



Training and Supervision of Paraprofessional Job Coaches

Stacy Dymond

Director, Illinois Center for Transition and Work

Professor, Department of Special Education, University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign



Purpose

- Share literature about the role of job coaches
- Describe the challenges special educators in Illinois experience related to training and supervising job coaches
- Discuss ideas for addressing challenges



Role of Job Coaches

Paraprofessional Job Coach Activities Brenner & Dymond (in preparation)

Paraprofessionals support students at work sites by

 teaching and reinforcing skills at the worksite,
 sharing information regularly with certified staff back at school,
 providing safety and supervisory supports,
 collecting numerical or anecdotal data on student performance.



Rural vs Suburban Work Sites

Rural

 Paraprofessionals may work alongside special educators or vocational coordinators to identify and develop new worksites (Schutz & Travers, 2023).

Suburban

 Paraprofessionals had little to no involvement in identifying and developing worksites (Brenner & Dymond, in preparation).

Concerns About Training and Supervision of Paraprofessional Job Coaches

- Lack of training specific to supporting students with disabilities during work experiences (Awsumb et al., 2022; Rooney-Kron & Dymond, 2021).
- Lack of training on effective instructional practices (e.g., systematic instruction) that could be applied within community work settings (Brock & Carter, 2015).
- Limited to no ongoing supervision or evaluation of job coaches (Brenner & Dymond, in preparation).

Association of Community Rehabilitation Educators (ACRE) Competencies

- Core values and principles of job coaching
- Individualized assessment and career planning
- Community research and job development
- Workplace and related supports

Challenges in Illinois

Job Coach Roles Study

The purpose of this study was to understand

 the qualifications and responsibilities of paraprofessional job coaches who are employed by schools,

the training these job coaches receive to perform their job, and

how school professionals direct the activities of job coaches



Participant Inclusion Criteria

- School professional
- Work in the state of Illinois
- Directed or supervised the activities of at least 1 job coach in the last 12 months



Job Coach Definition

A paraprofessional/teaching assistant employed by the school who supports students with disabilities to learn work skills at businesses in the community



Questionnaire

- 66 questions
- Sections
 - Job coach qualifications
 - Job coach responsibilities
 - Job coach training
 - $\hfill\square$ Your role in directing the activities of job coaches
 - Demographics
- Online, anonymous survey



Recruitment of Participants

- STEP Advisory meeting
- ICTW regional workshops and symposium
- ICTW TTA partners
- ICTW listserv
- Word of mouth

Participant Demographics (N=110)

Position*

59% SPED teacher
58% Vocational coordinator
12% SPED administrator

Type of school

- \square 40% Integrated
- 25% Separate
- 24% Transition center
- 11% Other

Location

- o 70% Urban
- o 30% Rural
- Region of Illinois
 - 48% Northeast
 - 2% Northwest
 - 9% West central
 - 17% East central
 - 6% Southern



Questions about Challenges



What, if any, challenges exist to training job coaches at your school?



What, if any, challenges exist at your school to directing the activities of job coaches?



Challenges to Training Job Coaches



Not a Priority for the District or Organization

- [Lack of] school and district recognition of the importance of this position .
- District wide requirements that take precedent over job coach specific trainings.
- The job coaches at my school are a bit of a forgotten class and no school-wide trainings consider their responsibilities.

Training Provided is Not Specific to Job Coaching

- Not a great distinction between the training needs or classroom para vs. job coaches.
- I would say the biggest challenges that exist are the generic natures of the actual training content provided.

Formal Training Programs and Training Resources are Not Readily Available

- We have no formal training, all of the training comes from the special ed teacher.
- We have tried to look for economical trainings for our job coaches but have not found very much available for in person training.
- Difficult to find professional resources to use for training
- I wish we had a "curriculum" for job coaches.

Insufficient Time Available for Training

- Lack of preparation time. Conflicts with other assigned duties.
- Job coaches are at work sites all day, which leaves little time for trainings.
- The ability to have all necessary parties meet together at an assigned time is difficult.
- Scheduling of common prep times with teachers or with the whole paraprofessional staff.

