.31 |
|  |  | 785-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.10 | 0.12 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.11 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.14 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.19 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.14 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.24 |
|  |  | 750-784 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.21 | 0.03 | 0.30 |
|  |  | 785-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.13 |
| PBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.09 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.10 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.02 | 0.10 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.16 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
|  |  | 750-784 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.25 | 0.03 | 0.34 |
|  |  | 785-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.17 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.11 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.16 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.22 |
|  |  | 750-784 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.22 | 0.04 | 0.32 |
|  |  | 785-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.13 | 0.18 |

Table A.8.6 Reliability of Classification: Grade 8 ELA/L

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.12 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.13 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.18 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.17 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.25 |
|  |  | 750-793 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.30 | 0.02 | 0.36 |
|  |  | 794-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.06 | 0.07 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.11 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.14 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.18 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.14 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.24 |
|  |  | 750-793 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.27 | 0.03 | 0.35 |
|  |  | 794-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.09 |
| PBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.09 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.10 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.02 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.16 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.15 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
|  |  | 750-793 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.31 | 0.03 | 0.39 |
|  |  | 794-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.09 | 0.11 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.11 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.16 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.22 |
|  |  | 750-793 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.28 | 0.04 | 0.38 |
|  |  | 794-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.13 |

Table A.8.7 Reliability of Classification: Grade 9 ELA/L

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.13 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.15 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.21 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.18 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.26 |
|  |  | 750-790 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.25 | 0.02 | 0.31 |
|  |  | 791-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.07 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.12 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.16 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.11 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.20 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.25 |
|  |  | 750-790 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.23 | 0.02 | 0.31 |
|  |  | 791-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.08 |
| PBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.10 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.12 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.17 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.16 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.24 |
|  |  | 750-790 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.29 | 0.03 | 0.37 |
|  |  | 791-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.08 | 0.11 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.10 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.13 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.17 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
|  |  | 750-790 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.25 | 0.03 | 0.35 |
|  |  | 791-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.08 | 0.12 |

Table A.8.8 Reliability of Classification: Grade 10 ELA/L

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT |  | 650-699 | 0.20 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.17 |
|  | Accuracy | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.20 |
|  |  | 750-793 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.22 | 0.03 | 0.29 |
|  |  | 794-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.09 | 0.12 |
|  |  | 650-699 | 0.19 | 0.04 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.24 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.17 |
|  | Consistency | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.19 |
|  |  | 750-793 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.19 | 0.03 | 0.28 |
|  |  | 794-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.13 |
| PBT |  | 650-699 | 0.17 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.19 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.15 |
|  | Accuracy | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.19 |
|  |  | 750-793 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.25 | 0.03 | 0.32 |
|  |  | 794-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.12 | 0.15 |
|  |  | 650-699 | 0.16 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.20 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.15 |
|  | Consistency | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.18 |
|  |  | 750-793 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.21 | 0.03 | 0.31 |
|  |  | 794-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.11 | 0.16 |

Table A.8.9 Reliability of Classification: Grade 11 ELA/L

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT |  | 650-699 | 0.15 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.17 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.20 |
|  | Accuracy | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.16 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.24 |
|  |  | 750-791 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.25 | 0.02 | 0.31 |
|  |  | 792-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.07 |
|  |  | 650-699 | 0.15 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.18 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.04 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.20 |
|  | Consistency | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
|  |  | 750-791 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.22 | 0.03 | 0.31 |
|  |  | 792-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.08 |
| PBT |  | 650-699 | 0.11 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.14 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.18 |
|  | Accuracy | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
|  |  | 750-791 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.25 | 0.03 | 0.33 |
|  |  | 792-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.10 | 0.12 |
|  |  | 650-699 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.15 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.18 |
|  | Consistency | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.22 |
|  |  | 750-791 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.22 | 0.04 | 0.32 |
|  |  | 792-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.13 |

Table A.8.10 Reliability of Classification: Grade 3 Mathematics

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.10 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.12 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.02 | 0.13 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.19 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.17 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.25 |
|  |  | 750-789 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.28 | 0.02 | 0.35 |
|  |  | 790-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.07 | 0.09 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.10 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.13 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.11 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.19 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.14 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.24 |
|  |  | 750-789 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.25 | 0.03 | 0.34 |
|  |  | 790-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.07 | 0.10 |
| PBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.10 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.11 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.02 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.19 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.18 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.26 |
|  |  | 750-789 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.28 | 0.02 | 0.34 |
|  |  | 790-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.08 | 0.10 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.12 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.19 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.15 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.25 |
|  |  | 750-789 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.25 | 0.03 | 0.34 |
|  |  | 790-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.08 | 0.11 |

Table A.8.11 Reliability of Classification: Grade 4 Mathematics

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.10 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.12 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.17 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.19 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.28 |
|  |  | 750-795 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.29 | 0.01 | 0.34 |
|  |  | 796-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.10 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.13 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.16 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.27 |
|  |  | 750-795 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.27 | 0.01 | 0.34 |
|  |  | 796-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.04 |
| PBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.13 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.15 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.17 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.24 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.18 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.26 |
|  |  | 750-795 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.26 | 0.01 | 0.31 |
|  |  | 796-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.04 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.16 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.26 |
|  |  | 750-795 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.24 | 0.01 | 0.31 |
|  |  | 796-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.05 |

Table A.8.12 Reliability of Classification: Grade 5 Mathematics

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.08 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.10 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.17 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.21 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.30 |
|  |  | 750-789 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.26 | 0.02 | 0.32 |
|  |  | 790-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.05 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.11 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.17 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.28 |
|  |  | 750-789 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.24 | 0.02 | 0.31 |
|  |  | 790-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.06 |
| PBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.08 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.10 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.16 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.22 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.20 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.28 |
|  |  | 750-789 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.27 | 0.02 | 0.32 |
|  |  | 790-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.07 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.11 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.22 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.17 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.27 |
|  |  | 750-789 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.24 | 0.02 | 0.32 |
|  |  | 790-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.08 |

Table A.8.13 Reliability of Classification: Grade 6 Mathematics

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.11 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.12 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.18 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.25 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.22 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.30 |
|  |  | 750-787 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.24 | 0.01 | 0.29 |
|  |  | 788-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.04 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.10 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.13 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.16 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.24 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.18 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.29 |
|  |  | 750-787 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.22 | 0.02 | 0.29 |
|  |  | 788-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.05 |
| PBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.08 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.10 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.02 | 0.18 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.24 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.20 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.29 |
|  |  | 750-787 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.25 | 0.02 | 0.31 |
|  |  | 788-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.07 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.11 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.17 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.28 |
|  |  | 750-787 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.23 | 0.02 | 0.30 |
|  |  | 788-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.08 |

Table A.8.14 Reliability of Classification: Grade 7 Mathematics

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT |  | 650-699 | 0.09 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.11 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.02 | 0.19 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.25 |
|  | Accuracy | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.25 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.33 |
|  |  | 750-785 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.22 | 0.02 | 0.28 |
|  |  | 786-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
|  |  | 650-699 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.12 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.25 |
|  | Consistency | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.21 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.32 |
|  |  | 750-785 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.20 | 0.02 | 0.28 |
|  |  | 786-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 |
| PBT |  | 650-699 | 0.07 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.09 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.02 | 0.17 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
|  | Accuracy | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.22 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.31 |
|  |  | 750-785 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.25 | 0.02 | 0.31 |
|  |  | 786-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.06 |
|  |  | 650-699 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.10 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
|  | Consistency | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.18 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.30 |
|  |  | 750-785 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.23 | 0.02 | 0.31 |
|  |  | 786-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.07 |

Table A.8.15 Reliability of Classification: Grade 8 Mathematics

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.20 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.04 | 0.17 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.26 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.15 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.24 |
|  |  | 750-800 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.20 | 0.01 | 0.25 |
|  |  | 801-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.19 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.25 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.05 | 0.14 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.24 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
|  |  | 750-800 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.18 | 0.01 | 0.25 |
|  |  | 801-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 |
| PBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.16 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.18 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.04 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.19 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.22 |
|  |  | 750-800 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.26 | 0.03 | 0.33 |
|  |  | 801-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.06 | 0.08 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.15 | 0.04 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.20 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.04 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.19 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.20 |
|  |  | 750-800 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.23 | 0.03 | 0.32 |
|  |  | 801-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.09 |

Table A.8.16 Reliability of Classification: Algebra I

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.11 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.14 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.18 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.26 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.18 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.27 |
|  |  | 750-804 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.26 | 0.01 | 0.30 |
|  |  | 805-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.11 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.16 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.04 | 0.15 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.25 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.14 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.26 |
|  |  | 750-804 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.24 | 0.01 | 0.31 |
|  |  | 805-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 |
| PBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.10 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.12 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.15 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.22 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.16 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.25 |
|  |  | 750-804 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.32 | 0.01 | 0.37 |
|  |  | 805-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.04 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.14 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.21 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.13 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.24 |
|  |  | 750-804 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.29 | 0.02 | 0.37 |
|  |  | 805-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.05 |

Table A.8.17 Reliability of Classification: Geometry

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.08 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.10 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.02 | 0.25 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.31 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.24 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.33 |
|  |  | 750-782 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.19 | 0.01 | 0.23 |
|  |  | 783-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.11 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.22 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.30 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.21 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.32 |
|  |  | 750-782 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.18 | 0.01 | 0.23 |
|  |  | 783-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 |
| PBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.08 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.09 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.02 | 0.22 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.27 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.26 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.34 |
|  |  | 750-782 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.22 | 0.02 | 0.27 |
|  |  | 783-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.10 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.02 | 0.19 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.26 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.22 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.33 |
|  |  | 750-782 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.20 | 0.02 | 0.27 |
|  |  | 783-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 |

Table A.8.18 Reliability of Classification: Algebra II

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT |  | 650-699 | 0.29 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.33 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.04 | 0.16 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.24 |
|  | Accuracy | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.13 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.20 |
|  |  | 750-807 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.18 | 0.01 | 0.21 |
|  |  | 808-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  |  | 650-699 | 0.28 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.34 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.05 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
|  | Consistency | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.20 |
|  |  | 750-807 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.16 | 0.01 | 0.22 |
|  |  | 808-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 |
| PBT |  | 650-699 | 0.24 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.27 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.04 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.21 |
|  | Accuracy | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.22 |
|  |  | 750-807 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.24 | 0.02 | 0.30 |
|  |  | 808-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  |  | 650-699 | 0.23 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.28 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.21 |
|  | Consistency | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.21 |
|  |  | 750-807 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.22 | 0.01 | 0.29 |
|  |  | 808-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.01 |

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Table A.8.19 Reliability of Classification: Integrated Mathematics I

|  |  | Full <br> Summative <br> Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $650-699$ | 0.14 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.17 |
|  | Decision | $700-724$ | 0.04 | 0.19 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.27 |
|  | Accuracy | $725-749$ | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.16 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.26 |
|  |  | $750-798$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.23 | 0.01 | 0.28 |
| CBT |  | $799-850$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
|  |  | $650-699$ | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.19 |
|  |  | Decision | $700-724$ | 0.04 | 0.15 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | Consistency | $725-749$ | 0.00 | 0.07 | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.25 |
|  |  | $750-798$ | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.21 | 0.01 | 0.28 |
|  |  | $799-850$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 |

Table A.8.20 Reliability of Classification: Integrated Mathematics II

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.17 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.22 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.05 | 0.22 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.33 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.26 |
|  |  | 750-784 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.12 | 0.02 | 0.17 |
|  |  | 785-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.16 | 0.07 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.24 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.06 | 0.17 | 0.07 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.30 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.25 |
|  |  | 750-784 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.01 | 0.17 |
|  |  | 785-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.04 |
| PBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.09 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.11 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.06 | 0.18 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.30 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.23 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.34 |
|  |  | 750-784 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.17 | 0.02 | 0.23 |
|  |  | 785-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.13 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.06 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.29 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.07 | 0.18 | 0.07 | 0.00 | 0.31 |
|  |  | 750-784 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.07 | 0.15 | 0.02 | 0.24 |
|  |  | 785-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 |

Table A.8.21 Reliability of Classification: Integrated Mathematics III

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.28 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.31 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.04 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.21 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.14 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.21 |
|  |  | 750-803 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.21 | 0.01 | 0.26 |
|  |  | 804-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.26 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.31 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.21 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.11 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.20 |
|  |  | 750-803 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.19 | 0.01 | 0.26 |
|  |  | 804-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 |
| PBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.41 | 0.08 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.52 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.07 | 0.20 | 0.06 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.34 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.13 |
|  |  | 750-803 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  |  | 804-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.39 | 0.11 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.53 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.08 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.29 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.15 |
|  |  | 750-803 | 0.49 | 0.33 | 0.13 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.97 |
|  |  | 804-850 | 0.49 | 0.34 | 0.14 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 1.00 |

Appendix 10.1: IRT Results for Spring 2016 English Language Arts/Literacy (ELA/L)
Table A.10.1 CBT IRT Summary Parameter Estimates for All Items for ELA/L by Grade

|  |  |  | No. of |  | b Estimates Summary |  |  |  | $a$ Estimates Summary |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mode | Grade | Grouping | Points | Items | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| CBT | E03 | All Items | 140 | 64 | 0.49 | 1.07 | -1.42 | 3.25 | 0.55 | 0.19 | 0.16 | 1.07 |
| CBT | E03 | Reading | 104 | 52 | 0.25 | 1.02 | -1.42 | 3.25 | 0.5 | 0.18 | 0.16 | 1.07 |
| CBT | E03 | Writing | 36 | 12 | 1.57 | 0.39 | 0.99 | 2.28 | 0.74 | 0.09 | 0.49 | 0.84 |
| CBT | E04 | All Items | 189 | 85 | 0.46 | 1.09 | -3.55 | 4.96 | 0.48 | 0.22 | 0.17 | 0.99 |
| CBT | E04 | Reading | 142 | 71 | 0.38 | 1.17 | -3.55 | 4.96 | 0.41 | 0.15 | 0.17 | 0.82 |
| CBT | E04 | Writing | 47 | 14 | 0.83 | 0.40 | 0.35 | 1.47 | 0.87 | 0.09 | 0.66 | 0.99 |
| CBT | E05 | All Items | 186 | 84 | 0.83 | 1.38 | -1.31 | 7.91 | 0.48 | 0.25 | 0.05 | 1.12 |
| CBT | E05 | Reading | 140 | 70 | 0.76 | 1.49 | -1.31 | 7.91 | 0.40 | 0.16 | 0.05 | 0.85 |
| CBT | E05 | Writing | 46 | 14 | 1.16 | 0.59 | 0.46 | 2.24 | 0.92 | 0.12 | 0.63 | 1.12 |
| CBT | E06 | All Items | 178 | 80 | 0.55 | 0.87 | -1.43 | 3.80 | 0.45 | 0.21 | 0.10 | 0.98 |
| CBT | E06 | Reading | 136 | 68 | 0.48 | 0.92 | -1.43 | 3.80 | 0.39 | 0.15 | 0.10 | 0.81 |
| CBT | E06 | Writing | 42 | 12 | 0.94 | 0.34 | 0.45 | 1.54 | 0.81 | 0.10 | 0.68 | 0.98 |
| CBT | E07 | All Items | 194 | 88 | 0.31 | 0.87 | -1.81 | 3.18 | 0.45 | 0.21 | 0.17 | 1.02 |
| CBT | E07 | Reading | 152 | 76 | 0.26 | 0.92 | -1.81 | 3.18 | 0.39 | 0.12 | 0.17 | 0.74 |
| CBT | E07 | Writing | 42 | 12 | 0.64 | 0.30 | 0.17 | 1.19 | 0.87 | 0.10 | 0.63 | 1.02 |
| CBT | E08 | All Items | 186 | 84 | 0.38 | 0.95 | -1.57 | 5.15 | 0.47 | 0.23 | 0.10 | 1.03 |
| CBT | E08 | Reading | 144 | 72 | 0.34 | 1.02 | -1.57 | 5.15 | 0.40 | 0.16 | 0.10 | 0.90 |
| CBT | E08 | Writing | 42 | 12 | 0.57 | 0.34 | 0.11 | 1.13 | 0.89 | 0.08 | 0.76 | 1.03 |
| CBT | E09 | All Items | 196 | 89 | 0.74 | 1.09 | -0.78 | 6.49 | 0.48 | 0.25 | 0.08 | 1.16 |


|  |  |  | No. of Score Points | No. of Items | b Estimates Summary |  |  |  | $a$ Estimates Summary |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mode | Grade | Grouping |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| CBT | E09 | Reading | 154 | 77 | 0.68 | 1.15 | -0.78 | 6.49 | 0.40 | 0.14 | 0.08 | 0.69 |
| CBT | E09 | Writing | 42 | 12 | 1.09 | 0.33 | 0.57 | 1.62 | 1.02 | 0.08 | 0.88 | 1.16 |
| CBT | E10 | All Items | 225 | 102 | 0.70 | 0.83 | -1.15 | 3.39 | 0.49 | 0.19 | 0.14 | 0.95 |
| CBT | E10 | Reading | 176 | 88 | 0.69 | 0.88 | -1.15 | 3.39 | 0.45 | 0.15 | 0.14 | 0.85 |
| CBT | E10 | Writing | 49 | 14 | 0.78 | 0.28 | 0.38 | 1.19 | 0.80 | 0.10 | 0.59 | 0.95 |
| CBT | E11 | All Items | 174 | 78 | 1.00 | 1.37 | -1.15 | 8.68 | 0.47 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.96 |
| CBT | E11 | Reading | 132 | 66 | 1.01 | 1.49 | -1.15 | 8.68 | 0.40 | 0.17 | 0.09 | 0.90 |
| CBT | E11 | Writing | 42 | 12 | 0.96 | 0.30 | 0.46 | 1.40 | 0.82 | 0.10 | 0.61 | 0.96 |

Table A.10.2 PBT IRT Summary Parameter Estimates for All Items for ELA/L by Grade

| Mode | Grade | Item Grouping | No. of Score Points | No. of Items | b Estimates Summary |  |  |  | $a$ Estimates Summary |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| PBT | E03 | All Items | 114 | 52 | 0.66 | 0.88 | -1.10 | 3.25 | 0.52 | 0.18 | 0.12 | 0.82 |
| PBT | E03 | Reading | 84 | 42 | 0.51 | 0.91 | -1.10 | 3.25 | 0.47 | 0.15 | 0.12 | 0.82 |
| PBT | E03 | Writing | 30 | 10 | 1.27 | 0.27 | 0.99 | 1.83 | 0.73 | 0.08 | 0.51 | 0.81 |
| PBT | E04 | All Items | 111 | 50 | 0.73 | 1.06 | -1.13 | 5.09 | 0.41 | 0.17 | 0.15 | 0.82 |
| PBT | E04 | Reading | 84 | 42 | 0.73 | 1.14 | -1.13 | 5.09 | 0.36 | 0.11 | 0.15 | 0.63 |
| PBT | E04 | Writing | 27 | 8 | 0.72 | 0.53 | 0.14 | 1.37 | 0.71 | 0.11 | 0.51 | 0.82 |
| PBT | E05 | All Items | 98 | 44 | 0.91 | 0.83 | -0.97 | 2.93 | 0.46 | 0.21 | 0.13 | 0.94 |
| PBT | E05 | Reading | 72 | 36 | 0.93 | 0.89 | -0.97 | 2.93 | 0.38 | 0.15 | 0.13 | 0.84 |
| PBT | E05 | Writing | 26 | 8 | 0.86 | 0.47 | 0.50 | 1.69 | 0.79 | 0.09 | 0.67 | 0.94 |
| PBT | E06 | All Items | 121 | 56 | 0.50 | 0.74 | -0.82 | 2.14 | 0.43 | 0.16 | 0.16 | 0.78 |
| PBT | E06 | Reading | 100 | 50 | 0.48 | 0.77 | -0.82 | 2.14 | 0.41 | 0.14 | 0.16 | 0.70 |
| PBT | E06 | Writing | 21 | 6 | 0.66 | 0.39 | 0.20 | 1.18 | 0.66 | 0.10 | 0.53 | 0.78 |
| PBT | E07 | All Items | 159 | 72 | 0.28 | 0.83 | -1.99 | 2.92 | 0.40 | 0.15 | 0.11 | 0.82 |
| PBT | E07 | Reading | 124 | 62 | 0.28 | 0.88 | -1.99 | 2.92 | 0.35 | 0.11 | 0.11 | 0.65 |
| PBT | E07 | Writing | 35 | 10 | 0.27 | 0.40 | -0.26 | 0.85 | 0.65 | 0.09 | 0.54 | 0.82 |
| PBT | E08 | All Items | 124 | 56 | 0.37 | 0.84 | -1.17 | 2.97 | 0.43 | 0.18 | 0.09 | 0.88 |
| PBT | E08 | Reading | 96 | 48 | 0.41 | 0.89 | -1.17 | 2.97 | 0.38 | 0.15 | 0.09 | 0.73 |
| PBT | E08 | Writing | 28 | 8 | 0.14 | 0.35 | -0.32 | 0.57 | 0.72 | 0.12 | 0.52 | 0.88 |


| Mode | Grade | Item Grouping | No. of <br> Score <br> Points | No. of Items | b Estimates Summary |  |  |  | $a$ Estimates Summary |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| PBT | E09 | All Items | 144 | 66 | 0.47 | 0.83 | -1.12 | 2.93 | 0.43 | 0.16 | 0.18 | 0.79 |
| PBT | E09 | Reading | 116 | 58 | 0.39 | 0.84 | -1.12 | 2.93 | 0.39 | 0.13 | 0.18 | 0.77 |
| PBT | E09 | Writing | 28 | 8 | 1.01 | 0.47 | 0.23 | 1.72 | 0.71 | 0.07 | 0.62 | 0.79 |
| PBT | E10 | All Items | 128 | 58 | 0.70 | 0.76 | -0.53 | 2.59 | 0.50 | 0.19 | 0.18 | 0.90 |
| PBT | E10 | Reading | 100 | 50 | 0.68 | 0.81 | -0.53 | 2.59 | 0.46 | 0.17 | 0.18 | 0.83 |
| PBT | E10 | Writing | 28 | 8 | 0.83 | 0.34 | 0.38 | 1.23 | 0.78 | 0.1 | 0.57 | 0.90 |
| PBT | E11 | All Items | 140 | 64 | 1.06 | 0.99 | -0.97 | 3.75 | 0.41 | 0.21 | 0.1 | 0.89 |
| PBT | E11 | Reading | 112 | 56 | 1.06 | 1.05 | -0.97 | 3.75 | 0.37 | 0.19 | 0.10 | 0.89 |
| PBT | E11 | Writing | 28 | 8 | 1.08 | 0.37 | 0.60 | 1.53 | 0.69 | 0.06 | 0.57 | 0.75 |

Table A.10.3 CBT IRT Standard Errors of Parameter Estimates for All Items for ELA/L by Grade

| Mode | Grade | Item Grouping | No. of Score Points | No. of Items | SE of $b$ Estimates |  |  |  | SE of $a$ Estimates |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| CBT | E03 | All Items | 140 | 64 | 0.010 | 0.010 | 0.003 | 0.057 | 0.004 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.009 |
| CBT | E03 | Reading | 104 | 52 | 0.009 | 0.010 | 0.003 | 0.057 | 0.004 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.006 |
| CBT | E03 | Writing | 36 | 12 | 0.013 | 0.005 | 0.008 | 0.024 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.005 | 0.009 |
| CBT | E04 | All Items | 189 | 85 | 0.013 | 0.016 | 0.004 | 0.107 | 0.005 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.011 |
| CBT | E04 | Reading | 142 | 71 | 0.014 | 0.017 | 0.004 | 0.107 | 0.004 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.007 |
| CBT | E04 | Writing | 47 | 14 | 0.009 | 0.003 | 0.005 | 0.015 | 0.009 | 0.002 | 0.006 | 0.011 |
| CBT | E05 | All Items | 186 | 84 | 0.018 | 0.041 | 0.004 | 0.316 | 0.004 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.011 |
| CBT | E05 | Reading | 140 | 70 | 0.019 | 0.045 | 0.004 | 0.316 | 0.004 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.007 |
| CBT | E05 | Writing | 46 | 14 | 0.014 | 0.016 | 0.006 | 0.065 | 0.009 | 0.002 | 0.006 | 0.011 |
| CBT | E06 | All Items | 178 | 80 | 0.010 | 0.010 | 0.004 | 0.071 | 0.004 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.010 |
| CBT | E06 | Reading | 136 | 68 | 0.011 | 0.010 | 0.004 | 0.071 | 0.003 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.007 |
| CBT | E06 | Writing | 42 | 12 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.004 | 0.012 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.005 | 0.010 |
| CBT | E07 | All Items | 194 | 88 | 0.008 | 0.005 | 0.003 | 0.043 | 0.004 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.010 |
| CBT | E07 | Reading | 152 | 76 | 0.009 | 0.006 | 0.003 | 0.043 | 0.003 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.006 |
| CBT | E07 | Writing | 42 | 12 | 0.005 | 0.001 | 0.003 | 0.007 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.004 | 0.010 |
| CBT | E08 | All Items | 186 | 84 | 0.009 | 0.010 | 0.003 | 0.093 | 0.003 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.009 |
| CBT | E08 | Reading | 144 | 72 | 0.009 | 0.011 | 0.003 | 0.093 | 0.003 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.007 |
| CBT | E08 | Writing | 42 | 12 | 0.005 | 0.001 | 0.003 | 0.006 | 0.007 | 0.001 | 0.005 | 0.009 |
| CBT | E09 | All Items | 196 | 89 | 0.014 | 0.027 | 0.004 | 0.238 | 0.004 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.011 |
| CBT | E09 | Reading | 154 | 77 | 0.015 | 0.029 | 0.004 | 0.238 | 0.003 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.007 |


|  |  |  | No. of |  | SE of $b$ Estimates |  |  |  | SE of $a$ Estimates |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mode | Grade | Grouping | Points | Items | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| CBT | E09 | Writing | 42 | 12 | 0.007 | 0.003 | 0.004 | 0.014 | 0.009 | 0.001 | 0.007 | 0.011 |
| CBT | E10 | All Items | 225 | 102 | 0.015 | 0.012 | 0.006 | 0.079 | 0.006 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.013 |
| CBT | E10 | Reading | 176 | 88 | 0.016 | 0.013 | 0.006 | 0.079 | 0.006 | 0.001 | 0.003 | 0.009 |
| CBT | E10 | Writing | 49 | 14 | 0.009 | 0.002 | 0.006 | 0.013 | 0.011 | 0.002 | 0.008 | 0.013 |
| CBT | E11 | All Items | 174 | 78 | 0.022 | 0.037 | 0.005 | 0.297 | 0.006 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.015 |
| CBT | E11 | Reading | 132 | 66 | 0.024 | 0.040 | 0.005 | 0.297 | 0.005 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.010 |
| CBT | E11 | Writing | 42 | 12 | 0.010 | 0.003 | 0.006 | 0.016 | 0.011 | 0.003 | 0.007 | 0.015 |

Table A.10.4 PBT IRT Standard Errors of Parameter Estimates for All Items for ELA/L by Grade

| Mode | Grade | Item Grouping | No. of Score Points | No. of Items | SE of $b$ Estimates |  |  |  | SE of $a$ Estimates |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| PBT | E03 | All Items | 114 | 52 | 0.016 | 0.012 | 0.007 | 0.085 | 0.007 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.014 |
| PBT | E03 | Reading | 84 | 42 | 0.016 | 0.014 | 0.007 | 0.085 | 0.006 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.012 |
| PBT | E03 | Writing | 30 | 10 | 0.018 | 0.003 | 0.015 | 0.022 | 0.012 | 0.002 | 0.01 | 0.014 |
| PBT | E04 | All Items | 111 | 50 | 0.022 | 0.027 | 0.007 | 0.187 | 0.007 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.015 |
| PBT | E04 | Reading | 84 | 42 | 0.023 | 0.029 | 0.007 | 0.187 | 0.006 | 0.001 | 0.003 | 0.009 |
| PBT | E04 | Writing | 27 | 8 | 0.014 | 0.006 | 0.008 | 0.026 | 0.011 | 0.002 | 0.009 | 0.015 |
| PBT | E05 | All Items | 98 | 44 | 0.024 | 0.016 | 0.009 | 0.076 | 0.009 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.020 |
| PBT | E05 | Reading | 72 | 36 | 0.026 | 0.017 | 0.009 | 0.076 | 0.008 | 0.002 | 0.004 | 0.015 |
| PBT | E05 | Writing | 26 | 8 | 0.017 | 0.005 | 0.010 | 0.027 | 0.017 | 0.002 | 0.013 | 0.020 |
| PBT | E06 | All Items | 121 | 56 | 0.021 | 0.012 | 0.010 | 0.083 | 0.009 | 0.003 | 0.005 | 0.015 |
| PBT | E06 | Reading | 100 | 50 | 0.022 | 0.013 | 0.010 | 0.083 | 0.008 | 0.002 | 0.005 | 0.015 |
| PBT | E06 | Writing | 21 | 6 | 0.014 | 0.003 | 0.011 | 0.018 | 0.012 | 0.002 | 0.010 | 0.014 |
| PBT | E07 | All Items | 159 | 72 | 0.024 | 0.018 | 0.011 | 0.154 | 0.009 | 0.003 | 0.004 | 0.020 |
| PBT | E07 | Reading | 124 | 62 | 0.025 | 0.019 | 0.013 | 0.154 | 0.008 | 0.002 | 0.004 | 0.013 |
| PBT | E07 | Writing | 35 | 10 | 0.016 | 0.003 | 0.011 | 0.021 | 0.015 | 0.002 | 0.012 | 0.020 |
| PBT | E08 | All Items | 124 | 56 | 0.022 | 0.015 | 0.010 | 0.090 | 0.009 | 0.003 | 0.004 | 0.020 |
| PBT | E08 | Reading | 96 | 48 | 0.023 | 0.016 | 0.010 | 0.090 | 0.008 | 0.002 | 0.004 | 0.014 |


|  |  |  | No. of |  | SE of $b$ Estimates |  |  |  | SE of $a$ Estimates |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mode | Grade | Grouping | Points | Items | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| PBT | E08 | Writing | 28 | 8 | 0.013 | 0.003 | 0.011 | 0.019 | 0.014 | 0.003 | 0.011 | 0.02 |
| PBT | E09 | All Items | 144 | 66 | 0.032 | 0.018 | 0.015 | 0.122 | 0.013 | 0.005 | 0.007 | 0.029 |
| PBT | E09 | Reading | 116 | 58 | 0.033 | 0.019 | 0.015 | 0.122 | 0.012 | 0.003 | 0.007 | 0.020 |
| PBT | E09 | Writing | 28 | 8 | 0.027 | 0.009 | 0.018 | 0.047 | 0.022 | 0.005 | 0.016 | 0.029 |
| PBT | E10 | All Items | 128 | 58 | 0.043 | 0.032 | 0.019 | 0.174 | 0.02 | 0.007 | 0.009 | 0.040 |
| PBT | E10 | Reading | 100 | 50 | 0.046 | 0.033 | 0.019 | 0.174 | 0.018 | 0.005 | 0.009 | 0.030 |
| PBT | E10 | Writing | 28 | 8 | 0.03 | 0.006 | 0.021 | 0.038 | 0.033 | 0.004 | 0.028 | 0.040 |
| PBT | E11 | All Items | 140 | 64 | 0.074 | 0.057 | 0.026 | 0.258 | 0.021 | 0.008 | 0.010 | 0.044 |
| PBT | E11 | Reading | 112 | 56 | 0.079 | 0.059 | 0.026 | 0.258 | 0.019 | 0.006 | 0.010 | 0.037 |
| PBT | E11 | Writing | 28 | 8 | 0.041 | 0.009 | 0.030 | 0.054 | 0.035 | 0.008 | 0.026 | 0.044 |

Table A.10.5 CBT IRT Model Fit for All Items for ELA/L by Grade

|  |  |  | No. of |  | $\mathbf{G}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |  |  |  | $\mathrm{Q}_{1}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mode | Grade | Grouping | Points | Items | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| CBT | E03 | All Items | 140 | 64 | 3136.9 | 2980.0 | 450.4 | 17317.0 | 3004.6 | 2881.8 | 418.0 | 17000.5 |
| CBT | E03 | Reading | 104 | 52 | 3547.7 | 3162.4 | 450.4 | 17317.0 | 3389.7 | 3066.4 | 418.0 | 17000.5 |
| CBT | E03 | Writing | 36 | 12 | 1357.1 | 489.4 | 719.0 | 2248.3 | 1335.6 | 478.8 | 745.5 | 2147.6 |
| CBT | E04 | All Items | 189 | 85 | 2181.4 | 1726.3 | 155.4 | 9059.9 | 2121.4 | 1741.4 | 148.9 | 9757.6 |
| CBT | E04 | Reading | 142 | 71 | 2321.8 | 1831.2 | 155.4 | 9059.9 | 2254.5 | 1851.4 | 148.9 | 9757.6 |
| CBT | E04 | Writing | 47 | 14 | 1469.5 | 739.5 | 678.5 | 2965.0 | 1446.7 | 742.5 | 643.7 | 2993.0 |
| CBT | E05 | All Items | 186 | 84 | 2521.2 | 2016.4 | 282.2 | 10665.5 | 2432.3 | 1982.7 | 278.3 | 10922.5 |
| CBT | E05 | Reading | 140 | 70 | 2733.6 | 2130.0 | 282.2 | 10665.5 | 2617.2 | 2102.3 | 278.3 | 10922.5 |
| CBT | E05 | Writing | 46 | 14 | 1458.9 | 648.1 | 891.8 | 3328.4 | 1507.5 | 730.6 | 875.9 | 3507.3 |
| CBT | E06 | All Items | 178 | 80 | 2898.3 | 2583.5 | 324.9 | 15422.4 | 2813.2 | 2623.8 | 320.2 | 16395.8 |
| CBT | E06 | Reading | 136 | 68 | 3073.9 | 2736.8 | 324.9 | 15422.4 | 2994.9 | 2781.4 | 320.2 | 16395.8 |
| CBT | E06 | Writing | 42 | 12 | 1903.3 | 1020.6 | 861.2 | 3993.5 | 1783.4 | 981.4 | 809.4 | 3733.8 |
| CBT | E07 | All Items | 194 | 88 | 3447.8 | 3089.5 | 333.1 | 17360.3 | 3432.7 | 3351.0 | 300.3 | 21851.3 |
| CBT | E07 | Reading | 152 | 76 | 3612.5 | 3221.8 | 333.1 | 17360.3 | 3632.7 | 3515.0 | 300.3 | 21851.3 |
| CBT | E07 | Writing | 42 | 12 | 2405.2 | 1829.0 | 797.9 | 7344.1 | 2165.9 | 1595.5 | 737.0 | 6489.6 |
| CBT | E08 | All Items | 186 | 84 | 2919.8 | 3105.5 | 253.1 | 23884.3 | 2873.3 | 3175.0 | 248.4 | 24231.3 |
| CBT | E08 | Reading | 144 | 72 | 2988.7 | 3337.8 | 253.1 | 23884.3 | 2966.9 | 3410.5 | 248.4 | 24231.3 |
| CBT | E08 | Writing | 42 | 12 | 2506.5 | 803.1 | 1462.9 | 3690.6 | 2311.7 | 765.4 | 1357.6 | 3529.1 |
| CBT | E09 | All Items | 196 | 89 | 2629.2 | 2164.4 | 301.4 | 9393.9 | 2564.0 | 2245.2 | 289.5 | 10501.1 |
| CBT | E09 | Reading | 154 | 77 | 2683.7 | 2290.4 | 301.4 | 9393.9 | 2646.2 | 2379.5 | 289.5 | 10501.1 |
| CBT | E09 | Writing | 42 | 12 | 2279.4 | 1037.7 | 933.7 | 3918.3 | 2036.8 | 926.2 | 822.2 | 3611.7 |
| CBT | E10 | All Items | 225 | 102 | 1382.0 | 987.7 | 172.2 | 5524.0 | 1309.8 | 971.0 | 168.4 | 5623.9 |
| CBT | E10 | Reading | 176 | 88 | 1378.1 | 1047.1 | 172.2 | 5524.0 | 1323.7 | 1032.4 | 168.4 | 5623.9 |
| CBT | E10 | Writing | 49 | 14 | 1406.2 | 491.1 | 807.8 | 2310.4 | 1222.5 | 427.2 | 704.5 | 2047.6 |
| CBT | E11 | All Items | 174 | 78 | 1367.9 | 1250.8 | 147.5 | 5899.0 | 1350.7 | 1291.0 | 143.6 | 6363.8 |
| CBT | E11 | Reading | 132 | 66 | 1341.0 | 1314.8 | 147.5 | 5899.0 | 1337.9 | 1372.4 | 143.6 | 6363.8 |
| CBT | E11 | Writing | 42 | 12 | 1516.1 | 841.5 | 854.2 | 3381.0 | 1421.0 | 729.2 | 765.0 | 2973.6 |

Table A.10.6 PBT IRT Model Fit for All Items for ELA/L by Grade

|  |  |  |  |  | $\mathbf{G}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |  |  |  | $\mathbf{Q}_{1}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mode | Grade | Grouping | Points | Items | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| PBT | E03 | All Items | 114 | 52 | 868.8 | 661.6 | 145.2 | 3861 | 813.8 | 604.8 | 133.3 | 3544.3 |
| PBT | E03 | Reading | 84 | 42 | 965.9 | 699.8 | 145.2 | 3861 | 903.4 | 639 | 133.3 | 3544.3 |
| PBT | E03 | Writing | 30 | 10 | 461.1 | 144.5 | 260.8 | 744 | 437.4 | 133.3 | 254.1 | 697.7 |
| PBT | E04 | All Items | 111 | 50 | 915.2 | 583.6 | 54.6 | 2234.4 | 872.1 | 564.8 | 56 | 2600.5 |
| PBT | E04 | Reading | 84 | 42 | 935 | 604.2 | 54.6 | 2234.4 | 882.5 | 591.7 | 56 | 2600.5 |
| PBT | E04 | Writing | 27 | 8 | 811.2 | 481.2 | 348.2 | 1736.3 | 817.6 | 422.4 | 335.7 | 1613.5 |
| PBT | E05 | All Items | 98 | 44 | 587.1 | 471.9 | 79.1 | 2011.4 | 582.3 | 486.6 | 73.8 | 2373.9 |
| PBT | E05 | Reading | 72 | 36 | 620.5 | 512.2 | 79.1 | 2011.4 | 617.4 | 527.7 | 73.8 | 2373.9 |
| PBT | E05 | Writing | 26 | 8 | 437.1 | 157.8 | 275.6 | 703.1 | 424 | 164.1 | 256.8 | 673.5 |
| PBT | E06 | All Items | 121 | 56 | 497.7 | 347.2 | 69.9 | 1732.8 | 482.7 | 346.1 | 66.8 | 1695 |
| PBT | E06 | Reading | 100 | 50 | 487.7 | 361.2 | 69.9 | 1732.8 | 470.6 | 354.7 | 66.8 | 1695 |
| PBT | E06 | Writing | 21 | 6 | 580.9 | 195.2 | 384 | 935.7 | 584 | 266.4 | 362.1 | 1096.7 |
| PBT | E07 | All Items | 159 | 72 | 461.8 | 269 | 75.7 | 1484.6 | 457.6 | 278.1 | 72.9 | 1433.7 |
| PBT | E07 | Reading | 124 | 62 | 473.1 | 283.2 | 75.7 | 1484.6 | 471.8 | 292.6 | 72.9 | 1433.7 |
| PBT | E07 | Writing | 35 | 10 | 391.9 | 145.3 | 211.4 | 643.6 | 369.4 | 140.9 | 205 | 641.9 |
| PBT | E08 | All Items | 124 | 56 | 481.9 | 417.7 | 71.6 | 2489 | 505.8 | 555.4 | 68.6 | 3741.3 |
| PBT | E08 | Reading | 96 | 48 | 502.3 | 442.9 | 71.6 | 2489 | 531.7 | 592.6 | 68.6 | 3741.3 |
| PBT | E08 | Writing | 28 | 8 | 359.4 | 183.2 | 199.2 | 635.7 | 350.2 | 183.1 | 194.9 | 648.4 |
| PBT | E09 | All Items | 144 | 66 | 230.2 | 158.4 | 42.7 | 927.9 | 225.1 | 159.6 | 39.5 | 877.2 |
| PBT | E09 | Reading | 116 | 58 | 225.2 | 163.8 | 42.7 | 927.9 | 219.7 | 163.1 | 39.5 | 877.2 |


|  |  |  | No. of |  | $\boldsymbol{G}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |  |  |  | $\mathbf{Q}_{1}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mode | Grade | Grouping | Points | Items | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| PBT | E09 | Writing | 28 | 8 | 265.9 | 112.3 | 154.9 | 439.8 | 264.0 | 134.9 | 137.1 | 516.6 |
| PBT | E10 | All Items | 128 | 58 | 146.9 | 103.7 | 31.6 | 550.8 | 142.8 | 110.1 | 26.4 | 530.0 |
| PBT | E10 | Reading | 100 | 50 | 144.6 | 108.6 | 31.6 | 550.8 | 142.2 | 116.2 | 26.4 | 530.0 |
| PBT | E10 | Writing | 28 | 8 | 160.8 | 69.6 | 73.9 | 267.6 | 146.2 | 63.6 | 65.2 | 240.9 |
| PBT | E11 | All Items | 140 | 64 | 92.2 | 65.0 | 26.5 | 376.2 | 89.1 | 66.3 | 24.3 | 373.3 |
| PBT | E11 | Reading | 112 | 56 | 88.9 | 67.9 | 26.5 | 376.2 | 85.9 | 68.9 | 24.3 | 373.3 |
| PBT | E11 | Writing | 28 | 8 | 115.1 | 32.3 | 68.8 | 163.2 | 111.3 | 41.1 | 62.0 | 177.6 |

Appendix 10.2: IRT Results for Spring 2016 Mathematics
Table A.10.7 CBT IRT Summary Parameter Estimates for All Items for Mathematics by Grade/Subject

| Mode | Grade | Item Grouping | No. of Score Points | No. of Items | b Estimates Summary |  |  |  | $a$ Estimates Summary |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| CBT | M03 | All Items | 144 | 97 | -0.23 | 1.34 | -3.20 | 3.58 | 0.76 | 0.25 | 0.24 | 1.36 |
| CBT | M03 | SSMC | 26 | 26 | -1.00 | 1.07 | -2.63 | 0.89 | 0.74 | 0.22 | 0.35 | 1.36 |
| CBT | M03 | CR | 118 | 71 | 0.05 | 1.33 | -3.20 | 3.58 | 0.77 | 0.27 | 0.24 | 1.36 |
| CBT | M03 | Type I | 92 | 83 | -0.40 | 1.37 | -3.20 | 3.58 | 0.80 | 0.25 | 0.24 | 1.36 |
| CBT | M03 | Type II | 28 | 8 | 0.78 | 0.56 | -0.17 | 1.35 | 0.50 | 0.11 | 0.40 | 0.71 |
| CBT | M03 | Type III | 24 | 6 | 0.81 | 0.30 | 0.31 | 1.08 | 0.62 | 0.13 | 0.48 | 0.79 |
| CBT | M04 | All Items | 155 | 101 | -0.23 | 1.29 | -2.93 | 2.34 | 0.72 | 0.19 | 0.34 | 1.32 |
| CBT | M04 | SSMC | 33 | 33 | -0.92 | 0.94 | -2.65 | 0.94 | 0.69 | 0.18 | 0.34 | 0.98 |
| CBT | M04 | CR | 122 | 68 | 0.10 | 1.31 | -2.93 | 2.34 | 0.74 | 0.20 | 0.38 | 1.32 |
| CBT | M04 | Type I | 102 | 86 | -0.45 | 1.27 | -2.93 | 2.34 | 0.73 | 0.20 | 0.34 | 1.32 |
| CBT | M04 | Type II | 35 | 10 | 0.89 | 0.34 | 0.44 | 1.38 | 0.63 | 0.10 | 0.50 | 0.77 |
| CBT | M04 | Type III | 18 | 5 | 1.20 | 0.68 | 0.12 | 1.85 | 0.73 | 0.27 | 0.40 | 1.13 |
| CBT | M05 | All Items | 157 | 95 | 0.11 | 1.16 | -3.41 | 2.60 | 0.67 | 0.24 | 0.24 | 1.26 |
| CBT | M05 | SSMC | 24 | 24 | -0.69 | 1.23 | -3.41 | 1.79 | 0.54 | 0.21 | 0.24 | 0.98 |
| CBT | M05 | CR | 133 | 71 | 0.38 | 1.02 | -2.44 | 2.60 | 0.71 | 0.24 | 0.30 | 1.26 |
| CBT | M05 | Type I | 98 | 79 | -0.05 | 1.19 | -3.41 | 2.60 | 0.68 | 0.25 | 0.24 | 1.26 |
| CBT | M05 | Type II | 29 | 8 | 0.82 | 0.53 | 0.11 | 1.73 | 0.56 | 0.13 | 0.34 | 0.74 |


| Mode | Grade | Item Grouping | No. of <br> Score <br> Points | No. of Items | b Estimates Summary |  |  |  | $a$ Estimates Summary |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| CBT | M05 | Type III | 30 | 8 | 0.95 | 0.71 | 0.14 | 1.89 | 0.66 | 0.23 | 0.45 | 1.15 |
| CBT | M06 | All Items | 169 | 101 | 0.25 | 1.27 | -4.46 | 3.74 | 0.74 | 0.25 | 0.23 | 1.42 |
| CBT | M06 | SSMC | 27 | 27 | -0.51 | 1.48 | -4.46 | 3.74 | 0.68 | 0.24 | 0.26 | 1.13 |
| CBT | M06 | CR | 142 | 74 | 0.53 | 1.06 | -1.90 | 3.44 | 0.76 | 0.24 | 0.23 | 1.42 |
| CBT | M06 | Type I | 109 | 85 | 0.09 | 1.28 | -4.46 | 3.74 | 0.77 | 0.25 | 0.23 | 1.42 |
| CBT | M06 | Type II | 36 | 10 | 1.07 | 0.89 | -0.48 | 2.02 | 0.61 | 0.16 | 0.38 | 0.87 |
| CBT | M06 | Type III | 24 | 6 | 1.27 | 0.65 | 0.27 | 1.86 | 0.60 | 0.18 | 0.41 | 0.87 |
| CBT | M07 | All Items | 173 | 103 | 0.82 | 1.21 | -2.23 | 3.24 | 0.76 | 0.32 | 0.23 | 1.84 |
| CBT | M07 | SSMC | 19 | 19 | -0.22 | 1.28 | -2.23 | 2.72 | 0.56 | 0.20 | 0.23 | 1.00 |
| CBT | M07 | CR | 154 | 84 | 1.05 | 1.07 | -2.15 | 3.24 | 0.81 | 0.32 | 0.30 | 1.84 |
| CBT | M07 | Type I | 108 | 86 | 0.76 | 1.29 | -2.23 | 3.24 | 0.79 | 0.34 | 0.23 | 1.84 |
| CBT | M07 | Type II | 32 | 9 | 1.00 | 0.81 | -0.83 | 2.29 | 0.62 | 0.14 | 0.42 | 0.80 |
| CBT | M07 | Type III | 33 | 8 | 1.27 | 0.50 | 0.49 | 1.72 | 0.60 | 0.12 | 0.45 | 0.77 |
| CBT | M08 | All Items | 162 | 89 | 0.87 | 1.24 | -1.53 | 3.48 | 0.63 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 1.29 |
| CBT | M08 | SSMC | 22 | 22 | -0.46 | 0.65 | -1.53 | 1.05 | 0.57 | 0.16 | 0.23 | 0.86 |
| CBT | M08 | CR | 140 | 67 | 1.31 | 1.06 | -1.40 | 3.48 | 0.64 | 0.25 | 0.24 | 1.29 |
| CBT | M08 | Type I | 104 | 74 | 0.65 | 1.21 | -1.53 | 3.48 | 0.63 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 1.29 |
| CBT | M08 | Type II | 28 | 8 | 1.94 | 0.73 | 1.11 | 3.26 | 0.70 | 0.27 | 0.24 | 1.01 |
| CBT | M08 | Type III | 30 | 7 | 1.94 | 0.68 | 1.08 | 2.87 | 0.50 | 0.14 | 0.38 | 0.79 |


| Mode | Grade | Item Grouping | No. of Score Points | No. of Items | b Estimates Summary |  |  |  | $a$ Estimates Summary |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| CBT | A1 | All Items | 192 | 100 | 1.19 | 1.08 | -1.16 | 3.90 | 0.63 | 0.28 | 0.10 | 1.51 |
| CBT | A1 | SSMC | 31 | 31 | 0.67 | 1.12 | -1.16 | 3.55 | 0.46 | 0.20 | 0.10 | 0.85 |
| CBT | A1 | CR | 161 | 69 | 1.42 | 0.99 | -0.77 | 3.90 | 0.71 | 0.28 | 0.22 | 1.51 |
| CBT | A1 | Type I | 118 | 81 | 1.06 | 1.11 | -1.16 | 3.90 | 0.62 | 0.30 | 0.10 | 1.51 |
| CBT | A1 | Type II | 35 | 10 | 2.06 | 0.53 | 1.11 | 2.84 | 0.68 | 0.16 | 0.47 | 0.99 |
| CBT | A1 | Type III | 39 | 9 | 1.40 | 0.78 | 0.10 | 2.47 | 0.67 | 0.18 | 0.43 | 0.95 |
| CBT | GO | All Items | 203 | 109 | 0.87 | 1.13 | -1.98 | 2.98 | 0.75 | 0.31 | 0.22 | 1.73 |
| CBT | GO | SSMC | 27 | 27 | -0.24 | 1.01 | -1.98 | 1.99 | 0.55 | 0.21 | 0.25 | 1.11 |
| CBT | GO | CR | 176 | 82 | 1.23 | 0.91 | -0.86 | 2.98 | 0.82 | 0.30 | 0.22 | 1.73 |
| CBT | GO | Type I | 126 | 90 | 0.67 | 1.13 | -1.98 | 2.98 | 0.73 | 0.32 | 0.22 | 1.73 |
| CBT | GO | Type II | 32 | 9 | 1.90 | 0.44 | 1.40 | 2.57 | 0.91 | 0.16 | 0.58 | 1.11 |
| CBT | GO | Type III | 45 | 10 | 1.67 | 0.52 | 0.66 | 2.31 | 0.76 | 0.24 | 0.44 | 1.14 |
| CBT | A2 | All Items | 198 | 101 | 1.35 | 0.81 | -1.41 | 2.80 | 0.69 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 1.44 |
| CBT | A2 | SSMC | 17 | 17 | 0.90 | 1.08 | -1.39 | 2.67 | 0.44 | 0.22 | 0.12 | 1.12 |
| CBT | A2 | CR | 181 | 84 | 1.44 | 0.72 | -1.41 | 2.80 | 0.74 | 0.30 | 0.18 | 1.44 |
| CBT | A2 | Type I | 121 | 82 | 1.27 | 0.85 | -1.41 | 2.67 | 0.69 | 0.32 | 0.12 | 1.44 |
| CBT | A2 | Type II | 35 | 10 | 1.64 | 0.56 | 0.69 | 2.80 | 0.76 | 0.19 | 0.54 | 1.05 |
| CBT | A2 | Type III | 42 | 9 | 1.73 | 0.44 | 1.12 | 2.33 | 0.58 | 0.19 | 0.28 | 0.80 |
| CBT | M1 | All Items | 81 | 42 | 1.20 | 1.06 | -0.95 | 3.41 | 0.62 | 0.33 | 0.17 | 1.61 |


| Mode | Grade | Item Grouping | No. of <br> Score <br> Points | No. of Items | b Estimates Summary |  |  |  | $a$ Estimates Summary |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| CBT | M1 | SSMC | 13 | 13 | 0.65 | 1.26 | -0.95 | 3.41 | 0.41 | 0.22 | 0.17 | 0.92 |
| CBT | M1 | CR | 68 | 29 | 1.45 | 0.87 | -0.22 | 2.99 | 0.71 | 0.33 | 0.18 | 1.61 |
| CBT | M1 | Type I | 49 | 34 | 0.99 | 1.03 | -0.95 | 3.41 | 0.59 | 0.35 | 0.17 | 1.61 |
| CBT | M1 | Type II | 14 | 4 | 2.37 | 0.55 | 1.70 | 2.99 | 0.85 | 0.13 | 0.73 | 1.02 |
| CBT | M1 | Type III | 18 | 4 | 1.84 | 0.65 | 0.99 | 2.46 | 0.61 | 0.10 | 0.47 | 0.68 |
| CBT | M2 | All Items | 80 | 41 | 1.90 | 1.45 | -0.74 | 5.99 | 0.53 | 0.27 | 0.12 | 1.18 |
| CBT | M2 | SSMC | 14 | 14 | 1.01 | 1.21 | -0.74 | 3.24 | 0.37 | 0.13 | 0.12 | 0.56 |
| CBT | M2 | CR | 66 | 27 | 2.36 | 1.37 | 0.04 | 5.99 | 0.62 | 0.29 | 0.17 | 1.18 |
| CBT | M2 | Type I | 48 | 33 | 1.81 | 1.53 | -0.74 | 5.99 | 0.52 | 0.29 | 0.12 | 1.18 |
| CBT | M2 | Type II | 14 | 4 | 2.87 | 0.82 | 2.04 | 3.76 | 0.56 | 0.11 | 0.43 | 0.68 |
| CBT | M2 | Type III | 18 | 4 | 1.65 | 0.98 | 0.20 | 2.27 | 0.64 | 0.16 | 0.47 | 0.79 |
| CBT | M3 | All Items | 81 | 40 | 1.27 | 1.08 | -2.27 | 4.28 | 0.59 | 0.27 | 0.16 | 1.27 |
| CBT | M3 | SSMC | 12 | 12 | 0.84 | 1.71 | -2.27 | 4.28 | 0.44 | 0.15 | 0.23 | 0.66 |
| CBT | M3 | CR | 69 | 28 | 1.46 | 0.61 | -0.04 | 2.79 | 0.66 | 0.29 | 0.16 | 1.27 |
| CBT | M3 | Type I | 49 | 32 | 1.20 | 1.17 | -2.27 | 4.28 | 0.58 | 0.29 | 0.16 | 1.27 |
| CBT | M3 | Type II | 14 | 4 | 1.58 | 0.61 | 0.96 | 2.20 | 0.74 | 0.08 | 0.63 | 0.83 |
| CBT | M3 | Type III | 18 | 4 | 1.57 | 0.57 | 0.90 | 2.11 | 0.53 | 0.20 | 0.30 | 0.76 |

Note: M03 through M08 = mathematics grades 3 through 8, A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III.

Table A.10.8 PBT IRT Summary Parameter Estimates for All Items for Mathematics by Grade/Subject

| Mode | Grade |  | No. of Score Points | No. of Items | b Estimates Summary |  |  |  | a Estimates Summary |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Grouping |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| PBT | M03 | All Items | 111 | 75 | -0.34 | 1.17 | -3.22 | 2.25 | 0.72 | 0.24 | 0.28 | 1.32 |
| PBT | M03 | SSMC | 30 | 30 | -0.88 | 1.29 | -3.22 | 2.25 | 0.65 | 0.19 | 0.28 | 1.01 |
| PBT | M03 | CR | 81 | 45 | 0.02 | 0.95 | -2.16 | 1.98 | 0.77 | 0.26 | 0.29 | 1.32 |
| PBT | M03 | Type I | 72 | 64 | -0.53 | 1.16 | -3.22 | 2.25 | 0.75 | 0.24 | 0.28 | 1.32 |
| PBT | M03 | Type II | 21 | 6 | 0.70 | 0.62 | -0.32 | 1.38 | 0.47 | 0.10 | 0.37 | 0.64 |
| PBT | M03 | Type III | 18 | 5 | 0.75 | 0.52 | 0.18 | 1.23 | 0.57 | 0.14 | 0.37 | 0.73 |
| PBT | M04 | All Items | 109 | 65 | -0.36 | 1.12 | -2.69 | 1.53 | 0.69 | 0.22 | 0.30 | 1.24 |
| PBT | M04 | SSMC | 24 | 24 | -1.08 | 1.10 | -2.69 | 1.21 | 0.65 | 0.20 | 0.35 | 1.07 |
| PBT | M04 | CR | 85 | 41 | 0.06 | 0.91 | -1.83 | 1.53 | 0.71 | 0.23 | 0.30 | 1.24 |
| PBT | M04 | Type I | 67 | 54 | -0.60 | 1.08 | -2.69 | 1.53 | 0.71 | 0.22 | 0.35 | 1.24 |
| PBT | M04 | Type II | 24 | 7 | 0.91 | 0.24 | 0.65 | 1.27 | 0.65 | 0.16 | 0.40 | 0.86 |
| PBT | M04 | Type III | 18 | 4 | 0.57 | 0.56 | 0.16 | 1.39 | 0.47 | 0.14 | 0.30 | 0.64 |
| PBT | M05 | All Items | 115 | 69 | 0.06 | 1.15 | -2.45 | 2.28 | 0.67 | 0.20 | 0.31 | 1.20 |
| PBT | M05 | SSMC | 28 | 28 | -0.76 | 0.96 | -2.45 | 1.09 | 0.68 | 0.22 | 0.41 | 1.20 |
| PBT | M05 | CR | 87 | 41 | 0.62 | 0.91 | -1.49 | 2.28 | 0.66 | 0.19 | 0.31 | 1.20 |
| PBT | M05 | Type I | 70 | 57 | -0.17 | 1.11 | -2.45 | 2.28 | 0.68 | 0.21 | 0.31 | 1.20 |
| PBT | M05 | Type II | 21 | 6 | 0.94 | 0.70 | -0.03 | 1.76 | 0.57 | 0.08 | 0.48 | 0.68 |


| Mode | Grade | Item Grouping | No. of Score Points | No. of Items | b Estimates Summary |  |  |  | $a$ Estimates Summary |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| PBT | M05 | Type III | 24 | 6 | 1.32 | 0.50 | 0.52 | 1.81 | 0.63 | 0.19 | 0.42 | 0.92 |
| PBT | M06 | All Items | 110 | 63 | 0.20 | 1.17 | -3.54 | 2.47 | 0.67 | 0.22 | 0.23 | 1.40 |
| PBT | M06 | SSMC | 23 | 23 | -0.49 | 1.24 | -3.54 | 1.52 | 0.61 | 0.21 | 0.23 | 0.99 |
| PBT | M06 | CR | 87 | 40 | 0.61 | 0.91 | -1.50 | 2.47 | 0.71 | 0.22 | 0.36 | 1.40 |
| PBT | M06 | Type I | 67 | 52 | 0.07 | 1.22 | -3.54 | 2.47 | 0.70 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 1.40 |
| PBT | M06 | Type II | 25 | 7 | 0.64 | 0.47 | -0.19 | 1.14 | 0.53 | 0.11 | 0.36 | 0.71 |
| PBT | M06 | Type III | 18 | 4 | 1.19 | 0.67 | 0.18 | 1.57 | 0.52 | 0.06 | 0.47 | 0.61 |
| PBT | M07 | All Items | 102 | 65 | 0.86 | 1.31 | -2.03 | 3.14 | 0.62 | 0.22 | 0.26 | 1.39 |
| PBT | M07 | SSMC | 26 | 26 | -0.19 | 1.08 | -2.03 | 1.79 | 0.51 | 0.15 | 0.26 | 0.81 |
| PBT | M07 | CR | 76 | 39 | 1.55 | 0.93 | -0.69 | 3.14 | 0.69 | 0.23 | 0.34 | 1.39 |
| PBT | M07 | Type I | 73 | 57 | 0.79 | 1.36 | -2.03 | 3.14 | 0.63 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 1.39 |
| PBT | M07 | Type II | 14 | 4 | 1.40 | 0.46 | 0.89 | 2.00 | 0.59 | 0.08 | 0.48 | 0.66 |
| PBT | M07 | Type III | 15 | 4 | 1.30 | 0.91 | 0.10 | 2.22 | 0.49 | 0.07 | 0.45 | 0.59 |
| PBT | M08 | All Items | 114 | 63 | 1.09 | 1.27 | -1.37 | 3.54 | 0.54 | 0.22 | 0.18 | 1.07 |
| PBT | M08 | SSMC | 25 | 25 | 0.46 | 1.20 | -1.37 | 2.82 | 0.44 | 0.15 | 0.18 | 0.68 |
| PBT | M08 | CR | 89 | 38 | 1.51 | 1.15 | -0.85 | 3.54 | 0.61 | 0.24 | 0.20 | 1.07 |
| PBT | M08 | Type I | 75 | 53 | 0.88 | 1.18 | -1.37 | 2.91 | 0.57 | 0.23 | 0.18 | 1.07 |
| PBT | M08 | Type II | 18 | 5 | 2.44 | 1.12 | 1.06 | 3.54 | 0.43 | 0.21 | 0.20 | 0.71 |
| PBT | M08 | Type III | 21 | 5 | 1.98 | 1.35 | -0.25 | 3.17 | 0.42 | 0.07 | 0.35 | 0.50 |


| Mode | Grade | No. of |  |  | $b$ Estimates Summary |  |  |  | a Estimates Summary |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Grouping | Points | Items | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| PBT | A1 | All Items | 128 | 69 | 1.17 | 1.15 | -0.99 | 3.36 | 0.55 | 0.23 | 0.13 | 1.30 |
| PBT | A1 | SSMC | 26 | 26 | 0.49 | 1.09 | -0.99 | 3.09 | 0.46 | 0.19 | 0.13 | 0.85 |
| PBT | A1 | CR | 102 | 43 | 1.59 | 0.99 | -0.66 | 3.36 | 0.61 | 0.23 | 0.20 | 1.30 |
| PBT | A1 | Type I | 83 | 57 | 1.01 | 1.14 | -0.99 | 3.09 | 0.54 | 0.24 | 0.13 | 1.30 |
| PBT | A1 | Type II | 24 | 7 | 2.38 | 0.69 | 1.27 | 3.36 | 0.62 | 0.14 | 0.44 | 0.84 |
| PBT | A1 | Type III | 21 | 5 | 1.40 | 0.87 | 0.07 | 2.37 | 0.55 | 0.15 | 0.43 | 0.81 |
| PBT | GO | All Items | 139 | 79 | 1.23 | 1.28 | -1.51 | 5.98 | 0.67 | 0.30 | 0.18 | 1.41 |
| PBT | GO | SSMC | 26 | 26 | 0.74 | 1.64 | -1.51 | 5.98 | 0.45 | 0.18 | 0.18 | 0.82 |
| PBT | GO | CR | 113 | 53 | 1.47 | 0.99 | -0.49 | 5.40 | 0.78 | 0.29 | 0.29 | 1.41 |
| PBT | GO | Type I | 91 | 67 | 1.13 | 1.35 | -1.51 | 5.98 | 0.66 | 0.32 | 0.18 | 1.41 |
| PBT | GO | Type II | 21 | 6 | 2.04 | 0.22 | 1.81 | 2.28 | 0.78 | 0.17 | 0.54 | 1.02 |
| PBT | GO | Type III | 27 | 6 | 1.55 | 0.61 | 0.54 | 2.26 | 0.66 | 0.18 | 0.51 | 0.96 |
| PBT | A2 | All Items | 143 | 72 | 1.65 | 1.59 | -1.14 | 9.06 | 0.60 | 0.27 | 0.12 | 1.41 |
| PBT | A2 | SSMC | 18 | 18 | 1.33 | 2.32 | -1.14 | 9.06 | 0.53 | 0.25 | 0.12 | 1.04 |
| PBT | A2 | CR | 125 | 54 | 1.76 | 1.26 | -1.14 | 6.66 | 0.63 | 0.27 | 0.24 | 1.41 |
| PBT | A2 | Type I | 83 | 57 | 1.57 | 1.75 | -1.14 | 9.06 | 0.60 | 0.29 | 0.12 | 1.41 |
| PBT | A2 | Type II | 24 | 7 | 2.12 | 0.69 | 1.35 | 3.03 | 0.69 | 0.14 | 0.50 | 0.90 |
| PBT | A2 | Type III | 36 | 8 | 1.83 | 0.60 | 1.21 | 3.01 | 0.55 | 0.18 | 0.29 | 0.77 |

Note: M03 through M08 = mathematics grades 3 through 8, A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II.

Table A.10.9 CBT IRT Standard Errors of Parameter Estimates for All Items for Mathematics by Grade/Subject

| Mode | Grade | Item Grouping | No. of Score Points | No. of Items | SE of $\boldsymbol{b}$ Estimates |  |  |  | SE of $a$ Estimates |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| CBT | M03 | All Items | 144 | 97 | 0.018 | 0.015 | 0.005 | 0.086 | 0.011 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.023 |
| CBT | M03 | SSMC | 26 | 26 | 0.020 | 0.011 | 0.006 | 0.052 | 0.011 | 0.004 | 0.007 | 0.022 |
| CBT | M03 | CR | 118 | 71 | 0.017 | 0.017 | 0.005 | 0.086 | 0.010 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.023 |
| CBT | M03 | Type I | 92 | 83 | 0.019 | 0.016 | 0.005 | 0.086 | 0.011 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.023 |
| CBT | M03 | Type II | 28 | 8 | 0.010 | 0.003 | 0.006 | 0.016 | 0.005 | 0.001 | 0.004 | 0.007 |
| CBT | M03 | Type III | 24 | 6 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.006 | 0.010 | 0.006 | 0.001 | 0.004 | 0.008 |
| CBT | M04 | All Items | 155 | 101 | 0.011 | 0.008 | 0.003 | 0.038 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.013 |
| CBT | M04 | SSMC | 33 | 33 | 0.013 | 0.007 | 0.007 | 0.037 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.004 | 0.013 |
| CBT | M04 | CR | 122 | 68 | 0.010 | 0.008 | 0.003 | 0.038 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.013 |
| CBT | M04 | Type I | 102 | 86 | 0.012 | 0.008 | 0.003 | 0.038 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.013 |
| CBT | M04 | Type II | 35 | 10 | 0.006 | 0.001 | 0.003 | 0.007 | 0.005 | 0.001 | 0.004 | 0.006 |
| CBT | M04 | Type III | 18 | 5 | 0.006 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.009 | 0.005 | 0.003 | 0.002 | 0.009 |
| CBT | M05 | All Items | 157 | 95 | 0.012 | 0.010 | 0.003 | 0.061 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.013 |
| CBT | M05 | SSMC | 24 | 24 | 0.018 | 0.012 | 0.008 | 0.061 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.004 | 0.012 |
| CBT | M05 | CR | 133 | 71 | 0.011 | 0.008 | 0.003 | 0.055 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.013 |
| CBT | M05 | Type I | 98 | 79 | 0.013 | 0.010 | 0.004 | 0.061 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.004 | 0.013 |
| CBT | M05 | Type II | 29 | 8 | 0.007 | 0.003 | 0.004 | 0.013 | 0.005 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.007 |


| Mode | Grade | Item Grouping | No. of Score Points | No. of Items | SE of $\boldsymbol{b}$ Estimates |  |  |  | SE of $a$ Estimates |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| CBT | M05 | Type III | 30 | 8 | 0.008 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.012 | 0.006 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.012 |
| CBT | M06 | All Items | 169 | 101 | 0.011 | 0.012 | 0.003 | 0.104 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.014 |
| CBT | M06 | SSMC | 27 | 27 | 0.016 | 0.020 | 0.006 | 0.104 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.005 | 0.012 |
| CBT | M06 | CR | 142 | 74 | 0.009 | 0.007 | 0.003 | 0.050 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.014 |
| CBT | M06 | Type I | 109 | 85 | 0.012 | 0.013 | 0.004 | 0.104 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.014 |
| CBT | M06 | Type II | 36 | 10 | 0.007 | 0.003 | 0.005 | 0.011 | 0.005 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.008 |
| CBT | M06 | Type III | 24 | 6 | 0.007 | 0.004 | 0.003 | 0.013 | 0.004 | 0.001 | 0.003 | 0.006 |
| CBT | M07 | All Items | 173 | 103 | 0.015 | 0.010 | 0.004 | 0.051 | 0.009 | 0.005 | 0.003 | 0.041 |
| CBT | M07 | SSMC | 19 | 19 | 0.019 | 0.011 | 0.009 | 0.047 | 0.008 | 0.002 | 0.005 | 0.015 |
| CBT | M07 | CR | 154 | 84 | 0.014 | 0.009 | 0.004 | 0.051 | 0.010 | 0.005 | 0.003 | 0.041 |
| CBT | M07 | Type I | 108 | 86 | 0.016 | 0.010 | 0.005 | 0.051 | 0.010 | 0.005 | 0.003 | 0.041 |
| CBT | M07 | Type II | 32 | 9 | 0.009 | 0.006 | 0.006 | 0.024 | 0.006 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.011 |
| CBT | M07 | Type III | 33 | 8 | 0.009 | 0.003 | 0.004 | 0.014 | 0.007 | 0.003 | 0.004 | 0.011 |
| CBT | M08 | All Items | 162 | 89 | 0.015 | 0.010 | 0.005 | 0.045 | 0.007 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.020 |
| CBT | M08 | SSMC | 22 | 22 | 0.013 | 0.005 | 0.007 | 0.022 | 0.007 | 0.001 | 0.006 | 0.010 |
| CBT | M08 | CR | 140 | 67 | 0.016 | 0.011 | 0.005 | 0.045 | 0.007 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.020 |
| CBT | M08 | Type I | 104 | 74 | 0.015 | 0.009 | 0.006 | 0.045 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.020 |
| CBT | M08 | Type II | 28 | 8 | 0.014 | 0.013 | 0.005 | 0.044 | 0.007 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.013 |
| CBT | M08 | Type III | 30 | 7 | 0.017 | 0.011 | 0.007 | 0.038 | 0.005 | 0.001 | 0.004 | 0.007 |


| Mode | Grade | Item Grouping | No. of <br> Score <br> Points | No. of Items | SE of $b$ Estimates |  |  |  | SE of a Estimates |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| CBT | A1 | All Items | 192 | 100 | 0.017 | 0.021 | 0.003 | 0.191 | 0.007 | 0.003 | 0.002 | 0.028 |
| CBT | A1 | SSMC | 31 | 31 | 0.024 | 0.033 | 0.007 | 0.191 | 0.006 | 0.001 | 0.004 | 0.009 |
| CBT | A1 | CR | 161 | 69 | 0.014 | 0.013 | 0.003 | 0.074 | 0.008 | 0.004 | 0.002 | 0.028 |
| CBT | A1 | Type I | 118 | 81 | 0.019 | 0.023 | 0.005 | 0.191 | 0.007 | 0.004 | 0.003 | 0.028 |
| CBT | A1 | Type II | 35 | 10 | 0.014 | 0.007 | 0.006 | 0.028 | 0.007 | 0.003 | 0.004 | 0.013 |
| CBT | A1 | Type III | 39 | 9 | 0.009 | 0.005 | 0.003 | 0.018 | 0.006 | 0.003 | 0.002 | 0.012 |
| CBT | GO | All Items | 203 | 109 | 0.016 | 0.011 | 0.005 | 0.066 | 0.010 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.022 |
| CBT | GO | SSMC | 27 | 27 | 0.020 | 0.010 | 0.009 | 0.053 | 0.009 | 0.003 | 0.007 | 0.016 |
| CBT | GO | CR | 176 | 82 | 0.015 | 0.011 | 0.005 | 0.066 | 0.011 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.022 |
| CBT | GO | Type I | 126 | 90 | 0.017 | 0.011 | 0.005 | 0.066 | 0.010 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.022 |
| CBT | GO | Type II | 32 | 9 | 0.014 | 0.006 | 0.006 | 0.022 | 0.013 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.021 |
| CBT | GO | Type III | 45 | 10 | 0.013 | 0.006 | 0.006 | 0.024 | 0.010 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.021 |
| CBT | A2 | All Items | 198 | 101 | 0.020 | 0.018 | 0.005 | 0.161 | 0.010 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.021 |
| CBT | A2 | SSMC | 17 | 17 | 0.033 | 0.035 | 0.008 | 0.161 | 0.008 | 0.002 | 0.005 | 0.014 |
| CBT | A2 | CR | 181 | 84 | 0.017 | 0.010 | 0.005 | 0.056 | 0.010 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.021 |
| CBT | A2 | Type I | 121 | 82 | 0.021 | 0.019 | 0.005 | 0.161 | 0.010 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.021 |
| CBT | A2 | Type II | 35 | 10 | 0.014 | 0.009 | 0.006 | 0.037 | 0.010 | 0.004 | 0.005 | 0.014 |
| CBT | A2 | Type III | 42 | 9 | 0.013 | 0.005 | 0.008 | 0.021 | 0.007 | 0.003 | 0.004 | 0.013 |
| CBT | M1 | All Items | 81 | 42 | 0.051 | 0.038 | 0.021 | 0.199 | 0.017 | 0.007 | 0.008 | 0.040 |


| Mode | Grade | Item Grouping | No. of <br> Score <br> Points | No. of Items | SE of $\boldsymbol{b}$ Estimates |  |  |  | SE of $a$ Estimates |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| CBT | M1 | SSMC | 13 | 13 | 0.064 | 0.056 | 0.025 | 0.199 | 0.013 | 0.003 | 0.011 | 0.022 |
| CBT | M1 | CR | 68 | 29 | 0.045 | 0.026 | 0.021 | 0.152 | 0.018 | 0.008 | 0.008 | 0.040 |
| CBT | M1 | Type I | 49 | 34 | 0.048 | 0.037 | 0.021 | 0.199 | 0.016 | 0.008 | 0.008 | 0.040 |
| CBT | M1 | Type II | 14 | 4 | 0.059 | 0.028 | 0.030 | 0.094 | 0.022 | 0.005 | 0.018 | 0.027 |
| CBT | M1 | Type III | 18 | 4 | 0.066 | 0.058 | 0.028 | 0.152 | 0.013 | 0.003 | 0.009 | 0.016 |
| CBT | M2 | All Items | 80 | 41 | 0.153 | 0.180 | 0.028 | 0.977 | 0.033 | 0.021 | 0.018 | 0.123 |
| CBT | M2 | SSMC | 14 | 14 | 0.137 | 0.149 | 0.044 | 0.618 | 0.025 | 0.002 | 0.022 | 0.029 |
| CBT | M2 | CR | 66 | 27 | 0.162 | 0.196 | 0.028 | 0.977 | 0.037 | 0.025 | 0.018 | 0.123 |
| CBT | M2 | Type I | 48 | 33 | 0.161 | 0.192 | 0.031 | 0.977 | 0.034 | 0.024 | 0.018 | 0.123 |
| CBT | M2 | Type II | 14 | 4 | 0.193 | 0.145 | 0.052 | 0.344 | 0.029 | 0.006 | 0.024 | 0.036 |
| CBT | M2 | Type III | 18 | 4 | 0.051 | 0.017 | 0.028 | 0.066 | 0.028 | 0.006 | 0.022 | 0.035 |
| CBT | M3 | All Items | 81 | 40 | 0.108 | 0.107 | 0.038 | 0.631 | 0.041 | 0.018 | 0.015 | 0.097 |
| CBT | M3 | SSMC | 12 | 12 | 0.172 | 0.176 | 0.053 | 0.631 | 0.036 | 0.005 | 0.030 | 0.043 |
| CBT | M3 | CR | 69 | 28 | 0.081 | 0.037 | 0.038 | 0.190 | 0.043 | 0.021 | 0.015 | 0.097 |
| CBT | M3 | Type I | 49 | 32 | 0.119 | 0.117 | 0.049 | 0.631 | 0.042 | 0.019 | 0.020 | 0.097 |
| CBT | M3 | Type II | 14 | 4 | 0.062 | 0.031 | 0.038 | 0.107 | 0.043 | 0.008 | 0.038 | 0.055 |
| CBT | M3 | Type III | 18 | 4 | 0.066 | 0.020 | 0.041 | 0.090 | 0.031 | 0.015 | 0.015 | 0.045 |

Note: M03 through M08 = mathematics grades 3 through 8, A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II, M1 = Integrated Mathematics I, M2 = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III.

Table A.10.10 PBT IRT Standard Errors of Parameter Estimates for All Items for Mathematics by Grade/Subject

| Mode | Grade | Item Grouping | No. of <br> Score <br> Points | No. of Items | SE of $b$ Estimates |  |  |  | SE of $a$ Estimates |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| PBT | M03 | All Items | 111 | 75 | 0.018 | 0.014 | 0.005 | 0.096 | 0.011 | 0.003 | 0.004 | 0.022 |
| PBT | M03 | SSMC | 30 | 30 | 0.024 | 0.017 | 0.009 | 0.096 | 0.011 | 0.003 | 0.008 | 0.022 |
| PBT | M03 | CR | 81 | 45 | 0.013 | 0.009 | 0.005 | 0.058 | 0.010 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.017 |
| PBT | M03 | Type I | 72 | 64 | 0.019 | 0.015 | 0.008 | 0.096 | 0.011 | 0.003 | 0.007 | 0.022 |
| PBT | M03 | Type II | 21 | 6 | 0.011 | 0.003 | 0.007 | 0.016 | 0.006 | 0.001 | 0.004 | 0.008 |
| PBT | M03 | Type III | 18 | 5 | 0.010 | 0.002 | 0.005 | 0.011 | 0.007 | 0.003 | 0.005 | 0.011 |
| PBT | M04 | All Items | 109 | 65 | 0.018 | 0.009 | 0.008 | 0.044 | 0.011 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.023 |
| PBT | M04 | SSMC | 24 | 24 | 0.025 | 0.010 | 0.008 | 0.044 | 0.013 | 0.004 | 0.009 | 0.023 |
| PBT | M04 | CR | 85 | 41 | 0.014 | 0.005 | 0.008 | 0.034 | 0.011 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.020 |
| PBT | M04 | Type I | 67 | 54 | 0.019 | 0.010 | 0.008 | 0.044 | 0.012 | 0.004 | 0.006 | 0.023 |
| PBT | M04 | Type II | 24 | 7 | 0.013 | 0.002 | 0.011 | 0.016 | 0.009 | 0.003 | 0.005 | 0.013 |
| PBT | M04 | Type III | 18 | 4 | 0.012 | 0.002 | 0.009 | 0.014 | 0.006 | 0.001 | 0.004 | 0.007 |
| PBT | M05 | All Items | 115 | 69 | 0.020 | 0.011 | 0.007 | 0.070 | 0.012 | 0.003 | 0.005 | 0.020 |
| PBT | M05 | SSMC | 28 | 28 | 0.024 | 0.014 | 0.009 | 0.070 | 0.013 | 0.003 | 0.010 | 0.020 |
| PBT | M05 | CR | 87 | 41 | 0.017 | 0.008 | 0.007 | 0.049 | 0.011 | 0.003 | 0.005 | 0.017 |
| PBT | M05 | Type I | 70 | 57 | 0.021 | 0.012 | 0.009 | 0.070 | 0.012 | 0.003 | 0.006 | 0.020 |
| PBT | M05 | Type II | 21 | 6 | 0.012 | 0.005 | 0.007 | 0.021 | 0.008 | 0.002 | 0.005 | 0.010 |
| PBT | M05 | Type III | 24 | 6 | 0.014 | 0.002 | 0.012 | 0.018 | 0.011 | 0.004 | 0.006 | 0.017 |


| Mode | Grade | Item Grouping | No. of <br> Score <br> Points | No. of Items | SE of $\boldsymbol{b}$ Estimates |  |  |  | SE of $a$ Estimates |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| PBT | M06 | All Items | 110 | 63 | 0.022 | 0.024 | 0.008 | 0.156 | 0.012 | 0.004 | 0.006 | 0.020 |
| PBT | M06 | SSMC | 23 | 23 | 0.033 | 0.036 | 0.013 | 0.156 | 0.013 | 0.003 | 0.008 | 0.020 |
| PBT | M06 | CR | 87 | 40 | 0.015 | 0.006 | 0.008 | 0.034 | 0.012 | 0.004 | 0.006 | 0.020 |
| PBT | M06 | Type I | 67 | 52 | 0.024 | 0.026 | 0.008 | 0.156 | 0.013 | 0.003 | 0.007 | 0.020 |
| PBT | M06 | Type II | 25 | 7 | 0.011 | 0.002 | 0.008 | 0.015 | 0.008 | 0.002 | 0.006 | 0.011 |
| PBT | M06 | Type III | 18 | 4 | 0.012 | 0.003 | 0.008 | 0.015 | 0.008 | 0.001 | 0.006 | 0.009 |
| PBT | M07 | All Items | 102 | 65 | 0.032 | 0.019 | 0.009 | 0.100 | 0.015 | 0.006 | 0.006 | 0.036 |
| PBT | M07 | SSMC | 26 | 26 | 0.035 | 0.014 | 0.019 | 0.073 | 0.014 | 0.003 | 0.008 | 0.018 |
| PBT | M07 | CR | 76 | 39 | 0.030 | 0.022 | 0.009 | 0.100 | 0.015 | 0.007 | 0.006 | 0.036 |
| PBT | M07 | Type I | 73 | 57 | 0.034 | 0.020 | 0.010 | 0.100 | 0.016 | 0.005 | 0.008 | 0.036 |
| PBT | M07 | Type II | 14 | 4 | 0.014 | 0.003 | 0.011 | 0.017 | 0.008 | 0.002 | 0.007 | 0.011 |
| PBT | M07 | Type III | 15 | 4 | 0.017 | 0.006 | 0.009 | 0.024 | 0.009 | 0.003 | 0.006 | 0.014 |
| PBT | M08 | All Items | 114 | 63 | 0.029 | 0.015 | 0.010 | 0.074 | 0.012 | 0.004 | 0.005 | 0.028 |
| PBT | M08 | SSMC | 25 | 25 | 0.036 | 0.016 | 0.020 | 0.074 | 0.011 | 0.002 | 0.008 | 0.017 |
| PBT | M08 | CR | 89 | 38 | 0.025 | 0.014 | 0.010 | 0.072 | 0.012 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.028 |
| PBT | M08 | Type I | 75 | 53 | 0.029 | 0.014 | 0.011 | 0.074 | 0.012 | 0.004 | 0.006 | 0.028 |
| PBT | M08 | Type II | 18 | 5 | 0.034 | 0.028 | 0.010 | 0.072 | 0.007 | 0.003 | 0.005 | 0.012 |
| PBT | M08 | Type III | 21 | 5 | 0.027 | 0.014 | 0.011 | 0.047 | 0.008 | 0.002 | 0.007 | 0.011 |
| PBT | A1 | All Items | 128 | 69 | 0.047 | 0.044 | 0.015 | 0.293 | 0.017 | 0.010 | 0.007 | 0.077 |


| Mode | Grade | Item Grouping | No. of Score Points | No. of Items | SE of $b$ Estimates |  |  |  | SE of $a$ Estimates |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| PBT | A1 | SSMC | 26 | 26 | 0.057 | 0.064 | 0.020 | 0.293 | 0.015 | 0.003 | 0.011 | 0.024 |
| PBT | A1 | CR | 102 | 43 | 0.040 | 0.024 | 0.015 | 0.096 | 0.019 | 0.012 | 0.007 | 0.077 |
| PBT | A1 | Type I | 83 | 57 | 0.049 | 0.047 | 0.015 | 0.293 | 0.017 | 0.011 | 0.007 | 0.077 |
| PBT | A1 | Type II | 24 | 7 | 0.045 | 0.026 | 0.018 | 0.092 | 0.019 | 0.006 | 0.010 | 0.028 |
| PBT | A1 | Type III | 21 | 5 | 0.021 | 0.006 | 0.015 | 0.027 | 0.012 | 0.004 | 0.008 | 0.019 |
| PBT | GO | All Items | 139 | 79 | 0.100 | 0.153 | 0.030 | 1.088 | 0.039 | 0.015 | 0.014 | 0.091 |
| PBT | GO | SSMC | 26 | 26 | 0.148 | 0.213 | 0.044 | 1.088 | 0.032 | 0.004 | 0.026 | 0.043 |
| PBT | GO | CR | 113 | 53 | 0.077 | 0.107 | 0.030 | 0.804 | 0.042 | 0.018 | 0.014 | 0.091 |
| PBT | GO | Type I | 91 | 67 | 0.109 | 0.164 | 0.030 | 1.088 | 0.039 | 0.015 | 0.014 | 0.091 |
| PBT | GO | Type II | 21 | 6 | 0.054 | 0.009 | 0.043 | 0.071 | 0.045 | 0.016 | 0.026 | 0.072 |
| PBT | GO | Type III | 27 | 6 | 0.044 | 0.011 | 0.031 | 0.060 | 0.031 | 0.017 | 0.016 | 0.063 |
| PBT | A2 | All Items | 143 | 72 | 0.112 | 0.215 | 0.021 | 1.482 | 0.029 | 0.013 | 0.011 | 0.096 |
| PBT | A2 | SSMC | 18 | 18 | 0.166 | 0.343 | 0.025 | 1.482 | 0.027 | 0.007 | 0.017 | 0.052 |
| PBT | A2 | CR | 125 | 54 | 0.094 | 0.152 | 0.021 | 1.044 | 0.030 | 0.015 | 0.011 | 0.096 |
| PBT | A2 | Type I | 83 | 57 | 0.124 | 0.240 | 0.021 | 1.482 | 0.030 | 0.014 | 0.014 | 0.096 |
| PBT | A2 | Type II | 24 | 7 | 0.079 | 0.068 | 0.022 | 0.196 | 0.030 | 0.009 | 0.020 | 0.044 |
| PBT | A2 | Type III | 36 | 8 | 0.053 | 0.031 | 0.029 | 0.126 | 0.025 | 0.013 | 0.011 | 0.047 |

Note: M03 through M08 = mathematics grades 3 through 8, A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II.

Table A.10.11 CBT IRT Model Fit for All Items for Mathematics by Grade/Subject

| Mode | Grade | Item Grouping | No. of Score Points | No. of Items | $\boldsymbol{G}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |  |  |  | $\mathrm{Q}_{1}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| CBT | M03 | All Items | 144 | 97 | 292.4 | 396.5 | 23.3 | 2232.4 | 283.4 | 387.1 | 23.8 | 2184.7 |
| CBT | M03 | SSMC | 26 | 26 | 205.7 | 318.2 | 31.0 | 1518.7 | 205.3 | 324.9 | 28.9 | 1511.7 |
| CBT | M03 | CR | 118 | 71 | 324.2 | 419.1 | 23.3 | 2232.4 | 312.1 | 405.8 | 23.8 | 2184.7 |
| CBT | M03 | Type I | 92 | 83 | 231.0 | 357.7 | 23.3 | 2232.4 | 228.8 | 356.6 | 23.8 | 2184.7 |
| CBT | M03 | Type II | 28 | 8 | 662.3 | 525.7 | 200.5 | 1824.9 | 628.6 | 509.0 | 205.8 | 1746.0 |
| CBT | M03 | Type III | 24 | 6 | 649.4 | 314.7 | 172.2 | 1013.8 | 579.3 | 289.4 | 145.1 | 918.3 |
| CBT | M04 | All Items | 155 | 101 | 762.6 | 1235.7 | 63.9 | 9556.2 | 741.0 | 1188.3 | 61.5 | 8903.2 |
| CBT | M04 | SSMC | 33 | 33 | 423.2 | 447.4 | 63.9 | 1779.1 | 425.3 | 479.6 | 61.5 | 2033.9 |
| CBT | M04 | CR | 122 | 68 | 927.4 | 1448.8 | 88.5 | 9556.2 | 894.2 | 1387.4 | 85.9 | 8903.2 |
| CBT | M04 | Type I | 102 | 86 | 583.5 | 881.5 | 63.9 | 7649.1 | 584.3 | 892.4 | 61.5 | 7623.2 |
| CBT | M04 | Type II | 35 | 10 | 1119.5 | 553.3 | 541.8 | 2277.5 | 1014.6 | 485.6 | 502.3 | 2067.8 |
| CBT | M04 | Type III | 18 | 5 | 3130.6 | 3599.5 | 1328.5 | 9556.2 | 2888.7 | 3371.7 | 1144.6 | 8903.2 |
| CBT | M05 | All Items | 157 | 95 | 743.0 | 742.7 | 67.4 | 5094.5 | 708.8 | 729.9 | 63.9 | 4918.4 |
| CBT | M05 | SSMC | 24 | 24 | 596.1 | 1009.5 | 79.1 | 5094.5 | 579.8 | 977.7 | 78.0 | 4918.4 |
| CBT | M05 | CR | 133 | 71 | 792.6 | 629.2 | 67.4 | 2628.7 | 752.4 | 627.4 | 63.9 | 2864.7 |
| CBT | M05 | Type I | 98 | 79 | 655.2 | 716.5 | 67.4 | 5094.5 | 628.5 | 711.5 | 63.9 | 4918.4 |
| CBT | M05 | Type II | 29 | 8 | 1473.5 | 830.7 | 318.5 | 2628.7 | 1381.1 | 810.9 | 302.3 | 2704.7 |
| CBT | M05 | Type III | 30 | 8 | 878.9 | 527.8 | 227.7 | 1947.8 | 829.1 | 499.4 | 215.9 | 1809.6 |


| Mode | Grade | Item Grouping | No. of <br> Score <br> Points | No. of Items | $\boldsymbol{G}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |  |  |  | $\mathbf{Q}_{1}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| CBT | M06 | All Items | 169 | 101 | 925.5 | 1233.4 | 90.5 | 5676.1 | 906.3 | 1233.7 | 87.0 | 5694.0 |
| CBT | M06 | SSMC | 27 | 27 | 667.3 | 936.7 | 90.5 | 4223.6 | 696.4 | 1069.9 | 87.0 | 5134.5 |
| CBT | M06 | CR | 142 | 74 | 1019.6 | 1318.3 | 106.5 | 5676.1 | 982.9 | 1286.4 | 103.6 | 5694.0 |
| CBT | M06 | Type I | 109 | 85 | 742.3 | 1087.1 | 90.5 | 5676.1 | 735.7 | 1123.9 | 87.0 | 5694.0 |
| CBT | M06 | Type II | 36 | 10 | 1471.1 | 1102.8 | 469.8 | 3778.7 | 1426.4 | 1099.6 | 446.4 | 3793.5 |
| CBT | M06 | Type III | 24 | 6 | 2611.3 | 1950.9 | 358.7 | 5633.5 | 2456.5 | 1766.5 | 329.6 | 5226.6 |
| CBT | M07 | All Items | 173 | 103 | 727.0 | 934.8 | 29.1 | 5174.9 | 688.3 | 893.0 | 29.2 | 4958.0 |
| CBT | M07 | SSMC | 19 | 19 | 431.2 | 510.6 | 36.2 | 2001.6 | 422.9 | 509.0 | 36.5 | 1999.2 |
| CBT | M07 | CR | 154 | 84 | 793.9 | 996.4 | 29.1 | 5174.9 | 748.4 | 950.8 | 29.2 | 4958.0 |
| CBT | M07 | Type I | 108 | 86 | 558.4 | 678.7 | 29.1 | 3300.0 | 537.6 | 670.4 | 29.2 | 3151.7 |
| CBT | M07 | Type II | 32 | 9 | 1576.6 | 1564.8 | 210.8 | 5174.9 | 1481.9 | 1524.6 | 209.7 | 4958.0 |
| CBT | M07 | Type III | 33 | 8 | 1583.6 | 1492.0 | 219.8 | 4267.1 | 1415.7 | 1346.2 | 168.2 | 3855.5 |
| CBT | M08 | All Items | 162 | 89 | 739.4 | 886.9 | 60.1 | 6471.5 | 721.6 | 926.6 | 58.8 | 7013.4 |
| CBT | M08 | SSMC | 22 | 22 | 394.7 | 206.7 | 144.8 | 922.7 | 376.1 | 199.8 | 141.1 | 882.3 |
| CBT | M08 | CR | 140 | 67 | 852.6 | 991.2 | 60.1 | 6471.5 | 835.0 | 1038.9 | 58.8 | 7013.4 |
| CBT | M08 | Type I | 104 | 74 | 612.6 | 856.0 | 60.1 | 6471.5 | 590.1 | 894.7 | 58.8 | 7013.4 |
| CBT | M08 | Type II | 28 | 8 | 1550.0 | 1019.4 | 307.0 | 3541.5 | 1653.5 | 1038.1 | 296.3 | 3141.0 |
| CBT | M08 | Type III | 30 | 7 | 1153.6 | 366.9 | 661.8 | 1781.9 | 1046.7 | 320.9 | 578.2 | 1542.2 |
| CBT | A1 | All Items | 192 | 100 | 932.8 | 1111.0 | 75.4 | 8440.3 | 880.5 | 1008.2 | 73.5 | 7402.2 |


| Mode | Grade | Item Grouping | No. of Score Points | No. of Items | $\boldsymbol{G}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |  |  |  | $\mathbf{Q}_{1}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| CBT | A1 | SSMC | 31 | 31 | 682.3 | 845.2 | 104.5 | 4235.3 | 663.9 | 844.1 | 103.1 | 4264.5 |
| CBT | A1 | CR | 161 | 69 | 1045.4 | 1200.2 | 75.4 | 8440.3 | 977.9 | 1065.2 | 73.5 | 7402.2 |
| CBT | A1 | Type I | 118 | 81 | 747.5 | 742.4 | 75.4 | 4235.3 | 709.4 | 715.8 | 73.5 | 4264.5 |
| CBT | A1 | Type II | 35 | 10 | 1025.4 | 967.9 | 331.6 | 3613.1 | 1009.5 | 838.4 | 284.2 | 3113.7 |
| CBT | A1 | Type III | 39 | 9 | 2498.0 | 2365.5 | 745.3 | 8440.3 | 2277.6 | 2037.7 | 769.6 | 7402.2 |
| CBT | GO | All Items | 203 | 109 | 537.5 | 509.7 | 15.4 | 2455.1 | 534.1 | 554.5 | 15.3 | 3491.6 |
| CBT | GO | SSMC | 27 | 27 | 335.4 | 316.8 | 76.5 | 1252.4 | 328.5 | 315.0 | 75.2 | 1200.9 |
| CBT | GO | CR | 176 | 82 | 604.1 | 544.1 | 15.4 | 2455.1 | 601.8 | 599.5 | 15.3 | 3491.6 |
| CBT | GO | Type I | 126 | 90 | 453.5 | 439.2 | 15.4 | 2041.2 | 431.9 | 417.8 | 15.3 | 1706.1 |
| CBT | GO | Type II | 32 | 9 | 703.2 | 475.8 | 111.1 | 1571.1 | 950.5 | 1029.7 | 118.3 | 3491.6 |
| CBT | GO | Type III | 45 | 10 | 1144.6 | 707.9 | 427.3 | 2455.1 | 1079.6 | 642.3 | 385.6 | 2232.5 |
| CBT | A2 | All Items | 198 | 101 | 641.4 | 738.2 | 34.0 | 3247.4 | 592.6 | 693.4 | 32.8 | 3211.1 |
| CBT | A2 | SSMC | 17 | 17 | 332.4 | 218.0 | 97.2 | 921.1 | 315.5 | 207.7 | 97.2 | 910.4 |
| CBT | A2 | CR | 181 | 84 | 704.0 | 789.8 | 34.0 | 3247.4 | 648.7 | 743.0 | 32.8 | 3211.1 |
| CBT | A2 | Type I | 121 | 82 | 516.6 | 660.8 | 34.0 | 3247.4 | 485.3 | 627.7 | 32.8 | 3211.1 |
| CBT | A2 | Type II | 35 | 10 | 1208.5 | 914.0 | 250.6 | 3184.8 | 1092.0 | 850.4 | 375.5 | 3054.9 |
| CBT | A2 | Type III | 42 | 9 | 1149.0 | 773.9 | 146.9 | 2828.8 | 1015.9 | 759.0 | 124.1 | 2759.9 |
| CBT | M1 | All Items | 81 | 42 | 165.2 | 145.5 | 18.6 | 780.0 | 288.4 | 852.7 | 18.1 | 5611.7 |
| CBT | M1 | SSMC | 13 | 13 | 104.7 | 85.7 | 18.6 | 283.0 | 99.4 | 80.1 | 18.1 | 260.7 |


| Mode | Grade | Item Grouping | No. of <br> Score <br> Points | No. of Items | $\boldsymbol{G}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |  |  |  | $\mathbf{Q}_{1}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| CBT | M1 | CR | 68 | 29 | 192.3 | 159.3 | 23.4 | 780.0 | 373.2 | 1018.8 | 23.0 | 5611.7 |
| CBT | M1 | Type I | 49 | 34 | 132.5 | 103.2 | 18.6 | 374.9 | 122.1 | 91.4 | 18.1 | 345.0 |
| CBT | M1 | Type II | 14 | 4 | 199.6 | 115.1 | 95.0 | 357.7 | 1562.6 | 2700.9 | 117.4 | 5611.7 |
| CBT | M1 | Type III | 18 | 4 | 408.7 | 256.9 | 207.4 | 780.0 | 427.8 | 215.3 | 177.6 | 696.1 |
| CBT | M2 | All Items | 80 | 41 | 57.3 | 55.9 | 9.2 | 257.6 | 54.5 | 56.2 | 9.1 | 234.1 |
| CBT | M2 | SSMC | 14 | 14 | 30.5 | 12.8 | 9.3 | 51.9 | 29.8 | 12.4 | 9.1 | 51.0 |
| CBT | M2 | CR | 66 | 27 | 71.2 | 64.4 | 9.2 | 257.6 | 67.3 | 65.5 | 9.5 | 234.1 |
| CBT | M2 | Type I | 48 | 33 | 40.5 | 36.6 | 9.2 | 199.0 | 37.4 | 34.9 | 9.1 | 193.1 |
| CBT | M2 | Type II | 14 | 4 | 84.5 | 50.8 | 32.1 | 151.2 | 80.7 | 53.4 | 28.6 | 149.7 |
| CBT | M2 | Type III | 18 | 4 | 168.2 | 66.0 | 101.4 | 257.6 | 169.4 | 67.9 | 104.9 | 234.1 |
| CBT | M3 | All Items | 81 | 40 | 37.2 | 28.6 | 7.6 | 125.8 | 31.9 | 23.1 | 7.0 | 102.3 |
| CBT | M3 | SSMC | 12 | 12 | 24.5 | 12.1 | 8.0 | 41.5 | 23.5 | 11.6 | 7.9 | 42.4 |
| CBT | M3 | CR | 69 | 28 | 42.7 | 32.0 | 7.6 | 125.8 | 35.5 | 25.9 | 7.0 | 102.3 |
| CBT | M3 | Type I | 49 | 32 | 27.0 | 14.5 | 7.6 | 75.2 | 24.0 | 13.0 | 7.0 | 53.3 |
| CBT | M3 | Type II | 14 | 4 | 67.0 | 28.3 | 26.2 | 91.6 | 50.6 | 23.2 | 20.8 | 72.3 |
| CBT | M3 | Type III | 18 | 4 | 89.6 | 41.7 | 48.6 | 125.8 | 76.2 | 30.2 | 35.1 | 102.3 |

Note: M03 through M08 = mathematics grades 3 through 8, A1 = Algebra $\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{GO}=$ Geometry, $\mathrm{A} 2=\mathrm{Algebra} \mathrm{II}, \mathrm{M} 1=\operatorname{Integrated} \mathrm{Mathematics} \mathrm{I}, \mathrm{M} 2$ = Integrated Mathematics II, M3 = Integrated Mathematics III.

Table A.10.12 PBT IRT Model Fit for All Items for Mathematics by Grade/Subject

| Mode | Grade | Item <br> Grouping | No. of Score Points | No. of Items | $\boldsymbol{G}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |  |  |  | $\mathrm{Q}_{1}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| PBT | M03 | All Items | 111 | 75 | 257.8 | 265.3 | 33.1 | 1417.6 | 248.6 | 256.9 | 32.7 | 1368.0 |
| PBT | M03 | SSMC | 30 | 30 | 174.5 | 205.9 | 33.1 | 750.8 | 174.5 | 212.2 | 32.7 | 755.8 |
| PBT | M03 | CR | 81 | 45 | 313.4 | 287.3 | 34.0 | 1417.6 | 298.0 | 274.0 | 32.8 | 1368.0 |
| PBT | M03 | Type I | 72 | 64 | 227.5 | 258.3 | 33.1 | 1417.6 | 222.5 | 254.4 | 32.7 | 1368.0 |
| PBT | M03 | Type II | 21 | 6 | 405.1 | 211.6 | 245.6 | 805.1 | 376.6 | 188.4 | 235.2 | 730.8 |
| PBT | M03 | Type III | 18 | 5 | 469.2 | 304.1 | 141.0 | 859.4 | 429.4 | 284.0 | 128.8 | 801.1 |
| PBT | M04 | All Items | 109 | 65 | 272.4 | 302.9 | 28.0 | 1383.4 | 266.9 | 303.9 | 26.4 | 1356.7 |
| PBT | M04 | SSMC | 24 | 24 | 155.0 | 221.9 | 29.0 | 1043.3 | 160.8 | 254.2 | 28.9 | 1214.0 |
| PBT | M04 | CR | 85 | 41 | 341.2 | 324.6 | 28.0 | 1383.4 | 329.0 | 316.0 | 26.4 | 1356.7 |
| PBT | M04 | Type I | 67 | 54 | 228.5 | 288.4 | 28.0 | 1383.4 | 223.2 | 291.0 | 26.4 | 1356.7 |
| PBT | M04 | Type II | 24 | 7 | 493.8 | 331.1 | 161.6 | 1109.4 | 493.9 | 327.5 | 163.3 | 1078.9 |
| PBT | M04 | Type III | 18 | 4 | 478.7 | 249.8 | 317.4 | 850.2 | 459.9 | 233.7 | 314.4 | 807.5 |
| PBT | M05 | All Items | 115 | 69 | 211.3 | 173.7 | 19.5 | 742.4 | 199.3 | 160.7 | 19.0 | 680.1 |
| PBT | M05 | SSMC | 28 | 28 | 140.4 | 99.0 | 35.0 | 450.8 | 135.9 | 96.8 | 33.5 | 431.6 |
| PBT | M05 | CR | 87 | 41 | 259.7 | 196.8 | 19.5 | 742.4 | 242.6 | 181.2 | 19.0 | 680.1 |
| PBT | M05 | Type I | 70 | 57 | 183.7 | 153.2 | 19.5 | 669.0 | 174.7 | 143.0 | 19.0 | 601.8 |
| PBT | M05 | Type II | 21 | 6 | 360.7 | 226.2 | 155.8 | 742.4 | 333.8 | 206.3 | 139.6 | 680.1 |
| PBT | M05 | Type III | 24 | 6 | 323.7 | 213.0 | 78.3 | 652.3 | 298.9 | 197.5 | 69.5 | 599.6 |


| Mode | Grade |  | No. of Score Points | No. of Items | $\boldsymbol{G}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |  |  |  | $\mathbf{Q}_{1}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Grouping |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| PBT | M06 | All Items | 110 | 63 | 268.8 | 279.8 | 19.2 | 1646.4 | 256.0 | 277.3 | 18.8 | 1648.5 |
| PBT | M06 | SSMC | 23 | 23 | 178.9 | 200.2 | 29.9 | 774.0 | 177.6 | 205.4 | 28.7 | 818.0 |
| PBT | M06 | CR | 87 | 40 | 320.5 | 307.2 | 19.2 | 1646.4 | 301.0 | 304.6 | 18.8 | 1648.5 |
| PBT | M06 | Type I | 67 | 52 | 241.1 | 289.2 | 19.2 | 1646.4 | 231.1 | 287.9 | 18.8 | 1648.5 |
| PBT | M06 | Type II | 25 | 7 | 354.5 | 207.3 | 121.2 | 717.4 | 335.0 | 209.3 | 110.2 | 705.0 |
| PBT | M06 | Type III | 18 | 4 | 479.3 | 143.3 | 286.7 | 620.6 | 440.3 | 151.2 | 261.4 | 631.1 |
| PBT | M07 | All Items | 102 | 65 | 188.6 | 250.0 | 15.6 | 1441.4 | 173.3 | 223.1 | 15.4 | 1282.4 |
| PBT | M07 | SSMC | 26 | 26 | 107.8 | 104.0 | 15.6 | 501.0 | 104.1 | 99.6 | 15.4 | 480.2 |
| PBT | M07 | CR | 76 | 39 | 242.4 | 301.2 | 21.1 | 1441.4 | 219.4 | 268.0 | 21.3 | 1282.4 |
| PBT | M07 | Type I | 73 | 57 | 144.7 | 181.2 | 15.6 | 919.9 | 135.8 | 164.5 | 15.4 | 852.1 |
| PBT | M07 | Type II | 14 | 4 | 428.4 | 216.2 | 176.0 | 657.6 | 377.3 | 188.9 | 159.4 | 597.2 |
| PBT | M07 | Type III | 15 | 4 | 574.7 | 601.8 | 71.2 | 1441.4 | 503.0 | 541.8 | 52.0 | 1282.4 |
| PBT | M08 | All Items | 114 | 63 | 242.9 | 281.6 | 15.0 | 1486.4 | 226.3 | 261.0 | 10.7 | 1309.9 |
| PBT | M08 | SSMC | 25 | 25 | 160.4 | 185.9 | 24.7 | 902.8 | 164.7 | 208.6 | 24.4 | 998.0 |
| PBT | M08 | CR | 89 | 38 | 297.2 | 320.7 | 15.0 | 1486.4 | 266.9 | 285.8 | 10.7 | 1309.9 |
| PBT | M08 | Type I | 75 | 53 | 181.4 | 189.1 | 15.0 | 902.8 | 173.3 | 189.2 | 10.7 | 998.0 |
| PBT | M08 | Type II | 18 | 5 | 620.0 | 540.7 | 94.4 | 1486.4 | 561.4 | 482.8 | 86.8 | 1309.9 |
| PBT | M08 | Type III | 21 | 5 | 517.2 | 387.7 | 161.7 | 1115.3 | 452.9 | 340.7 | 145.3 | 988.1 |
| PBT | A1 | All Items | 128 | 69 | 126.5 | 152.1 | 10.5 | 896.8 | 123.8 | 147.9 | 10.4 | 829.3 |


| Mode | Grade |  | No. of <br> Score <br> Points | No. of Items | $\boldsymbol{G}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |  |  |  | $\mathbf{Q}_{1}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Grouping |  |  | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| PBT | A1 | SSMC | 26 | 26 | 66.7 | 69.3 | 11.0 | 367.3 | 65.1 | 69.8 | 11.0 | 370.2 |
| PBT | A1 | CR | 102 | 43 | 162.7 | 176.2 | 10.5 | 896.8 | 159.2 | 170.5 | 10.4 | 829.3 |
| PBT | A1 | Type I | 83 | 57 | 99.4 | 113.6 | 10.5 | 678.3 | 95.8 | 113.2 | 10.4 | 699.2 |
| PBT | A1 | Type II | 24 | 7 | 134.3 | 103.9 | 62.9 | 359.9 | 160.6 | 124.3 | 52.2 | 343.1 |
| PBT | A1 | Type III | 21 | 5 | 424.9 | 273.2 | 241.7 | 896.8 | 390.7 | 258.3 | 220.6 | 829.3 |
| PBT | GO | All Items | 139 | 79 | 45.9 | 44.2 | 4.6 | 221.6 | 41.7 | 39.7 | 4.3 | 197.7 |
| PBT | GO | SSMC | 26 | 26 | 35.8 | 30.3 | 6.9 | 126.2 | 35.3 | 30.2 | 6.8 | 126.0 |
| PBT | GO | CR | 113 | 53 | 50.9 | 49.1 | 4.6 | 221.6 | 44.8 | 43.5 | 4.3 | 197.7 |
| PBT | GO | Type I | 91 | 67 | 36.9 | 31.4 | 4.6 | 126.2 | 33.7 | 29.3 | 4.3 | 126.0 |
| PBT | GO | Type II | 21 | 6 | 68.4 | 50.8 | 32.3 | 170.9 | 63.2 | 46.8 | 27.5 | 146.8 |
| PBT | GO | Type III | 27 | 6 | 124.1 | 76.6 | 50.3 | 221.6 | 109.2 | 64.5 | 36.4 | 197.7 |
| PBT | A2 | All Items | 143 | 72 | 70.9 | 66.7 | 6.9 | 322.2 | 71.8 | 99.9 | 6.3 | 746.5 |
| PBT | A2 | SSMC | 18 | 18 | 43.3 | 38.6 | 13.0 | 171.6 | 42.2 | 38.2 | 12.7 | 169.1 |
| PBT | A2 | CR | 125 | 54 | 80.1 | 71.7 | 6.9 | 322.2 | 81.7 | 111.8 | 6.3 | 746.5 |
| PBT | A2 | Type I | 83 | 57 | 60.5 | 61.2 | 6.9 | 322.2 | 62.9 | 102.1 | 6.3 | 746.5 |
| PBT | A2 | Type II | 24 | 7 | 97.4 | 63.3 | 26.1 | 170.7 | 114.2 | 104.5 | 19.8 | 318.6 |
| PBT | A2 | Type III | 36 | 8 | 121.9 | 84.9 | 28.5 | 230.3 | 98.1 | 71.6 | 28.8 | 193.9 |

Note: M03 through M08 = mathematics grades 3 through 8, A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II.