Frequency of Job Coach Training	N	%
Weekly	5	4.5
Monthly	9	8.2
Quarterly	11	10.0
Twice a year	10	9.1
Once a year	29	26.4
When hired	4	3.6
As needed	11	10.0
Never	12	10.9
Not sure/don't know	18	16.4



Methods Used to Train Job		
Coaches	Ν	%
On the job training	76	69.1
Staff/team meetings	68	61.8
Job shadowing	47	42.7
Workshop/Inservice	44	40.0
Online or app-based modules	21	19.1
None	10	9.1
Not sure/don't know	1	0.9



When Job Coaches Receive		
Most of Their Training	N	%
On the fly (i.e., provided quickly, as	51	46.4
needed, without prior planning)		
Professional development days	29	26.4
	26	
Regularly scheduled meetings	26	23.6
before, during, or after school		
Other	4	3.6



Challenges to Supervising Job Coaches



Staff Availability to Supervise

- Voc coordinators are in the classroom more and more and do not have time to visit worksites.
- I do not have enough time with teaching, completing case manager duties to devote the time needed for the job coaches.
- As a special education teacher, I am not given leave to supervise or direct job coaches at work sites.
- Having enough staff to support those at school while going to observe in different job sites.
- We don't have prioritized time to support our job coaches outside of actually working together at the job site with students present.

Providing Appropriate Support to Each Job Coach

- Each site has a unique set of circumstances.
- We have such a large group of job coaches, it is hard to give everyone individualized tips.
- Sometimes being "on an island" without enough support on site for what they are tasked with achieving.

Collaboration and Communication

- Lots of different team members are giving feedback to paraeducators/job coaches. Often this feedback is not consistent between providers.
- Clarify between paraprofessional vs. job coach.
- There is no official program for job coaches. They just get assigned to a job site based on schedules and are expected to do things. Teachers have to figure things out on their own.

Maintaining Program Integrity and Job Coach Accountability

- Job coaches have a more flexible schedule where they are coming and going through out the day. This has caused some challenges with making sure that everyone is responsibly managing their time. Some job coaches in the past have taken advantage of the flexible schedule.
- A challenge is ensuring that the program is running the same as if a teacher was there but a teacher is not there.
- The job coaches have no oversight beyond the Special Education teacher, which is me. I am expected to direct all activities, but I cannot be there to supervise off campus sites and I am not part of any evaluation process.
- There isn't an established procedure for evaluating or directing the activities of job coaches. This leads to no evaluations at all.

Frequency of Meetings		
with Job Coaches	Ν	%
Daily	33	30.0
Once a week	42	38.2
Once a month	12	10.9
Once a quarter	7	6.4
Once a year	5	4.5
As needed	5	4.5
Never	3	2.7
Prefer not to respond	3	2.7



Frequency of Observations of		
Job Coaches at Work Sites	Ν	%
Daily	5	4.5
Once a week	18	16.4
Once a month	28	25.5
Once a quarter	23	20.9
Once a year	9	8.2
Never	17	15.5
As needed	9	8.2
Prefer not to respond	1	0.9



Methods Used to Gather Information		
About Job Coach Performance	Ν	%
Observations at the WBL site	76	69.1
Review of student data collected by job coach	57	51.8
Feedback from business partner where job	51	46.4
coach is assigned		
Student feedback about the work experience	37	33.6
I do not gather information about job coach	18	16.4
performance		
Other	4	3.6

Challenges to Training and Supervising Intersect with Personnel Challenges

Job coach shortages, retention, and turnover

Job coach commitment, buy in, and quality



How do the findings relate to your experience?

How might we address these challenges in Illinois?

Potential Solutions

- Define job coach roles and responsibilities, including how they differ from classroom paraprofessionals
- Clarify educators' roles and responsibilities for training and supervising job coaches
- Allot time in staff schedules for on-site supervision of and collaboration with job coaches
- Provide job coaches with ongoing job-specific training

Questions

Stacy Dymond Director Illinois Center for Tranistion and Work University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign sdymond@Illinois.edu

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