## Appendix 12.1: Form Composition

Table A.12.1 Form Composition for ELA/L Grade 3

| Claims | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Reading |  |  |  |
|  | Reading Literary Text | $10-12$ | $20-24$ |
|  | Reading Informational Text | $8-9$ | $16-18$ |
|  | Vocabulary | $5-8$ | $10-16$ |
|  | Claim Total | 26 | 52 |
|  |  |  | 30 |
|  | Written Expression | 2 | 12 |
|  | Knowledge of Conventions | 1 | 42 |
|  | Claim Total | 3 | 94 |
| SUMMATIVE TOTAL |  | 29 |  |

Note: This table is identical to Table 12.1 in Section 12.
Table A.12.2 Form Composition for ELA/L Grade 4

| Claims | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Reading |  |  |  |
|  | Reading Literary Text | $10-11$ | $20-22$ |
|  | Reading Informational Text | $10-12$ | $20-24$ |
|  | Vocabulary | $5-8$ | $10-16$ |
|  | Claim Total | 28 | 56 |
|  |  |  | 38 |
|  | Written Expression | 2 | 12 |
|  | Knowledge of Conventions | 1 | 50 |
| Claim Total | 3 | 106 |  |

Table A.12.3 Form Composition for ELA/L Grade 5

| Claims | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Reading |  |  |  |
|  | Reading Literary Text | $9-11$ | $18-22$ |
|  | Reading Informational Text | $9-11$ | $18-22$ |
|  | Vocabulary | $7-8$ | 56 |
|  | Claim Total | 28 |  |
|  |  |  | 38 |
|  | Written Expression | 2 | 12 |
|  | Knowledge of Conventions | 1 | 50 |
|  | Claim Total | 3 | 106 |

Table A.12.4 Form Composition for ELA/L Grade 6

| Claims | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Reading |  |  |  |
|  | Reading Literary Text | $9-11$ | $18-22$ |
|  | Reading Informational Text | $14-16$ | $28-32$ |
|  | Vocabulary | $7-9$ | $14-18$ |
|  | Claim Total | 34 | 68 |
|  |  |  | 38 |
|  | Written Expression | 2 | 15 |
|  | Knowledge of Conventions | 1 | 53 |
| Claim Total | 3 | 121 |  |

Table A.12.5 Form Composition for ELA/L Grade 7

| Claims | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Reading |  |  |  |
|  | Reading Literary Text | $7-13$ | $14-26$ |
|  | Reading Informational Text | $13-16$ | $16-32$ |
|  | Vocabulary | $8-11$ | 68 |
|  | Claim Total | 34 | 38 |
|  |  |  | 15 |
|  | Written Expression | 2 | 53 |
|  | Knowledge of Conventions | 1 | 121 |
| Claim Total | 3 | 37 |  |

Table A.12.6 Form Composition for ELA/L Grade 8

| Claims | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Reading |  |  |  |
|  | Reading Literary Text | $7-12$ | $14-24$ |
|  | Reading Informational Text | $12-19$ | $24-38$ |
|  | Vocabulary | $7-10$ | $14-20$ |
|  | Claim Total | 34 | 68 |
|  |  |  | 38 |
|  | Written Expression | 2 | 15 |
|  | Knowledge of Conventions | 1 | 53 |
| Claim Total | 3 | 121 |  |

Table A.12.7 Form Composition for ELA/L Grade 9

| Claims | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Reading |  |  |  |
|  | Reading Literary Text | $8-15$ | $16-30$ |
|  | Reading Informational Text | $12-18$ | $24-36$ |
|  | Vocabulary | $7-9$ | $14-18$ |
|  | Claim Total | 34 | 68 |
|  |  |  | 38 |
|  | Written Expression | 2 | 15 |
|  | Knowledge of Conventions | 1 | 53 |
|  | Claim Total | 3 | 121 |
| SUMMATIVE TOTAL |  | 37 |  |

Table A.12.8 Form Composition for ELA/L Grade 10

| Claims | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Reading |  |  |  |
|  | Reading Literary Text | $8-14$ | $16-28$ |
|  | Reading Informational Text | $13-19$ | $26-38$ |
|  | Vocabulary | $7-9$ | $14-18$ |
|  | Claim Total | 34 | 68 |
|  |  |  | 38 |
|  | Written Expression | 2 | 15 |
|  | Knowledge of Conventions | 1 | 53 |
|  | Claim Total | 3 | 121 |
| SUMMATIVE TOTAL |  | 37 |  |

Table A.12.9 Form Composition for ELA/L Grade 11

| Claims | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Reading |  |  |  |
|  | Reading Literary Text | $8-14$ | $16-28$ |
|  | Reading Informational Text | $13-19$ | $14-38$ |
|  | Vocabulary | $7-9$ | 68 |
|  | Claim Total | 34 | 38 |
|  |  |  | 15 |
|  | Written Expression | 2 | 53 |
|  | Knowledge of Conventions | 1 | 121 |

Table A.12.10 Form Composition for Mathematics Grade 3

|  | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematics |  |  |  |
|  | Major Content | 26 | 30 |
|  | Additional \& Supporting Content | 10 | 10 |
|  | Expressing Mathematical Reasoning | 4 | 14 |
|  | Modeling and Applications | 3 | 12 |
| TOTAL |  | 43 | 66 |

Note: This table is identical to Table 12.3 in Section 12.
Table A.12.11 Form Composition for Mathematics Grade 4

|  | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematics |  |  |  |
|  | Major Content | 25 | 31 |
|  | Additional \& Supporting Content | 8 | 9 |
|  | Expressing Mathematical Reasoning | 4 | 14 |
|  | Modeling and Applications | 3 | 12 |
| TOTAL |  | 40 | 66 |

Table A.12.12 Form Composition for Mathematics Grade 5

|  | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematics |  |  |  |
|  | Major Content | 25 | 30 |
|  | Additional \& Supporting Content | 8 | 10 |
|  | Expressing Mathematical Reasoning | 4 | 14 |
|  | Modeling and Applications | 3 | 12 |
| TOTAL |  | 40 | 66 |

Table A.12.13 Form Composition for Mathematics Grade 6

|  | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematics |  |  |  |
|  | Major Content | 20 | 26 |
|  | Additional \& Supporting Content | 11 | 14 |
|  | Expressing Mathematical Reasoning | 4 | 14 |
|  | Modeling and Applications | 3 | 12 |
| TOTAL |  | 38 | 66 |

Table A.12.14 Form Composition for Mathematics Grade 7

|  | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematics |  |  |  |
|  | Major Content | 23 | 29 |
|  | Additional \& Supporting Content | 8 | 11 |
|  | Expressing Mathematical Reasoning | 4 | 14 |
|  | Modeling and Applications | 3 | 12 |
| TOTAL |  | 38 | 66 |

Table A.12.15 Form Composition for Mathematics Grade 8

|  | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematics |  |  |  |
|  | Major Content | 21 | 27 |
|  | Additional \& Supporting Content | 8 | 13 |
|  | Expressing Mathematical Reasoning | 4 | 14 |
|  | Modeling and Applications | 3 | 12 |
| TOTAL |  | 36 | 66 |

Table A.12.16 Form Composition for Algebra I

|  | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematics |  |  |  |
|  | Major Content | 21 | 28 |
|  | Additional \& Supporting Content | 13 | 21 |
|  | Expressing Mathematical Reasoning | 4 | 14 |
|  | Modeling and Applications | 4 | 18 |
| TOTAL |  | 42 | 81 |

Table A.12.17 Form Composition for Geometry

|  | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematics |  |  |  |
|  | Major Content | 21 | 30 |
|  | Additional \& Supporting Content | 14 | 19 |
|  | Expressing Mathematical Reasoning | 4 | 14 |
|  | Modeling and Applications | 4 | 18 |
| TOTAL |  | 43 | 81 |

Table A.12.18 Form Composition for Algebra II

|  | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematics |  |  |  |
|  | Major Content | 20 | 29 |
|  | Additional \& Supporting Content | 13 | 20 |
|  | Expressing Mathematical Reasoning | 4 | 14 |
|  | Modeling and Applications | 4 | 18 |
| TOTAL |  | 41 | 81 |

Table A.12.19 Form Composition for Integrated Mathematics I

|  | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematics |  |  |  |
|  | Major Content | 21 | 31 |
|  | Additional \& Supporting Content | 13 | 18 |
|  | Expressing Mathematical Reasoning | 4 | 14 |
|  | Modeling and Applications | 4 | 18 |
| TOTAL |  | 42 | 81 |

Table A.12.20 Form Composition for Integrated Mathematics II

|  | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematics |  |  |  |
|  | Major Content | 22 | 32 |
|  | Additional \& Supporting Content | 12 | 17 |
|  | Expressing Mathematical Reasoning | 4 | 14 |
|  | Modeling and Applications | 4 | 18 |
| TOTAL |  | 42 | 81 |

Table A.12.21 Form Composition for Integrated Mathematics III

|  | Subclaims | Number of Items | Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematics |  |  |  |
|  | Major Content | 19 | 26 |
|  | Additional \& Supporting Content | 13 | 23 |
|  | Expressing Mathematical Reasoning | 4 | 14 |
|  | Modeling and Applications | 4 | 18 |
| TOTAL |  | 40 | 81 |

## Appendix 12.2: Scaling Constants and Associated Information

Table A.12.22 Threshold Scores and Scaling Constants for ELA/L Grades 3 to 8

| PARCC Assessment | Threshold Cut | Theta | Scale Score | A | B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grade 3 ELA | Level 2 Cut | -0.9648 | 700 | 36.7227 | 735.4297 |
|  | Level 3 Cut | -0.2840 | 726 |  |  |
|  | Level 4 Cut | 0.3968 | 750 |  |  |
|  | Level 5 Cut | 2.0360 | 810 |  |  |
| Grade 4 ELA | Level 2 Cut | -1.3004 | 700 | 31.5462 | 741.0214 |
|  | Level 3 Cut | -0.5079 | 725 |  |  |
|  | Level 4 Cut | 0.2846 | 750 |  |  |
|  | Level 5 Cut | 1.5578 | 790 |  |  |
| Grade 5 ELA | Level 2 Cut | -1.3411 | 700 | 29.4580 | 739.5050 |
|  | Level 3 Cut | -0.4924 | 726 |  |  |
|  | Level 4 Cut | 0.3563 | 750 |  |  |
|  | Level 5 Cut | 2.0224 | 799 |  |  |
| Grade 6 ELA | Level 2 Cut | -1.3656 | 700 | 28.3160 | 738.6673 |
|  | Level 3 Cut | -0.4827 | 725 |  |  |
|  | Level 4 Cut | 0.4002 | 750 |  |  |
|  | Level 5 Cut | 1.8133 | 790 |  |  |
| Grade 7 ELA | Level 2 Cut | -1.2488 | 700 | 33.9161 | 742.3542 |
|  | Level 3 Cut | -0.5117 | 725 |  |  |
|  | Level 4 Cut | 0.2254 | 750 |  |  |
|  | Level 5 Cut | 1.2614 | 785 |  |  |
| Grade 8 ELA | Level 2 Cut | -1.2730 | 700 | 34.1183 | 743.4330 |
|  | Level 3 Cut | -0.5402 | 725 |  |  |
|  | Level 4 Cut | 0.1925 | 750 |  |  |
|  | Level 5 Cut | 1.4696 | 794 |  |  |

Table A.12.23 Threshold Scores and Scaling Constants for Mathematics Grades 3 to 8

| PARCC Assessment | Threshold Cut | Theta | Scale Score | A | B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grade 3 Mathematics | Level 2 Cut | -1.4141 | 700 | 32.1135 | 745.4119 |
|  | Level 3 Cut | -0.6356 | 727 |  |  |
|  | Level 4 Cut | 0.1429 | 750 |  |  |
|  | Level 5 Cut | 1.3931 | 790 |  |  |
| Grade 4 Mathematics | Level 2 Cut | -1.3840 | 700 | 29.9167 | 741.4049 |
|  | Level 3 Cut | -0.5484 | 727 |  |  |
|  | Level 4 Cut | 0.2873 | 750 |  |  |
|  | Level 5 Cut | 1.8323 | 796 |  |  |
| Grade 5 Mathematics | Level 2 Cut | -1.4571 | 700 | 29.0301 | 742.2997 |
|  | Level 3 Cut | -0.5959 | 725 |  |  |
|  | Level 4 Cut | 0.2653 | 750 |  |  |
|  | Level 5 Cut | 1.6262 | 790 |  |  |
| Grade 6 Mathematics | Level 2 Cut | -1.3829 | 700 | 28.1465 | 738.9252 |
|  | Level 3 Cut | -0.4948 | 725 |  |  |
|  | Level 4 Cut | 0.3935 | 750 |  |  |
|  | Level 5 Cut | 1.7567 | 788 |  |  |
| Grade 7 Mathematics | Level 2 Cut | -1.4464 | 700 | 25.1033 | 736.3102 |
|  | Level 3 Cut | -0.4505 | 725 |  |  |
|  | Level 4 Cut | 0.5453 | 750 |  |  |
|  | Level 5 Cut | 1.9919 | 786 |  |  |
| Grade 8 Mathematics | Level 2 Cut | -0.8851 | 700 | 32.9505 | 729.1640 |
|  | Level 3 Cut | -0.1264 | 728 |  |  |
|  | Level 4 Cut | 0.6323 | 750 |  |  |
|  | Level 5 Cut | 2.1896 | 801 |  |  |

Table A.12.24 Threshold Scores and Scaling Constants for High School ELA

| PARCC <br> Assessment | Threshold Cut | Theta | Scale Score | A | B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grade 9 ELA | Level 2 Cut | -1.1635 | 700 | 34.2174 | 739.8124 |
|  | Level 3 Cut | -0.4329 | 726 |  |  |
|  | Level 4 Cut | 0.2977 | 750 |  |  |
|  | Level 5 Cut | 1.5065 | 791 |  |  |
| Grade 10 ELA | Level 2 Cut | -0.8909 | 700 | 43.1280 | 738.4223 |
|  | Level 3 Cut | -0.3112 | 725 |  |  |
|  | Level 4 Cut | 0.2684 | 750 |  |  |
|  | Level 5 Cut | 1.2858 | 794 |  |  |
| Grade 11 ELA | Level 2 Cut | -1.1017 | 700 | 34.9278 | 738.4801 |
|  | Level 3 Cut | -0.3859 | 726 |  |  |
|  | Level 4 Cut | 0.3298 | 750 |  |  |
|  | Level 5 Cut | 1.5206 | 792 |  |  |

Table A.12.25 Threshold Scores and Scaling Constants for High School Mathematics

| PARCC <br> Assessment | Threshold Cut | Theta | Scale Score | A | B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Algebra I | Level 2 Cut | -1.1781 | 700 | 31.5325 | 737.1490 |
|  | Level 3 Cut | -0.3853 | 728 |  |  |
|  | Level 4 Cut | 0.4075 | 750 |  |  |
|  | Level 5 Cut | 2.1651 | 805 |  |  |
| Algebra II | Level 2 Cut | -0.5759 | 700 | 37.7676 | 721.7509 |
|  | Level 3 Cut | 0.0860 | 726 |  |  |
|  | Level 4 Cut | 0.7480 | 750 |  |  |
|  | Level 5 Cut | 2.2728 | 808 |  |  |
| Geometry | Level 2 Cut | -1.3013 | 700 | 25.9775 | 733.8039 |
|  | Level 3 Cut | -0.3389 | 726 |  |  |
|  | Level 4 Cut | 0.6235 | 750 |  |  |
|  | Level 5 Cut | 1.8940 | 783 |  |  |
| Integrated Mathematics I | Level 2 Cut | -1.0919 | 700 | 32.0043 | 734.9446 |
|  | Level 3 Cut | -0.3107 | 726 |  |  |
|  | Level 4 Cut | 0.4704 | 750 |  |  |
|  | Level 5 Cut | 1.9934 | 799 |  |  |
| Integrated Mathematics II | Level 2 Cut | -0.9175 | 700 | 29.2865 | 726.8695 |
|  | Level 3 Cut | -0.0638 | 725 |  |  |
|  | Level 4 Cut | 0.7898 | 750 |  |  |
|  | Level 5 Cut | 1.9817 | 785 |  |  |
| Integrated Mathematics III | Level 2 Cut | -0.7076 | 700 | 37.3549 | 726.4336 |
|  | Level 3 Cut | -0.0384 | 726 |  |  |
|  | Level 4 Cut | 0.6309 | 750 |  |  |
|  | Level 5 Cut | 2.0689 | 804 |  |  |

Table A.12.26 Scaling Constants for Reading and Writing Grades 3 to 8

Reading Writing

|  | $\boldsymbol{A}_{\boldsymbol{R}}$ | $\boldsymbol{B}_{\mathbf{R}}$ | $\boldsymbol{A w}$ | $\boldsymbol{B}_{\boldsymbol{w}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grade 3 ELA | 14.6891 | 44.1719 | 7.3445 | 32.0859 |
| Grade 4 ELA | 12.6184 | 46.4086 | 6.3093 | 33.2043 |
| Grade 5 ELA | 11.7832 | 45.8019 | 5.8916 | 32.9010 |
| Grade 6 ELA | 11.3264 | 45.4669 | 5.6632 | 32.7335 |
| Grade 7 ELA | 13.5664 | 46.9416 | 6.7832 | 33.4708 |
| Grade 8 ELA | 13.6472 | 47.3732 | 6.8237 | 33.6866 |
| Grade 9 ELA | 13.6870 | 45.9250 | 6.8435 | 32.9625 |
| Grade 10 ELA | 17.2512 | 45.3690 | 8.6256 | 32.6845 |
| Grade 11 ELA | 13.9712 | 45.3920 | 6.9856 | 32.6961 |

Appendix 12.3: Raw-to-Scale Conversion Tables for Performance Level Setting (PLS) Forms
Table A.12.27 Conversion Table for Performance Level Setting Form: ELA/L Grade 3

| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -6.0000 | 2.5 | 518.0432 | 650 | 15 |
| 1 | -5.7004 | 2.3 | 528.8959 | 650 | 15 |
| 2 | -4.0919 | 1.2 | 587.1622 | 650 | 15 |
| 3 | -3.3588 | 0.9 | 613.7180 | 650 | 15 |
| 4 | -2.9022 | 0.7 | 630.2579 | 650 | 15 |
| 5 | -2.5750 | 0.6 | 642.1104 | 650 | 15 |
| 6 | -2.3214 | 0.5 | 651.2968 | 651 | 15 |
| 7 | -2.1144 | 0.5 | 658.7952 | 659 | 15 |
| 8 | -1.9395 | 0.4 | 665.1308 | 665 | 15 |
| 9 | -1.7878 | 0.4 | 670.6259 | 671 | 14.8 |
| 10 | -1.6535 | 0.4 | 675.4908 | 675 | 14.0 |
| 11 | -1.5327 | 0.4 | 679.8667 | 680 | 13.2 |
| 12 | -1.4227 | 0.3 | 683.8513 | 684 | 12.6 |
| 13 | -1.3214 | 0.3 | 687.5208 | 688 | 12.1 |
| 14 | -1.2273 | 0.3 | 690.9295 | 691 | 11.7 |
| 15 | -1.1391 | 0.3 | 694.1244 | 694 | 11.3 |
| 16 | -1.0559 | 0.3 | 697.1383 | 697 | 11.0 |
| 17 | -0.9769 | 0.3 | 700.0000 | 700 | 10.7 |
| 18 | -0.9016 | 0.3 | 702.7276 | 703 | 10.5 |
| 19 | -0.8294 | 0.3 | 705.3430 | 705 | 10.2 |
| 20 | -0.7599 | 0.3 | 707.8606 | 708 | 10.1 |
| 21 | -0.6926 | 0.3 | 710.2985 | 710 | 9.9 |
| 22 | -0.6274 | 0.3 | 712.6603 | 713 | 9.8 |
| 23 | -0.5639 | 0.3 | 714.9605 | 715 | 9.6 |
| 24 | -0.5018 | 0.3 | 717.2100 | 717 | 9.5 |
| 25 | -0.4411 | 0.3 | 719.4088 | 719 | 9.4 |
| 26 | -0.3814 | 0.3 | 721.5714 | 722 | 9.4 |
| 27 | -0.3227 | 0.3 | 723.6977 | 724 | 9.3 |
| 28 | -0.2648 | 0.3 | 725.7951 | 726 | 9.3 |
| 29 | -0.2075 | 0.3 | 727.8707 | 728 | 9.2 |
| 30 | -0.1509 | 0.3 | 729.9210 | 730 | 9.2 |
| 31 | -0.0946 | 0.3 | 731.9604 | 732 | 9.2 |
| 32 | -0.0388 | 0.3 | 733.9817 | 734 | 9.2 |
| 33 | 0.0167 | 0.3 | 735.9921 | 736 | 9.2 |
| 34 | 0.0721 | 0.3 | 737.9990 | 738 | 9.2 |
| 35 | 0.1273 | 0.3 | 739.9985 | 740 | 9.2 |
| 36 | 0.1825 | 0.3 | 741.9981 | 742 | 9.2 |
| 37 | 0.2376 | 0.3 | 743.9940 | 744 | 9.3 |
| 38 | 0.2928 | 0.3 | 745.9936 | 746 | 9.3 |
| 39 | 0.3480 | 0.3 | 747.9932 | 748 | 9.3 |
| 40 | 0.4034 | 0.3 | 750.0000 | 750 | 9.4 |


| PARCC |  |  |  | 2016 Technical Report |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 41 | 0.4590 | 0.3 | 752.0140 | 752 | 9.4 |
| 42 | 0.5149 | 0.3 | 754.0389 | 754 | 9.5 |
| 43 | 0.5709 | 0.3 | 756.0675 | 756 | 9.5 |
| 44 | 0.6273 | 0.3 | 758.1105 | 758 | 9.6 |
| 45 | 0.6840 | 0.3 | 760.1644 | 760 | 9.7 |
| 46 | 0.7410 | 0.3 | 762.2292 | 762 | 9.7 |
| 47 | 0.7983 | 0.3 | 764.3048 | 764 | 9.8 |
| 48 | 0.8561 | 0.3 | 766.3986 | 766 | 9.9 |
| 49 | 0.9142 | 0.3 | 768.5032 | 769 | 9.9 |
| 50 | 0.9728 | 0.3 | 770.6259 | 771 | 10.0 |
| 51 | 1.0318 | 0.3 | 772.7631 | 773 | 10.1 |
| 52 | 1.0913 | 0.3 | 774.9185 | 775 | 10.2 |
| 53 | 1.1513 | 0.3 | 777.0919 | 777 | 10.2 |
| 54 | 1.2118 | 0.3 | 779.2834 | 779 | 10.3 |
| 55 | 1.2728 | 0.3 | 781.4931 | 781 | 10.4 |
| 56 | 1.3344 | 0.3 | 783.7245 | 784 | 10.5 |
| 57 | 1.3966 | 0.3 | 785.9776 | 786 | 10.6 |
| 58 | 1.4595 | 0.3 | 788.2561 | 788 | 10.7 |
| 59 | 1.5230 | 0.3 | 790.5564 | 791 | 10.8 |
| 60 | 1.5873 | 0.3 | 792.8856 | 793 | 10.9 |
| 61 | 1.6525 | 0.3 | 795.2474 | 795 | 11.0 |
| 62 | 1.7185 | 0.3 | 797.6381 | 798 | 11.1 |
| 63 | 1.7855 | 0.3 | 800.0652 | 800 | 11.2 |
| 64 | 1.8536 | 0.3 | 802.5320 | 803 | 11.3 |
| 65 | 1.9228 | 0.3 | 805.0387 | 805 | 11.4 |
| 66 | 1.9933 | 0.3 | 807.5925 | 808 | 11.6 |
| 67 | 2.0652 | 0.3 | 810.1970 | 810 | 11.7 |
| 68 | 2.1386 | 0.3 | 812.8558 | 813 | 11.9 |
| 69 | 2.2137 | 0.3 | 815.5763 | 816 | 12.0 |
| 70 | 2.2906 | 0.3 | 818.3619 | 818 | 12.2 |
| 71 | 2.3695 | 0.3 | 821.2200 | 821 | 12.4 |
| 72 | 2.4505 | 0.3 | 824.1541 | 824 | 12.6 |
| 73 | 2.5339 | 0.4 | 827.1752 | 827 | 12.8 |
| 74 | 2.6199 | 0.4 | 830.2905 | 830 | 13.0 |
| 75 | 2.7088 | 0.4 | 833.5108 | 834 | 13.3 |
| 76 | 2.8007 | 0.4 | 836.8398 | 837 | 13.6 |
| 77 | 2.8960 | 0.4 | 840.2919 | 840 | 13.9 |
| 78 | 2.9952 | 0.4 | 843.8853 | 844 | 14.2 |
| 79 | 3.0985 | 0.4 | 847.6273 | 848 | 14.5 |
| 80 | 3.2064 | 0.4 | 851.5358 | 850 | 14.5 |
| 81 | 3.3197 | 0.4 | 855.6400 | 850 | 14.5 |
| 82 | 3.4389 | 0.4 | 859.9579 | 850 | 14.5 |
| 83 | 3.5651 | 0.5 | 864.5294 | 850 | 14.5 |
| 84 | 3.6992 | 0.5 | 869.3870 | 850 | 14.5 |


| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 85 | 3.8427 | 0.5 | 874.5852 | 850 | 14.5 |
| 86 | 3.9975 | 0.5 | 880.1926 | 850 | 14.5 |
| 87 | 4.1660 | 0.5 | 886.2964 | 850 | 14.5 |
| 88 | 4.3514 | 0.6 | 893.0123 | 850 | 14.5 |
| 89 | 4.5582 | 0.6 | 900.5034 | 850 | 14.5 |
| 90 | 4.7929 | 0.7 | 909.0052 | 850 | 14.5 |
| 91 | 5.0649 | 0.7 | 918.8581 | 850 | 14.5 |
| 92 | 5.3888 | 0.8 | 930.5911 | 850 | 14.5 |
| 93 | 5.7881 | 1 | 945.0553 | 850 | 14.5 |
| 94 | 6.3022 | 1.1 | 963.6781 | 850 | 14.5 |
| 95 | 6.9979 | 1.4 | 988.8791 | 850 | 14.5 |
| 96 | 7.9842 | 1.8 | 1024.6069 | 850 | 14.5 |
| 97 | 9.4219 | 2.4 | 1076.6861 | 850 | 14.5 |
| 98 | 10.000 | 2.7 | 1097.6272 | 850 | 14.5 |
| 99 | 10.000 | 2.7 | 1097.6272 | 850 | 14.5 |
| 100 | 10.000 | 2.7 | 1097.6272 |  | 14.5 |

Table A.12.28 Conversion Table for Performance Level Setting Form: ELA/L Grade 4

| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -6.0000 | 1.9 | 556.1541 | 650 | 15 |
| 1 | -5.5863 | 1.6 | 568.8904 | 650 | 15 |
| 2 | -4.4430 | 1.0 | 604.0884 | 650 | 15 |
| 3 | -3.8331 | 0.8 | 622.8649 | 650 | 15 |
| 4 | -3.4200 | 0.7 | 635.5828 | 650 | 15 |
| 5 | -3.1085 | 0.6 | 645.1727 | 650 | 15 |
| 6 | -2.8589 | 0.5 | 652.8569 | 653 | 15 |
| 7 | -2.6509 | 0.5 | 659.2605 | 659 | 15 |
| 8 | -2.4726 | 0.5 | 664.7497 | 665 | 14.1 |
| 9 | -2.3165 | 0.4 | 669.5554 | 670 | 13.2 |
| 10 | -2.1776 | 0.4 | 673.8317 | 674 | 12.5 |
| 11 | -2.0523 | 0.4 | 677.6892 | 678 | 11.9 |
| 12 | -1.9381 | 0.4 | 681.2050 | 681 | 11.4 |
| 13 | -1.8330 | 0.4 | 684.4406 | 684 | 10.9 |
| 14 | -1.7355 | 0.3 | 687.4423 | 687 | 10.5 |
| 15 | -1.6443 | 0.3 | 690.2500 | 690 | 10.2 |
| 16 | -1.5587 | 0.3 | 692.8853 | 693 | 9.9 |
| 17 | -1.4778 | 0.3 | 695.3759 | 695 | 9.6 |
| 18 | -1.4009 | 0.3 | 697.7434 | 698 | 9.4 |
| 19 | -1.3276 | 0.3 | 700.0000 | 700 | 9.2 |
| 20 | -1.2575 | 0.3 | 702.1581 | 702 | 9.0 |
| 21 | -1.1901 | 0.3 | 704.2331 | 704 | 8.8 |
| 22 | -1.1251 | 0.3 | 706.2342 | 706 | 8.7 |
| 23 | -1.0622 | 0.3 | 708.1707 | 708 | 8.5 |
| 24 | -1.0013 | 0.3 | 710.0456 | 710 | 8.4 |
| 25 | -0.9422 | 0.3 | 711.8650 | 712 | 8.3 |
| 26 | -0.8845 | 0.3 | 713.6414 | 714 | 8.2 |
| 27 | -0.8282 | 0.3 | 715.3747 | 715 | 8.1 |
| 28 | -0.7732 | 0.3 | 717.0679 | 717 | 8.0 |
| 29 | -0.7192 | 0.3 | 718.7304 | 719 | 8.0 |
| 30 | -0.6662 | 0.3 | 720.3621 | 720 | 7.9 |
| 31 | -0.6142 | 0.3 | 721.9630 | 722 | 7.8 |
| 32 | -0.5628 | 0.3 | 723.5454 | 724 | 7.8 |
| 33 | -0.5122 | 0.3 | 725.1032 | 725 | 7.7 |
| 34 | -0.4623 | 0.2 | 726.6394 | 727 | 7.7 |
| 35 | -0.4128 | 0.2 | 728.1633 | 728 | 7.7 |
| 36 | -0.3639 | 0.2 | 729.6688 | 730 | 7.6 |
| 37 | -0.3154 | 0.2 | 731.1619 | 731 | 7.6 |
| 38 | -0.2673 | 0.2 | 732.6427 | 733 | 7.6 |
| 39 | -0.2194 | 0.2 | 734.1174 | 734 | 7.6 |
| 40 | -0.1719 | 0.2 | 735.5797 | 736 | 7.5 |
| 41 | -0.1246 | 0.2 | 737.0359 | 737 | 7.5 |
| 42 | -0.0775 | 0.2 | 738.4860 | 738 | 7.5 |


| PARCC |  |  |  | 2016 Technical Report |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 43 | -0.0305 | 0.2 | 739.9329 | 740 | 7.5 |
| 44 | 0.0163 | 0.2 | 741.3737 | 741 | 7.5 |
| 45 | 0.0631 | 0.2 | 742.8145 | 743 | 7.5 |
| 46 | 0.1098 | 0.2 | 744.2522 | 744 | 7.5 |
| 47 | 0.1564 | 0.2 | 745.6869 | 746 | 7.5 |
| 48 | 0.2031 | 0.2 | 747.1246 | 747 | 7.5 |
| 49 | 0.2498 | 0.2 | 748.5623 | 749 | 7.6 |
| 50 | 0.2965 | 0.2 | 750.0000 | 750 | 7.6 |
| 51 | 0.3433 | 0.2 | 751.4408 | 751 | 7.6 |
| 52 | 0.3902 | 0.2 | 752.8847 | 753 | 7.6 |
| 53 | 0.4372 | 0.2 | 754.3317 | 754 | 7.6 |
| 54 | 0.4844 | 0.2 | 755.7848 | 756 | 7.6 |
| 55 | 0.5317 | 0.2 | 757.2410 | 757 | 7.7 |
| 56 | 0.5791 | 0.2 | 758.7002 | 759 | 7.7 |
| 57 | 0.6268 | 0.3 | 760.1688 | 760 | 7.7 |
| 58 | 0.6746 | 0.3 | 761.6403 | 762 | 7.7 |
| 59 | 0.7227 | 0.3 | 763.1212 | 763 | 7.7 |
| 60 | 0.7710 | 0.3 | 764.6081 | 765 | 7.8 |
| 61 | 0.8196 | 0.3 | 766.1044 | 766 | 7.8 |
| 62 | 0.8685 | 0.3 | 767.6098 | 768 | 7.8 |
| 63 | 0.9177 | 0.3 | 769.1245 | 769 | 7.9 |
| 64 | 0.9673 | 0.3 | 770.6515 | 771 | 7.9 |
| 65 | 1.0172 | 0.3 | 772.1877 | 772 | 7.9 |
| 66 | 1.0675 | 0.3 | 773.7363 | 774 | 8.0 |
| 67 | 1.1182 | 0.3 | 775.2971 | 775 | 8.0 |
| 68 | 1.1694 | 0.3 | 776.8734 | 777 | 8.1 |
| 69 | 1.2211 | 0.3 | 778.4651 | 778 | 8.1 |
| 70 | 1.2733 | 0.3 | 780.0721 | 780 | 8.1 |
| 71 | 1.3262 | 0.3 | 781.7007 | 782 | 8.2 |
| 72 | 1.3796 | 0.3 | 783.3447 | 783 | 8.3 |
| 73 | 1.4338 | 0.3 | 785.0133 | 785 | 8.3 |
| 74 | 1.4887 | 0.3 | 786.7035 | 787 | 8.4 |
| 75 | 1.5445 | 0.3 | 788.4213 | 788 | 8.4 |
| 76 | 1.6011 | 0.3 | 790.1638 | 790 | 8.5 |
| 77 | 1.6588 | 0.3 | 791.9402 | 792 | 8.6 |
| 78 | 1.7175 | 0.3 | 793.7474 | 794 | 8.7 |
| 79 | 1.7775 | 0.3 | 795.5945 | 796 | 8.8 |
| 80 | 1.8388 | 0.3 | 797.4817 | 797 | 8.9 |
| 81 | 1.9016 | 0.3 | 799.4151 | 799 | 9.0 |
| 82 | 1.9661 | 0.3 | 801.4008 | 801 | 9.1 |
| 83 | 2.0324 | 0.3 | 803.4420 | 803 | 9.3 |
| 84 | 2.1008 | 0.3 | 805.5478 | 806 | 9.4 |
| 85 | 2.1715 | 0.3 | 807.7244 | 808 | 9.6 |
| 86 | 2.2448 | 0.3 | 809.9810 | 810 | 9.8 |


| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 87 | 2.3212 | 0.3 | 812.3331 | 812 | 10.0 |
| 88 | 2.4009 | 0.3 | 814.7867 | 815 | 10.3 |
| 89 | 2.4846 | 0.3 | 817.3635 | 817 | 10.6 |
| 90 | 2.5728 | 0.4 | 820.0789 | 820 | 10.9 |
| 91 | 2.6663 | 0.4 | 822.9574 | 823 | 11.2 |
| 92 | 2.7659 | 0.4 | 826.0237 | 826 | 11.6 |
| 93 | 2.8730 | 0.4 | 829.3209 | 829 | 12.1 |
| 94 | 2.9889 | 0.4 | 832.8891 | 833 | 12.7 |
| 95 | 3.1157 | 0.4 | 836.7928 | 837 | 13.3 |
| 96 | 3.2558 | 0.5 | 841.1059 | 841 | 14.1 |
| 97 | 3.4127 | 0.5 | 845.9363 | 846 | 15 |
| 98 | 3.5915 | 0.5 | 851.4409 | 850 | 15 |
| 99 | 3.7993 | 0.6 | 857.8383 | 850 | 15 |
| 100 | 4.0472 | 0.6 | 865.4702 | 850 | 15 |
| 101 | 4.3532 | 0.7 | 874.8908 | 850 | 15 |
| 102 | 4.7494 | 0.9 | 887.0884 | 850 | 15 |
| 103 | 5.3000 | 1.1 | 904.0393 | 850 | 15 |
| 104 | 6.1618 | 1.5 | 930.5709 | 850 | 15 |
| 105 | 7.8929 | 2.5 | 983.8651 | 850 | 15 |
| 106 | 10.000 | 4.2 | 1048.7349 | 850 | 15 |

Table A.12.29 Conversion Table for Performance Level Setting Form: ELA/L Grade 5

| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -6.0000 | 2.2 | 563.7589 | 650 | 15 |
| 1 | -5.7665 | 2.0 | 570.6399 | 650 | 15 |
| 2 | -4.4023 | 1.3 | 610.8415 | 650 | 15 |
| 3 | -3.6956 | 0.9 | 631.6673 | 650 | 15 |
| 4 | -3.2311 | 0.8 | 645.3556 | 650 | 15 |
| 5 | -2.8900 | 0.7 | 655.4075 | 655 | 15 |
| 6 | -2.6225 | 0.6 | 663.2904 | 663 | 15 |
| 7 | -2.4033 | 0.5 | 669.7501 | 670 | 15 |
| 8 | -2.2179 | 0.5 | 675.2136 | 675 | 14.3 |
| 9 | -2.0573 | 0.5 | 679.9463 | 680 | 13.3 |
| 10 | -1.9155 | 0.4 | 684.1250 | 684 | 12.5 |
| 11 | -1.7883 | 0.4 | 687.8735 | 688 | 11.8 |
| 12 | -1.6728 | 0.4 | 691.2772 | 691 | 11.2 |
| 13 | -1.5667 | 0.4 | 694.4038 | 694 | 10.7 |
| 14 | -1.4685 | 0.4 | 697.2977 | 697 | 10.3 |
| 15 | -1.3768 | 0.3 | 700.0000 | 700 | 10.0 |
| 16 | -1.2906 | 0.3 | 702.5402 | 703 | 9.7 |
| 17 | -1.2091 | 0.3 | 704.9419 | 705 | 9.4 |
| 18 | -1.1316 | 0.3 | 707.2258 | 707 | 9.2 |
| 19 | -1.0576 | 0.3 | 709.4065 | 709 | 9.0 |
| 20 | -0.9867 | 0.3 | 711.4958 | 711 | 8.8 |
| 21 | -0.9185 | 0.3 | 713.5056 | 714 | 8.6 |
| 22 | -0.8526 | 0.3 | 715.4476 | 715 | 8.5 |
| 23 | -0.7888 | 0.3 | 717.3278 | 717 | 8.3 |
| 24 | -0.7268 | 0.3 | 719.1548 | 719 | 8.2 |
| 25 | -0.6665 | 0.3 | 720.9318 | 721 | 8.1 |
| 26 | -0.6077 | 0.3 | 722.6646 | 723 | 8.0 |
| 27 | -0.5502 | 0.3 | 724.3591 | 724 | 7.9 |
| 28 | -0.4939 | 0.3 | 726.0182 | 726 | 7.9 |
| 29 | -0.4386 | 0.3 | 727.6478 | 728 | 7.8 |
| 30 | -0.3842 | 0.3 | 729.2509 | 729 | 7.7 |
| 31 | -0.3307 | 0.3 | 730.8275 | 731 | 7.7 |
| 32 | -0.2780 | 0.3 | 732.3805 | 732 | 7.6 |
| 33 | -0.2259 | 0.3 | 733.9159 | 734 | 7.6 |
| 34 | -0.1744 | 0.3 | 735.4335 | 735 | 7.6 |
| 35 | -0.1235 | 0.3 | 736.9335 | 737 | 7.5 |
| 36 | -0.0730 | 0.3 | 738.4217 | 738 | 7.5 |
| 37 | -0.0229 | 0.3 | 739.8981 | 740 | 7.5 |
| 38 | 0.0268 | 0.3 | 741.3627 | 741 | 7.5 |
| 39 | 0.0762 | 0.3 | 742.8184 | 743 | 7.4 |
| 40 | 0.1253 | 0.3 | 744.2654 | 744 | 7.4 |
| 41 | 0.1742 | 0.3 | 745.7064 | 746 | 7.4 |
| 42 | 0.2229 | 0.3 | 747.1415 | 747 | 7.4 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 43 | 0.2715 | 0.3 | 748.5737 | 749 | 7.4 |
| 44 | 0.3199 | 0.3 | 750.0000 | 750 | 7.4 |
| 45 | 0.3683 | 0.3 | 751.4263 | 751 | 7.4 |
| 46 | 0.4165 | 0.3 | 752.8467 | 753 | 7.4 |
| 47 | 0.4648 | 0.3 | 754.2701 | 754 | 7.4 |
| 48 | 0.5129 | 0.3 | 755.6876 | 756 | 7.4 |
| 49 | 0.5611 | 0.3 | 757.1080 | 757 | 7.4 |
| 50 | 0.6093 | 0.3 | 758.5284 | 759 | 7.4 |
| 51 | 0.6575 | 0.3 | 759.9488 | 760 | 7.4 |
| 52 | 0.7058 | 0.3 | 761.3721 | 761 | 7.4 |
| 53 | 0.7541 | 0.3 | 762.7955 | 763 | 7.4 |
| 54 | 0.8024 | 0.3 | 764.2188 | 764 | 7.4 |
| 55 | 0.8509 | 0.3 | 765.6481 | 766 | 7.4 |
| 56 | 0.8995 | 0.3 | 767.0803 | 767 | 7.4 |
| 57 | 0.9482 | 0.3 | 768.5154 | 769 | 7.4 |
| 58 | 0.9970 | 0.3 | 769.9535 | 770 | 7.4 |
| 59 | 1.0459 | 0.3 | 771.3945 | 771 | 7.5 |
| 60 | 1.0950 | 0.3 | 772.8415 | 773 | 7.5 |
| 61 | 1.1443 | 0.3 | 774.2943 | 774 | 7.5 |
| 62 | 1.1939 | 0.3 | 775.7559 | 776 | 7.5 |
| 63 | 1.2436 | 0.3 | 777.2205 | 777 | 7.5 |
| 64 | 1.2936 | 0.3 | 778.6940 | 779 | 7.5 |
| 65 | 1.3439 | 0.3 | 780.1763 | 780 | 7.6 |
| 66 | 1.3945 | 0.3 | 781.6674 | 782 | 7.6 |
| 67 | 1.4455 | 0.3 | 783.1703 | 783 | 7.6 |
| 68 | 1.4968 | 0.3 | 784.6821 | 785 | 7.7 |
| 69 | 1.5486 | 0.3 | 786.2086 | 786 | 7.7 |
| 70 | 1.6009 | 0.3 | 787.7498 | 788 | 7.7 |
| 71 | 1.6537 | 0.3 | 789.3058 | 789 | 7.8 |
| 72 | 1.7071 | 0.3 | 790.8794 | 791 | 7.8 |
| 73 | 1.7611 | 0.3 | 792.4708 | 792 | 7.9 |
| 74 | 1.8159 | 0.3 | 794.0857 | 794 | 7.9 |
| 75 | 1.8715 | 0.3 | 795.7241 | 796 | 8.0 |
| 76 | 1.9279 | 0.3 | 797.3862 | 797 | 8.0 |
| 77 | 1.9854 | 0.3 | 799.0807 | 799 | 8.1 |
| 78 | 2.0439 | 0.3 | 800.8046 | 801 | 8.2 |
| 79 | 2.1036 | 0.3 | 802.5639 | 803 | 8.3 |
| 80 | 2.1647 | 0.3 | 804.3644 | 804 | 8.4 |
| 81 | 2.2273 | 0.3 | 806.2092 | 806 | 8.5 |
| 82 | 2.2915 | 0.3 | 808.1011 | 808 | 8.6 |
| 83 | 2.3576 | 0.3 | 810.0490 | 810 | 8.8 |
| 84 | 2.4259 | 0.3 | 812.0617 | 812 | 8.9 |
| 85 | 2.4966 | 0.3 | 814.1452 | 814 | 9.1 |
| 86 | 2.5701 | 0.3 | 816.3112 | 816 | 9.3 |


| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 87 | 2.6468 | 0.3 | 818.5714 | 819 | 9.5 |
| 88 | 2.7272 | 0.3 | 820.9408 | 821 | 9.8 |
| 89 | 2.8118 | 0.3 | 823.4338 | 823 | 10.1 |
| 90 | 2.9016 | 0.4 | 826.0802 | 826 | 10.4 |
| 91 | 2.9974 | 0.4 | 828.9033 | 829 | 10.8 |
| 92 | 3.1004 | 0.4 | 831.9386 | 832 | 11.3 |
| 93 | 3.2123 | 0.4 | 835.2362 | 835 | 11.9 |
| 94 | 3.3350 | 0.4 | 838.8520 | 839 | 12.6 |
| 95 | 3.4714 | 0.5 | 842.8716 | 843 | 13.4 |
| 96 | 3.6252 | 0.5 | 847.4039 | 847 | 14.4 |
| 97 | 3.8017 | 0.5 | 852.6052 | 850 | 14.4 |
| 98 | 4.0085 | 0.6 | 858.6994 | 850 | 14.4 |
| 99 | 4.2567 | 0.7 | 866.0136 | 850 | 14.4 |
| 100 | 4.5635 | 0.8 | 875.0547 | 850 | 14.4 |
| 101 | 4.9556 | 0.9 | 886.6095 | 850 | 14.4 |
| 102 | 5.4767 | 1.1 | 901.9658 | 850 | 14.4 |
| 103 | 6.2052 | 1.4 | 923.4339 | 850 | 14.4 |
| 104 | 7.3100 | 1.9 | 955.9913 | 850 | 14.4 |
| 105 | 9.3372 | 3.0 | 1015.7308 | 850 | 14.4 |
| 106 | 10.000 | 3.5 | 1035.2629 | 850 | 14.4 |

Table A.12.30 Conversion Table for Performance Level Setting Form: ELA/L Grade 6

| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -6.0000 | 1.3 | 566.8536 | 650 | 14.5 |
| 1 | -6.0000 | 1.3 | 566.8536 | 650 | 14.5 |
| 2 | -5.2704 | 1.1 | 587.8119 | 650 | 14.5 |
| 3 | -4.5982 | 0.9 | 607.1213 | 650 | 14.5 |
| 4 | -4.1239 | 0.8 | 620.7459 | 650 | 14.5 |
| 5 | -3.7628 | 0.7 | 631.1187 | 650 | 14.5 |
| 6 | -3.4739 | 0.6 | 639.4176 | 650 | 14.5 |
| 7 | -3.2345 | 0.5 | 646.2945 | 650 | 14.5 |
| 8 | -3.0306 | 0.5 | 652.1517 | 652 | 14.5 |
| 9 | -2.8535 | 0.5 | 657.2390 | 657 | 13.5 |
| 10 | -2.6970 | 0.4 | 661.7346 | 662 | 12.8 |
| 11 | -2.5568 | 0.4 | 665.7619 | 666 | 12.1 |
| 12 | -2.4298 | 0.4 | 669.4101 | 669 | 11.5 |
| 13 | -2.3137 | 0.4 | 672.7451 | 673 | 11.0 |
| 14 | -2.2067 | 0.4 | 675.8188 | 676 | 10.6 |
| 15 | -2.1074 | 0.4 | 678.6713 | 679 | 10.2 |
| 16 | -2.0146 | 0.3 | 681.3370 | 681 | 9.8 |
| 17 | -1.9274 | 0.3 | 683.8419 | 684 | 9.5 |
| 18 | -1.8452 | 0.3 | 686.2031 | 686 | 9.3 |
| 19 | -1.7672 | 0.3 | 688.4437 | 688 | 9.0 |
| 20 | -1.6929 | 0.3 | 690.5781 | 691 | 8.8 |
| 21 | -1.6220 | 0.3 | 692.6147 | 693 | 8.6 |
| 22 | -1.5541 | 0.3 | 694.5652 | 695 | 8.4 |
| 23 | -1.4887 | 0.3 | 696.4439 | 696 | 8.3 |
| 24 | -1.4258 | 0.3 | 698.2507 | 698 | 8.1 |
| 25 | -1.3649 | 0.3 | 700.0001 | 700 | 8.0 |
| 26 | -1.3060 | 0.3 | 701.6920 | 702 | 7.9 |
| 27 | -1.2489 | 0.3 | 703.3323 | 703 | 7.8 |
| 28 | -1.1933 | 0.3 | 704.9294 | 705 | 7.7 |
| 29 | -1.1391 | 0.3 | 706.4864 | 706 | 7.6 |
| 30 | -1.0862 | 0.3 | 708.0059 | 708 | 7.5 |
| 31 | -1.0346 | 0.3 | 709.4882 | 709 | 7.4 |
| 32 | -0.9840 | 0.3 | 710.9417 | 711 | 7.3 |
| 33 | -0.9345 | 0.3 | 712.3636 | 712 | 7.2 |
| 34 | -0.8858 | 0.2 | 713.7626 | 714 | 7.2 |
| 35 | -0.8380 | 0.2 | 715.1357 | 715 | 7.1 |
| 36 | -0.7910 | 0.2 | 716.4858 | 716 | 7.1 |
| 37 | -0.7446 | 0.2 | 717.8186 | 718 | 7.0 |
| 38 | -0.6990 | 0.2 | 719.1285 | 719 | 7.0 |
| 39 | -0.6539 | 0.2 | 720.4241 | 720 | 6.9 |
| 40 | -0.6094 | 0.2 | 721.7024 | 722 | 6.9 |
| 41 | -0.5654 | 0.2 | 722.9663 | 723 | 6.9 |
| 42 | -0.5218 | 0.2 | 724.2187 | 724 | 6.8 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 43 | -0.4787 | 0.2 | 725.4568 | 725 | 6.8 |
| 44 | -0.4360 | 0.2 | 726.6834 | 727 | 6.8 |
| 45 | -0.3936 | 0.2 | 727.9014 | 728 | 6.8 |
| 46 | -0.3515 | 0.2 | 729.1107 | 729 | 6.7 |
| 47 | -0.3098 | 0.2 | 730.3086 | 730 | 6.7 |
| 48 | -0.2683 | 0.2 | 731.5007 | 732 | 6.7 |
| 49 | -0.2270 | 0.2 | 732.6871 | 733 | 6.7 |
| 50 | -0.1860 | 0.2 | 733.8648 | 734 | 6.7 |
| 51 | -0.1452 | 0.2 | 735.0368 | 735 | 6.7 |
| 52 | -0.1045 | 0.2 | 736.2060 | 736 | 6.7 |
| 53 | -0.0640 | 0.2 | 737.3694 | 737 | 6.7 |
| 54 | -0.0237 | 0.2 | 738.5270 | 739 | 6.6 |
| 55 | 0.0166 | 0.2 | 739.6846 | 740 | 6.6 |
| 56 | 0.0567 | 0.2 | 740.8365 | 741 | 6.6 |
| 57 | 0.0967 | 0.2 | 741.9856 | 742 | 6.6 |
| 58 | 0.1367 | 0.2 | 743.1346 | 743 | 6.6 |
| 59 | 0.1766 | 0.2 | 744.2808 | 744 | 6.6 |
| 60 | 0.2165 | 0.2 | 745.4269 | 745 | 6.6 |
| 61 | 0.2563 | 0.2 | 746.5702 | 747 | 6.6 |
| 62 | 0.2961 | 0.2 | 747.7135 | 748 | 6.6 |
| 63 | 0.3359 | 0.2 | 748.8568 | 749 | 6.7 |
| 64 | 0.3757 | 0.2 | 750.0000 | 750 | 6.7 |
| 65 | 0.4155 | 0.2 | 751.1433 | 751 | 6.7 |
| 66 | 0.4553 | 0.2 | 752.2866 | 752 | 6.7 |
| 67 | 0.4951 | 0.2 | 753.4299 | 753 | 6.7 |
| 68 | 0.5349 | 0.2 | 754.5732 | 755 | 6.7 |
| 69 | 0.5748 | 0.2 | 755.7193 | 756 | 6.7 |
| 70 | 0.6147 | 0.2 | 756.8655 | 757 | 6.7 |
| 71 | 0.6546 | 0.2 | 758.0116 | 758 | 6.7 |
| 72 | 0.6946 | 0.2 | 759.1607 | 759 | 6.7 |
| 73 | 0.7347 | 0.2 | 760.3126 | 760 | 6.7 |
| 74 | 0.7748 | 0.2 | 761.4645 | 761 | 6.8 |
| 75 | 0.8149 | 0.2 | 762.6164 | 763 | 6.8 |
| 76 | 0.8552 | 0.2 | 763.7740 | 764 | 6.8 |
| 77 | 0.8955 | 0.2 | 764.9317 | 765 | 6.8 |
| 78 | 0.9358 | 0.2 | 766.0893 | 766 | 6.8 |
| 79 | 0.9763 | 0.2 | 767.2527 | 767 | 6.8 |
| 80 | 1.0168 | 0.2 | 768.4161 | 768 | 6.8 |
| 81 | 1.0574 | 0.2 | 769.5824 | 770 | 6.8 |
| 82 | 1.0981 | 0.2 | 770.7515 | 771 | 6.9 |
| 83 | 1.1389 | 0.2 | 771.9235 | 772 | 6.9 |
| 84 | 1.1798 | 0.2 | 773.0984 | 773 | 6.9 |
| 85 | 1.2207 | 0.2 | 774.2733 | 774 | 6.9 |
| 86 | 1.2618 | 0.2 | 775.4539 | 775 | 6.9 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 87 | 1.3031 | 0.2 | 776.6403 | 777 | 6.9 |
| 88 | 1.3444 | 0.2 | 777.8266 | 778 | 7.0 |
| 89 | 1.3859 | 0.2 | 779.0187 | 779 | 7.0 |
| 90 | 1.4275 | 0.2 | 780.2137 | 780 | 7.0 |
| 91 | 1.4694 | 0.2 | 781.4173 | 781 | 7.0 |
| 92 | 1.5114 | 0.2 | 782.6238 | 783 | 7.1 |
| 93 | 1.5536 | 0.2 | 783.8360 | 784 | 7.1 |
| 94 | 1.5960 | 0.2 | 785.0540 | 785 | 7.1 |
| 95 | 1.6387 | 0.2 | 786.2806 | 786 | 7.1 |
| 96 | 1.6817 | 0.2 | 787.5158 | 788 | 7.2 |
| 97 | 1.7249 | 0.3 | 788.7568 | 789 | 7.2 |
| 98 | 1.7686 | 0.3 | 790.0121 | 790 | 7.3 |
| 99 | 1.8126 | 0.3 | 791.2760 | 791 | 7.3 |
| 100 | 1.8570 | 0.3 | 792.5514 | 793 | 7.3 |
| 101 | 1.9019 | 0.3 | 793.8412 | 794 | 7.4 |
| 102 | 1.9473 | 0.3 | 795.1454 | 795 | 7.5 |
| 103 | 1.9932 | 0.3 | 796.4639 | 796 | 7.5 |
| 104 | 2.0398 | 0.3 | 797.8025 | 798 | 7.6 |
| 105 | 2.0872 | 0.3 | 799.1641 | 799 | 7.6 |
| 106 | 2.1353 | 0.3 | 800.5458 | 801 | 7.7 |
| 107 | 2.1843 | 0.3 | 801.9533 | 802 | 7.8 |
| 108 | 2.2342 | 0.3 | 803.3868 | 803 | 7.9 |
| 109 | 2.2853 | 0.3 | 804.8546 | 805 | 8.0 |
| 110 | 2.3376 | 0.3 | 806.3570 | 806 | 8.1 |
| 111 | 2.3912 | 0.3 | 807.8967 | 808 | 8.2 |
| 112 | 2.4464 | 0.3 | 809.4824 | 809 | 8.4 |
| 113 | 2.5032 | 0.3 | 811.1140 | 811 | 8.5 |
| 114 | 2.5620 | 0.3 | 812.8030 | 813 | 8.7 |
| 115 | 2.6229 | 0.3 | 814.5524 | 815 | 8.9 |
| 116 | 2.6863 | 0.3 | 816.3736 | 816 | 9.0 |
| 117 | 2.7525 | 0.3 | 818.2753 | 818 | 9.3 |
| 118 | 2.8218 | 0.3 | 820.2660 | 820 | 9.5 |
| 119 | 2.8947 | 0.3 | 822.3601 | 822 | 9.8 |
| 120 | 2.9718 | 0.4 | 824.5748 | 825 | 10.1 |
| 121 | 3.0537 | 0.4 | 826.9275 | 827 | 10.4 |
| 122 | 3.1412 | 0.4 | 829.4410 | 829 | 10.8 |
| 123 | 3.2353 | 0.4 | 832.1441 | 832 | 11.3 |
| 124 | 3.3373 | 0.4 | 835.0741 | 835 | 11.8 |
| 125 | 3.4485 | 0.4 | 838.2684 | 838 | 12.3 |
| 126 | 3.5711 | 0.5 | 841.7901 | 842 | 13.0 |
| 127 | 3.7077 | 0.5 | 845.7141 | 846 | 13.8 |
| 128 | 3.8617 | 0.5 | 850.1378 | 850 | 13.8 |
| 129 | 4.0381 | 0.6 | 855.2050 | 850 | 13.8 |
| 130 | 4.2439 | 0.6 | 861.1168 | 850 | 13.8 |


| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 131 | 4.4898 | 0.7 | 868.1804 | 850 | 13.8 |
| 132 | 4.7928 | 0.8 | 876.8843 | 850 | 13.8 |
| 133 | 5.1826 | 0.9 | 888.0816 | 850 | 13.8 |
| 134 | 5.7162 | 1.1 | 903.4096 | 850 | 13.8 |
| 135 | 6.5236 | 1.4 | 926.6028 | 850 | 13.8 |
| 136 | 8.0053 | 2.1 | 969.1656 | 850 | 13.8 |
| 137 | 10.000 | 3.4 | 1026.4648 | 850 | 13.8 |

Table A.12.31 Conversion Table for Performance Level Setting Form: ELA/L Grade 7

| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -6.0000 | 1.9 | 536.5141 | 650 | 15 |
| 1 | -6.0000 | 1.9 | 536.5141 | 650 | 15 |
| 2 | -4.7838 | 1.2 | 577.7244 | 650 | 15 |
| 3 | -4.0880 | 0.9 | 601.3013 | 650 | 15 |
| 4 | -3.6310 | 0.8 | 616.7865 | 650 | 15 |
| 5 | -3.2948 | 0.7 | 628.1784 | 650 | 15 |
| 6 | -3.0302 | 0.6 | 637.1443 | 650 | 15 |
| 7 | -2.8128 | 0.5 | 644.5108 | 650 | 15 |
| 8 | -2.6284 | 0.5 | 650.7591 | 651 | 15 |
| 9 | -2.4685 | 0.5 | 656.1772 | 656 | 15 |
| 10 | -2.3272 | 0.4 | 660.9651 | 661 | 14.4 |
| 11 | -2.2007 | 0.4 | 665.2515 | 665 | 13.7 |
| 12 | -2.0860 | 0.4 | 669.1380 | 669 | 13.0 |
| 13 | -1.9810 | 0.4 | 672.6959 | 673 | 12.4 |
| 14 | -1.8842 | 0.4 | 675.9759 | 676 | 11.9 |
| 15 | -1.7942 | 0.3 | 679.0255 | 679 | 11.5 |
| 16 | -1.7100 | 0.3 | 681.8786 | 682 | 11.1 |
| 17 | -1.6310 | 0.3 | 684.5555 | 685 | 10.8 |
| 18 | -1.5563 | 0.3 | 687.0867 | 687 | 10.5 |
| 19 | -1.4854 | 0.3 | 689.4891 | 689 | 10.2 |
| 20 | -1.4179 | 0.3 | 691.7763 | 692 | 9.9 |
| 21 | -1.3535 | 0.3 | 693.9584 | 694 | 9.7 |
| 22 | -1.2917 | 0.3 | 696.0525 | 696 | 9.5 |
| 23 | -1.2324 | 0.3 | 698.0618 | 698 | 9.3 |
| 24 | -1.1752 | 0.3 | 700.0000 | 700 | 9.1 |
| 25 | -1.1199 | 0.3 | 701.8738 | 702 | 9.0 |
| 26 | -1.0665 | 0.3 | 703.6833 | 704 | 8.8 |
| 27 | -1.0146 | 0.3 | 705.4419 | 705 | 8.7 |
| 28 | -0.9642 | 0.3 | 707.1497 | 707 | 8.6 |
| 29 | -0.9151 | 0.2 | 708.8134 | 709 | 8.5 |
| 30 | -0.8673 | 0.2 | 710.4331 | 710 | 8.4 |
| 31 | -0.8205 | 0.2 | 712.0189 | 712 | 8.3 |
| 32 | -0.7748 | 0.2 | 713.5674 | 714 | 8.2 |
| 33 | -0.7300 | 0.2 | 715.0854 | 715 | 8.1 |
| 34 | -0.6861 | 0.2 | 716.5729 | 717 | 8.0 |
| 35 | -0.6430 | 0.2 | 718.0334 | 718 | 7.9 |
| 36 | -0.6007 | 0.2 | 719.4667 | 719 | 7.9 |
| 37 | -0.5590 | 0.2 | 720.8797 | 721 | 7.8 |
| 38 | -0.5179 | 0.2 | 722.2723 | 722 | 7.8 |
| 39 | -0.4774 | 0.2 | 723.6446 | 724 | 7.7 |
| 40 | -0.4375 | 0.2 | 724.9966 | 725 | 7.7 |
| 41 | -0.3980 | 0.2 | 726.3351 | 726 | 7.6 |
| 42 | -0.3590 | 0.2 | 727.6566 | 728 | 7.6 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 43 | -0.3203 | 0.2 | 728.9679 | 729 | 7.5 |
| 44 | -0.2821 | 0.2 | 730.2623 | 730 | 7.5 |
| 45 | -0.2442 | 0.2 | 731.5465 | 732 | 7.5 |
| 46 | -0.2066 | 0.2 | 732.8206 | 733 | 7.5 |
| 47 | -0.1693 | 0.2 | 734.0845 | 734 | 7.4 |
| 48 | -0.1322 | 0.2 | 735.3416 | 735 | 7.4 |
| 49 | -0.0954 | 0.2 | 736.5885 | 737 | 7.4 |
| 50 | -0.0588 | 0.2 | 737.8287 | 738 | 7.4 |
| 51 | -0.0223 | 0.2 | 739.0655 | 739 | 7.4 |
| 52 | 0.0139 | 0.2 | 740.2921 | 740 | 7.4 |
| 53 | 0.0501 | 0.2 | 741.5187 | 742 | 7.4 |
| 54 | 0.0861 | 0.2 | 742.7386 | 743 | 7.4 |
| 55 | 0.1220 | 0.2 | 743.9550 | 744 | 7.4 |
| 56 | 0.1578 | 0.2 | 745.1681 | 745 | 7.4 |
| 57 | 0.1935 | 0.2 | 746.3778 | 746 | 7.4 |
| 58 | 0.2292 | 0.2 | 747.5874 | 748 | 7.4 |
| 59 | 0.2648 | 0.2 | 748.7937 | 749 | 7.4 |
| 60 | 0.3004 | 0.2 | 750.0000 | 750 | 7.4 |
| 61 | 0.3360 | 0.2 | 751.2063 | 751 | 7.4 |
| 62 | 0.3716 | 0.2 | 752.4126 | 752 | 7.4 |
| 63 | 0.4072 | 0.2 | 753.6189 | 754 | 7.4 |
| 64 | 0.4428 | 0.2 | 754.8252 | 755 | 7.4 |
| 65 | 0.4785 | 0.2 | 756.0348 | 756 | 7.4 |
| 66 | 0.5142 | 0.2 | 757.2445 | 757 | 7.4 |
| 67 | 0.5500 | 0.2 | 758.4576 | 758 | 7.5 |
| 68 | 0.5858 | 0.2 | 759.6706 | 760 | 7.5 |
| 69 | 0.6218 | 0.2 | 760.8905 | 761 | 7.5 |
| 70 | 0.6578 | 0.2 | 762.1103 | 762 | 7.5 |
| 71 | 0.6940 | 0.2 | 763.3369 | 763 | 7.5 |
| 72 | 0.7302 | 0.2 | 764.5636 | 765 | 7.6 |
| 73 | 0.7666 | 0.2 | 765.7970 | 766 | 7.6 |
| 74 | 0.8032 | 0.2 | 767.0371 | 767 | 7.6 |
| 75 | 0.8399 | 0.2 | 768.2807 | 768 | 7.6 |
| 76 | 0.8768 | 0.2 | 769.5310 | 770 | 7.7 |
| 77 | 0.9139 | 0.2 | 770.7881 | 771 | 7.7 |
| 78 | 0.9511 | 0.2 | 772.0486 | 772 | 7.7 |
| 79 | 0.9886 | 0.2 | 773.3193 | 773 | 7.7 |
| 80 | 1.0263 | 0.2 | 774.5968 | 775 | 7.8 |
| 81 | 1.0642 | 0.2 | 775.8810 | 776 | 7.8 |
| 82 | 1.1023 | 0.2 | 777.1720 | 777 | 7.8 |
| 83 | 1.1407 | 0.2 | 778.4731 | 778 | 7.9 |
| 84 | 1.1794 | 0.2 | 779.7845 | 780 | 7.9 |
| 85 | 1.2184 | 0.2 | 781.1060 | 781 | 8.0 |
| 86 | 1.2577 | 0.2 | 782.4376 | 782 | 8.0 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 87 | 1.2973 | 0.2 | 783.7795 | 784 | 8.0 |
| 88 | 1.3373 | 0.2 | 785.1348 | 785 | 8.1 |
| 89 | 1.3776 | 0.2 | 786.5004 | 787 | 8.1 |
| 90 | 1.4183 | 0.2 | 787.8795 | 788 | 8.2 |
| 91 | 1.4594 | 0.2 | 789.2721 | 789 | 8.2 |
| 92 | 1.5009 | 0.2 | 790.6783 | 791 | 8.3 |
| 93 | 1.5429 | 0.2 | 792.1015 | 792 | 8.3 |
| 94 | 1.5854 | 0.2 | 793.5416 | 794 | 8.4 |
| 95 | 1.6283 | 0.2 | 794.9952 | 795 | 8.5 |
| 96 | 1.6718 | 0.3 | 796.4692 | 796 | 8.5 |
| 97 | 1.7159 | 0.3 | 797.9635 | 798 | 8.6 |
| 98 | 1.7606 | 0.3 | 799.4782 | 799 | 8.7 |
| 99 | 1.8059 | 0.3 | 801.0131 | 801 | 8.7 |
| 100 | 1.8520 | 0.3 | 802.5752 | 803 | 8.8 |
| 101 | 1.8988 | 0.3 | 804.1610 | 804 | 8.9 |
| 102 | 1.9464 | 0.3 | 805.7739 | 806 | 9.0 |
| 103 | 1.9949 | 0.3 | 807.4173 | 807 | 9.1 |
| 104 | 2.0444 | 0.3 | 809.0946 | 809 | 9.2 |
| 105 | 2.0950 | 0.3 | 810.8091 | 811 | 9.3 |
| 106 | 2.1467 | 0.3 | 812.5610 | 813 | 9.4 |
| 107 | 2.1997 | 0.3 | 814.3568 | 814 | 9.5 |
| 108 | 2.2540 | 0.3 | 816.1968 | 816 | 9.7 |
| 109 | 2.3100 | 0.3 | 818.0943 | 818 | 9.8 |
| 110 | 2.3676 | 0.3 | 820.0460 | 820 | 10.0 |
| 111 | 2.4272 | 0.3 | 822.0656 | 822 | 10.2 |
| 112 | 2.4889 | 0.3 | 824.1562 | 824 | 10.4 |
| 113 | 2.5530 | 0.3 | 826.3282 | 826 | 10.6 |
| 114 | 2.6199 | 0.3 | 828.5951 | 829 | 10.9 |
| 115 | 2.6898 | 0.3 | 830.9636 | 831 | 11.2 |
| 116 | 2.7634 | 0.3 | 833.4575 | 833 | 11.5 |
| 117 | 2.8410 | 0.3 | 836.0870 | 836 | 11.8 |
| 118 | 2.9233 | 0.4 | 838.8757 | 839 | 12.2 |
| 119 | 3.0112 | 0.4 | 841.8541 | 842 | 12.7 |
| 120 | 3.1056 | 0.4 | 845.0528 | 845 | 13.2 |
| 121 | 3.2076 | 0.4 | 848.5090 | 849 | 13.8 |
| 122 | 3.3189 | 0.4 | 852.2804 | 850 | 13.8 |
| 123 | 3.4413 | 0.5 | 856.4278 | 850 | 13.8 |
| 124 | 3.5774 | 0.5 | 861.0395 | 850 | 13.8 |
| 125 | 3.7307 | 0.5 | 866.2340 | 850 | 13.8 |
| 126 | 3.9058 | 0.6 | 872.1672 | 850 | 13.8 |
| 127 | 4.1093 | 0.6 | 879.0627 | 850 | 13.8 |
| 128 | 4.3505 | 0.7 | 887.2356 | 850 | 13.8 |
| 129 | 4.6440 | 0.8 | 897.1807 | 850 | 13.8 |
| 130 | 5.0126 | 0.9 | 909.6705 | 850 | 13.8 |


| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 131 | 5.4954 | 1.0 | 926.0300 | 850 | 13.8 |
| 132 | 6.1659 | 1.3 | 948.7495 | 850 | 13.8 |
| 133 | 7.1859 | 1.7 | 983.3117 | 850 | 13.8 |
| 134 | 9.0569 | 2.7 | 1046.7096 | 850 | 13.8 |
| 135 | 10.000 | 3.3 | 1078.6661 | 850 | 13.8 |

Table A.12.32 Conversion Table for Performance Level Setting Form: ELA/L Grade 8

| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -6.0000 | 1.8 | 533.2679 | 650 | 15 |
| 1 | -6.0000 | 1.8 | 533.2679 | 650 | 15 |
| 2 | -5.6481 | 1.6 | 545.3482 | 650 | 15 |
| 3 | -4.7448 | 1.2 | 576.3575 | 650 | 15 |
| 4 | -4.1705 | 0.9 | 596.0726 | 650 | 15 |
| 5 | -3.7567 | 0.8 | 610.2779 | 650 | 15 |
| 6 | -3.4362 | 0.7 | 621.2803 | 650 | 15 |
| 7 | -3.1760 | 0.6 | 630.2127 | 650 | 15 |
| 8 | -2.9575 | 0.6 | 637.7136 | 650 | 15 |
| 9 | -2.7696 | 0.5 | 644.1640 | 650 | 15 |
| 10 | -2.6050 | 0.5 | 649.8145 | 650 | 15 |
| 11 | -2.4585 | 0.5 | 654.8437 | 655 | 15 |
| 12 | -2.3267 | 0.4 | 659.3682 | 659 | 14.9 |
| 13 | -2.2068 | 0.4 | 663.4843 | 663 | 14.2 |
| 14 | -2.0969 | 0.4 | 667.2570 | 667 | 13.6 |
| 15 | -1.9954 | 0.4 | 670.7414 | 671 | 13.0 |
| 16 | -1.9011 | 0.4 | 673.9786 | 674 | 12.5 |
| 17 | -1.8129 | 0.4 | 677.0064 | 677 | 12.1 |
| 18 | -1.7301 | 0.3 | 679.8489 | 680 | 11.7 |
| 19 | -1.6520 | 0.3 | 682.5300 | 683 | 11.3 |
| 20 | -1.5780 | 0.3 | 685.0703 | 685 | 11.0 |
| 21 | -1.5076 | 0.3 | 687.4871 | 687 | 10.7 |
| 22 | -1.4405 | 0.3 | 689.7905 | 690 | 10.4 |
| 23 | -1.3763 | 0.3 | 691.9944 | 692 | 10.2 |
| 24 | -1.3147 | 0.3 | 694.1091 | 694 | 10.0 |
| 25 | -1.2555 | 0.3 | 696.1414 | 696 | 9.8 |
| 26 | -1.1983 | 0.3 | 698.1050 | 698 | 9.6 |
| 27 | -1.1431 | 0.3 | 699.9999 | 700 | 9.5 |
| 28 | -1.0897 | 0.3 | 701.8331 | 702 | 9.3 |
| 29 | -1.0378 | 0.3 | 703.6148 | 704 | 9.2 |
| 30 | -0.9873 | 0.3 | 705.3484 | 705 | 9.0 |
| 31 | -0.9382 | 0.3 | 707.0339 | 707 | 8.9 |
| 32 | -0.8903 | 0.3 | 708.6783 | 709 | 8.8 |
| 33 | -0.8435 | 0.3 | 710.2849 | 710 | 8.7 |
| 34 | -0.7977 | 0.3 | 711.8571 | 712 | 8.6 |
| 35 | -0.7529 | 0.2 | 713.3951 | 713 | 8.5 |
| 36 | -0.7089 | 0.2 | 714.9055 | 715 | 8.4 |
| 37 | -0.6658 | 0.2 | 716.3851 | 716 | 8.4 |
| 38 | -0.6233 | 0.2 | 717.8441 | 718 | 8.3 |
| 39 | -0.5816 | 0.2 | 719.2756 | 719 | 8.2 |
| 40 | -0.5404 | 0.2 | 720.6900 | 721 | 8.2 |
| 41 | -0.4999 | 0.2 | 722.0803 | 722 | 8.1 |
| 42 | -0.4598 | 0.2 | 723.4569 | 723 | 8.1 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 43 | -0.4203 | 0.2 | 724.8129 | 725 | 8.0 |
| 44 | -0.3812 | 0.2 | 726.1551 | 726 | 8.0 |
| 45 | -0.3425 | 0.2 | 727.4837 | 727 | 8.0 |
| 46 | -0.3042 | 0.2 | 728.7984 | 729 | 7.9 |
| 47 | -0.2663 | 0.2 | 730.0995 | 730 | 7.9 |
| 48 | -0.2287 | 0.2 | 731.3903 | 731 | 7.9 |
| 49 | -0.1914 | 0.2 | 732.6707 | 733 | 7.9 |
| 50 | -0.1543 | 0.2 | 733.9444 | 734 | 7.8 |
| 51 | -0.1175 | 0.2 | 735.2077 | 735 | 7.8 |
| 52 | -0.0809 | 0.2 | 736.4641 | 736 | 7.8 |
| 53 | -0.0445 | 0.2 | 737.7137 | 738 | 7.8 |
| 54 | -0.0082 | 0.2 | 738.9598 | 739 | 7.8 |
| 55 | 0.0279 | 0.2 | 740.1991 | 740 | 7.8 |
| 56 | 0.0638 | 0.2 | 741.4315 | 741 | 7.8 |
| 57 | 0.0997 | 0.2 | 742.6639 | 743 | 7.8 |
| 58 | 0.1354 | 0.2 | 743.8894 | 744 | 7.8 |
| 59 | 0.1711 | 0.2 | 745.1150 | 745 | 7.8 |
| 60 | 0.2067 | 0.2 | 746.3371 | 746 | 7.8 |
| 61 | 0.2423 | 0.2 | 747.5592 | 748 | 7.8 |
| 62 | 0.2778 | 0.2 | 748.7779 | 749 | 7.8 |
| 63 | 0.3134 | 0.2 | 750.0000 | 750 | 7.8 |
| 64 | 0.3490 | 0.2 | 751.2221 | 751 | 7.8 |
| 65 | 0.3845 | 0.2 | 752.4408 | 752 | 7.8 |
| 66 | 0.4202 | 0.2 | 753.6663 | 754 | 7.8 |
| 67 | 0.4559 | 0.2 | 754.8918 | 755 | 7.8 |
| 68 | 0.4916 | 0.2 | 756.1174 | 756 | 7.8 |
| 69 | 0.5274 | 0.2 | 757.3464 | 757 | 7.9 |
| 70 | 0.5634 | 0.2 | 758.5822 | 759 | 7.9 |
| 71 | 0.5994 | 0.2 | 759.8180 | 760 | 7.9 |
| 72 | 0.6356 | 0.2 | 761.0607 | 761 | 7.9 |
| 73 | 0.6719 | 0.2 | 762.3069 | 762 | 8.0 |
| 74 | 0.7084 | 0.2 | 763.5599 | 764 | 8.0 |
| 75 | 0.7450 | 0.2 | 764.8163 | 765 | 8.0 |
| 76 | 0.7818 | 0.2 | 766.0796 | 766 | 8.0 |
| 77 | 0.8188 | 0.2 | 767.3498 | 767 | 8.1 |
| 78 | 0.8560 | 0.2 | 768.6268 | 769 | 8.1 |
| 79 | 0.8935 | 0.2 | 769.9142 | 770 | 8.1 |
| 80 | 0.9312 | 0.2 | 771.2084 | 771 | 8.2 |
| 81 | 0.9691 | 0.2 | 772.5094 | 773 | 8.2 |
| 82 | 1.0074 | 0.2 | 773.8242 | 774 | 8.2 |
| 83 | 1.0459 | 0.2 | 775.1459 | 775 | 8.3 |
| 84 | 1.0847 | 0.2 | 776.4779 | 776 | 8.3 |
| 85 | 1.1238 | 0.2 | 777.8201 | 778 | 8.4 |
| 86 | 1.1633 | 0.2 | 779.1761 | 779 | 8.4 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 87 | 1.2032 | 0.2 | 780.5458 | 781 | 8.5 |
| 88 | 1.2434 | 0.2 | 781.9259 | 782 | 8.5 |
| 89 | 1.2841 | 0.2 | 783.3230 | 783 | 8.6 |
| 90 | 1.3252 | 0.3 | 784.7340 | 785 | 8.6 |
| 91 | 1.3668 | 0.3 | 786.1620 | 786 | 8.7 |
| 92 | 1.4088 | 0.3 | 787.6039 | 788 | 8.7 |
| 93 | 1.4514 | 0.3 | 789.0663 | 789 | 8.8 |
| 94 | 1.4946 | 0.3 | 790.5493 | 791 | 8.9 |
| 95 | 1.5383 | 0.3 | 792.0494 | 792 | 9.0 |
| 96 | 1.5827 | 0.3 | 793.5737 | 794 | 9.0 |
| 97 | 1.6278 | 0.3 | 795.1219 | 795 | 9.1 |
| 98 | 1.6736 | 0.3 | 796.6941 | 797 | 9.2 |
| 99 | 1.7202 | 0.3 | 798.2939 | 798 | 9.3 |
| 100 | 1.7677 | 0.3 | 799.9245 | 800 | 9.4 |
| 101 | 1.8162 | 0.3 | 801.5894 | 802 | 9.5 |
| 102 | 1.8656 | 0.3 | 803.2853 | 803 | 9.6 |
| 103 | 1.9161 | 0.3 | 805.0189 | 805 | 9.7 |
| 104 | 1.9678 | 0.3 | 806.7937 | 807 | 9.8 |
| 105 | 2.0208 | 0.3 | 808.6131 | 809 | 10.0 |
| 106 | 2.0753 | 0.3 | 810.4841 | 810 | 10.1 |
| 107 | 2.1312 | 0.3 | 812.4031 | 812 | 10.3 |
| 108 | 2.1889 | 0.3 | 814.3838 | 814 | 10.5 |
| 109 | 2.2485 | 0.3 | 816.4298 | 816 | 10.6 |
| 110 | 2.3100 | 0.3 | 818.5411 | 819 | 10.8 |
| 111 | 2.3739 | 0.3 | 820.7347 | 821 | 11.1 |
| 112 | 2.4403 | 0.3 | 823.0141 | 823 | 11.3 |
| 113 | 2.5094 | 0.3 | 825.3862 | 825 | 11.6 |
| 114 | 2.5817 | 0.3 | 827.8682 | 828 | 11.8 |
| 115 | 2.6575 | 0.4 | 830.4704 | 830 | 12.1 |
| 116 | 2.7371 | 0.4 | 833.2029 | 833 | 12.5 |
| 117 | 2.8212 | 0.4 | 836.0900 | 836 | 12.8 |
| 118 | 2.9103 | 0.4 | 839.1487 | 839 | 13.2 |
| 119 | 3.0050 | 0.4 | 842.3996 | 842 | 13.7 |
| 120 | 3.1062 | 0.4 | 845.8737 | 846 | 14.2 |
| 121 | 3.2149 | 0.4 | 849.6053 | 850 | 14.2 |
| 122 | 3.3322 | 0.4 | 853.6321 | 850 | 14.2 |
| 123 | 3.4598 | 0.5 | 858.0124 | 850 | 14.2 |
| 124 | 3.5994 | 0.5 | 862.8047 | 850 | 14.2 |
| 125 | 3.7534 | 0.5 | 868.0914 | 850 | 14.2 |
| 126 | 3.9250 | 0.6 | 873.9822 | 850 | 14.2 |
| 127 | 4.1184 | 0.6 | 880.6214 | 850 | 14.2 |
| 128 | 4.3395 | 0.6 | 888.2116 | 850 | 14.2 |
| 129 | 4.5964 | 0.7 | 897.0307 | 850 | 14.2 |
| 130 | 4.9015 | 0.8 | 907.5044 | 850 | 14.2 |


| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 131 | 5.2737 | 0.9 | 920.2816 | 850 | 14.2 |
| 132 | 5.7436 | 1.1 | 936.4128 | 850 | 14.2 |
| 133 | 6.3643 | 1.3 | 957.7207 | 850 | 14.2 |
| 134 | 7.2370 | 1.7 | 987.6795 | 850 | 14.2 |
| 135 | 8.5901 | 2.3 | 1034.1300 | 850 | 14.2 |
| 136 | 10.000 | 3.1 | 1082.5303 | 850 | 14.2 |
| 137 | 10.000 | 3.1 | 1082.5303 | 850 | 14.2 |

Table A.12.33 Conversion Table for Performance Level Setting Form: ELA/L Grade 9

| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -6.0000 | 1.9 | 531.3885 | 650 | 15 |
| 1 | -5.4896 | 1.6 | 548.8728 | 650 | 15 |
| 2 | -4.3236 | 1.1 | 588.8153 | 650 | 15 |
| 3 | -3.6708 | 0.9 | 611.1776 | 650 | 15 |
| 4 | -3.2296 | 0.7 | 626.2913 | 650 | 15 |
| 5 | -2.9022 | 0.6 | 637.5067 | 650 | 15 |
| 6 | -2.6441 | 0.6 | 646.3482 | 650 | 15 |
| 7 | -2.4323 | 0.5 | 653.6036 | 654 | 15 |
| 8 | -2.2529 | 0.5 | 659.7492 | 660 | 15 |
| 9 | -2.0975 | 0.4 | 665.0725 | 665 | 15 |
| 10 | -1.9605 | 0.4 | 669.7656 | 670 | 14.2 |
| 11 | -1.8378 | 0.4 | 673.9688 | 674 | 13.4 |
| 12 | -1.7266 | 0.4 | 677.7781 | 678 | 12.8 |
| 13 | -1.6249 | 0.4 | 681.2619 | 681 | 12.2 |
| 14 | -1.5310 | 0.3 | 684.4786 | 684 | 11.7 |
| 15 | -1.4437 | 0.3 | 687.4691 | 687 | 11.3 |
| 16 | -1.3620 | 0.3 | 690.2678 | 690 | 10.9 |
| 17 | -1.2852 | 0.3 | 692.8987 | 693 | 10.6 |
| 18 | -1.2125 | 0.3 | 695.3891 | 695 | 10.3 |
| 19 | -1.1436 | 0.3 | 697.7493 | 698 | 10.0 |
| 20 | -1.0779 | 0.3 | 700.0000 | 700 | 9.8 |
| 21 | -1.0150 | 0.3 | 702.1547 | 702 | 9.5 |
| 22 | -0.9547 | 0.3 | 704.2203 | 704 | 9.3 |
| 23 | -0.8966 | 0.3 | 706.2106 | 706 | 9.2 |
| 24 | -0.8406 | 0.3 | 708.1289 | 708 | 9.0 |
| 25 | -0.7865 | 0.3 | 709.9822 | 710 | 8.8 |
| 26 | -0.7340 | 0.3 | 711.7806 | 712 | 8.7 |
| 27 | -0.6830 | 0.3 | 713.5277 | 714 | 8.6 |
| 28 | -0.6334 | 0.2 | 715.2267 | 715 | 8.5 |
| 29 | -0.5850 | 0.2 | 716.8847 | 717 | 8.4 |
| 30 | -0.5378 | 0.2 | 718.5016 | 719 | 8.3 |
| 31 | -0.4916 | 0.2 | 720.0843 | 720 | 8.2 |
| 32 | -0.4464 | 0.2 | 721.6326 | 722 | 8.1 |
| 33 | -0.4020 | 0.2 | 723.1536 | 723 | 8.0 |
| 34 | -0.3585 | 0.2 | 724.6437 | 725 | 7.9 |
| 35 | -0.3156 | 0.2 | 726.1133 | 726 | 7.9 |
| 36 | -0.2734 | 0.2 | 727.5589 | 728 | 7.8 |
| 37 | -0.2319 | 0.2 | 728.9805 | 729 | 7.8 |
| 38 | -0.1909 | 0.2 | 730.3850 | 730 | 7.7 |
| 39 | -0.1504 | 0.2 | 731.7724 | 732 | 7.7 |
| 40 | -0.1104 | 0.2 | 733.1426 | 733 | 7.6 |
| 41 | -0.0708 | 0.2 | 734.4992 | 734 | 7.6 |
| 42 | -0.0316 | 0.2 | 735.8420 | 736 | 7.6 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 43 | 0.0072 | 0.2 | 737.1711 | 737 | 7.5 |
| 44 | 0.0457 | 0.2 | 738.4900 | 738 | 7.5 |
| 45 | 0.0839 | 0.2 | 739.7986 | 740 | 7.5 |
| 46 | 0.1218 | 0.2 | 741.0969 | 741 | 7.4 |
| 47 | 0.1595 | 0.2 | 742.3883 | 742 | 7.4 |
| 48 | 0.1970 | 0.2 | 743.6729 | 744 | 7.4 |
| 49 | 0.2342 | 0.2 | 744.9473 | 745 | 7.4 |
| 50 | 0.2713 | 0.2 | 746.2182 | 746 | 7.4 |
| 51 | 0.3083 | 0.2 | 747.4856 | 747 | 7.4 |
| 52 | 0.3451 | 0.2 | 748.7462 | 749 | 7.4 |
| 53 | 0.3817 | 0.2 | 750.0000 | 750 | 7.4 |
| 54 | 0.4183 | 0.2 | 751.2538 | 751 | 7.3 |
| 55 | 0.4548 | 0.2 | 752.5041 | 753 | 7.3 |
| 56 | 0.4912 | 0.2 | 753.7510 | 754 | 7.3 |
| 57 | 0.5276 | 0.2 | 754.9980 | 755 | 7.3 |
| 58 | 0.5638 | 0.2 | 756.2380 | 756 | 7.3 |
| 59 | 0.6001 | 0.2 | 757.4815 | 757 | 7.3 |
| 60 | 0.6363 | 0.2 | 758.7216 | 759 | 7.3 |
| 61 | 0.6725 | 0.2 | 759.9617 | 760 | 7.3 |
| 62 | 0.7087 | 0.2 | 761.2017 | 761 | 7.3 |
| 63 | 0.7449 | 0.2 | 762.4418 | 762 | 7.3 |
| 64 | 0.7810 | 0.2 | 763.6784 | 764 | 7.3 |
| 65 | 0.8172 | 0.2 | 764.9185 | 765 | 7.3 |
| 66 | 0.8534 | 0.2 | 766.1586 | 766 | 7.4 |
| 67 | 0.8896 | 0.2 | 767.3986 | 767 | 7.4 |
| 68 | 0.9259 | 0.2 | 768.6421 | 769 | 7.4 |
| 69 | 0.9622 | 0.2 | 769.8856 | 770 | 7.4 |
| 70 | 0.9985 | 0.2 | 771.1291 | 771 | 7.4 |
| 71 | 1.0348 | 0.2 | 772.3726 | 772 | 7.4 |
| 72 | 1.0712 | 0.2 | 773.6195 | 774 | 7.4 |
| 73 | 1.1077 | 0.2 | 774.8699 | 775 | 7.4 |
| 74 | 1.1442 | 0.2 | 776.1202 | 776 | 7.4 |
| 75 | 1.1808 | 0.2 | 777.3740 | 777 | 7.4 |
| 76 | 1.2174 | 0.2 | 778.6278 | 779 | 7.4 |
| 77 | 1.2541 | 0.2 | 779.8849 | 780 | 7.5 |
| 78 | 1.2909 | 0.2 | 781.1456 | 781 | 7.5 |
| 79 | 1.3278 | 0.2 | 782.4096 | 782 | 7.5 |
| 80 | 1.3648 | 0.2 | 783.6771 | 784 | 7.5 |
| 81 | 1.4019 | 0.2 | 784.9480 | 785 | 7.5 |
| 82 | 1.4390 | 0.2 | 786.2189 | 786 | 7.5 |
| 83 | 1.4764 | 0.2 | 787.5001 | 788 | 7.5 |
| 84 | 1.5138 | 0.2 | 788.7812 | 789 | 7.6 |
| 85 | 1.5514 | 0.2 | 790.0693 | 790 | 7.6 |
| 86 | 1.5891 | 0.2 | 791.3607 | 791 | 7.6 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 87 | 1.6271 | 0.2 | 792.6624 | 793 | 7.6 |
| 88 | 1.6652 | 0.2 | 793.9676 | 794 | 7.7 |
| 89 | 1.7035 | 0.2 | 795.2796 | 795 | 7.7 |
| 90 | 1.7420 | 0.2 | 796.5985 | 797 | 7.7 |
| 91 | 1.7808 | 0.2 | 797.9276 | 798 | 7.8 |
| 92 | 1.8199 | 0.2 | 799.2670 | 799 | 7.8 |
| 93 | 1.8593 | 0.2 | 800.6167 | 801 | 7.9 |
| 94 | 1.8990 | 0.2 | 801.9766 | 802 | 7.9 |
| 95 | 1.9390 | 0.2 | 803.3469 | 803 | 7.9 |
| 96 | 1.9795 | 0.2 | 804.7343 | 805 | 8.0 |
| 97 | 2.0204 | 0.2 | 806.1353 | 806 | 8.1 |
| 98 | 2.0617 | 0.2 | 807.5501 | 808 | 8.1 |
| 99 | 2.1036 | 0.2 | 808.9854 | 809 | 8.2 |
| 100 | 2.1461 | 0.2 | 810.4413 | 810 | 8.3 |
| 101 | 2.1892 | 0.2 | 811.9177 | 812 | 8.3 |
| 102 | 2.2330 | 0.2 | 813.4181 | 813 | 8.4 |
| 103 | 2.2775 | 0.2 | 814.9425 | 815 | 8.5 |
| 104 | 2.3229 | 0.3 | 816.4978 | 816 | 8.6 |
| 105 | 2.3693 | 0.3 | 818.0872 | 818 | 8.7 |
| 106 | 2.4166 | 0.3 | 819.7075 | 820 | 8.8 |
| 107 | 2.4651 | 0.3 | 821.3690 | 821 | 9.0 |
| 108 | 2.5149 | 0.3 | 823.0749 | 823 | 9.1 |
| 109 | 2.5661 | 0.3 | 824.8288 | 825 | 9.2 |
| 110 | 2.6188 | 0.3 | 826.6341 | 827 | 9.4 |
| 111 | 2.6733 | 0.3 | 828.5011 | 829 | 9.6 |
| 112 | 2.7297 | 0.3 | 830.4331 | 830 | 9.8 |
| 113 | 2.7883 | 0.3 | 832.4405 | 832 | 10.0 |
| 114 | 2.8494 | 0.3 | 834.5335 | 835 | 10.2 |
| 115 | 2.9132 | 0.3 | 836.7191 | 837 | 10.5 |
| 116 | 2.9803 | 0.3 | 839.0177 | 839 | 10.8 |
| 117 | 3.0509 | 0.3 | 841.4361 | 841 | 11.1 |
| 118 | 3.1258 | 0.3 | 844.0019 | 844 | 11.5 |
| 119 | 3.2054 | 0.3 | 846.7287 | 847 | 11.9 |
| 120 | 3.2907 | 0.4 | 849.6507 | 850 | 11.9 |
| 121 | 3.3826 | 0.4 | 852.7988 | 850 | 11.9 |
| 122 | 3.4824 | 0.4 | 856.2176 | 850 | 11.9 |
| 123 | 3.5917 | 0.4 | 859.9618 | 850 | 11.9 |
| 124 | 3.7125 | 0.4 | 864.0999 | 850 | 11.9 |
| 125 | 3.8476 | 0.5 | 868.7279 | 850 | 11.9 |
| 126 | 4.0008 | 0.5 | 873.9759 | 850 | 11.9 |
| 127 | 4.1772 | 0.5 | 880.0187 | 850 | 11.9 |
| 128 | 4.3844 | 0.6 | 887.1165 | 850 | 11.9 |
| 129 | 4.6337 | 0.7 | 895.6565 | 850 | 11.9 |
| 130 | 4.9429 | 0.8 | 906.2485 | 850 | 11.9 |


| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 131 | 5.3421 | 0.9 | 919.9235 | 850 | 11.9 |
| 132 | 5.8878 | 1.1 | 938.6170 | 850 | 11.9 |
| 133 | 6.7060 | 1.4 | 966.6452 | 850 | 11.9 |
| 134 | 8.2067 | 2.2 | 1018.0532 | 850 | 11.9 |
| 135 | 10.000 | 3.5 | 1079.4845 | 850 | 11.9 |

Table A.12.34 Conversion Table for Performance Level Setting Form: ELA/L Grade 10

| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -6.0000 | 1.9 | 480.7338 | 650 | 15 |
| 1 | -5.4329 | 1.6 | 504.8104 | 650 | 15 |
| 2 | -4.3822 | 1.0 | 549.4185 | 650 | 15 |
| 3 | -3.8069 | 0.8 | 573.8432 | 650 | 15 |
| 4 | -3.4127 | 0.7 | 590.5792 | 650 | 15 |
| 5 | -3.1134 | 0.6 | 603.2861 | 650 | 15 |
| 6 | -2.8725 | 0.5 | 613.5137 | 650 | 15 |
| 7 | -2.6709 | 0.5 | 622.0727 | 650 | 15 |
| 8 | -2.4976 | 0.5 | 629.4303 | 650 | 15 |
| 9 | -2.3455 | 0.4 | 635.8878 | 650 | 15 |
| 10 | -2.2101 | 0.4 | 641.6363 | 650 | 15 |
| 11 | -2.0879 | 0.4 | 646.8244 | 650 | 15 |
| 12 | -1.9765 | 0.4 | 651.5539 | 652 | 15 |
| 13 | -1.8742 | 0.4 | 655.8971 | 656 | 15 |
| 14 | -1.7795 | 0.3 | 659.9177 | 660 | 14.4 |
| 15 | -1.6913 | 0.3 | 663.6622 | 664 | 13.9 |
| 16 | -1.6088 | 0.3 | 667.1648 | 667 | 13.5 |
| 17 | -1.5312 | 0.3 | 670.4594 | 670 | 13.0 |
| 18 | -1.4579 | 0.3 | 673.5714 | 674 | 12.7 |
| 19 | -1.3884 | 0.3 | 676.5220 | 677 | 12.3 |
| 20 | -1.3224 | 0.3 | 679.3241 | 679 | 12.0 |
| 21 | -1.2594 | 0.3 | 681.9988 | 682 | 11.7 |
| 22 | -1.1991 | 0.3 | 684.5589 | 685 | 11.5 |
| 23 | -1.1413 | 0.3 | 687.0128 | 687 | 11.2 |
| 24 | -1.0858 | 0.3 | 689.3691 | 689 | 11.0 |
| 25 | -1.0323 | 0.3 | 691.6405 | 692 | 10.8 |
| 26 | -0.9807 | 0.3 | 693.8312 | 694 | 10.6 |
| 27 | -0.9307 | 0.2 | 695.9540 | 696 | 10.5 |
| 28 | -0.8823 | 0.2 | 698.0088 | 698 | 10.3 |
| 29 | -0.8354 | 0.2 | 700.0000 | 700 | 10.1 |
| 30 | -0.7898 | 0.2 | 701.9360 | 702 | 10.0 |
| 31 | -0.7454 | 0.2 | 703.8210 | 704 | 9.9 |
| 32 | -0.7021 | 0.2 | 705.6593 | 706 | 9.7 |
| 33 | -0.6598 | 0.2 | 707.4552 | 707 | 9.6 |
| 34 | -0.6185 | 0.2 | 709.2086 | 709 | 9.5 |
| 35 | -0.5780 | 0.2 | 710.9281 | 711 | 9.4 |
| 36 | -0.5384 | 0.2 | 712.6093 | 713 | 9.3 |
| 37 | -0.4996 | 0.2 | 714.2566 | 714 | 9.3 |
| 38 | -0.4614 | 0.2 | 715.8784 | 716 | 9.2 |
| 39 | -0.4239 | 0.2 | 717.4705 | 717 | 9.1 |
| 40 | -0.3870 | 0.2 | 719.0371 | 719 | 9.0 |
| 41 | -0.3506 | 0.2 | 720.5825 | 721 | 9.0 |
| 42 | -0.3148 | 0.2 | 722.1024 | 722 | 8.9 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 43 | -0.2794 | 0.2 | 723.6053 | 724 | 8.9 |
| 44 | -0.2445 | 0.2 | 725.0870 | 725 | 8.8 |
| 45 | -0.2099 | 0.2 | 726.5560 | 727 | 8.8 |
| 46 | -0.1758 | 0.2 | 728.0037 | 728 | 8.7 |
| 47 | -0.1420 | 0.2 | 729.4387 | 729 | 8.7 |
| 48 | -0.1084 | 0.2 | 730.8652 | 731 | 8.7 |
| 49 | -0.0752 | 0.2 | 732.2747 | 732 | 8.6 |
| 50 | -0.0422 | 0.2 | 733.6758 | 734 | 8.6 |
| 51 | -0.0095 | 0.2 | 735.0641 | 735 | 8.6 |
| 52 | 0.0231 | 0.2 | 736.4481 | 736 | 8.6 |
| 53 | 0.0554 | 0.2 | 737.8194 | 738 | 8.6 |
| 54 | 0.0877 | 0.2 | 739.1908 | 739 | 8.6 |
| 55 | 0.1197 | 0.2 | 740.5493 | 741 | 8.5 |
| 56 | 0.1517 | 0.2 | 741.9079 | 742 | 8.5 |
| 57 | 0.1836 | 0.2 | 743.2622 | 743 | 8.5 |
| 58 | 0.2154 | 0.2 | 744.6123 | 745 | 8.5 |
| 59 | 0.2471 | 0.2 | 745.9582 | 746 | 8.5 |
| 60 | 0.2789 | 0.2 | 747.3083 | 747 | 8.5 |
| 61 | 0.3106 | 0.2 | 748.6541 | 749 | 8.6 |
| 62 | 0.3423 | 0.2 | 750.0000 | 750 | 8.6 |
| 63 | 0.3740 | 0.2 | 751.3458 | 751 | 8.6 |
| 64 | 0.4058 | 0.2 | 752.6959 | 753 | 8.6 |
| 65 | 0.4376 | 0.2 | 754.0460 | 754 | 8.6 |
| 66 | 0.4695 | 0.2 | 755.4003 | 755 | 8.6 |
| 67 | 0.5015 | 0.2 | 756.7589 | 757 | 8.6 |
| 68 | 0.5336 | 0.2 | 758.1217 | 758 | 8.7 |
| 69 | 0.5658 | 0.2 | 759.4888 | 759 | 8.7 |
| 70 | 0.5982 | 0.2 | 760.8643 | 761 | 8.7 |
| 71 | 0.6307 | 0.2 | 762.2441 | 762 | 8.8 |
| 72 | 0.6634 | 0.2 | 763.6324 | 764 | 8.8 |
| 73 | 0.6962 | 0.2 | 765.0250 | 765 | 8.8 |
| 74 | 0.7293 | 0.2 | 766.4303 | 766 | 8.9 |
| 75 | 0.7626 | 0.2 | 767.8440 | 768 | 8.9 |
| 76 | 0.7961 | 0.2 | 769.2663 | 769 | 8.9 |
| 77 | 0.8298 | 0.2 | 770.6971 | 771 | 9.0 |
| 78 | 0.8638 | 0.2 | 772.1405 | 772 | 9.0 |
| 79 | 0.8981 | 0.2 | 773.5968 | 774 | 9.1 |
| 80 | 0.9327 | 0.2 | 775.0657 | 775 | 9.1 |
| 81 | 0.9676 | 0.2 | 776.5474 | 777 | 9.2 |
| 82 | 1.0028 | 0.2 | 778.0419 | 778 | 9.2 |
| 83 | 1.0383 | 0.2 | 779.5490 | 780 | 9.3 |
| 84 | 1.0742 | 0.2 | 781.0732 | 781 | 9.3 |
| 85 | 1.1104 | 0.2 | 782.6101 | 783 | 9.4 |
| 86 | 1.1470 | 0.2 | 784.1640 | 784 | 9.4 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 87 | 1.1840 | 0.2 | 785.7348 | 786 | 9.5 |
| 88 | 1.2215 | 0.2 | 787.3269 | 787 | 9.6 |
| 89 | 1.2593 | 0.2 | 788.9317 | 789 | 9.6 |
| 90 | 1.2977 | 0.2 | 790.5620 | 791 | 9.7 |
| 91 | 1.3365 | 0.2 | 792.2093 | 792 | 9.8 |
| 92 | 1.3758 | 0.2 | 793.8778 | 794 | 9.8 |
| 93 | 1.4156 | 0.2 | 795.5675 | 796 | 9.9 |
| 94 | 1.4560 | 0.2 | 797.2828 | 797 | 10.0 |
| 95 | 1.4969 | 0.2 | 799.0192 | 799 | 10.1 |
| 96 | 1.5385 | 0.2 | 800.7853 | 801 | 10.2 |
| 97 | 1.5807 | 0.2 | 802.5770 | 803 | 10.2 |
| 98 | 1.6235 | 0.2 | 804.3941 | 804 | 10.3 |
| 99 | 1.6671 | 0.2 | 806.2451 | 806 | 10.4 |
| 100 | 1.7115 | 0.2 | 808.1302 | 808 | 10.5 |
| 101 | 1.7566 | 0.3 | 810.0449 | 810 | 10.7 |
| 102 | 1.8027 | 0.3 | 812.0021 | 812 | 10.8 |
| 103 | 1.8496 | 0.3 | 813.9933 | 814 | 10.9 |
| 104 | 1.8976 | 0.3 | 816.0311 | 816 | 11.0 |
| 105 | 1.9466 | 0.3 | 818.1115 | 818 | 11.2 |
| 106 | 1.9968 | 0.3 | 820.2427 | 820 | 11.3 |
| 107 | 2.0482 | 0.3 | 822.4250 | 822 | 11.5 |
| 108 | 2.1010 | 0.3 | 824.6666 | 825 | 11.6 |
| 109 | 2.1553 | 0.3 | 826.9720 | 827 | 11.8 |
| 110 | 2.2112 | 0.3 | 829.3452 | 829 | 12.0 |
| 111 | 2.2688 | 0.3 | 831.7907 | 832 | 12.2 |
| 112 | 2.3285 | 0.3 | 834.3253 | 834 | 12.5 |
| 113 | 2.3902 | 0.3 | 836.9448 | 837 | 12.7 |
| 114 | 2.4544 | 0.3 | 839.6704 | 840 | 13.0 |
| 115 | 2.5212 | 0.3 | 842.5065 | 843 | 13.3 |
| 116 | 2.5909 | 0.3 | 845.4656 | 845 | 13.6 |
| 117 | 2.6640 | 0.3 | 848.5691 | 849 | 13.9 |
| 118 | 2.7408 | 0.3 | 851.8297 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 119 | 2.8218 | 0.3 | 855.2686 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 120 | 2.9077 | 0.4 | 858.9155 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 121 | 2.9991 | 0.4 | 862.7960 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 122 | 3.0969 | 0.4 | 866.9481 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 123 | 3.2021 | 0.4 | 871.4145 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 124 | 3.3161 | 0.4 | 876.2544 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 125 | 3.4403 | 0.4 | 881.5274 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 126 | 3.5769 | 0.5 | 887.3268 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 127 | 3.7286 | 0.5 | 893.7674 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 128 | 3.8988 | 0.5 | 900.9933 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 129 | 4.0924 | 0.6 | 909.2127 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 130 | 4.3161 | 0.6 | 918.7100 | 850 | 13.9 |


| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 131 | 4.5800 | 0.7 | 929.9140 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 132 | 4.9000 | 0.8 | 943.4998 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 133 | 5.3031 | 0.9 | 960.6137 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 134 | 5.8413 | 1.0 | 983.4633 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 135 | 6.6365 | 1.3 | 1017.2240 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 136 | 8.1029 | 2.1 | 1079.4809 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 137 | 10.000 | 3.6 | 1160.0234 | 850 | 13.9 |

Table A.12.35 Conversion Table for Performance Level Setting Form: ELA/L Grade 11

| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -6.0000 | 2.4 | 520.0799 | 650 | 15 |
| 1 | -4.8745 | 1.5 | 561.3130 | 650 | 15 |
| 2 | -3.8597 | 1.0 | 598.4906 | 650 | 15 |
| 3 | -3.3200 | 0.7 | 618.2628 | 650 | 15 |
| 4 | -2.9561 | 0.6 | 631.5944 | 650 | 15 |
| 5 | -2.6823 | 0.5 | 641.6252 | 650 | 15 |
| 6 | -2.4628 | 0.5 | 649.6666 | 650 | 15 |
| 7 | -2.2792 | 0.4 | 656.3929 | 656 | 15 |
| 8 | -2.1212 | 0.4 | 662.1813 | 662 | 15 |
| 9 | -1.9823 | 0.4 | 667.2699 | 667 | 14.2 |
| 10 | -1.8580 | 0.4 | 671.8237 | 672 | 13.5 |
| 11 | -1.7454 | 0.4 | 675.9489 | 676 | 12.9 |
| 12 | -1.6424 | 0.3 | 679.7223 | 680 | 12.4 |
| 13 | -1.5472 | 0.3 | 683.2100 | 683 | 11.9 |
| 14 | -1.4588 | 0.3 | 686.4486 | 686 | 11.5 |
| 15 | -1.3761 | 0.3 | 689.4783 | 689 | 11.2 |
| 16 | -1.2983 | 0.3 | 692.3286 | 692 | 10.9 |
| 17 | -1.2248 | 0.3 | 695.0213 | 695 | 10.6 |
| 18 | -1.1552 | 0.3 | 697.5711 | 698 | 10.3 |
| 19 | -1.0889 | 0.3 | 700.0000 | 700 | 10.1 |
| 20 | -1.0257 | 0.3 | 702.3154 | 702 | 9.9 |
| 21 | -0.9652 | 0.3 | 704.5318 | 705 | 9.7 |
| 22 | -0.9071 | 0.3 | 706.6603 | 707 | 9.5 |
| 23 | -0.8512 | 0.3 | 708.7082 | 709 | 9.3 |
| 24 | -0.7974 | 0.3 | 710.6792 | 711 | 9.2 |
| 25 | -0.7454 | 0.2 | 712.5843 | 713 | 9.1 |
| 26 | -0.6951 | 0.2 | 714.4270 | 714 | 8.9 |
| 27 | -0.6463 | 0.2 | 716.2148 | 716 | 8.8 |
| 28 | -0.5989 | 0.2 | 717.9514 | 718 | 8.7 |
| 29 | -0.5528 | 0.2 | 719.6403 | 720 | 8.6 |
| 30 | -0.5080 | 0.2 | 721.2815 | 721 | 8.5 |
| 31 | -0.4642 | 0.2 | 722.8861 | 723 | 8.4 |
| 32 | -0.4214 | 0.2 | 724.4541 | 724 | 8.3 |
| 33 | -0.3795 | 0.2 | 725.9892 | 726 | 8.2 |
| 34 | -0.3385 | 0.2 | 727.4912 | 727 | 8.1 |
| 35 | -0.2983 | 0.2 | 728.9640 | 729 | 8.1 |
| 36 | -0.2588 | 0.2 | 730.4111 | 730 | 8.0 |
| 37 | -0.2201 | 0.2 | 731.8288 | 732 | 8.0 |
| 38 | -0.1819 | 0.2 | 733.2283 | 733 | 7.9 |
| 39 | -0.1443 | 0.2 | 734.6058 | 735 | 7.9 |
| 40 | -0.1072 | 0.2 | 735.9650 | 736 | 7.8 |
| 41 | -0.0706 | 0.2 | 737.3058 | 737 | 7.8 |
| 42 | -0.0345 | 0.2 | 738.6284 | 739 | 7.7 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 43 | 0.0012 | 0.2 | 739.9363 | 740 | 7.7 |
| 44 | 0.0365 | 0.2 | 741.2295 | 741 | 7.7 |
| 45 | 0.0715 | 0.2 | 742.5117 | 743 | 7.6 |
| 46 | 0.1062 | 0.2 | 743.7830 | 744 | 7.6 |
| 47 | 0.1406 | 0.2 | 745.0432 | 745 | 7.6 |
| 48 | 0.1747 | 0.2 | 746.2925 | 746 | 7.6 |
| 49 | 0.2087 | 0.2 | 747.5381 | 748 | 7.5 |
| 50 | 0.2424 | 0.2 | 748.7727 | 749 | 7.5 |
| 51 | 0.2759 | 0.2 | 750.0000 | 750 | 7.5 |
| 52 | 0.3092 | 0.2 | 751.2200 | 751 | 7.5 |
| 53 | 0.3424 | 0.2 | 752.4363 | 752 | 7.5 |
| 54 | 0.3755 | 0.2 | 753.6489 | 754 | 7.5 |
| 55 | 0.4085 | 0.2 | 754.8579 | 755 | 7.5 |
| 56 | 0.4414 | 0.2 | 756.0632 | 756 | 7.5 |
| 57 | 0.4742 | 0.2 | 757.2648 | 757 | 7.5 |
| 58 | 0.5070 | 0.2 | 758.4664 | 758 | 7.5 |
| 59 | 0.5397 | 0.2 | 759.6644 | 760 | 7.5 |
| 60 | 0.5724 | 0.2 | 760.8624 | 761 | 7.5 |
| 61 | 0.6051 | 0.2 | 762.0604 | 762 | 7.5 |
| 62 | 0.6378 | 0.2 | 763.2584 | 763 | 7.5 |
| 63 | 0.6705 | 0.2 | 764.4563 | 764 | 7.5 |
| 64 | 0.7032 | 0.2 | 765.6543 | 766 | 7.5 |
| 65 | 0.7360 | 0.2 | 766.8560 | 767 | 7.5 |
| 66 | 0.7688 | 0.2 | 768.0576 | 768 | 7.5 |
| 67 | 0.8017 | 0.2 | 769.2629 | 769 | 7.5 |
| 68 | 0.8346 | 0.2 | 770.4682 | 770 | 7.5 |
| 69 | 0.8676 | 0.2 | 771.6772 | 772 | 7.5 |
| 70 | 0.9007 | 0.2 | 772.8898 | 773 | 7.5 |
| 71 | 0.9338 | 0.2 | 774.1024 | 774 | 7.6 |
| 72 | 0.9671 | 0.2 | 775.3224 | 775 | 7.6 |
| 73 | 1.0004 | 0.2 | 776.5424 | 777 | 7.6 |
| 74 | 1.0339 | 0.2 | 777.7696 | 778 | 7.6 |
| 75 | 1.0675 | 0.2 | 779.0006 | 779 | 7.6 |
| 76 | 1.1012 | 0.2 | 780.2352 | 780 | 7.6 |
| 77 | 1.1350 | 0.2 | 781.4735 | 781 | 7.6 |
| 78 | 1.1690 | 0.2 | 782.7191 | 783 | 7.7 |
| 79 | 1.2031 | 0.2 | 783.9683 | 784 | 7.7 |
| 80 | 1.2374 | 0.2 | 785.2249 | 785 | 7.7 |
| 81 | 1.2718 | 0.2 | 786.4852 | 786 | 7.7 |
| 82 | 1.3064 | 0.2 | 787.7528 | 788 | 7.7 |
| 83 | 1.3411 | 0.2 | 789.0240 | 789 | 7.8 |
| 84 | 1.3761 | 0.2 | 790.3063 | 790 | 7.8 |
| 85 | 1.4112 | 0.2 | 791.5922 | 792 | 7.8 |
| 86 | 1.4465 | 0.2 | 792.8854 | 793 | 7.8 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 87 | 1.4821 | 0.2 | 794.1896 | 794 | 7.9 |
| 88 | 1.5179 | 0.2 | 795.5012 | 796 | 7.9 |
| 89 | 1.5539 | 0.2 | 796.8200 | 797 | 7.9 |
| 90 | 1.5902 | 0.2 | 798.1499 | 798 | 7.9 |
| 91 | 1.6268 | 0.2 | 799.4908 | 799 | 8.0 |
| 92 | 1.6637 | 0.2 | 800.8426 | 801 | 8.0 |
| 93 | 1.7009 | 0.2 | 802.2055 | 802 | 8.0 |
| 94 | 1.7385 | 0.2 | 803.5829 | 804 | 8.1 |
| 95 | 1.7765 | 0.2 | 804.9751 | 805 | 8.1 |
| 96 | 1.8149 | 0.2 | 806.3819 | 806 | 8.2 |
| 97 | 1.8537 | 0.2 | 807.8033 | 808 | 8.2 |
| 98 | 1.8931 | 0.2 | 809.2468 | 809 | 8.3 |
| 99 | 1.9329 | 0.2 | 810.7049 | 811 | 8.3 |
| 100 | 1.9733 | 0.2 | 812.1849 | 812 | 8.4 |
| 101 | 2.0144 | 0.2 | 813.6906 | 814 | 8.5 |
| 102 | 2.0561 | 0.2 | 815.2183 | 815 | 8.5 |
| 103 | 2.0986 | 0.2 | 816.7754 | 817 | 8.6 |
| 104 | 2.1419 | 0.2 | 818.3617 | 818 | 8.7 |
| 105 | 2.1860 | 0.2 | 819.9773 | 820 | 8.8 |
| 106 | 2.2311 | 0.2 | 821.6295 | 822 | 8.9 |
| 107 | 2.2773 | 0.2 | 823.3221 | 823 | 9.0 |
| 108 | 2.3246 | 0.2 | 825.0550 | 825 | 9.1 |
| 109 | 2.3732 | 0.3 | 826.8354 | 827 | 9.3 |
| 110 | 2.4232 | 0.3 | 828.6672 | 829 | 9.4 |
| 111 | 2.4747 | 0.3 | 830.5539 | 831 | 9.5 |
| 112 | 2.5279 | 0.3 | 832.5029 | 833 | 9.7 |
| 113 | 2.5830 | 0.3 | 834.5215 | 835 | 9.9 |
| 114 | 2.6401 | 0.3 | 836.6134 | 837 | 10.1 |
| 115 | 2.6995 | 0.3 | 838.7896 | 839 | 10.3 |
| 116 | 2.7615 | 0.3 | 841.0610 | 841 | 10.5 |
| 117 | 2.8263 | 0.3 | 843.4349 | 843 | 10.8 |
| 118 | 2.8944 | 0.3 | 845.9298 | 846 | 11.1 |
| 119 | 2.9660 | 0.3 | 848.5529 | 849 | 11.4 |
| 120 | 3.0417 | 0.3 | 851.3262 | 850 | 11.4 |
| 121 | 3.1221 | 0.3 | 854.2717 | 850 | 11.4 |
| 122 | 3.2078 | 0.3 | 857.4113 | 850 | 11.4 |
| 123 | 3.2996 | 0.4 | 860.7745 | 850 | 11.4 |
| 124 | 3.3985 | 0.4 | 864.3977 | 850 | 11.4 |
| 125 | 3.5058 | 0.4 | 868.3287 | 850 | 11.4 |
| 126 | 3.6231 | 0.4 | 872.6260 | 850 | 11.4 |
| 127 | 3.7523 | 0.4 | 877.3593 | 850 | 11.4 |
| 128 | 3.8961 | 0.5 | 882.6275 | 850 | 11.4 |
| 129 | 4.0583 | 0.5 | 888.5697 | 850 | 11.4 |
| 130 | 4.2439 | 0.5 | 895.3693 | 850 | 11.4 |


| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 131 | 4.4606 | 0.6 | 903.3082 | 850 | 11.4 |
| 132 | 4.7207 | 0.6 | 912.8370 | 850 | 11.4 |
| 133 | 5.0448 | 0.7 | 924.7106 | 850 | 11.4 |
| 134 | 5.4736 | 0.9 | 940.4198 | 850 | 11.4 |
| 135 | 6.1022 | 1.1 | 963.4488 | 850 | 11.4 |
| 136 | 7.2558 | 1.7 | 1005.7114 | 850 | 11.4 |
| 137 | 10.000 | 4.3 | 1106.2463 | 850 | 11.4 |

Table A.12.36 Conversion Table for Performance Level Setting Form: Mathematics Grade 3

| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -10.000 | 14.8 | 421.0105 | 650 | 13.4 |
| 1 | -4.3334 | 0.9 | 601.4872 | 650 | 13.4 |
| 2 | -3.6635 | 0.6 | 622.8230 | 650 | 13.4 |
| 3 | -3.2563 | 0.5 | 635.7920 | 650 | 13.4 |
| 4 | -2.9514 | 0.5 | 645.5028 | 650 | 13.4 |
| 5 | -2.7023 | 0.4 | 653.4364 | 653 | 13.4 |
| 6 | -2.4888 | 0.4 | 660.2362 | 660 | 12.4 |
| 7 | -2.3007 | 0.4 | 666.2270 | 666 | 11.7 |
| 8 | -2.1316 | 0.3 | 671.6127 | 672 | 11.0 |
| 9 | -1.9774 | 0.3 | 676.5239 | 677 | 10.5 |
| 10 | -1.8353 | 0.3 | 681.0497 | 681 | 10.0 |
| 11 | -1.7028 | 0.3 | 685.2697 | 685 | 9.7 |
| 12 | -1.5784 | 0.3 | 689.2317 | 689 | 9.3 |
| 13 | -1.4606 | 0.3 | 692.9836 | 693 | 9.1 |
| 14 | -1.3482 | 0.3 | 696.5634 | 697 | 8.8 |
| 15 | -1.2403 | 0.3 | 699.9999 | 700 | 8.6 |
| 16 | -1.1362 | 0.3 | 703.3154 | 703 | 8.5 |
| 17 | -1.0351 | 0.3 | 706.5354 | 707 | 8.4 |
| 18 | -0.9365 | 0.3 | 709.6757 | 710 | 8.3 |
| 19 | -0.8401 | 0.3 | 712.7460 | 713 | 8.2 |
| 20 | -0.7456 | 0.3 | 715.7557 | 716 | 8.1 |
| 21 | -0.6527 | 0.3 | 718.7145 | 719 | 8.1 |
| 22 | -0.5613 | 0.3 | 721.6255 | 722 | 8.0 |
| 23 | -0.4714 | 0.2 | 724.4888 | 724 | 8.0 |
| 24 | -0.3830 | 0.2 | 727.3043 | 727 | 7.9 |
| 25 | -0.2962 | 0.2 | 730.0688 | 730 | 7.9 |
| 26 | -0.2109 | 0.2 | 732.7855 | 733 | 7.8 |
| 27 | -0.1275 | 0.2 | 735.4417 | 735 | 7.7 |
| 28 | -0.0460 | 0.2 | 738.0374 | 738 | 7.6 |
| 29 | 0.0335 | 0.2 | 740.5694 | 741 | 7.6 |
| 30 | 0.1108 | 0.2 | 743.0314 | 743 | 7.5 |
| 31 | 0.1860 | 0.2 | 745.4265 | 745 | 7.4 |
| 32 | 0.2589 | 0.2 | 747.7483 | 748 | 7.3 |
| 33 | 0.3296 | 0.2 | 750.0000 | 750 | 7.2 |
| 34 | 0.3982 | 0.2 | 752.1849 | 752 | 7.1 |
| 35 | 0.4646 | 0.2 | 754.2996 | 754 | 7.0 |
| 36 | 0.5291 | 0.2 | 756.3539 | 756 | 6.9 |
| 37 | 0.5917 | 0.2 | 758.3477 | 758 | 6.8 |
| 38 | 0.6525 | 0.2 | 760.2841 | 760 | 6.7 |
| 39 | 0.7117 | 0.2 | 762.1696 | 762 | 6.6 |
| 40 | 0.7694 | 0.2 | 764.0073 | 764 | 6.5 |
| 41 | 0.8256 | 0.2 | 765.7972 | 766 | 6.4 |
| 42 | 0.8806 | 0.2 | 767.5489 | 768 | 6.4 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 43 | 0.9345 | 0.2 | 769.2656 | 769 | 6.3 |
| 44 | 0.9873 | 0.2 | 770.9472 | 771 | 6.3 |
| 45 | 1.0393 | 0.2 | 772.6034 | 773 | 6.2 |
| 46 | 1.0904 | 0.2 | 774.2309 | 774 | 6.2 |
| 47 | 1.1410 | 0.2 | 775.8424 | 776 | 6.2 |
| 48 | 1.1910 | 0.2 | 777.4349 | 777 | 6.1 |
| 49 | 1.2406 | 0.2 | 779.0146 | 779 | 6.1 |
| 50 | 1.2899 | 0.2 | 780.5848 | 781 | 6.1 |
| 51 | 1.3392 | 0.2 | 782.1549 | 782 | 6.1 |
| 52 | 1.3886 | 0.2 | 783.7283 | 784 | 6.1 |
| 53 | 1.4382 | 0.2 | 785.3080 | 785 | 6.2 |
| 54 | 1.4882 | 0.2 | 786.9005 | 787 | 6.2 |
| 55 | 1.5388 | 0.2 | 788.5120 | 789 | 6.3 |
| 56 | 1.5902 | 0.2 | 790.1491 | 790 | 6.3 |
| 57 | 1.6427 | 0.2 | 791.8212 | 792 | 6.4 |
| 58 | 1.6965 | 0.2 | 793.5347 | 794 | 6.5 |
| 59 | 1.7519 | 0.2 | 795.2991 | 795 | 6.6 |
| 60 | 1.8092 | 0.2 | 797.1241 | 797 | 6.7 |
| 61 | 1.8687 | 0.2 | 799.0191 | 799 | 6.9 |
| 62 | 1.9308 | 0.2 | 800.9969 | 801 | 7.1 |
| 63 | 1.9960 | 0.2 | 803.0735 | 803 | 7.3 |
| 64 | 2.0648 | 0.2 | 805.2647 | 805 | 7.5 |
| 65 | 2.1377 | 0.2 | 807.5865 | 808 | 7.7 |
| 66 | 2.2154 | 0.3 | 810.0612 | 810 | 8.0 |
| 67 | 2.2987 | 0.3 | 812.7143 | 813 | 8.3 |
| 68 | 2.3885 | 0.3 | 815.5743 | 816 | 8.7 |
| 69 | 2.4860 | 0.3 | 818.6796 | 819 | 9.1 |
| 70 | 2.5925 | 0.3 | 822.0716 | 822 | 9.6 |
| 71 | 2.7098 | 0.3 | 825.8075 | 826 | 10.1 |
| 72 | 2.8403 | 0.3 | 829.9638 | 830 | 10.8 |
| 73 | 2.9874 | 0.4 | 834.6488 | 835 | 11.6 |
| 74 | 3.1559 | 0.4 | 840.0154 | 840 | 12.6 |
| 75 | 3.3529 | 0.4 | 846.2897 | 846 | 13.9 |
| 76 | 3.5902 | 0.5 | 853.8475 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 77 | 3.8879 | 0.6 | 863.3290 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 78 | 4.2830 | 0.7 | 875.9126 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 79 | 4.8491 | 0.9 | 893.9425 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 80 | 5.7384 | 1.3 | 922.2659 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 81 | 7.3154 | 1.9 | 972.4921 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 82 | 15.000 | 12.8 | 1217.2405 | 850 | 13.9 |

Table A.12.37 Conversion Table for Performance Level Setting Form: Mathematics Grade 4

| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -10.000 | 17.1 | 442.1466 | 650 | 12.8 |
| 1 | -4.0819 | 0.9 | 617.0726 | 650 | 12.8 |
| 2 | -3.3997 | 0.6 | 637.2369 | 650 | 12.8 |
| 3 | -3.0042 | 0.5 | 648.9271 | 650 | 12.8 |
| 4 | -2.7224 | 0.4 | 657.2564 | 657 | 12.8 |
| 5 | -2.5016 | 0.4 | 663.7828 | 664 | 11.4 |
| 6 | -2.3182 | 0.4 | 669.2037 | 669 | 10.4 |
| 7 | -2.1599 | 0.3 | 673.8827 | 674 | 9.7 |
| 8 | -2.0194 | 0.3 | 678.0356 | 678 | 9.1 |
| 9 | -1.8920 | 0.3 | 681.8012 | 682 | 8.7 |
| 10 | -1.7746 | 0.3 | 685.2713 | 685 | 8.4 |
| 11 | -1.6649 | 0.3 | 688.5138 | 689 | 8.1 |
| 12 | -1.5613 | 0.3 | 691.5760 | 692 | 7.9 |
| 13 | -1.4626 | 0.3 | 694.4934 | 694 | 7.7 |
| 14 | -1.3678 | 0.3 | 697.2954 | 697 | 7.6 |
| 15 | -1.2763 | 0.3 | 700.0000 | 700 | 7.5 |
| 16 | -1.1874 | 0.3 | 702.6277 | 703 | 7.4 |
| 17 | -1.1007 | 0.2 | 705.1903 | 705 | 7.3 |
| 18 | -1.0158 | 0.2 | 707.6998 | 708 | 7.3 |
| 19 | -0.9323 | 0.2 | 710.1679 | 710 | 7.2 |
| 20 | -0.8501 | 0.2 | 712.5975 | 713 | 7.2 |
| 21 | -0.7688 | 0.2 | 715.0006 | 715 | 7.2 |
| 22 | -0.6885 | 0.2 | 717.3741 | 717 | 7.2 |
| 23 | -0.6089 | 0.2 | 719.7269 | 720 | 7.2 |
| 24 | -0.5301 | 0.2 | 722.0560 | 722 | 7.2 |
| 25 | -0.4519 | 0.2 | 724.3674 | 724 | 7.2 |
| 26 | -0.3745 | 0.2 | 726.6552 | 727 | 7.2 |
| 27 | -0.2979 | 0.2 | 728.9193 | 729 | 7.1 |
| 28 | -0.2221 | 0.2 | 731.1598 | 731 | 7.1 |
| 29 | -0.1471 | 0.2 | 733.3766 | 733 | 7.1 |
| 30 | -0.0731 | 0.2 | 735.5639 | 736 | 7.1 |
| 31 | 0.0000 | 0.2 | 737.7246 | 738 | 7.1 |
| 32 | 0.0720 | 0.2 | 739.8528 | 740 | 7.0 |
| 33 | 0.1429 | 0.2 | 741.9484 | 742 | 7.0 |
| 34 | 0.2127 | 0.2 | 744.0115 | 744 | 6.9 |
| 35 | 0.2813 | 0.2 | 746.0392 | 746 | 6.9 |
| 36 | 0.3489 | 0.2 | 748.0373 | 748 | 6.8 |
| 37 | 0.4153 | 0.2 | 750.0000 | 750 | 6.8 |
| 38 | 0.4806 | 0.2 | 751.9301 | 752 | 6.7 |
| 39 | 0.5448 | 0.2 | 753.8277 | 754 | 6.7 |
| 40 | 0.6080 | 0.2 | 755.6957 | 756 | 6.7 |
| 41 | 0.6703 | 0.2 | 757.5372 | 758 | 6.6 |
| 42 | 0.7316 | 0.2 | 759.3491 | 759 | 6.6 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 43 | 0.7920 | 0.2 | 761.1344 | 761 | 6.5 |
| 44 | 0.8517 | 0.2 | 762.8990 | 763 | 6.5 |
| 45 | 0.9107 | 0.2 | 764.6429 | 765 | 6.5 |
| 46 | 0.9690 | 0.2 | 766.3661 | 766 | 6.4 |
| 47 | 1.0269 | 0.2 | 768.0775 | 768 | 6.4 |
| 48 | 1.0843 | 0.2 | 769.7741 | 770 | 6.4 |
| 49 | 1.1414 | 0.2 | 771.4619 | 771 | 6.4 |
| 50 | 1.1982 | 0.2 | 773.1408 | 773 | 6.4 |
| 51 | 1.2550 | 0.2 | 774.8196 | 775 | 6.4 |
| 52 | 1.3117 | 0.2 | 776.4956 | 776 | 6.4 |
| 53 | 1.3686 | 0.2 | 778.1774 | 778 | 6.4 |
| 54 | 1.4257 | 0.2 | 779.8652 | 780 | 6.4 |
| 55 | 1.4833 | 0.2 | 781.5677 | 782 | 6.4 |
| 56 | 1.5413 | 0.2 | 783.2820 | 783 | 6.5 |
| 57 | 1.6002 | 0.2 | 785.0230 | 785 | 6.5 |
| 58 | 1.6598 | 0.2 | 786.7846 | 787 | 6.6 |
| 59 | 1.7206 | 0.2 | 788.5818 | 789 | 6.6 |
| 60 | 1.7827 | 0.2 | 790.4173 | 790 | 6.7 |
| 61 | 1.8463 | 0.2 | 792.2972 | 792 | 6.8 |
| 62 | 1.9116 | 0.2 | 794.2273 | 794 | 6.9 |
| 63 | 1.9791 | 0.2 | 796.2224 | 796 | 7.0 |
| 64 | 2.0490 | 0.2 | 798.2885 | 798 | 7.1 |
| 65 | 2.1217 | 0.2 | 800.4374 | 800 | 7.3 |
| 66 | 2.1976 | 0.3 | 802.6808 | 803 | 7.5 |
| 67 | 2.2773 | 0.3 | 805.0366 | 805 | 7.7 |
| 68 | 2.3613 | 0.3 | 807.5194 | 808 | 7.9 |
| 69 | 2.4504 | 0.3 | 810.1530 | 810 | 8.2 |
| 70 | 2.5452 | 0.3 | 812.9551 | 813 | 8.5 |
| 71 | 2.6466 | 0.3 | 815.9523 | 816 | 8.9 |
| 72 | 2.7556 | 0.3 | 819.1741 | 819 | 9.3 |
| 73 | 2.8733 | 0.3 | 822.6530 | 823 | 9.7 |
| 74 | 3.0011 | 0.3 | 826.4305 | 826 | 10.2 |
| 75 | 3.1411 | 0.4 | 830.5686 | 831 | 10.8 |
| 76 | 3.2964 | 0.4 | 835.1589 | 835 | 11.6 |
| 77 | 3.4724 | 0.4 | 840.3611 | 840 | 12.5 |
| 78 | 3.6792 | 0.5 | 846.4737 | 846 | 13.9 |
| 79 | 3.9381 | 0.5 | 854.1262 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 80 | 4.3004 | 0.7 | 864.8350 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 81 | 4.9439 | 1.0 | 883.8554 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 82 | 15.000 | 93.2 | 1181.0916 | 850 | 13.9 |

Table A.12.38 Conversion Table for Performance Level Setting Form: Mathematics Grade 5

| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -10.000 | 9.6 | 447.0871 | 650 | 16.5 |
| 1 | -4.6046 | 1.3 | 603.4485 | 650 | 16.5 |
| 2 | -3.6649 | 0.8 | 630.6815 | 650 | 16.5 |
| 3 | -3.1278 | 0.7 | 646.2469 | 650 | 16.5 |
| 4 | -2.7508 | 0.6 | 657.1725 | 657 | 16.5 |
| 5 | -2.4589 | 0.5 | 665.6319 | 666 | 14.6 |
| 6 | -2.2194 | 0.5 | 672.5728 | 673 | 13.2 |
| 7 | -2.0152 | 0.4 | 678.4906 | 678 | 12.2 |
| 8 | -1.8361 | 0.4 | 683.6810 | 684 | 11.4 |
| 9 | -1.6760 | 0.4 | 688.3208 | 688 | 10.8 |
| 10 | -1.5306 | 0.4 | 692.5345 | 693 | 10.3 |
| 11 | -1.3970 | 0.3 | 696.4063 | 696 | 9.8 |
| 12 | -1.2730 | 0.3 | 699.9999 | 700 | 9.4 |
| 13 | -1.1571 | 0.3 | 703.3588 | 703 | 9.1 |
| 14 | -1.0481 | 0.3 | 706.5176 | 707 | 8.8 |
| 15 | -0.9450 | 0.3 | 709.5055 | 710 | 8.5 |
| 16 | -0.8471 | 0.3 | 712.3427 | 712 | 8.3 |
| 17 | -0.7538 | 0.3 | 715.0466 | 715 | 8.1 |
| 18 | -0.6646 | 0.3 | 717.6317 | 718 | 7.9 |
| 19 | -0.5789 | 0.3 | 720.1153 | 720 | 7.7 |
| 20 | -0.4965 | 0.3 | 722.5033 | 723 | 7.6 |
| 21 | -0.4170 | 0.3 | 724.8072 | 725 | 7.4 |
| 22 | -0.3401 | 0.3 | 727.0358 | 727 | 7.3 |
| 23 | -0.2655 | 0.2 | 729.1978 | 729 | 7.2 |
| 24 | -0.1931 | 0.2 | 731.2960 | 731 | 7.1 |
| 25 | -0.1225 | 0.2 | 733.3420 | 733 | 7.0 |
| 26 | -0.0537 | 0.2 | 735.3358 | 735 | 6.9 |
| 27 | 0.0136 | 0.2 | 737.2862 | 737 | 6.8 |
| 28 | 0.0795 | 0.2 | 739.1960 | 739 | 6.7 |
| 29 | 0.1442 | 0.2 | 741.0711 | 741 | 6.7 |
| 30 | 0.2077 | 0.2 | 742.9113 | 743 | 6.6 |
| 31 | 0.2702 | 0.2 | 744.7226 | 745 | 6.6 |
| 32 | 0.3317 | 0.2 | 746.5049 | 747 | 6.5 |
| 33 | 0.3924 | 0.2 | 748.2640 | 748 | 6.5 |
| 34 | 0.4523 | 0.2 | 750.0000 | 750 | 6.4 |
| 35 | 0.5116 | 0.2 | 751.7185 | 752 | 6.4 |
| 36 | 0.5703 | 0.2 | 753.4197 | 753 | 6.4 |
| 37 | 0.6284 | 0.2 | 755.1034 | 755 | 6.4 |
| 38 | 0.6861 | 0.2 | 756.7756 | 757 | 6.3 |
| 39 | 0.7433 | 0.2 | 758.4333 | 758 | 6.3 |
| 40 | 0.8002 | 0.2 | 760.0823 | 760 | 6.3 |
| 41 | 0.8568 | 0.2 | 761.7226 | 762 | 6.3 |
| 42 | 0.9131 | 0.2 | 763.3542 | 763 | 6.2 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 43 | 0.9693 | 0.2 | 764.9829 | 765 | 6.2 |
| 44 | 1.0253 | 0.2 | 766.6058 | 767 | 6.2 |
| 45 | 1.0812 | 0.2 | 768.2258 | 768 | 6.2 |
| 46 | 1.1370 | 0.2 | 769.8429 | 770 | 6.2 |
| 47 | 1.1928 | 0.2 | 771.4600 | 771 | 6.2 |
| 48 | 1.2487 | 0.2 | 773.0801 | 773 | 6.2 |
| 49 | 1.3046 | 0.2 | 774.7001 | 775 | 6.2 |
| 50 | 1.3606 | 0.2 | 776.3230 | 776 | 6.2 |
| 51 | 1.4168 | 0.2 | 777.9517 | 778 | 6.2 |
| 52 | 1.4731 | 0.2 | 779.5833 | 780 | 6.2 |
| 53 | 1.5295 | 0.2 | 781.2178 | 781 | 6.2 |
| 54 | 1.5862 | 0.2 | 782.8610 | 783 | 6.2 |
| 55 | 1.6431 | 0.2 | 784.5100 | 785 | 6.2 |
| 56 | 1.7003 | 0.2 | 786.1676 | 786 | 6.2 |
| 57 | 1.7577 | 0.2 | 787.8311 | 788 | 6.2 |
| 58 | 1.8156 | 0.2 | 789.5091 | 790 | 6.2 |
| 59 | 1.8739 | 0.2 | 791.1987 | 791 | 6.2 |
| 60 | 1.9328 | 0.2 | 792.9056 | 793 | 6.2 |
| 61 | 1.9925 | 0.2 | 794.6357 | 795 | 6.3 |
| 62 | 2.0533 | 0.2 | 796.3978 | 796 | 6.4 |
| 63 | 2.1154 | 0.2 | 798.1974 | 798 | 6.4 |
| 64 | 2.1794 | 0.2 | 800.0522 | 800 | 6.6 |
| 65 | 2.2458 | 0.2 | 801.9765 | 802 | 6.7 |
| 66 | 2.3151 | 0.2 | 803.9849 | 804 | 6.9 |
| 67 | 2.3881 | 0.2 | 806.1004 | 806 | 7.1 |
| 68 | 2.4657 | 0.3 | 808.3493 | 808 | 7.4 |
| 69 | 2.5490 | 0.3 | 810.7634 | 811 | 7.7 |
| 70 | 2.6391 | 0.3 | 813.3745 | 813 | 8.1 |
| 71 | 2.7377 | 0.3 | 816.2320 | 816 | 8.6 |
| 72 | 2.8464 | 0.3 | 819.3822 | 819 | 9.1 |
| 73 | 2.9677 | 0.3 | 822.8975 | 823 | 9.7 |
| 74 | 3.1045 | 0.4 | 826.8621 | 827 | 10.5 |
| 75 | 3.2610 | 0.4 | 831.3975 | 831 | 11.4 |
| 76 | 3.4432 | 0.4 | 836.6778 | 837 | 12.5 |
| 77 | 3.6601 | 0.5 | 842.9636 | 843 | 13.9 |
| 78 | 3.9269 | 0.5 | 850.6956 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 79 | 4.2722 | 0.6 | 860.7026 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 80 | 4.7611 | 0.8 | 874.8712 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 81 | 5.6079 | 1.2 | 899.4118 | 850 | 13.9 |
| 82 | 15.000 | 38.9 | 1171.5996 | 850 | 13.9 |

Table A.12.39 Conversion Table for Performance Level Setting Form: Mathematics Grade 6

| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -10.000 | 15.2 | 449.8140 | 650 | 16.2 |
| 1 | -3.9636 | 1.1 | 622.8064 | 650 | 16.2 |
| 2 | -3.1760 | 0.7 | 645.3776 | 650 | 16.2 |
| 3 | -2.7271 | 0.6 | 658.2422 | 658 | 16.2 |
| 4 | -2.4090 | 0.5 | 667.3584 | 667 | 13.9 |
| 5 | -2.1615 | 0.4 | 674.4513 | 674 | 12.3 |
| 6 | -1.9583 | 0.4 | 680.2746 | 680 | 11.2 |
| 7 | -1.7856 | 0.4 | 685.2239 | 685 | 10.3 |
| 8 | -1.6350 | 0.3 | 689.5398 | 690 | 9.6 |
| 9 | -1.5012 | 0.3 | 693.3743 | 693 | 9.1 |
| 10 | -1.3804 | 0.3 | 696.8362 | 697 | 8.6 |
| 11 | -1.2700 | 0.3 | 700.0001 | 700 | 8.2 |
| 12 | -1.1678 | 0.3 | 702.9290 | 703 | 7.9 |
| 13 | -1.0725 | 0.3 | 705.6601 | 706 | 7.6 |
| 14 | -0.9829 | 0.3 | 708.2279 | 708 | 7.4 |
| 15 | -0.8979 | 0.3 | 710.6638 | 711 | 7.2 |
| 16 | -0.8170 | 0.2 | 712.9823 | 713 | 7.0 |
| 17 | -0.7395 | 0.2 | 715.2033 | 715 | 6.8 |
| 18 | -0.6650 | 0.2 | 717.3383 | 717 | 6.7 |
| 19 | -0.5931 | 0.2 | 719.3988 | 719 | 6.6 |
| 20 | -0.5233 | 0.2 | 721.3992 | 721 | 6.5 |
| 21 | -0.4556 | 0.2 | 723.3393 | 723 | 6.4 |
| 22 | -0.3896 | 0.2 | 725.2308 | 725 | 6.3 |
| 23 | -0.3251 | 0.2 | 727.0792 | 727 | 6.2 |
| 24 | -0.2620 | 0.2 | 728.8876 | 729 | 6.2 |
| 25 | -0.2001 | 0.2 | 730.6615 | 731 | 6.1 |
| 26 | -0.1394 | 0.2 | 732.4010 | 732 | 6.0 |
| 27 | -0.0797 | 0.2 | 734.1119 | 734 | 6.0 |
| 28 | -0.0209 | 0.2 | 735.7970 | 736 | 5.9 |
| 29 | 0.0371 | 0.2 | 737.4592 | 737 | 5.9 |
| 30 | 0.0942 | 0.2 | 739.0956 | 739 | 5.9 |
| 31 | 0.1506 | 0.2 | 740.7119 | 741 | 5.8 |
| 32 | 0.2062 | 0.2 | 742.3053 | 742 | 5.8 |
| 33 | 0.2612 | 0.2 | 743.8815 | 744 | 5.8 |
| 34 | 0.3155 | 0.2 | 745.4377 | 745 | 5.7 |
| 35 | 0.3692 | 0.2 | 746.9766 | 747 | 5.7 |
| 36 | 0.4222 | 0.2 | 748.4955 | 748 | 5.7 |
| 37 | 0.4747 | 0.2 | 750.0000 | 750 | 5.6 |
| 38 | 0.5267 | 0.2 | 751.4903 | 751 | 5.6 |
| 39 | 0.5781 | 0.2 | 752.9633 | 753 | 5.6 |
| 40 | 0.6290 | 0.2 | 754.4220 | 754 | 5.6 |
| 41 | 0.6794 | 0.2 | 755.8664 | 756 | 5.6 |
| 42 | 0.7295 | 0.2 | 757.3022 | 757 | 5.5 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 43 | 0.7791 | 0.2 | 758.7236 | 759 | 5.5 |
| 44 | 0.8285 | 0.2 | 760.1393 | 760 | 5.5 |
| 45 | 0.8777 | 0.2 | 761.5493 | 762 | 5.5 |
| 46 | 0.9267 | 0.2 | 762.9536 | 763 | 5.5 |
| 47 | 0.9755 | 0.2 | 764.3521 | 764 | 5.5 |
| 48 | 1.0244 | 0.2 | 765.7535 | 766 | 5.5 |
| 49 | 1.0733 | 0.2 | 767.1548 | 767 | 5.5 |
| 50 | 1.1224 | 0.2 | 768.5620 | 769 | 5.6 |
| 51 | 1.1716 | 0.2 | 769.9719 | 770 | 5.6 |
| 52 | 1.2212 | 0.2 | 771.3934 | 771 | 5.6 |
| 53 | 1.2712 | 0.2 | 772.8263 | 773 | 5.6 |
| 54 | 1.3216 | 0.2 | 774.2707 | 774 | 5.7 |
| 55 | 1.3726 | 0.2 | 775.7322 | 776 | 5.7 |
| 56 | 1.4243 | 0.2 | 777.2139 | 777 | 5.7 |
| 57 | 1.4767 | 0.2 | 778.7156 | 779 | 5.8 |
| 58 | 1.5300 | 0.2 | 780.2430 | 780 | 5.8 |
| 59 | 1.5843 | 0.2 | 781.7992 | 782 | 5.9 |
| 60 | 1.6397 | 0.2 | 783.3869 | 783 | 5.9 |
| 61 | 1.6963 | 0.2 | 785.0089 | 785 | 6.0 |
| 62 | 1.7542 | 0.2 | 786.6682 | 787 | 6.1 |
| 63 | 1.8136 | 0.2 | 788.3705 | 788 | 6.1 |
| 64 | 1.8746 | 0.2 | 790.1187 | 790 | 6.2 |
| 65 | 1.9374 | 0.2 | 791.9184 | 792 | 6.3 |
| 66 | 2.0023 | 0.2 | 793.7783 | 794 | 6.4 |
| 67 | 2.0695 | 0.2 | 795.7041 | 796 | 6.5 |
| 68 | 2.1394 | 0.2 | 797.7074 | 798 | 6.6 |
| 69 | 2.2125 | 0.2 | 799.8023 | 800 | 6.7 |
| 70 | 2.2896 | 0.2 | 802.0118 | 802 | 6.9 |
| 71 | 2.3717 | 0.3 | 804.3647 | 804 | 7.2 |
| 72 | 2.4604 | 0.3 | 806.9066 | 807 | 7.5 |
| 73 | 2.5579 | 0.3 | 809.7008 | 810 | 7.9 |
| 74 | 2.6674 | 0.3 | 812.8389 | 813 | 8.5 |
| 75 | 2.7934 | 0.3 | 816.4498 | 816 | 9.2 |
| 76 | 2.9430 | 0.4 | 820.7371 | 821 | 10.2 |
| 77 | 3.1271 | 0.4 | 826.0131 | 826 | 11.6 |
| 78 | 3.3645 | 0.5 | 832.8165 | 833 | 13.6 |
| 79 | 3.6916 | 0.6 | 842.1906 | 842 | 16.7 |
| 80 | 4.1992 | 0.8 | 856.7375 | 850 | 16.7 |
| 81 | 5.2729 | 1.4 | 887.5078 | 850 | 16.7 |
| 82 | 15.000 | 15.8 | 1166.2690 | 850 | 16.7 |

Table A.12.40 Conversion Table for Performance Level Setting Form: Mathematics Grade 7

| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -10.000 | 6.2 | 477.8425 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 1 | -6.0057 | 2.9 | 580.4077 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 2 | -3.8634 | 1.3 | 635.4175 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 3 | -2.9716 | 0.8 | 658.3171 | 658 | 20.0 |
| 4 | -2.4450 | 0.6 | 671.8390 | 672 | 16.2 |
| 5 | -2.0742 | 0.5 | 681.3604 | 681 | 13.6 |
| 6 | -1.7867 | 0.5 | 688.7428 | 689 | 11.9 |
| 7 | -1.5504 | 0.4 | 694.8105 | 695 | 10.8 |
| 8 | -1.3483 | 0.4 | 700.0000 | 700 | 9.9 |
| 9 | -1.1706 | 0.4 | 704.5630 | 705 | 9.3 |
| 10 | -1.0111 | 0.3 | 708.6586 | 709 | 8.7 |
| 11 | -0.8654 | 0.3 | 712.3998 | 712 | 8.3 |
| 12 | -0.7307 | 0.3 | 715.8587 | 716 | 8.0 |
| 13 | -0.6047 | 0.3 | 719.0941 | 719 | 7.7 |
| 14 | -0.4860 | 0.3 | 722.1420 | 722 | 7.5 |
| 15 | -0.3733 | 0.3 | 725.0359 | 725 | 7.3 |
| 16 | -0.2657 | 0.3 | 727.7989 | 728 | 7.1 |
| 17 | -0.1628 | 0.3 | 730.4411 | 730 | 7.0 |
| 18 | -0.0640 | 0.3 | 732.9781 | 733 | 6.8 |
| 19 | 0.0309 | 0.3 | 735.4149 | 735 | 6.7 |
| 20 | 0.1222 | 0.3 | 737.7593 | 738 | 6.5 |
| 21 | 0.2099 | 0.2 | 740.0113 | 740 | 6.4 |
| 22 | 0.2942 | 0.2 | 742.1759 | 742 | 6.3 |
| 23 | 0.3751 | 0.2 | 744.2533 | 744 | 6.1 |
| 24 | 0.4528 | 0.2 | 746.2485 | 746 | 6.0 |
| 25 | 0.5273 | 0.2 | 748.1615 | 748 | 5.9 |
| 26 | 0.5989 | 0.2 | 750.0000 | 750 | 5.8 |
| 27 | 0.6675 | 0.2 | 751.7615 | 752 | 5.6 |
| 28 | 0.7335 | 0.2 | 753.4562 | 753 | 5.5 |
| 29 | 0.7969 | 0.2 | 755.0842 | 755 | 5.4 |
| 30 | 0.8581 | 0.2 | 756.6557 | 757 | 5.3 |
| 31 | 0.9172 | 0.2 | 758.1733 | 758 | 5.2 |
| 32 | 0.9743 | 0.2 | 759.6395 | 760 | 5.1 |
| 33 | 1.0297 | 0.2 | 761.0620 | 761 | 5.0 |
| 34 | 1.0835 | 0.2 | 762.4435 | 762 | 5.0 |
| 35 | 1.1360 | 0.2 | 763.7916 | 764 | 4.9 |
| 36 | 1.1871 | 0.2 | 765.1037 | 765 | 4.8 |
| 37 | 1.2372 | 0.2 | 766.3902 | 766 | 4.8 |
| 38 | 1.2862 | 0.2 | 767.6484 | 768 | 4.7 |
| 39 | 1.3343 | 0.2 | 768.8835 | 769 | 4.7 |
| 40 | 1.3815 | 0.2 | 770.0955 | 770 | 4.6 |
| 41 | 1.4281 | 0.2 | 771.2921 | 771 | 4.6 |
| 42 | 1.4740 | 0.2 | 772.4707 | 772 | 4.6 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 43 | 1.5193 | 0.2 | 773.6339 | 774 | 4.5 |
| 44 | 1.5643 | 0.2 | 774.7894 | 775 | 4.5 |
| 45 | 1.6088 | 0.2 | 775.9321 | 776 | 4.5 |
| 46 | 1.6532 | 0.2 | 777.0722 | 777 | 4.5 |
| 47 | 1.6973 | 0.2 | 778.2046 | 778 | 4.5 |
| 48 | 1.7415 | 0.2 | 779.3396 | 779 | 4.5 |
| 49 | 1.7857 | 0.2 | 780.4745 | 780 | 4.5 |
| 50 | 1.8301 | 0.2 | 781.6146 | 782 | 4.5 |
| 51 | 1.8750 | 0.2 | 782.7676 | 783 | 4.5 |
| 52 | 1.9203 | 0.2 | 783.9308 | 784 | 4.6 |
| 53 | 1.9663 | 0.2 | 785.1120 | 785 | 4.6 |
| 54 | 2.0131 | 0.2 | 786.3137 | 786 | 4.7 |
| 55 | 2.0610 | 0.2 | 787.5437 | 788 | 4.7 |
| 56 | 2.1100 | 0.2 | 788.8019 | 789 | 4.8 |
| 57 | 2.1605 | 0.2 | 790.0986 | 790 | 4.9 |
| 58 | 2.2126 | 0.2 | 791.4364 | 791 | 5.0 |
| 59 | 2.2665 | 0.2 | 792.8205 | 793 | 5.1 |
| 60 | 2.3226 | 0.2 | 794.2610 | 794 | 5.2 |
| 61 | 2.3810 | 0.2 | 795.7606 | 796 | 5.4 |
| 62 | 2.4422 | 0.2 | 797.3321 | 797 | 5.5 |
| 63 | 2.5065 | 0.2 | 798.9832 | 799 | 5.7 |
| 64 | 2.5743 | 0.2 | 800.7241 | 801 | 5.9 |
| 65 | 2.6461 | 0.2 | 802.5678 | 803 | 6.1 |
| 66 | 2.7225 | 0.2 | 804.5296 | 805 | 6.3 |
| 67 | 2.8043 | 0.3 | 806.6300 | 807 | 6.6 |
| 68 | 2.8924 | 0.3 | 808.8923 | 809 | 6.9 |
| 69 | 2.9878 | 0.3 | 811.3419 | 811 | 7.3 |
| 70 | 3.0922 | 0.3 | 814.0227 | 814 | 7.7 |
| 71 | 3.2073 | 0.3 | 816.9782 | 817 | 8.2 |
| 72 | 3.3360 | 0.3 | 820.2830 | 820 | 8.7 |
| 73 | 3.4818 | 0.4 | 824.0268 | 824 | 9.4 |
| 74 | 3.6502 | 0.4 | 828.3510 | 828 | 10.3 |
| 75 | 3.8494 | 0.4 | 833.4660 | 833 | 11.4 |
| 76 | 4.0928 | 0.5 | 839.7160 | 840 | 13.0 |
| 77 | 4.4038 | 0.6 | 847.7018 | 848 | 15.2 |
| 78 | 4.8289 | 0.7 | 858.6175 | 850 | 15.2 |
| 79 | 5.4749 | 1.0 | 875.2054 | 850 | 15.2 |
| 80 | 6.6447 | 1.6 | 905.2434 | 850 | 15.2 |
| 81 | 9.4242 | 3.7 | 976.6152 | 850 | 15.2 |
| 82 | 15.000 | 8.1 | 1119.7900 | 850 | 15.2 |

Table A.12.41 Conversion Table for Performance Level Setting Form: Mathematics Grade 8

| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -10.000 | 9.1 | 392.6327 | 650 | 18.3 |
| 1 | -4.3997 | 1.5 | 580.5877 | 650 | 18.3 |
| 2 | -3.3280 | 0.9 | 616.5557 | 650 | 18.3 |
| 3 | -2.7351 | 0.7 | 636.4544 | 650 | 18.3 |
| 4 | -2.3239 | 0.6 | 650.2549 | 650 | 18.3 |
| 5 | -2.0068 | 0.5 | 660.8973 | 661 | 18.3 |
| 6 | -1.7466 | 0.5 | 669.6300 | 670 | 16.6 |
| 7 | -1.5240 | 0.5 | 677.1008 | 677 | 15.4 |
| 8 | -1.3280 | 0.4 | 683.6789 | 684 | 14.5 |
| 9 | -1.1517 | 0.4 | 689.5958 | 690 | 13.7 |
| 10 | -0.9906 | 0.4 | 695.0026 | 695 | 13.1 |
| 11 | -0.8417 | 0.4 | 699.9999 | 700 | 12.6 |
| 12 | -0.7026 | 0.4 | 704.6683 | 705 | 12.2 |
| 13 | -0.5720 | 0.4 | 709.0515 | 709 | 11.8 |
| 14 | -0.4487 | 0.3 | 713.1896 | 713 | 11.5 |
| 15 | -0.3319 | 0.3 | 717.1096 | 717 | 11.2 |
| 16 | -0.2209 | 0.3 | 720.8349 | 721 | 10.9 |
| 17 | -0.1152 | 0.3 | 724.3824 | 724 | 10.6 |
| 18 | -0.0144 | 0.3 | 727.7654 | 728 | 10.3 |
| 19 | 0.0818 | 0.3 | 730.9940 | 731 | 10.1 |
| 20 | 0.1737 | 0.3 | 734.0783 | 734 | 9.8 |
| 21 | 0.2616 | 0.3 | 737.0284 | 737 | 9.5 |
| 22 | 0.3456 | 0.3 | 739.8476 | 740 | 9.3 |
| 23 | 0.4261 | 0.3 | 742.5493 | 743 | 9.1 |
| 24 | 0.5032 | 0.3 | 745.1369 | 745 | 8.8 |
| 25 | 0.5771 | 0.3 | 747.6171 | 748 | 8.6 |
| 26 | 0.6481 | 0.3 | 750.0000 | 750 | 8.4 |
| 27 | 0.7164 | 0.2 | 752.2922 | 752 | 8.2 |
| 28 | 0.7822 | 0.2 | 754.5006 | 755 | 8.0 |
| 29 | 0.8456 | 0.2 | 756.6284 | 757 | 7.9 |
| 30 | 0.9070 | 0.2 | 758.6891 | 759 | 7.7 |
| 31 | 0.9664 | 0.2 | 760.6826 | 761 | 7.6 |
| 32 | 1.0241 | 0.2 | 762.6191 | 763 | 7.4 |
| 33 | 1.0802 | 0.2 | 764.5019 | 765 | 7.3 |
| 34 | 1.1350 | 0.2 | 766.3411 | 766 | 7.2 |
| 35 | 1.1885 | 0.2 | 768.1367 | 768 | 7.1 |
| 36 | 1.2408 | 0.2 | 769.8919 | 770 | 7.0 |
| 37 | 1.2923 | 0.2 | 771.6204 | 772 | 6.9 |
| 38 | 1.3429 | 0.2 | 773.3186 | 773 | 6.8 |
| 39 | 1.3927 | 0.2 | 774.9899 | 775 | 6.7 |
| 40 | 1.4420 | 0.2 | 776.6445 | 777 | 6.7 |
| 41 | 1.4908 | 0.2 | 778.2823 | 778 | 6.6 |
| 42 | 1.5393 | 0.2 | 779.9101 | 780 | 6.6 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 43 | 1.5874 | 0.2 | 781.5244 | 782 | 6.5 |
| 44 | 1.6354 | 0.2 | 783.1353 | 783 | 6.5 |
| 45 | 1.6833 | 0.2 | 784.7429 | 785 | 6.4 |
| 46 | 1.7312 | 0.2 | 786.3505 | 786 | 6.4 |
| 47 | 1.7792 | 0.2 | 787.9615 | 788 | 6.4 |
| 48 | 1.8274 | 0.2 | 789.5792 | 790 | 6.4 |
| 49 | 1.8759 | 0.2 | 791.2069 | 791 | 6.4 |
| 50 | 1.9247 | 0.2 | 792.8447 | 793 | 6.4 |
| 51 | 1.9739 | 0.2 | 794.4959 | 794 | 6.4 |
| 52 | 2.0236 | 0.2 | 796.1640 | 796 | 6.4 |
| 53 | 2.0740 | 0.2 | 797.8555 | 798 | 6.4 |
| 54 | 2.1251 | 0.2 | 799.5705 | 800 | 6.4 |
| 55 | 2.1770 | 0.2 | 801.3123 | 801 | 6.5 |
| 56 | 2.2299 | 0.2 | 803.0877 | 803 | 6.5 |
| 57 | 2.2838 | 0.2 | 804.8967 | 805 | 6.6 |
| 58 | 2.3389 | 0.2 | 806.7459 | 807 | 6.6 |
| 59 | 2.3955 | 0.2 | 808.6455 | 809 | 6.7 |
| 60 | 2.4537 | 0.2 | 810.5988 | 811 | 6.8 |
| 61 | 2.5137 | 0.2 | 812.6125 | 813 | 6.9 |
| 62 | 2.5758 | 0.2 | 814.6967 | 815 | 7.1 |
| 63 | 2.6404 | 0.2 | 816.8647 | 817 | 7.2 |
| 64 | 2.7079 | 0.2 | 819.1302 | 819 | 7.4 |
| 65 | 2.7788 | 0.2 | 821.5097 | 822 | 7.6 |
| 66 | 2.8536 | 0.2 | 824.0201 | 824 | 7.9 |
| 67 | 2.9330 | 0.2 | 826.6849 | 827 | 8.2 |
| 68 | 3.0180 | 0.3 | 829.5376 | 830 | 8.6 |
| 69 | 3.1096 | 0.3 | 832.6119 | 833 | 9.0 |
| 70 | 3.2092 | 0.3 | 835.9546 | 836 | 9.5 |
| 71 | 3.3185 | 0.3 | 839.6229 | 840 | 10.1 |
| 72 | 3.4397 | 0.3 | 843.6905 | 844 | 10.9 |
| 73 | 3.5757 | 0.4 | 848.2549 | 848 | 11.8 |
| 74 | 3.7303 | 0.4 | 853.4435 | 850 | 11.8 |
| 75 | 3.9088 | 0.4 | 859.4343 | 850 | 11.8 |
| 76 | 4.1191 | 0.5 | 866.4923 | 850 | 11.8 |
| 77 | 4.3729 | 0.5 | 875.0102 | 850 | 11.8 |
| 78 | 4.6906 | 0.6 | 885.6727 | 850 | 11.8 |
| 79 | 5.1106 | 0.8 | 899.7686 | 850 | 11.8 |
| 80 | 5.7222 | 1.0 | 920.2949 | 850 | 11.8 |
| 81 | 6.8276 | 1.6 | 957.3939 | 850 | 11.8 |
| 82 | 15.000 | 17.2 | 1231.6727 | 850 | 11.8 |

Table A.12.42 Conversion Table for Performance Level Setting Form: Algebra I

| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -10.000 | 7.4 | 430.2271 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 1 | -6.1183 | 2.7 | 547.9470 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 2 | -4.0393 | 1.4 | 610.9967 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 3 | -3.1329 | 1.0 | 638.4850 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 4 | -2.5610 | 0.8 | 655.8289 | 656 | 20.0 |
| 5 | -2.1445 | 0.7 | 668.4601 | 668 | 20.0 |
| 6 | -1.8162 | 0.6 | 678.4164 | 678 | 17.7 |
| 7 | -1.5441 | 0.5 | 686.6683 | 687 | 16.1 |
| 8 | -1.3103 | 0.5 | 693.7588 | 694 | 14.8 |
| 9 | -1.1045 | 0.5 | 700.0000 | 700 | 13.8 |
| 10 | -0.9197 | 0.4 | 705.6045 | 706 | 13.0 |
| 11 | -0.7513 | 0.4 | 710.7115 | 711 | 12.3 |
| 12 | -0.5962 | 0.4 | 715.4152 | 715 | 11.8 |
| 13 | -0.4521 | 0.4 | 719.7853 | 720 | 11.3 |
| 14 | -0.3170 | 0.4 | 723.8825 | 724 | 10.9 |
| 15 | -0.1899 | 0.3 | 727.7370 | 728 | 10.5 |
| 16 | -0.0696 | 0.3 | 731.3853 | 731 | 10.2 |
| 17 | 0.0447 | 0.3 | 734.8517 | 735 | 9.9 |
| 18 | 0.1536 | 0.3 | 738.1543 | 738 | 9.6 |
| 19 | 0.2576 | 0.3 | 741.3083 | 741 | 9.4 |
| 20 | 0.3572 | 0.3 | 744.3289 | 744 | 9.2 |
| 21 | 0.4526 | 0.3 | 747.2221 | 747 | 9.0 |
| 22 | 0.5442 | 0.3 | 750.0000 | 750 | 8.8 |
| 23 | 0.6322 | 0.3 | 752.6688 | 753 | 8.6 |
| 24 | 0.7167 | 0.3 | 755.2314 | 755 | 8.4 |
| 25 | 0.7981 | 0.3 | 757.7000 | 758 | 8.3 |
| 26 | 0.8763 | 0.3 | 760.0716 | 760 | 8.1 |
| 27 | 0.9517 | 0.3 | 762.3582 | 762 | 8.0 |
| 28 | 1.0244 | 0.3 | 764.5630 | 765 | 7.8 |
| 29 | 1.0946 | 0.3 | 766.6919 | 767 | 7.7 |
| 30 | 1.1624 | 0.2 | 768.7481 | 769 | 7.5 |
| 31 | 1.2280 | 0.2 | 770.7375 | 771 | 7.4 |
| 32 | 1.2916 | 0.2 | 772.6663 | 773 | 7.3 |
| 33 | 1.3533 | 0.2 | 774.5375 | 775 | 7.2 |
| 34 | 1.4132 | 0.2 | 776.3541 | 776 | 7.1 |
| 35 | 1.4717 | 0.2 | 778.1282 | 778 | 7.0 |
| 36 | 1.5286 | 0.2 | 779.8538 | 780 | 6.9 |
| 37 | 1.5843 | 0.2 | 781.5430 | 782 | 6.8 |
| 38 | 1.6388 | 0.2 | 783.1958 | 783 | 6.7 |
| 39 | 1.6922 | 0.2 | 784.8153 | 785 | 6.6 |
| 40 | 1.7446 | 0.2 | 786.4044 | 786 | 6.6 |
| 41 | 1.7962 | 0.2 | 787.9693 | 788 | 6.5 |
| 42 | 1.8469 | 0.2 | 789.5069 | 790 | 6.4 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 43 | 1.8970 | 0.2 | 791.0262 | 791 | 6.4 |
| 44 | 1.9464 | 0.2 | 792.5244 | 793 | 6.3 |
| 45 | 1.9952 | 0.2 | 794.0043 | 794 | 6.3 |
| 46 | 2.0435 | 0.2 | 795.4691 | 795 | 6.2 |
| 47 | 2.0913 | 0.2 | 796.9187 | 797 | 6.2 |
| 48 | 2.1388 | 0.2 | 798.3593 | 798 | 6.1 |
| 49 | 2.1859 | 0.2 | 799.7877 | 800 | 6.1 |
| 50 | 2.2326 | 0.2 | 801.2039 | 801 | 6.0 |
| 51 | 2.2792 | 0.2 | 802.6172 | 803 | 6.0 |
| 52 | 2.3255 | 0.2 | 804.0213 | 804 | 6.0 |
| 53 | 2.3716 | 0.2 | 805.4194 | 805 | 6.0 |
| 54 | 2.4176 | 0.2 | 806.8144 | 807 | 5.9 |
| 55 | 2.4635 | 0.2 | 808.2064 | 808 | 5.9 |
| 56 | 2.5093 | 0.2 | 809.5954 | 810 | 5.9 |
| 57 | 2.5552 | 0.2 | 810.9874 | 811 | 5.9 |
| 58 | 2.6011 | 0.2 | 812.3794 | 812 | 5.9 |
| 59 | 2.6470 | 0.2 | 813.7714 | 814 | 5.9 |
| 60 | 2.6931 | 0.2 | 815.1695 | 815 | 5.9 |
| 61 | 2.7393 | 0.2 | 816.5706 | 817 | 5.9 |
| 62 | 2.7857 | 0.2 | 817.9777 | 818 | 5.9 |
| 63 | 2.8323 | 0.2 | 819.3910 | 819 | 5.9 |
| 64 | 2.8791 | 0.2 | 820.8103 | 821 | 5.9 |
| 65 | 2.9263 | 0.2 | 822.2417 | 822 | 6.0 |
| 66 | 2.9737 | 0.2 | 823.6792 | 824 | 6.0 |
| 67 | 3.0216 | 0.2 | 825.1319 | 825 | 6.0 |
| 68 | 3.0698 | 0.2 | 826.5936 | 827 | 6.0 |
| 69 | 3.1184 | 0.2 | 828.0675 | 828 | 6.1 |
| 70 | 3.1676 | 0.2 | 829.5596 | 830 | 6.1 |
| 71 | 3.2174 | 0.2 | 831.0699 | 831 | 6.1 |
| 72 | 3.2679 | 0.2 | 832.6014 | 833 | 6.2 |
| 73 | 3.3193 | 0.2 | 834.1602 | 834 | 6.2 |
| 74 | 3.3717 | 0.2 | 835.7493 | 836 | 6.3 |
| 75 | 3.4254 | 0.2 | 837.3779 | 837 | 6.3 |
| 76 | 3.4807 | 0.2 | 839.0549 | 839 | 6.4 |
| 77 | 3.5380 | 0.2 | 840.7927 | 841 | 6.5 |
| 78 | 3.5978 | 0.2 | 842.6062 | 843 | 6.7 |
| 79 | 3.6608 | 0.2 | 844.5168 | 845 | 6.9 |
| 80 | 3.7277 | 0.2 | 846.5457 | 847 | 7.1 |
| 81 | 3.7993 | 0.2 | 848.7171 | 849 | 7.4 |
| 82 | 3.8769 | 0.3 | 851.0705 | 850 | 7.4 |
| 83 | 3.9617 | 0.3 | 853.6422 | 850 | 7.4 |
| 84 | 4.0553 | 0.3 | 856.4808 | 850 | 7.4 |
| 85 | 4.1595 | 0.3 | 859.6408 | 850 | 7.4 |
| 86 | 4.2767 | 0.3 | 863.1952 | 850 | 7.4 |


| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 87 | 4.4094 | 0.4 | 867.2195 | 850 | 7.4 |
| 88 | 4.5613 | 0.4 | 871.8262 | 850 | 7.4 |
| 89 | 4.7370 | 0.4 | 877.1546 | 850 | 7.4 |
| 90 | 4.9436 | 0.5 | 883.4202 | 850 | 7.4 |
| 91 | 5.1915 | 0.5 | 890.9382 | 850 | 7.4 |
| 92 | 5.4985 | 0.6 | 900.2486 | 850 | 7.4 |
| 93 | 5.8955 | 0.7 | 912.2883 | 850 | 7.4 |
| 94 | 6.4424 | 0.9 | 928.8741 | 850 | 7.4 |
| 95 | 7.2748 | 1.2 | 954.1182 | 850 | 7.4 |
| 96 | 8.8244 | 2.0 | 1001.1128 | 850 | 7.4 |
| 97 | 15.000 | 9.1 | 1188.3996 | 850 | 7.4 |

Table A.12.43 Conversion Table for Performance Level Setting Form: Algebra II

| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -10.000 | 9.4 | 363.0005 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 1 | -4.3378 | 1.5 | 564.6745 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 2 | -3.2325 | 1.0 | 604.0426 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 3 | -2.6144 | 0.8 | 626.0578 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 4 | -2.1834 | 0.7 | 641.4090 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 5 | -1.8513 | 0.6 | 653.2376 | 653 | 20.0 |
| 6 | -1.5804 | 0.5 | 662.8864 | 663 | 19.5 |
| 7 | -1.3511 | 0.5 | 671.0536 | 671 | 18.0 |
| 8 | -1.1519 | 0.5 | 678.1486 | 678 | 16.8 |
| 9 | -0.9753 | 0.4 | 684.4387 | 684 | 15.8 |
| 10 | -0.8164 | 0.4 | 690.0983 | 690 | 15.0 |
| 11 | -0.6716 | 0.4 | 695.2557 | 695 | 14.3 |
| 12 | -0.5384 | 0.4 | 700.0000 | 700 | 13.7 |
| 13 | -0.4146 | 0.4 | 704.4094 | 704 | 13.2 |
| 14 | -0.2988 | 0.4 | 708.5340 | 709 | 12.8 |
| 15 | -0.1897 | 0.3 | 712.4198 | 712 | 12.4 |
| 16 | -0.0865 | 0.3 | 716.0956 | 716 | 12.0 |
| 17 | 0.0116 | 0.3 | 719.5897 | 720 | 11.7 |
| 18 | 0.1053 | 0.3 | 722.9270 | 723 | 11.4 |
| 19 | 0.1949 | 0.3 | 726.1184 | 726 | 11.1 |
| 20 | 0.2809 | 0.3 | 729.1815 | 729 | 10.8 |
| 21 | 0.3635 | 0.3 | 732.1235 | 732 | 10.5 |
| 22 | 0.4431 | 0.3 | 734.9587 | 735 | 10.3 |
| 23 | 0.5198 | 0.3 | 737.6905 | 738 | 10.0 |
| 24 | 0.5937 | 0.3 | 740.3227 | 740 | 9.8 |
| 25 | 0.6651 | 0.3 | 742.8658 | 743 | 9.6 |
| 26 | 0.7341 | 0.3 | 745.3234 | 745 | 9.3 |
| 27 | 0.8008 | 0.3 | 747.6991 | 748 | 9.1 |
| 28 | 0.8654 | 0.3 | 750.0000 | 750 | 8.9 |
| 29 | 0.9279 | 0.2 | 752.2261 | 752 | 8.7 |
| 30 | 0.9886 | 0.2 | 754.3881 | 754 | 8.5 |
| 31 | 1.0476 | 0.2 | 756.4895 | 756 | 8.4 |
| 32 | 1.1049 | 0.2 | 758.5304 | 759 | 8.2 |
| 33 | 1.1607 | 0.2 | 760.5178 | 761 | 8.1 |
| 34 | 1.2152 | 0.2 | 762.4590 | 762 | 7.9 |
| 35 | 1.2685 | 0.2 | 764.3574 | 764 | 7.8 |
| 36 | 1.3206 | 0.2 | 766.2131 | 766 | 7.7 |
| 37 | 1.3718 | 0.2 | 768.0367 | 768 | 7.6 |
| 38 | 1.4220 | 0.2 | 769.8247 | 770 | 7.5 |
| 39 | 1.4714 | 0.2 | 771.5842 | 772 | 7.4 |
| 40 | 1.5200 | 0.2 | 773.3153 | 773 | 7.3 |
| 41 | 1.5679 | 0.2 | 775.0213 | 775 | 7.2 |
| 42 | 1.6151 | 0.2 | 776.7025 | 777 | 7.1 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 43 | 1.6618 | 0.2 | 778.3658 | 778 | 7.1 |
| 44 | 1.7079 | 0.2 | 780.0078 | 780 | 7.0 |
| 45 | 1.7535 | 0.2 | 781.6320 | 782 | 6.9 |
| 46 | 1.7986 | 0.2 | 783.2383 | 783 | 6.9 |
| 47 | 1.8432 | 0.2 | 784.8269 | 785 | 6.8 |
| 48 | 1.8874 | 0.2 | 786.4012 | 786 | 6.8 |
| 49 | 1.9312 | 0.2 | 787.9612 | 788 | 6.7 |
| 50 | 1.9746 | 0.2 | 789.5070 | 790 | 6.7 |
| 51 | 2.0177 | 0.2 | 791.0421 | 791 | 6.6 |
| 52 | 2.0605 | 0.2 | 792.5666 | 793 | 6.6 |
| 53 | 2.1030 | 0.2 | 794.0803 | 794 | 6.6 |
| 54 | 2.1453 | 0.2 | 795.5869 | 796 | 6.5 |
| 55 | 2.1874 | 0.2 | 797.0864 | 797 | 6.5 |
| 56 | 2.2294 | 0.2 | 798.5824 | 799 | 6.5 |
| 57 | 2.2714 | 0.2 | 800.0783 | 800 | 6.5 |
| 58 | 2.3133 | 0.2 | 801.5707 | 802 | 6.5 |
| 59 | 2.3553 | 0.2 | 803.0666 | 803 | 6.5 |
| 60 | 2.3974 | 0.2 | 804.5661 | 805 | 6.5 |
| 61 | 2.4397 | 0.2 | 806.0728 | 806 | 6.5 |
| 62 | 2.4823 | 0.2 | 807.5901 | 808 | 6.5 |
| 63 | 2.5253 | 0.2 | 809.1216 | 809 | 6.5 |
| 64 | 2.5687 | 0.2 | 810.6674 | 811 | 6.6 |
| 65 | 2.6127 | 0.2 | 812.2346 | 812 | 6.6 |
| 66 | 2.6574 | 0.2 | 813.8267 | 814 | 6.6 |
| 67 | 2.7029 | 0.2 | 815.4473 | 815 | 6.7 |
| 68 | 2.7493 | 0.2 | 817.1000 | 817 | 6.8 |
| 69 | 2.7967 | 0.2 | 818.7882 | 819 | 6.8 |
| 70 | 2.8453 | 0.2 | 820.5193 | 821 | 6.9 |
| 71 | 2.8952 | 0.2 | 822.2966 | 822 | 7.0 |
| 72 | 2.9465 | 0.2 | 824.1238 | 824 | 7.2 |
| 73 | 2.9995 | 0.2 | 826.0115 | 826 | 7.3 |
| 74 | 3.0543 | 0.2 | 827.9633 | 828 | 7.4 |
| 75 | 3.1111 | 0.2 | 829.9864 | 830 | 7.6 |
| 76 | 3.1700 | 0.2 | 832.0843 | 832 | 7.8 |
| 77 | 3.2312 | 0.2 | 834.2641 | 834 | 8.0 |
| 78 | 3.2949 | 0.2 | 836.5329 | 837 | 8.2 |
| 79 | 3.3613 | 0.2 | 838.8979 | 839 | 8.4 |
| 80 | 3.4307 | 0.2 | 841.3698 | 841 | 8.7 |
| 81 | 3.5033 | 0.3 | 843.9556 | 844 | 8.9 |
| 82 | 3.5795 | 0.3 | 846.6697 | 847 | 9.2 |
| 83 | 3.6596 | 0.3 | 849.5227 | 850 | 9.2 |
| 84 | 3.7442 | 0.3 | 852.5359 | 850 | 9.2 |
| 85 | 3.8340 | 0.3 | 855.7344 | 850 | 9.2 |
| 86 | 3.9299 | 0.3 | 859.1501 | 850 | 9.2 |


| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 87 | 4.0328 | 0.3 | 862.8152 | 850 | 9.2 |
| 88 | 4.1442 | 0.3 | 866.7830 | 850 | 9.2 |
| 89 | 4.2657 | 0.4 | 871.1105 | 850 | 9.2 |
| 90 | 4.3992 | 0.4 | 875.8654 | 850 | 9.2 |
| 91 | 4.5473 | 0.4 | 881.1404 | 850 | 9.2 |
| 92 | 4.7132 | 0.4 | 887.0494 | 850 | 9.2 |
| 93 | 4.9013 | 0.5 | 893.7490 | 850 | 9.2 |
| 94 | 5.1184 | 0.5 | 901.4816 | 850 | 9.2 |
| 95 | 5.3748 | 0.6 | 910.6140 | 850 | 9.2 |
| 96 | 5.6881 | 0.7 | 921.7730 | 850 | 9.2 |
| 97 | 6.0892 | 0.8 | 936.0592 | 850 | 9.2 |
| 98 | 6.6384 | 1.0 | 955.6204 | 850 | 9.2 |
| 99 | 7.4770 | 1.3 | 985.4893 | 850 | 9.2 |
| 100 | 9.0828 | 2.1 | 1042.6840 | 850 | 9.2 |
| 101 | 15.000 | 8.1 | 1253.4405 | 850 | 9.2 |

Table A.12.44 Conversion Table for Performance Level Setting Form: Geometry

| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -10.000 | 8.1 | 479.4306 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 1 | -5.5752 | 2.1 | 590.9426 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 2 | -3.9226 | 1.1 | 632.5908 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 3 | -3.1489 | 0.9 | 652.0893 | 652 | 20.0 |
| 4 | -2.6400 | 0.7 | 664.9144 | 665 | 17.7 |
| 5 | -2.2570 | 0.6 | 674.5666 | 675 | 15.4 |
| 6 | -1.9465 | 0.6 | 682.3917 | 682 | 13.9 |
| 7 | -1.6830 | 0.5 | 689.0323 | 689 | 12.7 |
| 8 | -1.4528 | 0.5 | 694.8337 | 695 | 11.9 |
| 9 | -1.2478 | 0.4 | 700.0000 | 700 | 11.1 |
| 10 | -1.0629 | 0.4 | 704.6598 | 705 | 10.5 |
| 11 | -0.8946 | 0.4 | 708.9012 | 709 | 9.9 |
| 12 | -0.7403 | 0.4 | 712.7899 | 713 | 9.4 |
| 13 | -0.5978 | 0.4 | 716.3811 | 716 | 8.9 |
| 14 | -0.4656 | 0.3 | 719.7127 | 720 | 8.5 |
| 15 | -0.3422 | 0.3 | 722.8226 | 723 | 8.2 |
| 16 | -0.2263 | 0.3 | 725.7435 | 726 | 7.9 |
| 17 | -0.1171 | 0.3 | 728.4955 | 728 | 7.6 |
| 18 | -0.0136 | 0.3 | 731.1039 | 731 | 7.4 |
| 19 | 0.0848 | 0.3 | 733.5837 | 734 | 7.2 |
| 20 | 0.1787 | 0.3 | 735.9501 | 736 | 7.0 |
| 21 | 0.2685 | 0.3 | 738.2132 | 738 | 6.8 |
| 22 | 0.3546 | 0.3 | 740.3831 | 740 | 6.7 |
| 23 | 0.4372 | 0.3 | 742.4647 | 742 | 6.5 |
| 24 | 0.5165 | 0.3 | 744.4632 | 744 | 6.4 |
| 25 | 0.5927 | 0.2 | 746.3836 | 746 | 6.3 |
| 26 | 0.6659 | 0.2 | 748.2283 | 748 | 6.1 |
| 27 | 0.7362 | 0.2 | 750.0000 | 750 | 6.0 |
| 28 | 0.8037 | 0.2 | 751.7011 | 752 | 5.9 |
| 29 | 0.8686 | 0.2 | 753.3367 | 753 | 5.8 |
| 30 | 0.9310 | 0.2 | 754.9093 | 755 | 5.6 |
| 31 | 0.9909 | 0.2 | 756.4189 | 756 | 5.5 |
| 32 | 1.0486 | 0.2 | 757.8730 | 758 | 5.4 |
| 33 | 1.1042 | 0.2 | 759.2742 | 759 | 5.3 |
| 34 | 1.1577 | 0.2 | 760.6225 | 761 | 5.2 |
| 35 | 1.2094 | 0.2 | 761.9254 | 762 | 5.1 |
| 36 | 1.2594 | 0.2 | 763.1855 | 763 | 5.0 |
| 37 | 1.3077 | 0.2 | 764.4027 | 764 | 4.9 |
| 38 | 1.3546 | 0.2 | 765.5847 | 766 | 4.8 |
| 39 | 1.4001 | 0.2 | 766.7314 | 767 | 4.8 |
| 40 | 1.4443 | 0.2 | 767.8453 | 768 | 4.7 |
| 41 | 1.4874 | 0.2 | 768.9315 | 769 | 4.6 |
| 42 | 1.5294 | 0.2 | 769.9899 | 770 | 4.5 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 43 | 1.5705 | 0.2 | 771.0257 | 771 | 4.5 |
| 44 | 1.6107 | 0.2 | 772.0388 | 772 | 4.4 |
| 45 | 1.6500 | 0.2 | 773.0292 | 773 | 4.4 |
| 46 | 1.6886 | 0.2 | 774.0020 | 774 | 4.3 |
| 47 | 1.7265 | 0.2 | 774.9572 | 775 | 4.3 |
| 48 | 1.7638 | 0.2 | 775.8972 | 776 | 4.2 |
| 49 | 1.8005 | 0.2 | 776.8221 | 777 | 4.2 |
| 50 | 1.8367 | 0.2 | 777.7344 | 778 | 4.1 |
| 51 | 1.8724 | 0.2 | 778.6341 | 779 | 4.1 |
| 52 | 1.9078 | 0.2 | 779.5262 | 780 | 4.1 |
| 53 | 1.9427 | 0.2 | 780.4057 | 780 | 4.0 |
| 54 | 1.9774 | 0.2 | 781.2802 | 781 | 4.0 |
| 55 | 2.0117 | 0.2 | 782.1447 | 782 | 4.0 |
| 56 | 2.0459 | 0.2 | 783.0066 | 783 | 4.0 |
| 57 | 2.0798 | 0.2 | 783.8609 | 784 | 3.9 |
| 58 | 2.1136 | 0.2 | 784.7127 | 785 | 3.9 |
| 59 | 2.1474 | 0.2 | 785.5645 | 786 | 3.9 |
| 60 | 2.1811 | 0.2 | 786.4138 | 786 | 3.9 |
| 61 | 2.2148 | 0.2 | 787.2631 | 787 | 3.9 |
| 62 | 2.2486 | 0.2 | 788.1149 | 788 | 3.9 |
| 63 | 2.2825 | 0.2 | 788.9693 | 789 | 3.9 |
| 64 | 2.3166 | 0.2 | 789.8286 | 790 | 3.9 |
| 65 | 2.3510 | 0.2 | 790.6956 | 791 | 3.9 |
| 66 | 2.3857 | 0.2 | 791.5701 | 792 | 3.9 |
| 67 | 2.4208 | 0.2 | 792.4546 | 792 | 4.0 |
| 68 | 2.4564 | 0.2 | 793.3518 | 793 | 4.0 |
| 69 | 2.4925 | 0.2 | 794.2616 | 794 | 4.0 |
| 70 | 2.5294 | 0.2 | 795.1915 | 795 | 4.1 |
| 71 | 2.5671 | 0.2 | 796.1416 | 796 | 4.1 |
| 72 | 2.6057 | 0.2 | 797.1144 | 797 | 4.2 |
| 73 | 2.6455 | 0.2 | 798.1174 | 798 | 4.2 |
| 74 | 2.6865 | 0.2 | 799.1507 | 799 | 4.3 |
| 75 | 2.7291 | 0.2 | 800.2243 | 800 | 4.4 |
| 76 | 2.7734 | 0.2 | 801.3407 | 801 | 4.5 |
| 77 | 2.8197 | 0.2 | 802.5076 | 803 | 4.6 |
| 78 | 2.8683 | 0.2 | 803.7323 | 804 | 4.7 |
| 79 | 2.9197 | 0.2 | 805.0277 | 805 | 4.8 |
| 80 | 2.9742 | 0.2 | 806.4012 | 806 | 5.0 |
| 81 | 3.0325 | 0.2 | 807.8705 | 808 | 5.2 |
| 82 | 3.0950 | 0.2 | 809.4456 | 809 | 5.4 |
| 83 | 3.1627 | 0.2 | 811.1517 | 811 | 5.6 |
| 84 | 3.2364 | 0.2 | 813.0091 | 813 | 5.9 |
| 85 | 3.3173 | 0.2 | 815.0479 | 815 | 6.2 |
| 86 | 3.4069 | 0.3 | 817.3059 | 817 | 6.6 |


| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 87 | 3.5070 | 0.3 | 819.8286 | 820 | 7.0 |
| 88 | 3.6201 | 0.3 | 822.6789 | 823 | 7.5 |
| 89 | 3.7498 | 0.3 | 825.9476 | 826 | 8.1 |
| 90 | 3.9014 | 0.4 | 829.7681 | 830 | 8.9 |
| 91 | 4.0832 | 0.4 | 834.3498 | 834 | 9.9 |
| 92 | 4.3105 | 0.5 | 840.0781 | 840 | 11.4 |
| 93 | 4.6138 | 0.5 | 847.7217 | 848 | 13.8 |
| 94 | 5.0666 | 0.7 | 859.1330 | 850 | 13.8 |
| 95 | 5.9232 | 1.2 | 880.7207 | 850 | 13.8 |
| 96 | 15.000 | 25.0 | 1109.4706 | 850 | 13.8 |

Table A.12.45 Conversion Table for Performance Level Setting Form: Integrated Mathematics I

| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -10.000 | 6.2 | 397.1990 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 1 | -6.4170 | 2.8 | 516.3782 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 2 | -4.3152 | 1.5 | 586.2891 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 3 | -3.3198 | 1.0 | 619.3985 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 4 | -2.7035 | 0.8 | 639.8981 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 5 | -2.2690 | 0.7 | 654.3506 | 654 | 20.0 |
| 6 | -1.9356 | 0.6 | 665.4403 | 665 | 19.0 |
| 7 | -1.6644 | 0.5 | 674.4611 | 674 | 17.1 |
| 8 | -1.4345 | 0.5 | 682.1081 | 682 | 15.7 |
| 9 | -1.2341 | 0.4 | 688.7739 | 689 | 14.7 |
| 10 | -1.0563 | 0.4 | 694.6879 | 695 | 13.8 |
| 11 | -0.8966 | 0.4 | 699.9999 | 700 | 13.1 |
| 12 | -0.7522 | 0.4 | 704.8030 | 705 | 12.5 |
| 13 | -0.6209 | 0.4 | 709.1704 | 709 | 11.9 |
| 14 | -0.5010 | 0.3 | 713.1585 | 713 | 11.4 |
| 15 | -0.3911 | 0.3 | 716.8141 | 717 | 10.9 |
| 16 | -0.2898 | 0.3 | 720.1836 | 720 | 10.5 |
| 17 | -0.1957 | 0.3 | 723.3135 | 723 | 10.1 |
| 18 | -0.1078 | 0.3 | 726.2373 | 726 | 9.8 |
| 19 | -0.0248 | 0.3 | 728.9981 | 729 | 9.5 |
| 20 | 0.0540 | 0.3 | 731.6192 | 732 | 9.3 |
| 21 | 0.1295 | 0.3 | 734.1305 | 734 | 9.1 |
| 22 | 0.2025 | 0.3 | 736.5586 | 737 | 8.9 |
| 23 | 0.2733 | 0.3 | 738.9136 | 739 | 8.7 |
| 24 | 0.3425 | 0.3 | 741.2154 | 741 | 8.5 |
| 25 | 0.4103 | 0.3 | 743.4706 | 743 | 8.4 |
| 26 | 0.4768 | 0.2 | 745.6825 | 746 | 8.3 |
| 27 | 0.5423 | 0.2 | 747.8612 | 748 | 8.1 |
| 28 | 0.6066 | 0.2 | 750.0000 | 750 | 8.0 |
| 29 | 0.6698 | 0.2 | 752.1022 | 752 | 7.9 |
| 30 | 0.7319 | 0.2 | 754.1678 | 754 | 7.7 |
| 31 | 0.7926 | 0.2 | 756.1868 | 756 | 7.6 |
| 32 | 0.8521 | 0.2 | 758.1659 | 758 | 7.5 |
| 33 | 0.9103 | 0.2 | 760.1018 | 760 | 7.3 |
| 34 | 0.9671 | 0.2 | 761.9911 | 762 | 7.2 |
| 35 | 1.0227 | 0.2 | 763.8405 | 764 | 7.1 |
| 36 | 1.0771 | 0.2 | 765.6499 | 766 | 7.0 |
| 37 | 1.1303 | 0.2 | 767.4195 | 767 | 6.9 |
| 38 | 1.1824 | 0.2 | 769.1525 | 769 | 6.8 |
| 39 | 1.2335 | 0.2 | 770.8522 | 771 | 6.7 |
| 40 | 1.2837 | 0.2 | 772.5219 | 773 | 6.6 |
| 41 | 1.3330 | 0.2 | 774.1618 | 774 | 6.6 |
| 42 | 1.3816 | 0.2 | 775.7783 | 776 | 6.5 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 43 | 1.4294 | 0.2 | 777.3683 | 777 | 6.4 |
| 44 | 1.4767 | 0.2 | 778.9416 | 779 | 6.4 |
| 45 | 1.5234 | 0.2 | 780.4949 | 780 | 6.3 |
| 46 | 1.5697 | 0.2 | 782.0350 | 782 | 6.3 |
| 47 | 1.6155 | 0.2 | 783.5584 | 784 | 6.3 |
| 48 | 1.6611 | 0.2 | 785.0752 | 785 | 6.2 |
| 49 | 1.7064 | 0.2 | 786.5820 | 787 | 6.2 |
| 50 | 1.7516 | 0.2 | 788.0854 | 788 | 6.2 |
| 51 | 1.7967 | 0.2 | 789.5856 | 790 | 6.2 |
| 52 | 1.8418 | 0.2 | 791.0857 | 791 | 6.2 |
| 53 | 1.8872 | 0.2 | 792.5958 | 793 | 6.2 |
| 54 | 1.9327 | 0.2 | 794.1092 | 794 | 6.2 |
| 55 | 1.9786 | 0.2 | 795.6360 | 796 | 6.3 |
| 56 | 2.0250 | 0.2 | 797.1794 | 797 | 6.3 |
| 57 | 2.0720 | 0.2 | 798.7427 | 799 | 6.4 |
| 58 | 2.1196 | 0.2 | 800.3260 | 800 | 6.4 |
| 59 | 2.1681 | 0.2 | 801.9392 | 802 | 6.5 |
| 60 | 2.2176 | 0.2 | 803.5857 | 804 | 6.5 |
| 61 | 2.2681 | 0.2 | 805.2654 | 805 | 6.6 |
| 62 | 2.3199 | 0.2 | 806.9884 | 807 | 6.7 |
| 63 | 2.3731 | 0.2 | 808.7580 | 809 | 6.8 |
| 64 | 2.4277 | 0.2 | 810.5741 | 811 | 6.9 |
| 65 | 2.4841 | 0.2 | 812.4501 | 812 | 7.0 |
| 66 | 2.5423 | 0.2 | 814.3860 | 814 | 7.1 |
| 67 | 2.6024 | 0.2 | 816.3851 | 816 | 7.3 |
| 68 | 2.6647 | 0.2 | 818.4573 | 818 | 7.4 |
| 69 | 2.7294 | 0.2 | 820.6094 | 821 | 7.6 |
| 70 | 2.7965 | 0.2 | 822.8413 | 823 | 7.7 |
| 71 | 2.8663 | 0.2 | 825.1630 | 825 | 7.9 |
| 72 | 2.9391 | 0.2 | 827.5845 | 828 | 8.1 |
| 73 | 3.0151 | 0.3 | 830.1125 | 830 | 8.3 |
| 74 | 3.0947 | 0.3 | 832.7601 | 833 | 8.6 |
| 75 | 3.1786 | 0.3 | 835.5509 | 836 | 8.8 |
| 76 | 3.2674 | 0.3 | 838.5046 | 839 | 9.2 |
| 77 | 3.3623 | 0.3 | 841.6612 | 842 | 9.6 |
| 78 | 3.4648 | 0.3 | 845.0706 | 845 | 10.1 |
| 79 | 3.5771 | 0.3 | 848.8059 | 849 | 10.7 |
| 80 | 3.7018 | 0.3 | 852.9538 | 850 | 10.7 |
| 81 | 3.8427 | 0.4 | 857.6404 | 850 | 10.7 |
| 82 | 4.0046 | 0.4 | 863.0256 | 850 | 10.7 |
| 83 | 4.1939 | 0.5 | 869.3222 | 850 | 10.7 |
| 84 | 4.4193 | 0.5 | 876.8195 | 850 | 10.7 |
| 85 | 4.6930 | 0.6 | 885.9234 | 850 | 10.7 |
| 86 | 5.0335 | 0.7 | 897.2493 | 850 | 10.7 |


| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 87 | 5.4703 | 0.8 | 911.7783 | 850 | 10.7 |
| 88 | 6.0520 | 1.0 | 931.1270 | 850 | 10.7 |
| 89 | 6.8669 | 1.3 | 958.2326 | 850 | 10.7 |
| 90 | 8.1295 | 1.8 | 1000.2297 | 850 | 10.7 |
| 91 | 10.7743 | 3.5 | 1088.2021 | 850 | 10.7 |
| 92 | 15.000 | 7.4 | 1228.7590 | 850 | 10.7 |

Table A.12.46 Conversion Table for Performance Level Setting Form: Integrated Mathematics II

| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -10.000 | 6.6 | 434.1360 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 1 | -6.0191 | 2.3 | 550.8233 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 2 | -4.2559 | 1.3 | 602.5059 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 3 | -3.3887 | 1.0 | 627.9251 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 4 | -2.8196 | 0.8 | 644.6064 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 5 | -2.3961 | 0.7 | 657.0200 | 657 | 20.0 |
| 6 | -2.0573 | 0.6 | 666.9508 | 667 | 18.1 |
| 7 | -1.7731 | 0.6 | 675.2812 | 675 | 16.5 |
| 8 | -1.5267 | 0.5 | 682.5037 | 683 | 15.3 |
| 9 | -1.3080 | 0.5 | 688.9142 | 689 | 14.4 |
| 10 | -1.1105 | 0.5 | 694.7032 | 695 | 13.6 |
| 11 | -0.9298 | 0.4 | 699.9999 | 700 | 13.0 |
| 12 | -0.7628 | 0.4 | 704.8950 | 705 | 12.4 |
| 13 | -0.6075 | 0.4 | 709.4471 | 709 | 11.9 |
| 14 | -0.4622 | 0.4 | 713.7061 | 714 | 11.5 |
| 15 | -0.3258 | 0.4 | 717.7042 | 718 | 11.0 |
| 16 | -0.1972 | 0.4 | 721.4737 | 721 | 10.6 |
| 17 | -0.0759 | 0.4 | 725.0292 | 725 | 10.3 |
| 18 | 0.0389 | 0.3 | 728.3942 | 728 | 9.9 |
| 19 | 0.1477 | 0.3 | 731.5834 | 732 | 9.6 |
| 20 | 0.2510 | 0.3 | 734.6113 | 735 | 9.3 |
| 21 | 0.3491 | 0.3 | 737.4867 | 737 | 9.0 |
| 22 | 0.4426 | 0.3 | 740.2274 | 740 | 8.7 |
| 23 | 0.5316 | 0.3 | 742.8362 | 743 | 8.5 |
| 24 | 0.6167 | 0.3 | 745.3306 | 745 | 8.2 |
| 25 | 0.6981 | 0.3 | 747.7166 | 748 | 8.0 |
| 26 | 0.7760 | 0.3 | 750.0000 | 750 | 7.8 |
| 27 | 0.8508 | 0.3 | 752.1925 | 752 | 7.6 |
| 28 | 0.9226 | 0.3 | 754.2971 | 754 | 7.4 |
| 29 | 0.9918 | 0.2 | 756.3254 | 756 | 7.3 |
| 30 | 1.0585 | 0.2 | 758.2805 | 758 | 7.1 |
| 31 | 1.1229 | 0.2 | 760.1682 | 760 | 7.0 |
| 32 | 1.1852 | 0.2 | 761.9943 | 762 | 6.9 |
| 33 | 1.2456 | 0.2 | 763.7648 | 764 | 6.7 |
| 34 | 1.3042 | 0.2 | 765.4824 | 765 | 6.6 |
| 35 | 1.3612 | 0.2 | 767.1532 | 767 | 6.5 |
| 36 | 1.4168 | 0.2 | 768.7830 | 769 | 6.4 |
| 37 | 1.4710 | 0.2 | 770.3717 | 770 | 6.4 |
| 38 | 1.5240 | 0.2 | 771.9252 | 772 | 6.3 |
| 39 | 1.5760 | 0.2 | 773.4494 | 773 | 6.2 |
| 40 | 1.6270 | 0.2 | 774.9443 | 775 | 6.2 |
| 41 | 1.6772 | 0.2 | 776.4158 | 776 | 6.1 |
| 42 | 1.7266 | 0.2 | 777.8638 | 778 | 6.1 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 43 | 1.7755 | 0.2 | 779.2971 | 779 | 6.0 |
| 44 | 1.8239 | 0.2 | 780.7158 | 781 | 6.0 |
| 45 | 1.8718 | 0.2 | 782.1198 | 782 | 5.9 |
| 46 | 1.9194 | 0.2 | 783.5151 | 784 | 5.9 |
| 47 | 1.9669 | 0.2 | 784.9074 | 785 | 5.9 |
| 48 | 2.0142 | 0.2 | 786.2938 | 786 | 5.9 |
| 49 | 2.0614 | 0.2 | 787.6773 | 788 | 5.8 |
| 50 | 2.1087 | 0.2 | 789.0638 | 789 | 5.8 |
| 51 | 2.1561 | 0.2 | 790.4532 | 790 | 5.8 |
| 52 | 2.2037 | 0.2 | 791.8484 | 792 | 5.8 |
| 53 | 2.2515 | 0.2 | 793.2495 | 793 | 5.8 |
| 54 | 2.2997 | 0.2 | 794.6623 | 795 | 5.8 |
| 55 | 2.3482 | 0.2 | 796.0840 | 796 | 5.8 |
| 56 | 2.3973 | 0.2 | 797.5232 | 798 | 5.8 |
| 57 | 2.4468 | 0.2 | 798.9741 | 799 | 5.9 |
| 58 | 2.4970 | 0.2 | 800.4456 | 800 | 5.9 |
| 59 | 2.5479 | 0.2 | 801.9375 | 802 | 5.9 |
| 60 | 2.5995 | 0.2 | 803.4500 | 803 | 5.9 |
| 61 | 2.6520 | 0.2 | 804.9889 | 805 | 6.0 |
| 62 | 2.7054 | 0.2 | 806.5541 | 807 | 6.0 |
| 63 | 2.7600 | 0.2 | 808.1546 | 808 | 6.0 |
| 64 | 2.8157 | 0.2 | 809.7872 | 810 | 6.1 |
| 65 | 2.8729 | 0.2 | 811.4639 | 811 | 6.2 |
| 66 | 2.9315 | 0.2 | 813.1815 | 813 | 6.2 |
| 67 | 2.9920 | 0.2 | 814.9549 | 815 | 6.3 |
| 68 | 3.0546 | 0.2 | 816.7898 | 817 | 6.4 |
| 69 | 3.1195 | 0.2 | 818.6922 | 819 | 6.6 |
| 70 | 3.1871 | 0.2 | 820.6736 | 821 | 6.7 |
| 71 | 3.2580 | 0.2 | 822.7518 | 823 | 6.9 |
| 72 | 3.3327 | 0.2 | 824.9414 | 825 | 7.2 |
| 73 | 3.4119 | 0.3 | 827.2629 | 827 | 7.5 |
| 74 | 3.4963 | 0.3 | 829.7368 | 830 | 7.8 |
| 75 | 3.5869 | 0.3 | 832.3925 | 832 | 8.2 |
| 76 | 3.6846 | 0.3 | 835.2563 | 835 | 8.7 |
| 77 | 3.7906 | 0.3 | 838.3633 | 838 | 9.3 |
| 78 | 3.9061 | 0.3 | 841.7488 | 842 | 9.9 |
| 79 | 4.0324 | 0.4 | 845.4509 | 845 | 10.6 |
| 80 | 4.1707 | 0.4 | 849.5047 | 850 | 10.6 |
| 81 | 4.3224 | 0.4 | 853.9513 | 850 | 10.6 |
| 82 | 4.4890 | 0.4 | 858.8347 | 850 | 10.6 |
| 83 | 4.6717 | 0.5 | 864.1899 | 850 | 10.6 |
| 84 | 4.8722 | 0.5 | 870.0670 | 850 | 10.6 |
| 85 | 5.0924 | 0.5 | 876.5214 | 850 | 10.6 |
| 86 | 5.3349 | 0.6 | 883.6295 | 850 | 10.6 |


| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 87 | 5.6038 | 0.6 | 891.5115 | 850 | 10.6 |
| 88 | 5.9060 | 0.7 | 900.3695 | 850 | 10.6 |
| 89 | 6.2543 | 0.7 | 910.5788 | 850 | 10.6 |
| 90 | 6.6715 | 0.8 | 922.8077 | 850 | 10.6 |
| 91 | 7.1999 | 1.0 | 938.2960 | 850 | 10.6 |
| 92 | 7.9228 | 1.2 | 959.4855 | 850 | 10.6 |
| 93 | 9.0366 | 1.7 | 992.1330 | 850 | 10.6 |
| 94 | 11.2797 | 3.0 | 1057.8823 | 850 | 10.6 |
| 95 | 15.000 | 6.6 | 1166.9310 | 850 | 10.6 |

Table A.12.47 Conversion Table for Performance Level Setting Form: Integrated Mathematics III

| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -10.000 | 11.0 | 320.8200 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 1 | -3.9857 | 1.4 | 558.5581 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 2 | -2.9620 | 0.9 | 599.0237 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 3 | -2.3774 | 0.7 | 622.1322 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 4 | -1.9684 | 0.6 | 638.2995 | 650 | 20.0 |
| 5 | -1.6530 | 0.6 | 650.7669 | 651 | 20.0 |
| 6 | -1.3955 | 0.5 | 660.9456 | 661 | 19.8 |
| 7 | -1.1771 | 0.5 | 669.5786 | 670 | 18.2 |
| 8 | -0.9874 | 0.4 | 677.0773 | 677 | 17.0 |
| 9 | -0.8195 | 0.4 | 683.7141 | 684 | 16.1 |
| 10 | -0.6689 | 0.4 | 689.6672 | 690 | 15.2 |
| 11 | -0.5324 | 0.4 | 695.0629 | 695 | 14.5 |
| 12 | -0.4075 | 0.4 | 700.0000 | 700 | 13.9 |
| 13 | -0.2924 | 0.3 | 704.5498 | 705 | 13.4 |
| 14 | -0.1855 | 0.3 | 708.7754 | 709 | 12.9 |
| 15 | -0.0856 | 0.3 | 712.7243 | 713 | 12.5 |
| 16 | 0.0083 | 0.3 | 716.4361 | 716 | 12.1 |
| 17 | 0.0969 | 0.3 | 719.9383 | 720 | 11.8 |
| 18 | 0.1810 | 0.3 | 723.2627 | 723 | 11.5 |
| 19 | 0.2611 | 0.3 | 726.4290 | 726 | 11.2 |
| 20 | 0.3377 | 0.3 | 729.4569 | 729 | 10.9 |
| 21 | 0.4110 | 0.3 | 732.3543 | 732 | 10.7 |
| 22 | 0.4816 | 0.3 | 735.1451 | 735 | 10.5 |
| 23 | 0.5495 | 0.3 | 737.8291 | 738 | 10.2 |
| 24 | 0.6151 | 0.3 | 740.4222 | 740 | 10.0 |
| 25 | 0.6786 | 0.2 | 742.9322 | 743 | 9.9 |
| 26 | 0.7400 | 0.2 | 745.3593 | 745 | 9.7 |
| 27 | 0.7996 | 0.2 | 747.7152 | 748 | 9.5 |
| 28 | 0.8574 | 0.2 | 750.0000 | 750 | 9.3 |
| 29 | 0.9136 | 0.2 | 752.2215 | 752 | 9.2 |
| 30 | 0.9683 | 0.2 | 754.3837 | 754 | 9.0 |
| 31 | 1.0215 | 0.2 | 756.4867 | 756 | 8.8 |
| 32 | 1.0733 | 0.2 | 758.5343 | 759 | 8.7 |
| 33 | 1.1238 | 0.2 | 760.5305 | 761 | 8.5 |
| 34 | 1.1730 | 0.2 | 762.4753 | 762 | 8.4 |
| 35 | 1.2210 | 0.2 | 764.3727 | 764 | 8.3 |
| 36 | 1.2678 | 0.2 | 766.2226 | 766 | 8.1 |
| 37 | 1.3135 | 0.2 | 768.0291 | 768 | 8.0 |
| 38 | 1.3581 | 0.2 | 769.7921 | 770 | 7.9 |
| 39 | 1.4017 | 0.2 | 771.5155 | 772 | 7.7 |
| 40 | 1.4444 | 0.2 | 773.2034 | 773 | 7.6 |
| 41 | 1.4862 | 0.2 | 774.8557 | 775 | 7.5 |
| 42 | 1.5271 | 0.2 | 776.4724 | 776 | 7.4 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| 43 | 1.5672 | 0.2 | 778.0575 | 778 | 7.3 |
| 44 | 1.6066 | 0.2 | 779.6150 | 780 | 7.2 |
| 45 | 1.6453 | 0.2 | 781.1447 | 781 | 7.2 |
| 46 | 1.6834 | 0.2 | 782.6508 | 783 | 7.1 |
| 47 | 1.7210 | 0.2 | 784.1371 | 784 | 7.0 |
| 48 | 1.7580 | 0.2 | 785.5996 | 786 | 7.0 |
| 49 | 1.7945 | 0.2 | 787.0424 | 787 | 6.9 |
| 50 | 1.8307 | 0.2 | 788.4734 | 788 | 6.8 |
| 51 | 1.8665 | 0.2 | 789.8885 | 790 | 6.8 |
| 52 | 1.9020 | 0.2 | 791.2918 | 791 | 6.8 |
| 53 | 1.9373 | 0.2 | 792.6871 | 793 | 6.7 |
| 54 | 1.9723 | 0.2 | 794.0707 | 794 | 6.7 |
| 55 | 2.0072 | 0.2 | 795.4502 | 795 | 6.7 |
| 56 | 2.0420 | 0.2 | 796.8258 | 797 | 6.7 |
| 57 | 2.0768 | 0.2 | 798.2014 | 798 | 6.7 |
| 58 | 2.1115 | 0.2 | 799.5731 | 800 | 6.6 |
| 59 | 2.1463 | 0.2 | 800.9487 | 801 | 6.6 |
| 60 | 2.1812 | 0.2 | 802.3282 | 802 | 6.7 |
| 61 | 2.2163 | 0.2 | 803.7157 | 804 | 6.7 |
| 62 | 2.2516 | 0.2 | 805.1110 | 805 | 6.7 |
| 63 | 2.2872 | 0.2 | 806.5183 | 807 | 6.7 |
| 64 | 2.3232 | 0.2 | 807.9413 | 808 | 6.7 |
| 65 | 2.3597 | 0.2 | 809.3841 | 809 | 6.8 |
| 66 | 2.3967 | 0.2 | 810.8467 | 811 | 6.8 |
| 67 | 2.4343 | 0.2 | 812.3330 | 812 | 6.9 |
| 68 | 2.4727 | 0.2 | 813.8509 | 814 | 7.0 |
| 69 | 2.5120 | 0.2 | 815.4043 | 815 | 7.0 |
| 70 | 2.5522 | 0.2 | 816.9934 | 817 | 7.1 |
| 71 | 2.5935 | 0.2 | 818.6259 | 819 | 7.2 |
| 72 | 2.6360 | 0.2 | 820.3059 | 820 | 7.3 |
| 73 | 2.6798 | 0.2 | 822.0373 | 822 | 7.5 |
| 74 | 2.7252 | 0.2 | 823.8319 | 824 | 7.6 |
| 75 | 2.7723 | 0.2 | 825.6937 | 826 | 7.7 |
| 76 | 2.8213 | 0.2 | 827.6306 | 828 | 7.9 |
| 77 | 2.8723 | 0.2 | 829.6466 | 830 | 8.1 |
| 78 | 2.9256 | 0.2 | 831.7535 | 832 | 8.3 |
| 79 | 2.9815 | 0.2 | 833.9631 | 834 | 8.5 |
| 80 | 3.0402 | 0.2 | 836.2835 | 836 | 8.7 |
| 81 | 3.1020 | 0.2 | 838.7263 | 839 | 9.0 |
| 82 | 3.1674 | 0.2 | 841.3115 | 841 | 9.2 |
| 83 | 3.2367 | 0.2 | 844.0509 | 844 | 9.6 |
| 84 | 3.3106 | 0.3 | 846.9720 | 847 | 9.9 |
| 85 | 3.3896 | 0.3 | 850.0948 | 850 | 9.9 |
| 86 | 3.4747 | 0.3 | 853.4587 | 850 | 9.9 |


| Raw Score | IRT Theta | Theta CSEM | Unrounded Scale Score | Rounded Scale Score | Scale Score CSEM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 87 | 3.5668 | 0.3 | 857.0993 | 850 | 9.9 |
| 88 | 3.6674 | 0.3 | 861.0759 | 850 | 9.9 |
| 89 | 3.7783 | 0.3 | 865.4597 | 850 | 9.9 |
| 90 | 3.9019 | 0.3 | 870.3454 | 850 | 9.9 |
| 91 | 4.0417 | 0.4 | 875.8716 | 850 | 9.9 |
| 92 | 4.2023 | 0.4 | 882.2199 | 850 | 9.9 |
| 93 | 4.3905 | 0.4 | 889.6592 | 850 | 9.9 |
| 94 | 4.6167 | 0.5 | 898.6006 | 850 | 9.9 |
| 95 | 4.8970 | 0.6 | 909.6805 | 850 | 9.9 |
| 96 | 5.2601 | 0.7 | 924.0334 | 850 | 9.9 |
| 97 | 5.7624 | 0.9 | 943.8888 | 850 | 9.9 |
| 98 | 6.5405 | 1.2 | 974.6461 | 850 | 9.9 |
| 99 | 8.0537 | 1.9 | 1034.4611 | 850 | 9.9 |
| 100 | 15.000 | 9.7 | 1309.0400 | 850 | 9.9 |

## PARCC

Figure A.12.1 IRT Test Characteristic Curves, Information Curves, and CSEM Curves ELA/L Grade 3




## PARCC

Figure A.12.2 IRT Test Characteristic Curves, Information Curves, and CSEM Curves ELA/L Grade 4




## PARCC

Figure A.12.3 IRT Test Characteristic Curves, Information Curves, and CSEM Curves ELA/L Grade 5




## PARCC

Figure A.12.4 IRT Test Characteristic Curves, Information Curves, and CSEM Curves ELA/L Grade 6




## PARCC

Figure A.12.5 IRT Test Characteristic Curves, Information Curves, and CSEM Curves ELA/L Grade 7




## PARCC

Figure A.12.6 IRT Test Characteristic Curves, Information Curves, and CSEM Curves ELA/L Grade 8




## PARCC

Figure A.12.7 IRT Test Characteristic Curves, Information Curves, and CSEM Curves ELA/L Grade 9




## PARCC

Figure A.12.8 IRT Test Characteristic Curves, Information Curves, and CSEM Curves ELA/L Grade 10




## PARCC

Figure A.12.9 IRT Test Characteristic Curves, Information Curves, and CSEM Curves ELA/L Grade 11




## PARCC

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Figure A.12.10 IRT Test Characteristic Curves, Information Curves, and CSEM Curves Mathematics Grade 3




## PARCC

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Figure A.12.11 IRT Test Characteristic Curves, Information Curves, and CSEM Curves Mathematics Grade 4




## PARCC

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Figure A.12.12 IRT Test Characteristic Curves, Information Curves, and CSEM Curves Mathematics Grade 5




## PARCC

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Figure A.12.13 IRT Test Characteristic Curves, Information Curves, and CSEM Curves Mathematics Grade 6




## PARCC

Figure A.12.14 IRT Test Characteristic Curves, Information Curves, and CSEM Curves Mathematics Grade 7




## PARCC

Figure A.12.15 IRT Test Characteristic Curves, Information Curves, and CSEM Curves Mathematics Grade 8




## PARCC

Figure A.12.16 IRT Test Characteristic Curves, Information Curves, and CSEM Curves Algebra I




## PARCC

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Figure A.12.17 IRT Test Characteristic Curves, Information Curves, and CSEM Curves Geometry




## PARCC

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Figure A.12.18 IRT Test Characteristic Curves, Information Curves, and CSEM Curves Algebra II




## PARCC

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Figure A.12.19 IRT Test Characteristic Curves, Information Curves, and CSEM Curves Integrated Mathematics I




## PARCC

Figure A.12.20 IRT Test Characteristic Curves, Information Curves, and CSEM Curves Integrated Mathematics II




## PARCC

Figure A.12.21 IRT Test Characteristic Curves, Information Curves, and CSEM Curves Integrated Mathematics III




## Appendix 12.5: Subgroup Scale Score Performance

Table A.12.48 Subgroup Performance for ELA/L Scale Scores: Grade 3

| Group Type | Group | $N$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score |  | 471,801 | 738.48 | 40.58 | 650 | 850 |
| Gender | Female | 231,217 | 743.26 | 40.89 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 240,584 | 733.90 | 39.74 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 5,431 | 716.71 | 34.76 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Asian | 27,059 | 765.40 | 39.86 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 78,661 | 722.26 | 37.94 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 131,457 | 724.68 | 37.37 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 803 | 749.12 | 39.26 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 15,836 | 744.02 | 40.43 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 212,059 | 749.76 | 38.05 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 228,865 | 722.74 | 36.75 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 237,879 | 753.32 | 38.38 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 68,638 | 713.99 | 34.27 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Non English Learner | 396,667 | 742.77 | 40.05 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 63,952 | 709.97 | 38.13 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 245,463 | 745.33 | 39.39 | 650 | 850 |
| Reading Score |  | 471,801 | 45.19 | 16.10 | 10 | 90 |
| Gender | Female | 231,217 | 46.47 | 16.18 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Male | 240,584 | 43.96 | 15.93 | 10 | 90 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 5,431 | 36.37 | 13.55 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Asian | 27,059 | 55.21 | 16.06 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Black or African American | 78,661 | 38.65 | 14.58 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 131,457 | 39.37 | 14.46 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 803 | 48.52 | 15.20 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 15,836 | 47.78 | 16.18 | 10 | 90 |
|  | White | 212,059 | 49.97 | 15.31 | 10 | 90 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 228,865 | 38.82 | 14.24 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 237,879 | 51.18 | 15.44 | 10 | 90 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 68,638 | 35.01 | 12.95 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Non English Learner | 396,667 | 46.96 | 15.93 | 10 | 90 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 63,952 | 34.68 | 15.11 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 245,463 | 47.64 | 15.74 | 10 | 90 |
| Writing Score |  | 471,801 | 31.18 | 11.90 | 10 | 60 |
| Gender | Female | 231,217 | 33.13 | 11.50 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Male | 240,584 | 29.32 | 11.97 | 10 | 60 |


| Group Type | Group | $\boldsymbol{N}$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 5,431 | 26.48 | 11.27 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Asian | 27,059 | 38.17 | 10.46 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Black or African American | 78,661 | 27.46 | 11.95 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 131,457 | 28.43 | 11.73 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 803 | 34.50 | 11.54 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 15,836 | 31.96 | 11.85 | 10 | 60 |
|  | White | 212,059 | 33.44 | 11.24 | 10 | 60 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 228,865 | 27.62 | 11.72 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 237,879 | 34.55 | 11.05 | 10 | 60 |
| English Learner | English Learner (EL) | 68,638 | 26.17 | 11.51 | 10 | 60 |
| Status | Non English Learner | 396,667 | 32.07 | 11.74 | 10 | 60 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 63,952 | 23.14 | 11.94 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 245,463 | 33.17 | 11.31 | 10 | 60 |

Note: This table is identical to Table 12.7 in Section 12.
*Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

Table A.12.49 Subgroup Performance for ELA/L Scale Scores: Grade 4

| Group Type | Group | $N$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score |  | 461,204 | 742.44 | 35.20 | 650 | 850 |
| Gender | Female | 226,107 | 747.65 | 34.80 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 235,097 | 737.42 | 34.85 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 5,339 | 721.85 | 30.93 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Asian | 26,805 | 765.70 | 33.40 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 74,444 | 727.00 | 33.01 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 127,151 | 730.55 | 32.35 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 756 | 747.12 | 34.79 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 14,693 | 747.04 | 35.44 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 211,636 | 752.27 | 32.89 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 218,926 | 728.08 | 32.04 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 237,120 | 755.47 | 32.84 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 42,083 | 712.55 | 29.08 | 650 | 849 |
|  | Non English Learner | 412,712 | 745.47 | 34.28 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 70,114 | 715.28 | 34.14 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 235,751 | 749.77 | 33.35 | 650 | 850 |
| Reading Score |  | 461,204 | 46.82 | 14.03 | 10 | 90 |
| Gender | Female | 226,107 | 48.09 | 13.88 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Male | 235,097 | 45.59 | 14.06 | 10 | 90 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 5,339 | 38.30 | 12.20 | 10 | 88 |
|  | Asian | 26,805 | 55.40 | 13.57 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Black or African American | 74,444 | 40.71 | 12.77 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 127,151 | 41.70 | 12.64 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 756 | 48.15 | 13.84 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 14,693 | 49.03 | 14.14 | 10 | 90 |
|  | White | 211,636 | 51.02 | 13.24 | 10 | 90 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 218,926 | 40.97 | 12.48 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 237,120 | 52.11 | 13.24 | 10 | 90 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 42,083 | 34.49 | 10.83 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Non English Learner | 412,712 | 48.08 | 13.69 | 10 | 90 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 70,114 | 37.04 | 13.39 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 235,751 | 49.41 | 13.52 | 10 | 90 |
| Writing Score |  | 461,204 | 32.95 | 9.38 | 10 | 60 |
| Gender | Female | 226,107 | 34.84 | 8.84 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Male | 235,097 | 31.13 | 9.52 | 10 | 60 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 5,339 | 28.81 | 8.92 | 10 | 60 |


| Group Type | Group | $\boldsymbol{N}$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Asian | 26,805 | 38.58 | 8.21 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Black or African American | 74,444 | 29.43 | 9.57 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 127,151 | 30.68 | 9.20 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 756 | 34.35 | 9.12 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 14,693 | 33.63 | 9.42 | 10 | 60 |
|  | White | 211,636 | 34.90 | 8.69 | 10 | 60 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 218,926 | 29.86 | 9.31 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 237,120 | 35.77 | 8.53 | 10 | 60 |
|  | English Learner (EL) | 42,083 | 26.64 | 9.42 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Non English Learner | 412,712 | 33.59 | 9.12 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 70,114 | 25.54 | 10.27 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 235,751 | 34.92 | 8.52 | 10 | 60 |

Note: ${ }^{*}$ Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

Table A.12.50 Subgroup Performance for ELA/L Scale Scores: Grade 5

| Group Type | Group | $N$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score |  | 455,980 | 742.24 | 32.87 | 650 | 850 |
| Gender | Female | 223,111 | 747.29 | 32.82 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 232,869 | 737.40 | 32.19 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 5,107 | 724.57 | 28.17 | 650 | 832 |
|  | Asian | 26,923 | 765.34 | 31.47 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 72,454 | 727.16 | 30.42 | 650 | 847 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 124,303 | 731.00 | 30.21 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 753 | 749.64 | 32.85 | 654 | 837 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 13,956 | 746.59 | 32.80 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 212,115 | 751.18 | 30.70 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 211,469 | 728.44 | 29.76 | 650 | 849 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 239,390 | 754.21 | 30.71 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 32,036 | 710.31 | 26.08 | 650 | 827 |
|  | Non English Learner | 417,455 | 744.72 | 32.01 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 72,830 | 717.23 | 30.93 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 229,803 | 750.00 | 31.31 | 650 | 850 |
| Reading Score |  | 455,980 | 46.67 | 13.15 | 10 | 90 |
| Gender | Female | 223,111 | 47.87 | 13.08 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Male | 232,869 | 45.53 | 13.11 | 10 | 90 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 5,107 | 39.48 | 11.20 | 10 | 87 |
|  | Asian | 26,923 | 55.20 | 12.64 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Black or African American | 72,454 | 40.81 | 12.03 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 124,303 | 42.02 | 11.95 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 753 | 48.97 | 12.56 | 10 | 81 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 13,956 | 48.63 | 13.16 | 10 | 90 |
|  | White | 212,115 | 50.36 | 12.42 | 10 | 90 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 211,469 | 41.20 | 11.81 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 239,390 | 51.41 | 12.40 | 10 | 90 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 32,036 | 33.98 | 9.91 | 10 | 81 |
|  | Non English Learner | 417,455 | 47.65 | 12.85 | 10 | 90 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 72,830 | 37.38 | 12.39 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 229,803 | 49.30 | 12.63 | 10 | 90 |
| Writing Score |  | 455,980 | 31.76 | 10.57 | 10 | 60 |
| Gender | Female | 223,111 | 33.95 | 9.80 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Male | 232,869 | 29.65 | 10.85 | 10 | 60 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 5,107 | 27.62 | 10.21 | 10 | 60 |


| Group Type | Group | $\boldsymbol{N}$ | Mean | $\boldsymbol{S D}$ | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Asian | 26,923 | 38.11 | 8.63 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Black or African American | 72,454 | 27.48 | 11.01 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 124,303 | 29.06 | 10.60 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 753 | 34.11 | 10.25 | 10 | 57 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 13,956 | 32.70 | 10.35 | 10 | 60 |
|  | White | 212,115 | 34.03 | 9.59 | 10 | 60 |
| Economic Status | Economically Disadvantaged | 211,469 | 28.08 | 10.74 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 239,390 | 34.95 | 9.33 | 10 | 60 |
|  | English Learner (EL) | 32,036 | 22.89 | 10.83 | 10 | 57 |
|  | Non English Learner | 417,455 | 32.45 | 10.23 | 10 | 60 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 72,830 | 23.67 | 11.52 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 229,803 | 34.35 | 9.40 | 10 | 60 |

Note: ${ }^{*}$ Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

Table A. 12.51 Subgroup Performance for ELA/L Scale Scores: Grade 6

| Group Type | Group | $N$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score |  | 455,888 | 741.53 | 32.22 | 650 | 850 |
| Gender | Female | 222,704 | 748.14 | 31.43 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 233,184 | 735.23 | 31.70 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 5,004 | 726.05 | 27.59 | 650 | 830 |
|  | Asian | 27,074 | 764.46 | 31.51 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 72,633 | 727.13 | 29.94 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 121,345 | 730.96 | 29.70 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 646 | 748.69 | 31.95 | 664 | 831 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 13,247 | 744.07 | 32.01 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 215,559 | 749.66 | 30.26 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 205,587 | 728.30 | 29.29 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 245,057 | 752.48 | 30.42 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 26,361 | 708.64 | 25.49 | 650 | 821 |
|  | Non English Learner | 423,384 | 743.64 | 31.45 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 73,617 | 715.84 | 30.05 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 227,345 | 749.22 | 30.62 | 650 | 850 |
| Reading Score |  | 455,888 | 46.40 | 12.62 | 10 | 90 |
| Gender | Female | 222,704 | 48.01 | 12.41 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Male | 233,184 | 44.87 | 12.62 | 10 | 90 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 5,004 | 39.51 | 10.56 | 10 | 80 |
|  | Asian | 27,074 | 54.65 | 12.47 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Black or African American | 72,633 | 40.85 | 11.42 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 121,345 | 41.91 | 11.36 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 646 | 48.54 | 12.32 | 17 | 79 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 13,247 | 47.86 | 12.70 | 10 | 90 |
|  | White | 215,559 | 49.83 | 12.00 | 10 | 90 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 205,587 | 41.12 | 11.19 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 245,057 | 50.75 | 12.06 | 10 | 90 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 26,361 | 33.21 | 9.13 | 10 | 78 |
|  | Non English Learner | 423,384 | 47.24 | 12.33 | 10 | 90 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 73,617 | 37.10 | 11.72 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 227,345 | 48.98 | 12.12 | 10 | 90 |
| Writing Score |  | 455,888 | 31.77 | 10.61 | 10 | 60 |
| Gender | Female | 222,704 | 34.68 | 9.36 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Male | 233,184 | 28.99 | 10.99 | 10 | 60 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 5,004 | 28.94 | 10.15 | 10 | 60 |


| Group Type | Group | $\boldsymbol{N}$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Asian | 27,074 | 38.28 | 9.08 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Black or African American | 72,633 | 27.76 | 10.94 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 121,345 | 29.42 | 10.55 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 646 | 34.28 | 10.13 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 13,247 | 31.95 | 10.58 | 10 | 60 |
|  | White | 215,559 | 33.68 | 9.87 | 10 | 60 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 205,587 | 28.35 | 10.72 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 245,057 | 34.61 | 9.66 | 10 | 60 |
| English Learner <br> Status | English Learner (EL) | 26,361 | 23.17 | 10.83 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Non English Learner | 423,384 | 32.33 | 10.35 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 73,617 | 23.48 | 11.37 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 227,345 | 34.30 | 9.59 | 10 | 60 |

Note: ${ }^{*}$ Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

Table A.12.52 Subgroup Performance for ELA/L Scale Scores: Grade 7

| Group Type | Group | $N$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score |  | 449,801 | 742.56 | 37.48 | 650 | 850 |
| Gender | Female | 219,732 | 750.85 | 36.51 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 230,069 | 734.64 | 36.68 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 4,767 | 721.31 | 32.66 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Asian | 26,815 | 770.44 | 36.31 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 71,886 | 726.00 | 34.45 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 118,348 | 729.82 | 34.40 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 691 | 750.69 | 37.34 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 12,408 | 745.62 | 37.38 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 214,505 | 751.96 | 35.22 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 197,876 | 726.92 | 33.87 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 246,553 | 754.91 | 35.58 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 25,543 | 703.58 | 29.04 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Non English Learner | 418,472 | 745.00 | 36.57 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 72,421 | 712.98 | 34.54 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 225,948 | 751.39 | 36.04 | 650 | 850 |
| Reading Score |  | 449,801 | 46.98 | 14.85 | 10 | 90 |
| Gender | Female | 219,732 | 49.26 | 14.55 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Male | 230,069 | 44.80 | 14.81 | 10 | 90 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 4,767 | 38.27 | 12.89 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Asian | 26,815 | 57.08 | 14.65 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Black or African American | 71,886 | 40.50 | 13.37 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 118,348 | 41.60 | 13.33 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 691 | 49.26 | 14.79 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 12,408 | 48.83 | 15.00 | 10 | 90 |
|  | White | 214,505 | 50.94 | 14.13 | 10 | 90 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 197,876 | 40.73 | 13.15 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 246,553 | 51.90 | 14.27 | 10 | 90 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 25,543 | 31.13 | 10.54 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Non English Learner | 418,472 | 47.96 | 14.51 | 10 | 90 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 72,421 | 35.83 | 13.69 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 225,948 | 49.94 | 14.34 | 10 | 90 |
| Writing Score |  | 449,801 | 31.79 | 11.74 | 10 | 60 |
| Gender | Female | 219,732 | 35.00 | 10.65 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Male | 230,069 | 28.72 | 11.91 | 10 | 60 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 4,767 | 26.98 | 11.07 | 10 | 60 |


| Group Type | Group | $N$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Asian | 26,815 | 39.63 | 9.96 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Black or African American | 71,886 | 27.38 | 11.71 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 118,348 | 28.83 | 11.61 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 691 | 34.80 | 11.10 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 12,408 | 32.02 | 11.65 | 10 | 60 |
|  | White | 214,505 | 34.02 | 10.97 | 10 | 60 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 197,876 | 27.74 | 11.64 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 246,553 | 34.99 | 10.80 | 10 | 60 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 25,543 | 22.03 | 11.24 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Non English Learner | 418,472 | 32.41 | 11.49 | 10 | 60 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 72,421 | 23.07 | 11.93 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 225,948 | 34.61 | 10.92 | 10 | 60 |

Note: ${ }^{*}$ Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

Table A.12.53 Subgroup Performance for ELA/L Scale Scores: Grade 8

| Group Type | Group | $N$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score |  | 440,160 | 743.04 | 37.68 | 650 | 850 |
| Gender | Female | 214,660 | 750.93 | 36.48 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 225,500 | 735.53 | 37.27 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 4,784 | 723.95 | 31.93 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Asian | 25,536 | 770.71 | 36.93 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 71,383 | 726.25 | 34.68 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 114,136 | 731.42 | 35.05 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 633 | 751.74 | 37.63 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 11,450 | 745.73 | 37.60 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 211,869 | 751.92 | 35.54 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 191,396 | 728.13 | 34.57 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 243,253 | 754.54 | 35.92 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 25,527 | 704.42 | 29.37 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Non English Learner | 409,299 | 745.51 | 36.79 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 69,917 | 713.45 | 35.02 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 222,682 | 751.22 | 36.41 | 650 | 850 |
| Reading Score |  | 440,160 | 47.33 | 15.04 | 10 | 90 |
| Gender | Female | 214,660 | 49.35 | 14.65 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Male | 225,500 | 45.41 | 15.17 | 10 | 90 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 4,784 | 39.05 | 12.65 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Asian | 25,536 | 57.49 | 14.92 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Black or African American | 71,383 | 40.83 | 13.69 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 114,136 | 42.36 | 13.81 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 633 | 50.27 | 14.94 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 11,450 | 48.98 | 15.12 | 10 | 90 |
|  | White | 211,869 | 51.08 | 14.30 | 10 | 90 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 191,396 | 41.33 | 13.64 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 243,253 | 51.97 | 14.43 | 10 | 90 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 25,527 | 31.52 | 10.93 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Non English Learner | 409,299 | 48.34 | 14.70 | 10 | 90 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 69,917 | 36.12 | 14.01 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 222,682 | 50.24 | 14.55 | 10 | 90 |
| Writing Score |  | 440,160 | 32.07 | 11.16 | 10 | 60 |
| Gender | Female | 214,660 | 35.12 | 10.08 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Male | 225,500 | 29.16 | 11.37 | 10 | 60 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 4,784 | 28.33 | 10.22 | 10 | 60 |


| Group Type | Group | $\boldsymbol{N}$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Asian | 25,536 | 39.47 | 9.79 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Black or African American | 71,383 | 27.67 | 11.10 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 114,136 | 29.56 | 10.91 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 633 | 34.65 | 10.62 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 11,450 | 32.24 | 11.13 | 10 | 60 |
|  | White | 211,869 | 34.08 | 10.54 | 10 | 60 |
| Economic Status | Economically Disadvantaged | 191,396 | 28.41 | 11.02 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 243,253 | 34.88 | 10.44 | 10 | 60 |
|  | English Learner (EL) | 25,527 | 22.88 | 10.66 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Non English Learner | 409,299 | 32.66 | 10.93 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 69,917 | 23.88 | 11.41 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 222,682 | 34.42 | 10.54 | 10 | 60 |

Note: ${ }^{*}$ Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

Table A. 12.54 Subgroup Performance for ELA/L Scale Scores: Grade 9

| Group Type | Group | $N$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score |  | 275,158 | 738.99 | 36.84 | 650 | 850 |
| Gender | Female | 134,144 | 746.59 | 35.93 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 141,014 | 731.76 | 36.23 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,669 | 724.04 | 29.81 | 650 | 828 |
|  | Asian | 17,145 | 767.48 | 37.14 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 37,389 | 723.04 | 33.25 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 85,831 | 727.43 | 33.73 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 417 | 748.40 | 36.39 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 5,774 | 743.50 | 37.43 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 124,609 | 748.09 | 34.93 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 117,958 | 724.96 | 33.12 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 151,423 | 749.76 | 35.89 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 19,031 | 702.15 | 26.81 | 650 | 846 |
|  | Non English Learner | 251,285 | 741.91 | 35.92 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 39,611 | 712.05 | 32.17 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 127,890 | 746.64 | 36.61 | 650 | 850 |
| Reading Score |  | 275,158 | 45.80 | 14.81 | 10 | 90 |
| Gender | Female | 134,144 | 47.91 | 14.51 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Male | 141,014 | 43.80 | 14.82 | 10 | 90 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,669 | 38.99 | 11.87 | 10 | 79 |
|  | Asian | 17,145 | 56.28 | 15.24 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Black or African American | 37,389 | 39.61 | 13.11 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 85,831 | 40.85 | 13.23 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 417 | 48.93 | 14.59 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 5,774 | 48.26 | 15.36 | 10 | 90 |
|  | White | 124,609 | 49.73 | 14.26 | 10 | 90 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 117,958 | 40.01 | 12.98 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 151,423 | 50.23 | 14.59 | 10 | 90 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 19,031 | 30.82 | 9.94 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Non English Learner | 251,285 | 46.97 | 14.48 | 10 | 90 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 39,611 | 35.61 | 12.94 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 127,890 | 48.36 | 14.66 | 10 | 90 |
| Writing Score |  | 275,158 | 29.76 | 12.42 | 10 | 60 |
| Gender | Female | 134,144 | 33.10 | 11.31 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Male | 141,014 | 26.59 | 12.60 | 10 | 60 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,669 | 27.23 | 11.25 | 10 | 56 |


| Group Type | Group | $\boldsymbol{N}$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Asian | 17,145 | 38.17 | 10.53 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Black or African American | 37,389 | 24.88 | 12.40 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 85,831 | 27.07 | 12.23 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 417 | 33.25 | 11.23 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 5,774 | 30.18 | 12.51 | 10 | 60 |
|  | White | 124,609 | 31.99 | 11.72 | 10 | 60 |
| Economic Status | Economically Disadvantaged | 117,958 | 26.08 | 12.27 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 151,423 | 32.60 | 11.77 | 10 | 60 |
|  | English Learner (EL) | 19,031 | 19.94 | 11.20 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Non English Learner | 251,285 | 30.56 | 12.17 | 10 | 60 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 39,611 | 21.12 | 11.96 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 127,890 | 32.39 | 11.93 | 10 | 60 |

Note: This table is identical to Table 12.8 in Section 12.
*Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

Table A.12.55 Subgroup Performance for ELA/L Scale Scores: Grade 10

| Group Type | Group | $N$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score |  | 192,956 | 737.78 | 46.78 | 650 | 850 |
| Gender | Female | 94,310 | 747.07 | 45.62 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 98,646 | 728.90 | 46.15 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,114 | 721.00 | 37.08 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Asian | 13,783 | 768.38 | 47.04 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 39,758 | 721.81 | 42.69 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 49,081 | 724.57 | 42.71 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 330 | 746.32 | 48.49 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 3,797 | 745.72 | 47.03 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 82,836 | 748.53 | 45.74 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 75,887 | 721.15 | 41.74 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 111,704 | 749.16 | 46.54 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 9,873 | 690.09 | 30.87 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Non English Learner | 182,464 | 740.43 | 46.09 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 30,079 | 705.42 | 40.08 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 152,199 | 744.85 | 45.42 | 650 | 850 |
| Reading Score |  | 192,956 | 45.41 | 18.37 | 10 | 90 |
| Gender | Female | 94,310 | 47.80 | 17.91 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Male | 98,646 | 43.13 | 18.51 | 10 | 90 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,114 | 37.31 | 14.23 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Asian | 13,783 | 56.87 | 19.03 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Black or African American | 39,758 | 39.18 | 16.38 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 49,081 | 39.81 | 16.24 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 330 | 48.07 | 18.61 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 3,797 | 49.04 | 18.74 | 10 | 90 |
|  | White | 82,836 | 49.99 | 18.21 | 10 | 90 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 75,887 | 38.61 | 15.86 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 111,704 | 50.03 | 18.49 | 10 | 90 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 9,873 | 27.16 | 11.19 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Non English Learner | 182,464 | 46.42 | 18.16 | 10 | 90 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 30,079 | 33.45 | 15.79 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 152,199 | 47.96 | 17.94 | 10 | 90 |
| Writing Score |  | 192,956 | 30.60 | 13.46 | 10 | 60 |
| Gender | Female | 94,310 | 34.02 | 12.77 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Male | 98,646 | 27.33 | 13.30 | 10 | 60 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,114 | 28.30 | 11.45 | 10 | 60 |


| Group Type | Group | $\boldsymbol{N}$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Asian | 13,783 | 38.46 | 12.65 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Black or African American | 39,758 | 26.65 | 12.92 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 49,081 | 27.76 | 12.96 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 330 | 33.41 | 13.78 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 3,797 | 32.14 | 13.38 | 10 | 60 |
|  | White | 82,836 | 32.90 | 13.16 | 10 | 60 |
| Economic Status | Economically Disadvantaged | 75,887 | 26.79 | 12.81 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 111,704 | 33.24 | 13.24 | 10 | 60 |
|  | English Learner (EL) | 9,873 | 18.43 | 10.52 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Non English Learner | 182,464 | 31.27 | 13.29 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 30,079 | 21.89 | 12.19 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 152,199 | 32.56 | 13.02 | 10 | 60 |

Note: *Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

Table A.12.56 Subgroup Performance for ELA/L Scale Scores: Grade 11

| Group Type | Group | $N$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score |  | 136,934 | 737.42 | 38.44 | 650 | 850 |
| Gender | Female | 66,006 | 745.25 | 37.33 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 70,928 | 730.12 | 38.02 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 2,940 | 731.82 | 32.09 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Asian | 6,768 | 756.06 | 41.07 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 25,458 | 725.39 | 36.42 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 36,006 | 734.05 | 36.69 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 216 | 747.94 | 36.99 | 656 | 838 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 2,233 | 740.35 | 39.15 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 63,185 | 742.35 | 38.49 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 57,183 | 729.57 | 36.28 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 79,641 | 743.11 | 38.93 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 5,060 | 705.46 | 30.70 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Non English Learner | 131,450 | 738.71 | 38.17 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 21,041 | 712.07 | 33.93 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 90,767 | 743.43 | 37.37 | 650 | 850 |
| Reading Score |  | 136,934 | 45.21 | 15.19 | 10 | 90 |
| Gender | Female | 66,006 | 47.30 | 14.70 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Male | 70,928 | 43.27 | 15.38 | 10 | 90 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 2,940 | 41.18 | 12.27 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Asian | 6,768 | 52.40 | 16.74 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Black or African American | 25,458 | 40.28 | 13.88 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 36,006 | 43.25 | 14.07 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 216 | 48.40 | 14.42 | 14 | 84 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 2,233 | 46.66 | 15.44 | 10 | 90 |
|  | White | 63,185 | 47.69 | 15.43 | 10 | 90 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 57,183 | 41.69 | 13.88 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 79,641 | 47.75 | 15.58 | 10 | 90 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 5,060 | 31.88 | 10.93 | 10 | 87 |
|  | Non English Learner | 131,450 | 45.75 | 15.09 | 10 | 90 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 21,041 | 35.64 | 13.39 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 90,767 | 47.33 | 14.81 | 10 | 90 |
| Writing Score |  | 136,934 | 29.31 | 12.85 | 10 | 60 |
| Gender | Female | 66,006 | 32.46 | 12.06 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Male | 70,928 | 26.37 | 12.87 | 10 | 60 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 2,940 | 30.12 | 11.09 | 10 | 60 |


| Group Type | Group | $\boldsymbol{N}$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Asian | 6,768 | 34.43 | 12.58 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Black or African American | 25,458 | 26.05 | 12.88 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 36,006 | 29.00 | 12.62 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 216 | 33.13 | 12.08 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 2,233 | 29.76 | 13.00 | 10 | 60 |
|  | White | 63,185 | 30.20 | 12.75 | 10 | 60 |
| Economic Status | Economically Disadvantaged | 57,183 | 27.52 | 12.74 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 79,641 | 30.61 | 12.77 | 10 | 60 |
|  | English Learner (EL) | 5,060 | 21.28 | 11.84 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Non English Learner | 131,450 | 29.64 | 12.78 | 10 | 60 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 21,041 | 21.71 | 12.15 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 90,767 | 31.18 | 12.45 | 10 | 60 |

Note: *Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

Table A.12.57 Subgroup Performance for Mathematics Scale Scores: Grade 3

| Group Type | Group | $\boldsymbol{N}$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score | $\mathbf{4 7 6 , 6 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{7 4 2 . 6 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 6 . 5 5}$ | $\mathbf{6 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 5 0}$ |  |
| Gender | Female | 233,536 | 743.30 | 35.54 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 243,084 | 742.00 | 37.49 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 5,436 | 723.43 | 31.20 | 650 | 845 |
|  | Asian | 27,498 | 772.68 | 35.53 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 78,668 | 726.06 | 34.28 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 135,427 | 730.79 | 33.24 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 817 | 748.97 | 35.46 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 15,843 | 746.02 | 36.86 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 212,345 | 752.70 | 33.75 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 232,719 | 728.42 | 33.34 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 238,816 | 756.22 | 34.28 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner | English Learner (EL) | 73,569 | 724.77 | 32.50 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Status | Non English Learner | 396,435 | 746.02 | 36.24 | 650 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 64,259 | 718.66 | 37.10 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 248,483 | 748.90 | 35.18 | 650 | 850 |

Note: This table is identical to Table 12.9 in Section 12.
*Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

Table A.12.58 Subgroup Performance for Mathematics Scale Scores: Grade 4

| Group Type | Group | N | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score |  | 464,485 | 737.77 | 33.15 | 650 | 850 |
| Gender | Female | 227,746 | 738.39 | 32.53 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 236,739 | 737.18 | 33.73 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 5,330 | 718.97 | 28.41 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Asian | 27,281 | 765.50 | 32.54 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 74,511 | 721.56 | 30.19 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 129,527 | 726.69 | 29.66 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 763 | 742.60 | 33.06 | 650 | 841 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 14,687 | 740.95 | 33.83 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 211,905 | 746.96 | 30.78 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 221,350 | 724.08 | 29.58 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 237,943 | 750.29 | 31.30 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 45,533 | 714.30 | 27.50 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Non English Learner | 412,407 | 740.42 | 32.68 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 70,190 | 716.84 | 31.29 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 238,277 | 744.68 | 32.12 | 650 | 850 |

Note: *Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

Table A.12.59 Subgroup Performance for Mathematics Scale Scores: Grade 5

| Group Type | Group | N | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score |  | 458,218 | 738.98 | 32.38 | 650 | 850 |
| Gender | Female | 224,219 | 740.12 | 30.98 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 233,999 | 737.88 | 33.63 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 5,103 | 721.97 | 27.69 | 650 | 845 |
|  | Asian | 27,309 | 767.66 | 32.67 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 72,520 | 723.17 | 28.65 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 125,738 | 728.32 | 28.79 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 754 | 745.77 | 31.97 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 13,965 | 741.92 | 33.19 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 212,365 | 747.23 | 30.36 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 212,859 | 725.60 | 28.59 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 240,211 | 750.66 | 30.99 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 34,414 | 713.04 | 27.00 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Non English Learner | 417,200 | 741.17 | 31.80 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 72,787 | 717.51 | 30.54 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 231,784 | 745.76 | 31.36 | 650 | 850 |

Note: ${ }^{*}$ Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

Table A.12.60 Subgroup Performance for Mathematics Scale Scores: Grade 6

| Group Type | Group | $\boldsymbol{N}$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score | 457,815 | 735.97 | 31.56 | 650 | 850 |  |
| Gender | Female | 223,647 | 737.22 | 30.59 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 234,168 | 734.77 | 32.40 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 5,011 | 719.46 | 27.12 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Asian | 27,311 | 763.35 | 32.49 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 72,593 | 719.25 | 27.68 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 122,894 | 724.76 | 27.83 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 654 | 741.56 | 31.25 | 653 | 825 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 13,223 | 738.29 | 31.82 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 215,695 | 744.77 | 29.17 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Economically Disadvantaged | 207,049 | 722.21 | 27.61 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 245,496 | 747.42 | 30.09 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner | English Learner (EL) | 28,725 | 707.42 | 25.52 | 650 | 850 |
| Status | Non English Learner | 732,886 | 737.95 | 30.96 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 73,609 | 713.77 | 29.27 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 228,854 | 742.52 | 30.66 | 650 | 850 |

Note: *Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

Table A.12.61 Subgroup Performance for Mathematics Scale Scores: Grade 7

| Group Type | Group | $N$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score |  | 435,545 | 734.92 | 29.41 | 650 | 850 |
| Gender | Female | 212,807 | 736.75 | 28.40 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 222,738 | 733.16 | 30.24 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 4,711 | 719.02 | 25.21 | 650 | 815 |
|  | Asian | 23,568 | 759.21 | 29.60 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 69,206 | 720.27 | 26.20 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 118,410 | 725.33 | 26.67 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 669 | 740.49 | 29.13 | 650 | 818 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 11,828 | 737.25 | 29.49 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 206,697 | 742.80 | 27.49 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 196,370 | 723.05 | 26.49 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 233,786 | 744.69 | 28.11 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 27,917 | 708.59 | 25.12 | 650 | 842 |
|  | Non English Learner | 402,011 | 736.80 | 28.78 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 71,763 | 712.92 | 28.76 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 214,176 | 740.64 | 28.15 | 650 | 850 |

Note: *Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

Table A.12.62 Subgroup Performance for Mathematics Scale Scores: Grade 8

| Group Type | Group | $\mathbf{N}$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score | $\mathbf{3 5 9 , 2 3 1}$ | 728.32 | $\mathbf{3 8 . 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 5 0}$ |  |
| Gender | Female | 173,063 | 731.08 | 36.92 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 186,168 | 725.75 | 39.00 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 4,341 | 709.83 | 29.91 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Asian | 15,633 | 760.34 | 43.39 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 63,393 | 711.34 | 32.69 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 101,445 | 718.11 | 33.95 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 461 | 733.94 | 37.84 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 9,242 | 731.59 | 40.07 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 164,341 | 738.46 | 36.91 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Economically Disadvantaged | 172,743 | 715.58 | 33.69 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 182,929 | 740.37 | 38.25 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner | English Learner (EL) | 26,524 | 699.69 | 29.72 | 650 | 850 |
| Status | Non English Learner | 328,479 | 730.74 | 37.77 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 65,400 | 703.90 | 33.92 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 156,965 | 732.40 | 36.86 | 650 | 850 |

Note: ${ }^{*}$ Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

Table A.12.63 Subgroup Performance for Mathematics Scale Scores: Algebra I

| Group Type | Group | $\boldsymbol{N}$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score | $\mathbf{3 2 3 , 7 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{7 3 5 . 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 4 . 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{6 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 5 0}$ |  |
| Gender | Female | 156,671 | 737.07 | 33.14 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 167,030 | 733.05 | 35.49 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 3,914 | 717.72 | 26.42 | 650 | 821 |
|  | Asian | 19,893 | 765.60 | 36.37 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 59,226 | 719.96 | 29.30 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 93,396 | 723.59 | 29.61 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 504 | 743.90 | 36.53 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 7,298 | 739.34 | 34.65 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 139,104 | 744.96 | 33.14 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Economically Disadvantaged | 140,960 | 721.81 | 29.38 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 177,020 | 745.33 | 34.58 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner | English Learner (EL) | 24,388 | 709.23 | 25.78 | 650 | 850 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Status | Non English Learner | 294,669 | 737.12 | 34.14 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 413.19 | 29.77 | 650 | 850 |  |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 194,227 | 741.88 | 34.77 | 650 | 850 |

Note: This table is identical to Table 12.10 in Section 12.
*Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

Table A.12.64 Subgroup Performance for Mathematics Scale Scores: Geometry

| Group Type | Group | $N$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score |  | 145,270 | 732.30 | 27.43 | 650 | 850 |
| Gender | Female | 70,985 | 733.33 | 26.32 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 74,285 | 731.30 | 28.42 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 2,810 | 719.88 | 20.47 | 650 | 803 |
|  | Asian | 10,525 | 756.23 | 28.33 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 20,101 | 717.09 | 23.27 | 650 | 837 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 41,010 | 722.26 | 23.34 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 260 | 737.30 | 26.90 | 671 | 825 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 2,388 | 736.99 | 27.96 | 650 | 830 |
|  | White | 67,925 | 739.55 | 25.84 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 54,565 | 720.60 | 23.25 | 650 | 830 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 85,320 | 739.78 | 27.35 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 7,205 | 709.32 | 21.20 | 650 | 844 |
|  | Non English Learner | 136,802 | 733.40 | 27.13 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 21,307 | 713.19 | 23.72 | 650 | 830 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 108,712 | 734.59 | 26.69 | 650 | 850 |

Note: *Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

Table A.12.65 Subgroup Performance for Mathematics Scale Scores: Algebra II

| Group Type | Group | $\boldsymbol{N}$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score | $\mathbf{1 3 9 , 9 5 6}$ | 720.47 | $\mathbf{3 9 . 2 3}$ | $\mathbf{6 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 5 0}$ |  |
| Gender | Female | 70,612 | 721.12 | 37.40 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 69,344 | 719.81 | 41.01 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 2,445 | 704.86 | 29.74 | 650 | 829 |
|  | Asian | 10,600 | 756.53 | 42.29 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 23,376 | 699.45 | 31.43 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 34,678 | 707.89 | 32.94 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 269 | 729.32 | 38.16 | 650 | 825 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 2,323 | 726.11 | 39.34 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 66,153 | 729.12 | 37.73 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Economically Disadvantaged | 51,634 | 705.22 | 32.65 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 88,194 | 729.38 | 40.00 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner | English Learner (EL) | 4,287 | 691.18 | 30.76 | 650 | 850 |
| Status | Non English Learner | 135,206 | 721.39 | 39.07 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 15,296 | 694.65 | 33.68 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 101,616 | 724.61 | 39.10 | 650 | 850 |

Note: *Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

Table A.12.66 Subgroup Performance for Mathematics Scale Scores: Integrated Mathematics I

| Group Type | Group | $\boldsymbol{N}$ | Mean | $\mathbf{S D}$ | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score | $\mathbf{1 6 , 5 8 1}$ | $\mathbf{7 3 2 . 3 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 4 . 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{6 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 5 0}$ |  |
| Gender | Female | 8,128 | 734.36 | 33.01 | 650 | 841 |
|  | Male | 8,453 | 730.33 | 35.30 | 650 | 850 |
|  | American Indian/Alaska Native | 166 | 715.13 | 28.28 | 650 | 790 |
|  | Asian | 551 | 749.85 | 37.96 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 1,891 | 720.44 | 30.49 | 650 | 821 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 6,552 | 723.95 | 30.77 | 650 | 835 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 30 | 735.00 | 36.69 | 673 | 810 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 416 | 736.19 | 35.74 | 650 | 850 |
|  | White | 6,968 | 742.18 | 34.65 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status | Economically Disadvantaged | 8,230 | 722.92 | 30.91 | 650 | 838 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 8,347 | 741.57 | 34.87 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner | English Learner (EL) | 2,106 | 710.19 | 25.55 | 650 | 815 |
|  | Status | Non English Learner | 14,074 | 736.33 | 33.95 | 650 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 2,019 | 709.23 | 29.76 | 650 | 830 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 425.38 | 31.59 | 650 | 848 |  |

Note: This table is identical to Table 12.11 in Section 12.
*Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL).

Table A.12.67 Subgroup Performance for Mathematics Scale Scores: Integrated Mathematics II

| Group Type | Group | N | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score |  | 4,655 | 724.69 | 31.44 | 650 | 850 |
| Gender | Female | 2,384 | 724.92 | 30.84 | 650 | 848 |
|  | Male | 2,271 | 724.44 | 32.07 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 407 | 719.01 | 25.94 | 655 | 803 |
|  | Asian | 90 | 751.29 | 32.69 | 678 | 848 |
|  | Black or African American | 485 | 708.87 | 25.35 | 650 | 798 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 2,196 | 716.63 | 27.17 | 650 | 812 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 745.60 | 30.00 | 702 | 804 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 84 | 745.88 | 32.50 | 684 | 828 |
|  | White | 1,381 | 741.55 | 32.18 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 3,069 | 716.19 | 26.81 | 650 | 817 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 1,546 | 740.33 | 32.64 | 650 | 839 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 431 | 702.49 | 19.75 | 650 | 783 |
|  | Non English Learner | 4,173 | 726.57 | 31.15 | 650 | 839 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 410 | 702.66 | 26.10 | 650 | 822 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 1,650 | 731.82 | 29.74 | 650 | 820 |

Note: *Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL). $n / r=$ not reported due to $n<25$.

Table A.12.68 Subgroup Performance for Mathematics Scale Scores: Integrated Mathematics III

| Group Type | Group | N | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score |  | 2,371 | 722.15 | 39.29 | 650 | 850 |
| Gender | Female | 1,263 | 722.68 | 37.79 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 1,108 | 721.54 | 40.94 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 147 | 705.21 | 29.51 | 650 | 796 |
|  | Asian | 30 | 747.03 | 42.01 | 650 | 811 |
|  | Black or African American | 88 | 745.05 | 41.17 | 650 | 824 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 575 | 718.75 | 41.72 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 699.00 | . | 699 | 699 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 32 | 724.22 | 46.07 | 650 | 809 |
|  | White | 1,494 | 723.35 | 37.89 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 1,203 | 713.04 | 37.76 | 650 | 837 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 1,167 | 731.55 | 38.64 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 61 | 687.05 | 30.11 | 650 | 805 |
|  | Non English Learner | 2,236 | 723.64 | 39.30 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 245 | 680.89 | 25.79 | 650 | 805 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 711 | 713.19 | 34.95 | 650 | 821 |

Note: *Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL). $n / r=$ not reported due to $n<25$.

## Addendum: Statistical Summary of the Fall/Winter Block 2015 Administration

The addendum presents the results of analyses for the Fall/Winter Block 2015 operational administration. These results are reported separately from the Spring 2016 results because fall testing involved a nonrepresentative subset of students testing only for ELA/L grades 9, 10, and 11, as well as Algebra I, Geometry, and Algebra II. In addition, the fall testing reflected the spring 2015 test design with separate administrations of PBA and EOY. Both online and paper test forms were administered for each test.

To organize the addendum, tables are numbered sequentially according to the section represented by the tables. The reader can refer back to the corresponding section in the technical report for related information on the topic. For example, the first addendum table for Section 5 is numbered ADD.5.1, the second addendum table for Section 5 is numbered ADD.5.2, and so on.

## Addendum 5: Test Taker Characteristics

Table ADD.5.1 State Participation in ELA/L Fall 2015 Operational Tests, by Grade

| State | Category | English Language Arts/Literacy |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Grade 9 | Grade 10 | Grade 11 |
| PARCC | N of Students | 25,106 | 4,202 | 8,097 | 12,807 |
|  | $N$ of CBT | 24,741 | 4,159 | 7,999 | 12,583 |
|  | \% of CBT | 99.0 | 98.9 | 98.7 | 98.2 |
|  | $N$ of PBT | 365 | 43 | 98 | 224 |
|  | \% of PBT | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.7 |
| IL | N of Students | 605 | - | - | 605 |
|  | \% of PARCC Data | 2.4 | - | - | 2.4 |
|  | $N$ of CBT | 605 | - | - | 605 |
|  | \% of CBT | 100 | - | - | 100 |
|  | $N$ of PBT | - | - | - | - |
|  | \% of PBT | - | - | - | - |
| MD | N of Students | 7,759 | 488 | 3879 | 3392 |
|  | \% of PARCC Data | 30.9 | 1.9 | 15.5 | 13.5 |
|  | $N$ of CBT | 7,615 | 447 | 3825 | 3343 |
|  | \% of CBT | 98.1 | 91.6 | 98.6 | 98.6 |
|  | $N$ of PBT | 144 | 41 | 54 | 49 |
|  | \% of PBT | 1.9 | 8.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| NJ | N of Students | 10,633 | 3,331 | 3,730 | 3,572 |
|  | \% of PARCC Data | 42.4 | 13.3 | 14.9 | 14.2 |
|  | $N$ of CBT | 10,620 | 3,329 | 3,725 | 3,566 |
|  | \% of CBT | 99.8 | 99.9 | 99.8 | 99.8 |
|  | $N$ of PBT | - | - | - | - |


| State | Category | English Language Arts/Literacy |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Grade 9 | Grade 10 | Grade 11 |
|  | \% of PBT | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| NM | N of Students | 5,887 | 336 | 313 | 5,238 |
|  | \% of PARCC Data | 23.4 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 20.9 |
|  | $N$ of CBT | 5,679 | 336 | 274 | 5,069 |
|  | \% of CBT | 96.5 | 100 | 87.5 | 96.8 |
|  | $N$ of PBT | 208 | - | 39 | 169 |
|  | \% of PBT | 3.5 | - | 12.5 | 3.2 |
| RI | N of Students | 222 | 47 | 175 | - |
|  | \% of PARCC Data | 0.9 | 0.2 | 0.7 | - |
|  | $N$ of CBT | 222 | 47 | 175 | - |
|  | \% of CBT | 100 | 100 | 100 | - |
|  | $N$ of PBT | - | - | - | - |
|  | \% of PBT | - | - | - | - |

Table ADD.5.2 State Participation in Mathematics Fall 2015 Operational Tests, by Grade

| State | Category | Mathematics |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | A1 | GO | A2 |
| PARCC | N of Students | 24,309 | 5,733 | 6,253 | 12,323 |
|  | N of CBT | 24,077 | 5,694 | 6,133 | 12,250 |
|  | \% of CBT | 99.0 | 99.3 | 98 | 99.4 |
|  | $N$ of PBT | 232 | 39 | 120 | 73 |
|  | \% of PBT | 1.0 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 0.6 |
| IL | N of Students | 409 | - | - | 409 |
|  | \% of PARCC Data | 1.7 | - | - | 1.7 |
|  | $N$ of CBT | 409 | - | - | 409 |
|  | \% of CBT | 100 | - | - | 100 |
|  | $N$ of PBT | - | - | - | - |
|  | \% of PBT | - | - | - | - |
| MD | N of Students | 5,491 | 2,603 | 639 | 2,249 |
|  | \% of PARCC Data | 22.6 | 10.7 | 2.6 | 9.2 |
|  | $N$ of CBT | 5,390 | 2,570 | 578 | 2,242 |
|  | \% of CBT | 98.2 | 98.7 | 90.5 | 99.7 |
|  | $N$ of PBT | 101 | 33 | 61 | - |
|  | \% of PBT | 1.8 | 1.3 | 9.5 | 0.3 |
| NJ | N of Students | 9,596 | 2,433 | 3,769 | 3,394 |
|  | \% of PARCC Data | 39.5 | 10 | 15.5 | 14 |
|  | $N$ of CBT | 9,584 | 2,430 | 3,765 | 3,389 |
|  | \% of CBT | 99.8 | 99.8 | 99.8 | 99.7 |
|  | $N$ of PBT | - | - | - | - |
|  | \% of PBT | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| NM | N of Students | 8,561 | 545 | 1,747 | 6,269 |
|  | \% of PARCC Data | 35.2 | 2.2 | 7.2 | 25.8 |
|  | $N$ of CBT | 8,442 | 542 | 1,692 | 6,208 |
|  | \% of CBT | 98.6 | 99.4 | 96.9 | 99 |
|  | $N$ of PBT | 119 | - | 55 | 61 |
|  | \% of PBT | 1.4 | 0.6 | 3.1 | 1 |
| RI | N of Students | 252 | 152 | 98 | - |
|  | \% of PARCC Data | 1 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0 |
|  | $N$ of CBT | 252 | 152 | 98 | - |
|  | \% of CBT | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
|  | $N$ of PBT | - | - | - | - |
|  | \% of PBT | - | - | - | - |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra.

Table ADD.5.3 State Participation in Spanish Mathematics Fall 2015 Operational Tests, by Grade

| State | Category | Mathematics |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | A1 | GO | A2 |
| PARCC | N of Students | 57 | - | - | 34 |
|  | $N$ of CBT | 57 | 6 | 17 | 34 |
|  | \% of CBT | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
|  | $N$ of PBT | - | - | - | - |
|  | \% of PBT | - | - | - | - |
| NJ | N of Students | - | - | - | - |
|  | \% of PARCC Data | 14 | 8.8 | 3.5 | 1.8 |
|  | $N$ of CBT | - | - | - | - |
|  | \% of CBT | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
|  | N of PBT | - | - | - | - |
|  | \% of PBT | - | - | - | - |
| NM | N of Students | 49 | - | - | 33 |
|  | \% of PARCC Data | 86 | 1.8 | 26.3 | 57.9 |
|  | N of CBT | 49 | - | - | 33 |
|  | \% of CBT | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
|  | N of PBT | - | - | - | - |
|  | \% of PBT | - | - | - | - |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra.

Table ADD.5.4 All States Combined: Fall 2015 ELA/L Test Takers by Grade and Gender

| Grade | Mode | Valid CasesN | Gender |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Female |  | Male |  |
|  |  |  | N | \% | N | \% |
| 9 | ALL | 4,204 | 2,145 | 51.0 | 2,059 | 49.0 |
|  | CBT | 4,159 | 2,126 | 51.1 | 2,033 | 48.9 |
|  | PBT | 43 | 19 | 44.2 | 24 | 55.8 |
| 10 | ALL | 8,101 | 4,009 | 49.5 | 4,092 | 50.5 |
|  | CBT | 7,999 | 3,958 | 49.5 | 4,041 | 50.5 |
|  | PBT | 98 | 47 | 48.0 | 51 | 52.0 |
| 11 | ALL | 12,808 | 5,961 | 46.5 | 6,847 | 53.5 |
|  | CBT | 12,583 | 5,840 | 46.4 | 6,743 | 53.6 |
|  | PBT | 224 | 120 | 53.6 | 104 | 46.4 |

Table ADD.5.5 All States Combined: Fall 2015 Mathematics Test Takers by Grade and Gender

| Grade | Mode | Valid Cases | Gender |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Female |  | Male |  |
|  |  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\%$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\%$ |
| $\mathbf{A 1}$ | ALL | 5,734 | 2,921 | 50.9 | 2,813 | 49.1 |
|  | CBT | 5,694 | 2,906 | 51.0 | 2,788 | 49.0 |
|  | PBT | 39 | 14 | 35.9 | 25 | 64.1 |
| GO | ALL | 6,255 | 3,181 | 50.9 | 3,074 | 49.1 |
|  | CBT | 6,133 | 3,117 | 50.8 | 3,016 | 49.2 |
|  | PBT | 120 | 62 | 51.7 | 58 | 48.3 |
| A2 | ALL | 12,327 | 6,381 | 51.8 | 5,946 | 48.2 |
|  | CBT | 12,250 | 6,330 | 51.7 | 5,920 | 48.3 |
|  | PBT | 73 | 50 | 68.5 | 23 | 31.5 |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra.

Table ADD.5.6 All States Combined: Fall 2015 Spanish-Language Mathematics Test Takers by Grade and Gender

| Grade | Mode | Valid Cases <br> N | Gender |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Female |  | Male |  |
|  |  |  | N | \% | N | \% |
| A1 | ALL | 6 | 4 | 66.7 | 2 | 33.3 |
|  | CBT | 6 | 4 | 66.7 | 2 | 33.3 |
|  | PBT | - | - | - | - | - |
| GO | ALL | 17 | 11 | 64.7 | 6 | 35.3 |
|  | CBT | 17 | 11 | 64.7 | 6 | 35.3 |
|  | PBT | - | - | - | - | - |
| A2 | ALL | 34 | 21 | 61.8 | 13 | 38.2 |
|  | CBT | 34 | 21 | 61.8 | 13 | 38.2 |
|  | PBT | - | - | - | - | - |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra.

Table ADD.5.7 Fall 2015 ELA/L Test Takers by State, Grade, and Gender

| State | Grade | Mode | Valid Cases <br> N | Gender |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Female |  | Male |  |
|  |  |  |  | N | \% | N | \% |
| IL | 11 | CBT | 605 | 304 | 50.2 | 301 | 49.8 |
| MD | 9 | CBT | 447 | 228 | 46.7 | 219 | 44.9 |
|  |  | PBT | 41 | n/a | 3.9 | n/a | 4.5 |
| MD | 10 | CBT | 3,825 | 1,829 | 47.1 | 1,996 | 51.4 |
|  |  | PBT | 54 | n/a | 0.6 | 31 | 0.8 |
| MD | 11 | CBT | 3,343 | 1,567 | 46.2 | 1,776 | 52.4 |
|  |  | PBT | 49 | 30 | 0.9 | n/a | 0.6 |
| NJ | 9 | CBT | 3,329 | 1,712 | 51.4 | 1,617 | 48.5 |
| NJ | 10 | CBT | 3,725 | 1,907 | 51.1 | 1,818 | 48.7 |
| NJ | 11 | CBT | 3,566 | 1,738 | 48.6 | 1,828 | 51.2 |
| NM | 9 | CBT | 336 | 167 | 49.7 | 169 | 50.3 |
| NM | 10 | CBT | 274 | 134 | 42.8 | 140 | 44.7 |
|  |  | PBT | 39 | n/a | 6.7 | n/a | 5.8 |
| NM | 11 | CBT | 5,069 | 2,231 | 42.6 | 2,838 | 54.2 |
|  |  | PBT | 169 | 85 | 1.6 | 84 | 1.6 |
| RI | 9 | CBT | 47 | n/a | 40.4 | 28 | 59.6 |
|  | 10 | CBT | 175 | 88 | 50.3 | 87 | 49.7 |

Note: $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}=$ not applicable.

Table ADD.5.8 Fall 2015 Mathematics Test Takers by State, Content Area, and Gender

| State | Grade | Mode | Valid Cases <br> N | Gender |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Female |  | Male |  |
|  |  |  |  | N | \% | N | \% |
| IL | A2 | CBT | 409 | 215 | 52.6 | 194 | 47.4 |
| MD | A1 | CBT | 2,570 | 1,258 | 48.3 | 1,312 | 50.4 |
| MD |  | PBT | 33 | n/a | 0.4 | n/a | 0.8 |
| MD | GO | CBT | 578 | 286 | 44.8 | 292 | 45.7 |
| MD |  | PBT | 61 | 31 | 4.9 | 30 | 4.7 |
| MD | A2 | CBT | 2,242 | 1,128 | 50.2 | 1,114 | 49.5 |
| NJ | A1 | CBT | 2,430 | 1,301 | 53.5 | 1,129 | 46.4 |
| NJ | GO | CBT | 3,765 | 1,956 | 51.9 | 1,809 | 48.0 |
| NJ | A2 | CBT | 3,389 | 1,746 | 51.4 | 1,643 | 48.4 |
| NM | A1 | CBT | 542 | 267 | 49.0 | 275 | 50.5 |
| NM | GO | CBT | 1,692 | 810 | 46.4 | 882 | 50.5 |
|  |  | PBT | 55 | 29 | 1.7 | 26 | 1.5 |
| NM | A2 | CBT | 6,208 | 3,240 | 51.7 | 2,968 | 47.3 |
|  |  | PBT | 61 | 41 | 0.7 | n/a | 0.3 |
| RI | A1 | CBT | 152 | 80 | 52.6 | 72 | 47.4 |
| RI | GO | CBT | 98 | 65 | 66.3 | 33 | 33.7 |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra.

Table ADD.5.9 Demographic Information for Fall 2015 Grade 9 ELA/L, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | IL | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 38.0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 44.5 | 37.4 | 28.0 | 85.1 |
| SWD (\%) | 15.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 15.8 | 16.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| EL (\%) | 2.0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.9 | 10.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Male (\%) | 49.0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 49.4 | 48.6 | 50.3 | 59.6 |
| Female (\%) | 51.0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 50.6 | 51.4 | 49.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 0.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 6.0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Asian (\%) | 4.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 5.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Black/AA (\%) | 23.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 16.2 | 26.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 18.5 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 8.2 | 16.8 | 44.0 | 66.0 |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 49.0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 66.6 | 49.5 | 25.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Two Or More (\%) | 3.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 6.1 | 1.5 | 14.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Unknown (\%) | 0.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 8.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |

Note: Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported; $n / a=n o t ~ a p p l i c a b l e . ~$

Table ADD.5.10 Demographic Information for Fall 2015 Grade 10 ELA/L, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | IL | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 33.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 27.6 | 37.7 | 41.9 | 49.1 |
| SWD (\%) | 15.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 14.3 | 17.1 | 7.3 | 13.7 |
| EL (\%) | 2.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 2.1 | 1.3 | 16.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Male (\%) | 50.5 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 52.2 | 48.8 | 50.5 | 49.7 |
| Female (\%) | 49.5 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 47.8 | 51.2 | 49.5 | 50.3 |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 0.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 8.0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Asian (\%) | 3.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 3.1 | 4.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Black/AA (\%) | 20.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 17.9 | 24.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 14.3 |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 15.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 9.9 | 17.7 | 62.6 | 29.1 |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 56.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 65.2 | 50.4 | 19.5 | 51.4 |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Two Or More (\%) | 2.5 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 3.4 | 1.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Unknown (\%) | 0.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |

Note: Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported; $n / a=$ not applicable.

Table ADD.5.11 Demographic Information for Fall 2015 Grade 11 ELA/L, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | IL | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 42.1 | 16.2 | 20.8 | 36.9 | 62.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| SWD (\%) | 17.9 | 7.4 | 16.6 | 17.9 | 20.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| EL (\%) | 7.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 0.7 | 1.4 | 16.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Male (\%) | 53.5 | 49.8 | 52.9 | 51.2 | 55.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Female (\%) | 46.5 | 50.2 | 47.1 | 48.8 | 44.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 5.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 13.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Asian (\%) | 2.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 2.3 | 4.5 | 1.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Black/AA (\%) | 15.0 | 4.6 | 24.4 | 27.1 | 1.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 33.0 | 13.9 | 7.7 | 16.7 | 62.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 40.4 | 64.6 | 62.6 | 49.5 | 17.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Two Or More (\%) | 1.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 2.7 | 1.7 | 0.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Unknown (\%) | 1.6 | 13.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 2.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |

Note: Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}=$ not reported; $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}=$ not applicable.

Table ADD.5.12 Demographic Information for Fall 2015 Algebra I, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | IL | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 38.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 29.8 | 45.9 | 39.8 | 57.2 |
| SWD (\%) | 13.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 13.2 | 13.1 | 14.5 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| EL (\%) | 2.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 2.2 | 1.3 | 12.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Male (\%) | 49.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 51.2 | 46.5 | 50.6 | 47.4 |
| Female (\%) | 50.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 48.8 | 53.5 | 49.4 | 52.6 |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 1.0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 8.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Asian (\%) | 3.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 3.0 | 3.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Black/AA (\%) | 20.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 17.5 | 28.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 20.5 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 10.3 | 21.2 | 61.1 | 38.2 |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 51.0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 65.2 | 43.8 | 17.6 | 43.4 |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Two Or More (\%) | 2.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 3.6 | 1.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Unknown (\%) | 0.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 8.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |

Note: Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported; $n / a=$ not applicable.

Table ADD.5.13 Demographic Information for Fall 2015 Geometry, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | IL | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 46.5 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 42.3 | 40.1 | 60.8 | 64.3 |
| SWD (\%) | 17.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 16.0 | 16.6 | 21.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| EL (\%) | 5.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 2.1 | 14.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Male (\%) | 49.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 50.4 | 48.0 | 52.0 | 33.7 |
| Female (\%) | 50.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 49.6 | 52.0 | 48.0 | 66.3 |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 3.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 12.2 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Asian (\%) | 3.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 5.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Black/AA (\%) | 18.0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 18.2 | 25.6 | 1.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 30.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 6.7 | 18.6 | 62.2 | 53.1 |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 41.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 69.0 | 48.0 | 17.5 | 28.6 |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Two Or More (\%) | 1.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 3.6 | 1.6 | 1.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Unknown (\%) | 1.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 3.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |

Note: Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported; $n / a=$ not applicable.

Table ADD.5.14 Demographic Information for Fall 2015 Algebra II, Overall and by State

| Demographic | PARCC | IL | MD | NJ | NM | RI |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Econ Dis (\%) | 44.9 | 9.5 | 14.6 | 38.1 | 61.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| SWD (\%) | 12.3 | 8.8 | 11.1 | 13.3 | 12.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| EL (\%) | 5.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 1.0 | 10.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Male (\%) | 48.2 | 47.4 | 49.5 | 48.5 | 47.7 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Female (\%) | 51.8 | 52.6 | 50.5 | 51.5 | 52.3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| AmInd/ANat (\%) | 6.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 11.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Asian (\%) | 2.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 3.9 | 5.7 | 1.1 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Black/AA (\%) | 12.2 | 6.1 | 25.6 | 23.3 | 1.8 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Hisp/Lat (\%) | 39.6 | 15.9 | 7.2 | 17.2 | 65.0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Wh/Caus (\%) | 36.6 | 72.4 | 60.0 | 51.5 | 17.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| NtvHawaii/Pacific (\%) | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Two Or More (\%) | 1.6 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 2.9 | 1.7 | 1.0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ |
| Unknown (\%) | 0.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 1.4 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |

Note: Econ Dis = Economically Disadvantaged; SWD = Student with Disabilities; EL = English learner; AmInd/ANat = American Indian/Alaska Native; Black/AA = Black/African American; Hisp/Lat = Hispanic/Latino; Wh/Caus = White/Caucasian; NtvHawaii/Pacific = Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; Two or More = two or more races reported; $n / r=$ not reported; $n / a=$ not applicable.

## Addendum 8: Reliability

Table ADD.8.1 shows the total group level reliability estimates, raw score SEM, and scale score SEM for the Fall 2015 forms. Tables ADD.8.2 - ADD.8.9 show the subgroup reliability estimates, raw score SEM, and scale score SEM. A minimum sample size of 100 per core form was required for calculating the reliability estimates; therefore, the subgroup totals may not equal the total group sample size. Tables ADD.8.10 - ADD.8.12 provide the claim and subclaim reliability and raw score SEM estimates for the Fall 2015 forms.

Table ADD.8.1 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Fall 2015 Total Group

| Content | Grade/ <br> Course | ModeSample <br> Size | Maximum <br> Possible <br> Score | Reliability | Raw <br> Score <br> SEM | Scale <br> Score <br> SEM | \# of Core <br> Operational <br> Forms |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| ELA/L | 9 | CBT | 4,140 | 135 | 0.92 | 6.47 | 9.42 | 3 |
| ELA/L | 10 | CBT | 7,978 | 137 | 0.94 | 6.66 | 10.88 | 3 |
| ELA/L | 11 | CBT | 12,502 | 137 | 0.94 | 6.17 | 9.19 | 3 |
| ELA/L | 11 | PBT | 224 | 135 | 0.93 | 6.16 | 9.27 | 2 |
| Mathematics | A1 | CBT | 5,672 | 97 | 0.89 | 3.47 | 10.01 | 3 |
| Mathematics | GO | CBT | 6,089 | 96 | 0.89 | 3.33 | 7.77 | 3 |
| Mathematics | GO | PBT | 120 | 96 | 0.91 | 3.79 | 7.95 | 2 |
| Mathematics | A2 | CBT | 12,139 | 107 | 0.91 | 3.64 | 10.44 | 3 |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra. ELA/L grades 9 and 10, Algebra I and Algebra II had insufficient sample sizes for PBT.

Table ADD.8.2 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Fall 2015 Subgroups: Grade 9 ELA/L


Table ADD.8.3 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Fall 2015 Subgroups: Grade 10 ELA/L

|  | CBT |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sample <br> Size | Maximum <br> Possible <br> Raw Score | Reliability | Scale Score <br> Standard Error <br> of |
|  |  |  |  | Measurement |

Table ADD.8.4 Summary of CBT Test Reliability Estimates for Fall 2015 Subgroups: Grade 11 ELA/L

|  |  | CBT |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Scale Score } \\ \text { Sample } \\ \text { Size }\end{array}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Maximum } \\ \text { Possible } \\ \text { Raw Score }\end{array}$ | Reliability | $\begin{array}{c}\text { of } \\ \text { orror }\end{array}$ |
| Measurement |  |  |  |  |$]$

Table ADD.8.5 Summary of PBT Test Reliability Estimates for Fall 2015 Subgroups: Grade 11 ELA/L
PBT

|  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sample Size | Maximum Possible Raw Score | Reliability | Scale Score Standard Error of Measurement |
| Total Group | 224 | 135 | 0.93 | 9.27 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 104 | 135 | 0.91 | 9.17 |
| Female | 120 | 135 | 0.94 | 9.46 |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity | - | - | - | - |
| White | - | - | - | - |
| African American | - | - | - | - |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | - | - | - | - |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | - | - | - | - |
| Hispanic | 137 | 135 | 0.81 | 9.85 |
| Multiple | - | - | - | - |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 154 | 135 | 0.87 | 9.68 |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | - | - | - | - |
| English Learner (EL) | - | - | - | - |
| Non English Learner | 157 | 135 | 0.93 | 9.66 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | - | - | - | - |
| Students without Disabilities | 157 | 135 | 0.93 | 9.05 |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | - | - | - | - |

Table ADD.8.6 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Fall 2015 Subgroups: Algebra I


Table ADD.8.7 Summary of CBT Test Reliability Estimates for Fall 2015 Subgroups: Geometry

|  | CBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sample Size | Maximum Possible Raw Score | Reliability | Scale Score Standard Error of Measurement |
| Total Group | 6,089 | 96 | 0.89 | 7.77 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 2,994 | 96 | 0.89 | 7.72 |
| Female | 3,095 | 96 | 0.89 | 7.79 |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |
| White | 2,515 | 96 | 0.89 | 7.55 |
| African American | 1,045 | 96 | 0.83 | 8.62 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 228 | 96 | 0.93 | 7.67 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 161 | 96 | 0.65 | 9.06 |
| Hispanic | 1,831 | 96 | 0.81 | 8.61 |
| Multiple | 109 | 96 | 0.86 | 8.46 |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 2,828 | 96 | 0.84 | 8.40 |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | 3,104 | 96 | 0.90 | 7.61 |
| English Learner (EL) | 273 | 96 | 0.66 | 9.99 |
| Non English Learner | 5,623 | 96 | 0.89 | 7.74 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 1,080 | 96 | 0.82 | 8.43 |
| Students without Disabilities | 4,838 | 96 | 0.89 | 7.62 |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | 616 | 96 | 0.83 | 8.87 |
| Students Taking Translated Forms |  |  |  |  |
| Spanish Language Form | - | - | - | - |


|  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sample Size | Maximum Possible Raw Score | Reliability | Scale Score Standard Error of Measurement |
| Total Group | 120 | 96 | 0.91 | 7.95 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |
| Male | - | - | - | - |
| Female | - | - | - | - |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |
| White | - | - | - | - |
| African American | - | - | - | - |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | - | - | - | - |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | - | - | - | - |
| Hispanic | - | - | - | - |
| Multiple | - | - | - | - |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | - | - | - | - |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | - | - | - | - |
| English Learner (EL) | - | - | - | - |
| Non English Learner | 111 | 96 | 0.90 | 7.77 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | - | - | - | - |
| Students without Disabilities | - | - | - | - |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | - | - | - | - |
| Students Taking Translated Forms |  |  |  |  |
| Spanish Language Form | - | - | - | - |

Table ADD.8.9 Summary of Test Reliability Estimates for Fall 2015 Subgroups: Algebra II
PBT

|  | Sample <br> Size | Maximum <br> Possible <br> Raw Score | Reliability | Scale Score Standard Error of Measurement |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Group | 12,139 | 107 | 0.91 | 10.44 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 5,866 | 107 | 0.92 | 10.22 |
| Female | 6,273 | 107 | 0.90 | 10.61 |
| Unknown/Missing | - | - | - | - |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |
| White | 4,488 | 107 | 0.92 | 10.43 |
| African American | 1,417 | 107 | 0.83 | 12.03 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 346 | 107 | 0.93 | 10.34 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 700 | 107 | 0.68 | 12.54 |
| Hispanic | 4,788 | 107 | 0.79 | 11.70 |
| Multiple | 190 | 107 | 0.89 | 10.82 |
| Special Instructional Needs |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 5,439 | 107 | 0.80 | 11.69 |
| Not-economically Disadvantaged | 6,147 | 107 | 0.92 | 10.55 |
| English Learner (EL) | 601 | 107 | 0.58 | 13.85 |
| Non English Learner | 10,961 | 107 | 0.91 | 10.46 |
| Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 1,415 | 107 | 0.86 | 10.84 |
| Students without Disabilities | 10,213 | 107 | 0.91 | 10.33 |
| Students Taking Accommodated Forms |  |  |  |  |
| A: ASL | - | - | - | - |
| C: Closed-Caption | - | - | - | - |
| R: Screen Reader | - | - | - | - |
| T: Text-to-Speech | 745 | 107 | 0.90 | 11.41 |
| Students Taking Translated Forms Spanish Language Form | - | - | - | - |

Table ADD.8.10 Fall 2015 Average ELA/L Reliability Estimates for Reading Total and Subscores

|  |  | Reading: <br> Total |  |  | Reading: <br> Literature | Reading: <br> Information | Rocabulary |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Table ADD.8.11 Fall 2015 Average ELA/L Reliability Estimates for Writing Total and Subscores

|  |  | Writing: Total |  | Writing: <br> Written Expression |  | Writing: <br> Knowledge Language and Conventions |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grade Level | Mode | Max Possible Raw Score | Reliability | Max Possible Raw Score | Reliability | Max Possible Raw Score | Reliability |
| 9 | CBT | 45 | 0.85 | 36 | 0.81 | 9 | 0.82 |
| 10 | CBT | 45 | 0.87 | 36 | 0.86 | 9 | 0.88 |
| 11 | CBT | 45 | 0.87 | 36 | 0.85 | 9 | 0.86 |
| 11 | PBT | 45 | 0.86 | 36 | 0.85 | 9 | 0.85 |

Table ADD.8.12 Fall 2015 Average Mathematics Reliability Estimates for Total Test and Subscores

| Grade Level | Mode | Major Content Additional \& Supporting <br> Content  |  |  |  | Mathematics Reasoning |  | Modeling Practice |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Max <br> Possible <br> Raw Score | Reliability | Max <br> Possible <br> Raw Score | Reliability | Max <br> Possible Raw Score | Reliability | Max <br> Possible <br> Raw Score | Reliability |
| A1 | CBT | 35 | 0.77 | 30 | 0.70 | 14 | 0.55 | 18 | 0.50 |
| GO | CBT | 38 | 0.78 | 26 | 0.69 | 14 | 0.42 | 18 | 0.52 |
| A2 | PBT | 39 | 0.82 | 25 | 0.71 | 14 | 0.42 | 18 | 0.58 |
| A2 | CBT | 38 | 0.76 | 27 | 0.78 | 18 | 0.62 | 24 | 0.53 |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra.

Tables ADD.8.13 and ADD.8.14 provide information about the accuracy and the consistency of two classifications made on the basis of the scores on the Fall Block 2015 English Language Arts/Literacy and mathematics assessments respectively. The columns labeled "Exact level" provide the classification of the student into one of five achievement levels. The columns labeled "Level 4 or higher vs. 3 or lower" provide the classification of the student as being either in one of the upper two levels (Levels 4 and 5) or in one of the lower three levels (Levels 1, 2, and 3).

Tables ADD.8.15 to ADD.8.20 provide more detailed information about the accuracy and the consistency of the classification of students into proficiency levels for each Fall Block 2015 PARCC assessment. Each cell in the 5 -by-5 table shows the estimated proportion of students who would be classified into a particular combination of proficiency levels. The sum of the five bold italicized values on the diagonal should equal the exact level of decision accuracy or consistency presented in Tables ADD.8.13 or ADD.8.14 for the corresponding PARCC assessment. For "Level 4 and higher vs. 3 and lower" found in Tables ADD.8.13 or ADD.8.14, the sum of the shaded values in Tables ADD.8.13 to ADD.8.18 should equal the level of decision accuracy or consistency for the corresponding PARCC assessment in ADD.8.13 or ADD.8.14. Note that the sums based on values in Tables ADD.8.13 to ADD.8.18 may not match exactly to the values in ADD.8.13 or ADD.8.14 due to truncation and rounding.

Table ADD.8.13 Reliability of Classification: Summary for ELA/L Fall Block 2015

| Grade <br> Level | Testing <br> Mode | Decision Accuracy: Proportion Accurately Classified |  | Decision Consistency: Proportion Consistently Classified |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Exact level | Level 4 or higher vs. 3 or lower | Exact level | Level 4 or higher vs. 3 or lower |
| 9 | CBT | 0.75 | 0.91 | 0.65 | 0.88 |
|  | PBT | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| 10 | CBT | 0.76 | 0.93 | 0.67 | 0.90 |
|  | PBT | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| 11 | CBT | 0.76 | 0.94 | 0.67 | 0.92 |
|  | PBT | 0.76 | 0.95 | 0.66 | 0.93 |

Note: "--" means insufficient sample size (< 100 students).

Table ADD.8.14 Reliability of Classification: Summary for Mathematics Fall Block 2015

| Grade <br> Level | Testing <br> Mode | Decision Accuracy: Proportion Accurately Classified |  | Decision Consistency: Proportion Consistently Classified |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Exact Level | Level 4 or higher vs. 3 or lower | Exact Level | Level 4 or higher vs. 3 or lower |
|  | CBT | 0.74 | 0.91 | 0.64 | 0.87 |
|  | PBT | -- | -- | -- | -- |


| GO | CBT | 0.77 | 0.94 | 0.67 | 0.92 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | PBT | 0.77 | 0.92 | 0.68 | 0.89 |
| A2 | CBT | 0.77 | 0.95 | 0.69 | 0.93 |
|  | PBT | -- | -- | -- | -- |

Note: A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II. "--" means insufficient sample size (< 100 students).

Table ADD.8.15 Reliability of Classification: Grade 9 ELA/L

|  |  | Full |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Summative <br> Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5Category <br> Total |  |
|  |  | $650-699$ | 0.10 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.11 |
|  | Decision | $700-724$ | 0.03 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.20 |
|  | Accuracy | $725-749$ | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.19 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.27 |
|  |  | $750-809$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.28 | 0.02 | 0.35 |
|  |  | $810-850$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | $\mathbf{0 . 0 6}$ | 0.07 |

Table ADD.8.16 Reliability of Classification: Grade 10 ELA/L

|  |  | Full <br> Summative <br> Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT |  | 650-699 | 0.21 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.18 |
|  | Accuracy | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.20 |
|  |  | 750-809 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.23 | 0.02 | 0.29 |
|  |  | 810-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.08 | 0.10 |
|  |  | 650-699 | 0.20 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.24 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.18 |
|  | Consistency | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.19 |
|  |  | 750-809 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.20 | 0.03 | 0.28 |
|  |  | 810-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.08 | 0.11 |

Table ADD.8.17 Reliability of Classification: Grade 11 ELA/L

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.18 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.22 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.04 | 0.21 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.28 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.14 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.21 |
|  |  | 750-809 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.17 | 0.01 | 0.21 |
|  |  | 810-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.06 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.17 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.05 | 0.18 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.27 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.21 |
|  |  | 750-809 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.16 | 0.02 | 0.21 |
|  |  | 810-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.07 |
| PBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.24 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.30 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.04 | 0.22 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.30 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.14 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.20 |
|  |  | 750-809 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.11 | 0.01 | 0.14 |
|  |  | 810-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.05 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.22 | 0.08 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.30 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.06 | 0.18 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.30 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.12 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.20 |
|  |  | 750-809 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.10 | 0.01 | 0.15 |
|  |  | 810-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.05 |

Table ADD.8.18 Reliability of Classification: Algebra I

|  |  | Full <br> Summative <br> Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT | $650-699$ | $\mathbf{0 . 0 6}$ | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.09 |  |
|  | Decision | $700-724$ | 0.02 | $\mathbf{0 . 2 2}$ | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.29 |
|  |  | Accuracy | $725-749$ | 0.00 | 0.07 | $\mathbf{0 . 1 9}$ | 0.05 | 0.00 |
|  |  | $750-809$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.26 | 0.01 | 0.31 |
|  |  | $810-850$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | $\mathbf{0 . 0 1}$ | 0.01 |
|  |  | $650-699$ | $\mathbf{0 . 0 6}$ | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.11 |
|  | Decision | $700-724$ | 0.03 | $\mathbf{0 . 1 8}$ | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.27 |
|  | Consistency | $725-749$ | 0.00 | 0.08 | $\mathbf{0 . 1 5}$ | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.30 |
|  |  | $750-809$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06 | $\mathbf{0 . 2 4}$ | 0.01 | 0.31 |
|  |  | $810-850$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | $\mathbf{0 . 0 1}$ | 0.01 |

Table ADD.8.19 Reliability of Classification: Geometry

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.12 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.34 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.42 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.22 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.31 |
|  |  | 750-809 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.12 | 0.00 | 0.14 |
|  |  | 810-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.08 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.14 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.04 | 0.29 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.39 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.08 | 0.19 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.31 |
|  |  | 750-809 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.11 | 0.00 | 0.15 |
|  |  | 810-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 |
| PBT | Decision <br> Accuracy | 650-699 | 0.07 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.09 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.02 | 0.24 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.30 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.22 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.32 |
|  |  | 750-809 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.25 | 0.01 | 0.28 |
|  |  | 810-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | Decision Consistency | 650-699 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.11 |
|  |  | 700-724 | 0.03 | 0.20 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.28 |
|  |  | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.07 | 0.18 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.32 |
|  |  | 750-809 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.23 | 0.01 | 0.29 |
|  |  | 810-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.01 |

Table ADD.8.20 Reliability of Classification: Algebra II

|  |  | Full Summative Scale Score | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Category <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBT |  | 650-699 | 0.38 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.43 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.05 | 0.19 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.27 |
|  | Accuracy | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.16 |
|  |  | 750-809 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.11 | 0.00 | 0.13 |
|  |  | 810-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  |  | 650-699 | 0.37 | 0.07 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.44 |
|  | Decision | 700-724 | 0.06 | 0.15 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.25 |
|  | Consistency | 725-749 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.16 |
|  |  | 750-809 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.10 | 0.00 | 0.14 |
|  |  | 810-850 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 |

## Addendum 9: Validity

The intercorrelations for the Fall 2015 tests are presented in Tables ADD.9.1 through ADD.9.3 for ELA/L grades 9, 10, and 11 and Tables ADD.9.4 though ADD.9.6 for the traditional mathematics courses (A1, GO, A2). Like the spring intercorrelations, the ELA/L all have moderate to high values with the writing subclaims being highly intercorrelated. The mathematics intercorrelations have moderate values. Tables ADD.9.7 through ADD.9.9 are the correlations between ELA/L and mathematics from the fall block.

Table ADD.9.1 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Grade 9 ELA/L Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RD | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL |  | RD | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL |
| RD | 0.90 | 4,140 | 4,140 | 4,140 | 4,140 | 4,140 | 4,140 | RD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RL | 0.89 | 0.76 | 4,140 | 4,140 | 4,140 | 4,140 | 4,140 | RL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RI | 0.95 | 0.76 | 0.82 | 4,140 | 4,140 | 4,140 | 4,140 | RI |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RV | 0.85 | 0.68 | 0.72 | 0.65 | 4,140 | 4,140 | 4,140 | RV |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| WR | 0.74 | 0.71 | 0.71 | 0.58 | 0.85 | 4,140 | 4,140 | WR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| WE | 0.74 | 0.71 | 0.70 | 0.57 | 1.00 | 0.81 | 4,140 | WE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| WKL | 0.74 | 0.71 | 0.71 | 0.58 | 0.97 | 0.96 | 0.82 | WKL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note: RD = Reading, RL = Reading Literature, RI = Reading Information, RV = Reading Vocabulary WR = Writing, WE = Written Expression, and WKL = Writing Knowledge and Conventions. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8 . The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table.

Table ADD.9.2 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Grade 10 ELA/L Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RD | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL |  | RD | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL |
| RD | 0.92 | 7,978 | 7,978 | 7,978 | 7,978 | 7,978 | 7,978 | RD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RL | 0.90 | 0.76 | 7,978 | 7,978 | 7,978 | 7,978 | 7,978 | RL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RI | 0.96 | 0.80 | 0.86 | 7,978 | 7,978 | 7,978 | 7,978 | RI |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RV | 0.87 | 0.71 | 0.76 | 0.68 | 7,978 | 7,978 | 7,978 | RV |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| WR | 0.81 | 0.77 | 0.78 | 0.64 | 0.87 | 7,978 | 7,978 | WR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| WE | 0.80 | 0.77 | 0.77 | 0.63 | 1.00 | 0.86 | 7,978 | WE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| WKL | 0.80 | 0.76 | 0.78 | 0.64 | 0.97 | 0.95 | 0.88 | WKL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note: RD = Reading, RL = Reading Literature, RI = Reading Information, RV = Reading Vocabulary WR = Writing, WE = Written Expression, and WKL = Writing Knowledge and Conventions. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8 . The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table.

Table ADD.9.3 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Grade 11 ELA/L Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RD | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL |  | RD | RL | RI | RV | WR | WE | WKL |
| RD | 0.91 | 12,502 | 12,502 | 12,502 | 12,502 | 12,502 | 12,502 | RD | 0.91 | 224 | 224 | 224 | 224 | 224 | 224 |
| RL | 0.94 | 0.84 | 12,502 | 12,502 | 12,502 | 12,502 | 12,502 | RL | 0.95 | 0.82 | 224 | 224 | 224 | 224 | 224 |
| RI | 0.91 | 0.77 | 0.78 | 12,502 | 12,502 | 12,502 | 12,502 | RI | 0.91 | 0.79 | 0.80 | 224 | 224 | 224 | 224 |
| RV | 0.85 | 0.73 | 0.69 | 0.66 | 12,502 | 12,502 | 12,502 | RV | 0.80 | 0.71 | 0.59 | 0.59 | 224 | 224 | 224 |
| WR | 0.83 | 0.79 | 0.78 | 0.66 | 0.87 | 12,502 | 12,502 | WR | 0.84 | 0.80 | 0.78 | 0.63 | 0.86 | 224 | 224 |
| WE | 0.82 | 0.79 | 0.77 | 0.65 | 1.00 | 0.85 | 12,502 | WE | 0.84 | 0.80 | 0.79 | 0.63 | 1.00 | 0.85 | 224 |
| WKL | 0.81 | 0.78 | 0.76 | 0.65 | 0.97 | 0.95 | 0.86 | WKL | 0.81 | 0.78 | 0.76 | 0.60 | 0.98 | 0.96 | 0.85 |

Note: RD = Reading, RL = Reading Literature, RI = Reading Information, RV = Reading Vocabulary WR = Writing, WE = Written Expression, and WKL = Writing Knowledge and Conventions. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8 . The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table.

Table ADD.9.4 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Algebra I Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |
| MC | 0.77 | 5,672 | 5,672 | 5,672 | MC |  |  |  |  |
| ASC | 0.76 | 0.70 | 5,672 | 5,672 | ASC |  |  |  |  |
| MR | 0.67 | 0.63 | 0.55 | 5,672 | MR |  |  |  |  |
| MP | 0.58 | 0.55 | 0.56 | 0.50 | MP |  |  |  |  |

Note: MC = Major Content, ASC = Additional and Supporting Content, MR = Mathematical Reasoning, and MP = Modeling Practice. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8 . The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table.

Table ADD.9.5 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Geometry Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |
| MC | 0.78 | 6,089 | 6,089 | 6,089 | MC | 0.82 | 120 | 120 | 120 |
| ASC | 0.76 | 0.69 | 6,089 | 6,089 | ASC | 0.79 | 0.71 | 120 | 120 |
| MR | 0.57 | 0.53 | 0.42 | 6,089 | MR | 0.59 | 0.48 | 0.42 | 120 |
| MP | 0.66 | 0.62 | 0.55 | 0.52 | MP | 0.65 | 0.63 | 0.44 | 0.58 |

Note: MC = Major Content, ASC = Additional and Supporting Content, MR = Mathematical Reasoning, and MP = Modeling Practice. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8 . The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table.

Table ADD.9.6 Average Intercorrelations and Reliability between Algebra II Subclaims

|  | CBT |  |  |  |  | PBT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |  | MC | ASC | MR | MP |
| MC | 0.76 | 12,139 | 12,139 | 12,139 | MC |  |  |  |  |
| ASC | 0.75 | 0.78 | 12,139 | 12,139 | ASC |  |  |  |  |
| MR | 0.72 | 0.72 | 0.62 | 12,139 | MR |  |  |  |  |
| MP | 0.70 | 0.69 | 0.71 | 0.53 | MP |  |  |  |  |

Note: MC = Major Content, ASC = Additional and Supporting Content, MR = Mathematical Reasoning, and MP = Modeling Practice. The shaded values along the diagonal are the reliabilities as reported in Section 8. The average intercorrelations are provided in the lower portion of the table and the total sample sizes are provided in the upper portion of the table.

Table ADD.9.7 Average Correlations between ELA/L and Mathematics for High School

| ELA/L | CBT |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A1 | GO | A2 |
| 9 | 0.73 | 0.71 |  |
|  | $(995)$ | $(387)$ |  |
| 10 | 0.64 | 0.68 | 0.78 |
|  | $(430)$ | $(1,037)$ | $(935)$ |
| 11 | 0.57 | 0.49 | 0.69 |
|  | $(231)$ | $(1,339)$ | $(4,093)$ |
|  |  |  |  |

Note: ELA/L = English language arts/Literacy, A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II. The correlations are provided with the sample sizes, below in parentheses.

Table ADD.9.8 Average Correlations between Reading and Mathematics for High School

| RD | CBT |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A1 | GO | A2 |
| 9 | 0.72 | 0.70 |  |
|  | $(995)$ | $(387)$ |  |
| 10 | 0.62 | 0.68 | 0.77 |
|  | $(430)$ | $(1,037)$ | $(935)$ |
| 11 | 0.54 | 0.49 | 0.67 |
|  | $(231)$ | $(1,339)$ | $(4,093)$ |

Note: RD = Reading, A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II. The correlations are provided with the sample sizes, below in parentheses.

## PARCC

Table ADD.9.9 Average Correlations between Writing and Mathematics for High School

| WR | CBT |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A1 | GO | A2 |
| 9 | 0.64 | 0.60 |  |
|  | $(995)$ | $(387)$ |  |
| 10 | 0.56 | 0.56 | 0.70 |
|  | $(430)$ | $(1,037)$ | $(935)$ |
| 11 | 0.48 | 0.38 | 0.60 |
|  | $(231)$ | $(1,339)$ | $(4,093)$ |

Note: WR = Writing, A1 = Algebra I, GO = Geometry, A2 = Algebra II. The average correlations are provided with the sample sizes, below in parentheses.

## Addendum 12: Scale Scores

Table ADD.12.1 Fall 2015 Subgroup Performance for ELA/L Scale Scores: Grade 9

| Group Type | Group | $N$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score |  | 4,204 | 741.63 | 34.99 | 650 | 850 |
| Gender | Female | 2,145 | 748.71 | 33.82 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 2,059 | 734.26 | 34.67 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 27 | 726.52 | 29.56 | 654 | 805 |
|  | Asian | 196 | 760.77 | 37.14 | 654 | 847 |
|  | Black or African American | 972 | 728.78 | 31.69 | 650 | 844 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 779 | 731.27 | 32.56 | 650 | 829 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 744.50 | 43.22 | 681 | 793 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 130 | 732.58 | 33.18 | 650 | 815 |
|  | White | 2,061 | 750.55 | 34.01 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 1,596 | 729.84 | 31.98 | 650 | 835 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 2,402 | 750.08 | 34.83 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 83 | 693.16 | 26.08 | 650 | 769 |
|  | Non English Learner | 4,031 | 742.80 | 34.52 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 638 | 713.57 | 31.33 | 650 | 806 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 3,406 | 747.81 | 32.73 | 650 | 850 |
| Reading Score |  | 4,204 | 46.85 | 13.61 | 10 | 90 |
| Gender | Female | 2,145 | 48.94 | 13.23 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Male | 2,059 | 44.68 | 13.66 | 10 | 90 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 27 | 41.07 | 12.13 | 11 | 78 |
|  | Asian | 196 | 53.50 | 14.26 | 14 | 85 |
|  | Black or African American | 972 | 42.16 | 12.32 | 10 | 85 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 779 | 42.96 | 12.44 | 10 | 78 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 46.50 | 14.80 | 26 | 68 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 130 | 43.33 | 13.62 | 10 | 85 |
|  | White | 2,061 | 50.20 | 13.42 | 10 | 90 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 1,596 | 42.38 | 12.28 | 10 | 85 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 2,402 | 49.96 | 13.65 | 10 | 90 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 83 | 28.75 | 9.88 | 10 | 56 |
|  | Non English Learner | 4,031 | 47.27 | 13.45 | 10 | 90 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 638 | 36.65 | 12.13 | 10 | 72 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 3,406 | 49.10 | 12.88 | 10 | 90 |
| Writing Score |  | 4,204 | 32.28 | 9.54 | 15 | 60 |
| Gender | Female | 2,145 | 34.72 | 8.89 | 15 | 57 |
|  | Male | 2,059 | 29.73 | 9.53 | 15 | 60 |


| Group Type | Group | $\boldsymbol{N}$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 27 | 29.44 | 7.81 | 15 | 43 |
|  | Asian | 196 | 37.46 | 9.41 | 15 | 57 |
|  | Black or African American | 972 | 28.95 | 9.05 | 15 | 55 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 779 | 29.78 | 9.26 | 15 | 57 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 34.38 | 13.16 | 15 | 53 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 130 | 30.42 | 8.82 | 15 | 50 |
|  | White | 2,061 | 34.45 | 9.16 | 15 | 60 |
| Economic Status | Economically Disadvantaged | 1,596 | 29.39 | 9.27 | 15 | 57 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 2,402 | 34.42 | 9.27 | 15 | 60 |
| English Learner | English Learner (EL) | 83 | 20.65 | 7.24 | 15 | 40 |
| Status | Non English Learner | 63.031 | 32.59 | 9.43 | 15 | 60 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 638 | 24.83 | 8.94 | 15 | 53 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 3,406 | 33.91 | 8.90 | 15 | 60 |

Note: *Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL). $n / r=$ not reported due to $n<25$.

Table ADD.12.2 Fall 2015 Subgroup Performance for ELA/L Scale Scores: Grade 10

| Group Type | Group | N | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score |  | 8,101 | 735.49 | 45.28 | 650 | 850 |
| Gender | Female | 4,009 | 744.36 | 44.64 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 4,092 | 726.81 | 44.22 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 52 | 721.85 | 37.59 | 660 | 808 |
|  | Asian | 301 | 757.58 | 46.10 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 1,655 | 711.83 | 39.78 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 1,291 | 720.20 | 40.26 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | n/r | 763.67 | 54.47 | 664 | 850 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 203 | 737.05 | 43.95 | 650 | 849 |
|  | White | 4,561 | 746.98 | 43.72 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 2,697 | 718.07 | 39.94 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 5,293 | 744.37 | 45.30 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 187 | 680.47 | 23.55 | 650 | 792 |
|  | Non English Learner | 7,796 | 737.07 | 44.66 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 1,242 | 705.70 | 39.24 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 6,710 | 741.25 | 44.03 | 650 | 850 |
| Reading Score |  | 8,101 | 44.70 | 17.45 | 10 | 90 |
| Gender | Female | 4,009 | 47.23 | 17.08 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Male | 4,092 | 42.23 | 17.44 | 10 | 90 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 52 | 39.79 | 14.53 | 17 | 72 |
|  | Asian | 301 | 52.03 | 17.60 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Black or African American | 1,655 | 36.05 | 15.24 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 1,291 | 38.88 | 15.43 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | n/r | 56.00 | 21.59 | 19 | 90 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 203 | 45.85 | 17.00 | 10 | 90 |
|  | White | 4,561 | 48.98 | 17.08 | 10 | 90 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 2,697 | 38.18 | 15.37 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 5,293 | 48.02 | 17.52 | 10 | 90 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 187 | 24.26 | 9.36 | 10 | 64 |
|  | Non English Learner | 7,796 | 45.28 | 17.24 | 10 | 90 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 1,242 | 34.00 | 15.67 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 6,710 | 46.76 | 16.99 | 10 | 90 |
| Writing Score |  | 8,101 | 30.00 | 13.04 | 10 | 60 |
| Gender | Female | 4,009 | 33.12 | 12.59 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Male | 4,092 | 26.94 | 12.74 | 10 | 60 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 52 | 26.90 | 10.62 | 10 | 49 |


| Group Type | Group | $\boldsymbol{N}$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Asian | 301 | 36.61 | 12.78 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Black or African American | 1,655 | 23.49 | 12.07 | 10 | 58 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 1,291 | 26.08 | 12.17 | 10 | 58 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 37.22 | 14.10 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 203 | 29.67 | 13.01 | 10 | 58 |
|  | White | 4,561 | 33.09 | 12.39 | 10 | 60 |
| Economic Status | Economically Disadvantaged | 2,697 | 25.43 | 12.15 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 5,293 | 32.33 | 12.87 | 10 | 60 |
|  | English Learner (EL) | 187 | 14.79 | 7.80 | 10 | 45 |
|  | Non English Learner | 7,796 | 30.45 | 12.86 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 1,242 | 21.68 | 11.58 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 6,710 | 31.63 | 12.65 | 10 | 60 |

Note: ${ }^{*}$ Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL). $n / r=$ not reported due to $n<25$.

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Table ADD.12.3 Fall 2015 Subgroup Performance for ELA/L Scale Scores: Grade 11

| Group Type | Group | $N$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score |  | 12,808 | 729.53 | 37.00 | 650 | 850 |
| Gender | Female | 5,961 | 736.60 | 37.39 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Male | 6,847 | 723.37 | 35.52 | 650 | 850 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 739 | 713.38 | 22.82 | 656 | 823 |
|  | Asian | 306 | 750.54 | 41.54 | 656 | 850 |
|  | Black or African American | 1,925 | 719.01 | 31.64 | 650 | 849 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 4,229 | 716.57 | 29.63 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | n/r | 729.00 | 37.49 | 680 | 794 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 213 | 733.68 | 37.51 | 650 | 843 |
|  | White | 5,179 | 744.85 | 39.26 | 650 | 850 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 5,398 | 716.83 | 29.45 | 650 | 850 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 6,793 | 738.83 | 39.53 | 650 | 850 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 921 | 700.82 | 19.62 | 650 | 814 |
|  | Non English Learner | 11,189 | 731.68 | 37.22 | 650 | 850 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 2,299 | 708.00 | 30.35 | 650 | 837 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 9,879 | 734.24 | 36.73 | 650 | 850 |
| Reading Score |  | 12,808 | 43.42 | 14.17 | 10 | 90 |
| Gender | Female | 5,961 | 45.52 | 14.26 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Male | 6,847 | 41.59 | 13.84 | 10 | 90 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 739 | 37.09 | 8.64 | 15 | 78 |
|  | Asian | 306 | 50.85 | 16.01 | 15 | 90 |
|  | Black or African American | 1,925 | 39.56 | 12.20 | 10 | 86 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 4,229 | 38.58 | 11.26 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | n/r | 44.82 | 14.78 | 25 | 71 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 213 | 45.28 | 14.14 | 12 | 82 |
|  | White | 5,179 | 49.14 | 15.17 | 10 | 90 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 5,398 | 38.66 | 11.22 | 10 | 90 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 6,793 | 46.95 | 15.21 | 10 | 90 |
| English Learner Status | English Learner (EL) | 921 | 32.82 | 7.70 | 10 | 80 |
|  | Non English Learner | 11,189 | 44.22 | 14.27 | 10 | 90 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 2,299 | 35.65 | 11.92 | 10 | 86 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 9,879 | 45.14 | 14.09 | 10 | 90 |
| Writing Score |  | 12,808 | 27.52 | 11.04 | 10 | 60 |
| Gender | Female | 5,961 | 30.12 | 10.95 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Male | 6,847 | 25.25 | 10.62 | 10 | 60 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 739 | 23.79 | 8.19 | 14 | 51 |


| Group Type | Group | $\boldsymbol{N}$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Asian | 306 | 33.55 | 11.62 | 14 | 60 |
|  | Black or African American | 1,925 | 24.50 | 9.98 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 4,229 | 24.03 | 9.57 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 25.00 | 11.42 | 14 | 42 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 213 | 28.32 | 11.34 | 10 | 60 |
|  | White | 5,179 | 31.63 | 11.34 | 10 | 60 |
| Economic Status | Economically Disadvantaged | 5,398 | 24.12 | 9.56 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 6,793 | 29.95 | 11.46 | 10 | 60 |
|  | English Learner (EL) | 921 | 19.52 | 7.14 | 10 | 45 |
|  | Non English Learner | 11,189 | 28.11 | 11.07 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 2,299 | 21.29 | 9.22 | 10 | 60 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 9,879 | 28.86 | 10.94 | 10 | 60 |

Note: ${ }^{*}$ Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL). $n / r=$ not reported due to $n<25$.

Table ADD.12.4 Fall 2015 Subgroup Performance for Mathematics Scale Scores: Algebra I

| Group Type | Group | $\boldsymbol{N}$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score | $\mathbf{5 , 7 3 4}$ | $\mathbf{7 3 5 . 5 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 . 7 4}$ | $\mathbf{6 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 4 7}$ |  |
| Gender | Female | 2,921 | 737.83 | 29.58 | 650 | 821 |
|  | Male | 2,813 | 733.16 | 31.74 | 650 | 847 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 57 | 715.74 | 15.52 | 678 | 753 |
|  | Asian | 180 | 758.11 | 32.45 | 650 | 841 |
|  | Black or African American | 1,185 | 724.87 | 29.62 | 650 | 847 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 1,173 | 727.29 | 28.12 | 650 | 814 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 747.23 | 29.56 | 687 | 775 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 155 | 738.48 | 27.70 | 650 | 821 |
|  | White | 2,925 | 742.03 | 30.07 | 650 | 830 |
|  | Economically Disadvantaged | 2,195 | 726.12 | 27.78 | 650 | 815 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 3,450 | 741.75 | 31.15 | 650 | 847 |
| English Learner | English Learner (EL) | 167 | 712.09 | 23.99 | 650 | 821 |
| Status | Non English Learner | 7573 | 736.50 | 30.68 | 650 | 847 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 758 | 715.97 | 27.46 | 650 | 807 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 4,869 | 739.01 | 30.07 | 650 | 847 |

Note: *Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL). $n / r=$ not reported due to $n<25$.

Table ADD.12.5 Fall 2015 Subgroup Performance for Mathematics Scale Scores: Geometry

| Group Type | Group | $\boldsymbol{N}$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score | $\mathbf{6 , 2 5 5}$ | $\mathbf{7 2 4 . 3 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 . 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{7 9 9}$ |  |
| Gender | Female | 3,181 | 725.65 | 23.35 | 650 | 798 |
|  | Male | 3,074 | 722.92 | 24.18 | 650 | 799 |
| Ethnicity | American Indian/Alaska Native | 226 | 713.82 | 15.04 | 665 | 772 |
|  | Asian | 242 | 744.38 | 28.14 | 652 | 799 |
|  | Black or African American | 1,127 | 717.52 | 20.65 | 650 | 789 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 1,881 | 715.83 | 20.21 | 650 | 794 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 717.40 | 31.37 | 689 | 758 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 120 | 725.88 | 22.52 | 650 | 780 |
|  | White | 2,584 | 732.53 | 23.69 | 650 | 797 |
|  | Economically Disadvantaged | 2,907 | 717.31 | 20.82 | 650 | 792 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 3,184 | 730.69 | 24.47 | 650 | 799 |
| English Learner | English Learner (EL) | 356 | 706.30 | 17.05 | 650 | 773 |
| Status | Non English Learner | 4,750 | 725.47 | 23.53 | 650 | 799 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 710.33 | 20.18 | 650 | 797 |  |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 4,961 | 727.53 | 23.32 | 650 | 799 |

Note: *Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL). $n / r=$ not reported due to $n<25$.

Table ADD.12.6 Fall 2015 Subgroup Performance for Mathematics Scale Scores: Algebra II

| Group Type | Group | $\boldsymbol{N}$ | Mean | SD | Min | Max |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Summative Score | $\mathbf{1 2 , 3 2 7}$ | $\mathbf{7 1 0 . 3 8}$ | $\mathbf{3 4 . 8 5}$ | $\mathbf{6 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 4 7}$ |  |
| Gender | Female | 6,381 | 712.01 | 33.91 | 650 | 840 |
|  | Male | 5,946 | 708.64 | 35.74 | 650 | 847 |
|  | American Indian/Alaska Native | 748 | 697.11 | 22.42 | 650 | 794 |
|  | Asian | 357 | 742.88 | 39.51 | 650 | 822 |
|  | Black or African American | 1,506 | 695.58 | 29.04 | 650 | 840 |
|  | Hispanic/Latino | 4,886 | 698.14 | 26.00 | 650 | 836 |
|  | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 716.64 | 49.90 | 661 | 816 |
|  | Multiple Race Selected | 197 | 717.22 | 32.76 | 650 | 804 |
|  | White | 4,517 | 727.66 | 36.82 | 650 | 847 |
| Economic Status* | Economically Disadvantaged | 5,535 | 698.20 | 26.44 | 650 | 822 |
|  | Not Economically Disadvantaged | 6,228 | 719.81 | 37.61 | 650 | 847 |
| English Learner | English Learner (EL) | 702 | 685.30 | 21.51 | 650 | 761 |
| Status | Non English Learner | 11,096 | 711.47 | 34.59 | 650 | 847 |
| Disabilities | Students with Disabilities (SWD) | 1,512 | 688.29 | 29.85 | 650 | 836 |
|  | Students without Disabilities | 10,292 | 713.08 | 34.09 | 650 | 847 |

Note: *Economic status was based on participation in National School Lunch Program (NSLP): receipt of free or reduced-price lunch (FRL). $n / r=$ not reported due to $n<25$.

## Addendum 13: Inter-rater Agreement for Prose Constructed Response

This addendum presents the inter-rater agreement for operational results for the online PCR tasks by trait and grade level in spring 2016. For the 2016 administration, the scoring rubrics for the Literary Analysis tasks (LAT) and Research Simulation Tasks (RST) were updated to combine the Reading Comprehension and Written Expression traits. Therefore, the Prose Constructed Response (PCR) task items were scored on two traits instead of three: (1) Reading Comprehension and Written Expression and (2) Knowledge of Language and Conventions. Narrative Writing tasks (NWT) continued to be scored on the same two traits as in 2015: (1) Written Expression and (2) Knowledge of Language and Conventions.

For 10 percent of responses, a second "reliability" score was assigned. The purpose of the reliability score was to provide data for evaluating the consistency of scoring, which is done by evaluating scoring agreement. Inter-rater agreement is the agreement between the first and second scores assigned to student responses and is the measure of how often scorers agree with each other. Pearson scoring staff used inter-rater agreement indices as one factor in determining the needs for continuing training and intervention on both individual and group levels. PARCC inter-rater agreement expectations are provided in Table 4.4 in Section 4.2.4. For ELA/L PCR traits, the expectation for perfect agreement is an inter-rater agreement of $65 \%$ or higher between two scorers. When Intelligent Essay Assessor (IEA) provided the first score of record, the second reliability score was a human score. For those states choosing the human scoring option, the second reliability score was assigned by IEA. For a subset of responses, the first and second score were both human scores.

Table ADD.2.1 presents the average across the PCRs for each grade level by trait. The number of prompts included in the analyses is listed for each grade level. The agreement indices (perfect agreement, kappa, quadratic weighted kappa, and Pearson correlation) were calculated separately by PCR for each trait (Written Expression and Conventions). For each grade level, the agreement indices were averaged across the PCRs. The table presents the average count and the average for the agreement indices.

The exact agreement for the PCR traits is above the 65\% agreement rate criteria for all PCRs except one ELA03 PCR, one ELA04 PCR, and one ELA11 PCR. The ELA03 PCR has an exact agreement of $61 \%$ for the Written Expression trait and $61 \%$ for the Conventions trait. The ELAO4 PCR has an exact agreement of 64\% for the Written Expression trait; however, the Conventions trait met the criteria with an exact agreement of 66\%. The ELA11 PCR has an exact agreement of 63\% for the Written Expression trait; however, the Conventions trait met the criteria with an exact agreement of $75 \%$. The strength of agreement between raters is moderate to significant agreement as defined by Landis and Koch (1977) for all PCRs except one ELA03 PCR. The quadratic weighted kappa (Kappa QW) distinguishes between differences in ratings that are close to each other versus larger differences. The weighted kappa is substantial to almost perfect for all PCRs except one ELA03 PCR. The Pearson correlations ( $r$ ) were relatively high for all PCRs except one ELA03 PCR.

During operational scoring, the PCR agreement rates are monitored for quality and items not meeting the criteria are shared with the PARCC handscoring operational working group. After the operational
administration, the performance of all the PCRs is provided to the content team as feedback for re-using PCRs and in order to inform development of future PCRs. This provides evidence for continuous improvement of the testing program.

Table ADD.2.1. PARCC PCR Average Agreement Indices by Test

|  |  |  | Written Expression |  |  |  | Conventions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Test | Number of PCRs | Count | Exact | Kappa | QW Kappa | r | Exact | Kappa | $\begin{gathered} \text { QW } \\ \text { Kappa } \end{gathered}$ | r |
| ELA03 | 6 | 29,665 | 69.26 | 0.47 | 0.66 | 0.67 | 67.90 | 0.50 | 0.72 | 0.72 |
| ELA04 | 7 | 17,860 | 68.06 | 0.53 | 0.78 | 0.79 | 67.93 | 0.53 | 0.78 | 0.78 |
| ELA05 | 7 | 18,573 | 72.54 | 0.58 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 71.23 | 0.58 | 0.81 | 0.81 |
| ELA06 | 6 | 21,122 | 71.53 | 0.60 | 0.86 | 0.86 | 72.68 | 0.62 | 0.84 | 0.84 |
| ELA07 | 6 | 22,593 | 72.75 | 0.63 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 73.81 | 0.64 | 0.87 | 0.87 |
| ELA08 | 6 | 20,737 | 71.20 | 0.61 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 73.00 | 0.63 | 0.86 | 0.86 |
| ELA09 | 6 | 17,035 | 73.81 | 0.63 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 75.37 | 0.65 | 0.86 | 0.86 |
| ELA10 | 7 | 7,480 | 73.93 | 0.65 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 74.06 | 0.65 | 0.87 | 0.87 |
| ELA11 | 6 | 8,019 | 71.27 | 0.61 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 75.42 | 0.66 | 0.86 | 0.86 |

Reference

Landis, J.R.; Koch, G.G. (1977). The measurement of observer agreement for categorical data. Biometrics. 33 (1): 159-174.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ The Priority Alert Task Force comprised Parcc Inc. staff, state leads, and state staff.

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ PARCC leadership includes the following groups: PARCC Governing Board, K-12 State Leads, Higher Education Leadership Team, Technical Advisory Committee, Operational Working Group members from each of the member states, and staff members from Parcc, Inc., the project management partner for the PARCC Consortium.

[^2]:    ${ }^{3}$ The term "erasure analysis" is sometimes objected to because it is inferential rather than descriptive. A more descriptive term is "mark discrimination analysis" which recognizes that the scanning approach makes discriminations among the darkness of selected answer choices when multiple responses to a multiple-choice item are detected during answer sheet processing.

[^3]:    ${ }^{4}$ The item tryout was a set of item studies conducted in spring 2015.

[^4]:    ${ }^{5}$ Addendum 5 presents a summary of the test taker characteristics for the Fall 2015 administration.

[^5]:    ${ }^{6}$ Addendum 8 provides a summary of reliability information for the Fall 2015 administration.

[^6]:    ${ }^{7}$ Addendum 9 provides a summary of results for the Fall 2015 administration.

[^7]:    ${ }^{8}$ Section 8 provides information on the computations of the reliability estimates.

[^8]:    ${ }^{9}$ Various PARCC research is described at: http://www.parcconline.org/assessments/testdesign/research

[^9]:    ${ }^{10}$ Refer to Section 7 for more information on DIF analysis.

[^10]:    ${ }^{11}$ More information can be requested online from http://www.parcconline.org/assessments/testdesign/research.

[^11]:    ${ }^{12}$ Addendum 12 presents a summary of results on scale scores for the Fall 2015 administration.
    ${ }^{13}$ Table A.12.1 in Appendix 12.1 is identical to Table 12.1.

[^12]:    ${ }^{14}$ Table A.12.10 in Appendix 12.1 is identical to Table 12.3.
    ${ }^{15}$ Section 11 provides an overview of the Performance Level Setting process, and detailed information can be found in the Performance Level Setting Technical Report.

[^13]:    ${ }^{16}$ Grade 3 TCC, INF, and CSEM curves are also included in Appendix 12.4 as Figures A.12.1.

[^14]:    ${ }^{17}$ Table A.12.48 in Appendix 12.5 is identical to Table 12.7.

[^15]:    ${ }^{18}$ Table A.12.54 in Appendix 12.5 is identical to Table 12.8.

[^16]:    ${ }^{19}$ Table A.12.57 in Appendix 12.5 is identical to Table 12.9.

[^17]:    ${ }^{20}$ Table A.12.63 in Appendix 12.5 is identical to Table 12.10.

[^18]:    ${ }^{21}$ Table A. 12.66 in Appendix 12.5 is identical to Table 12.11.

[^19]:    ${ }^{22}$ This document is available online from:
    http://www.parcconline.org/files/72/Technology\%20Guidelines\%20for\%20PARCC\%20Assessments/389/ TechnologyGuidelinesPARCCAssessments-v5 0-August2015.pdf

[^20]:    ${ }^{23}$ The PARCC Item Development Technical Guide is available online from: http://parccinc.org/wp-content/uploads/2014/07/PARCCItemDevelopmentTechnicalGuidePUBLICDRAFTFORRELEASE20130912.pdf

