

# **Response to Intervention (RtI): A Blueprint for ALL Students**

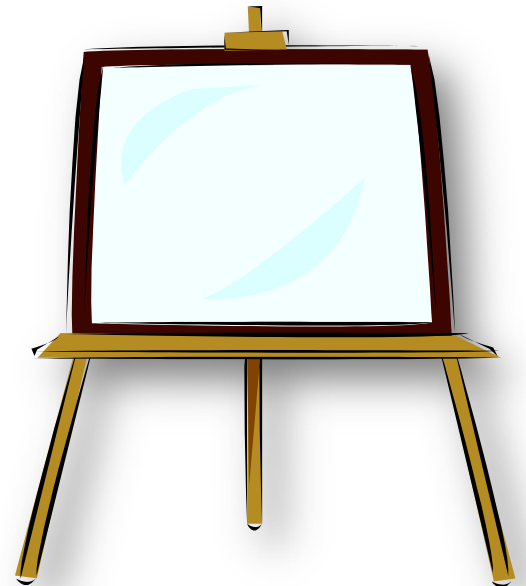
**Developed by Illinois ASPIRE in partnership  
with Family Matters and the Family  
Resource Center on Disabilities**

**June 2011**

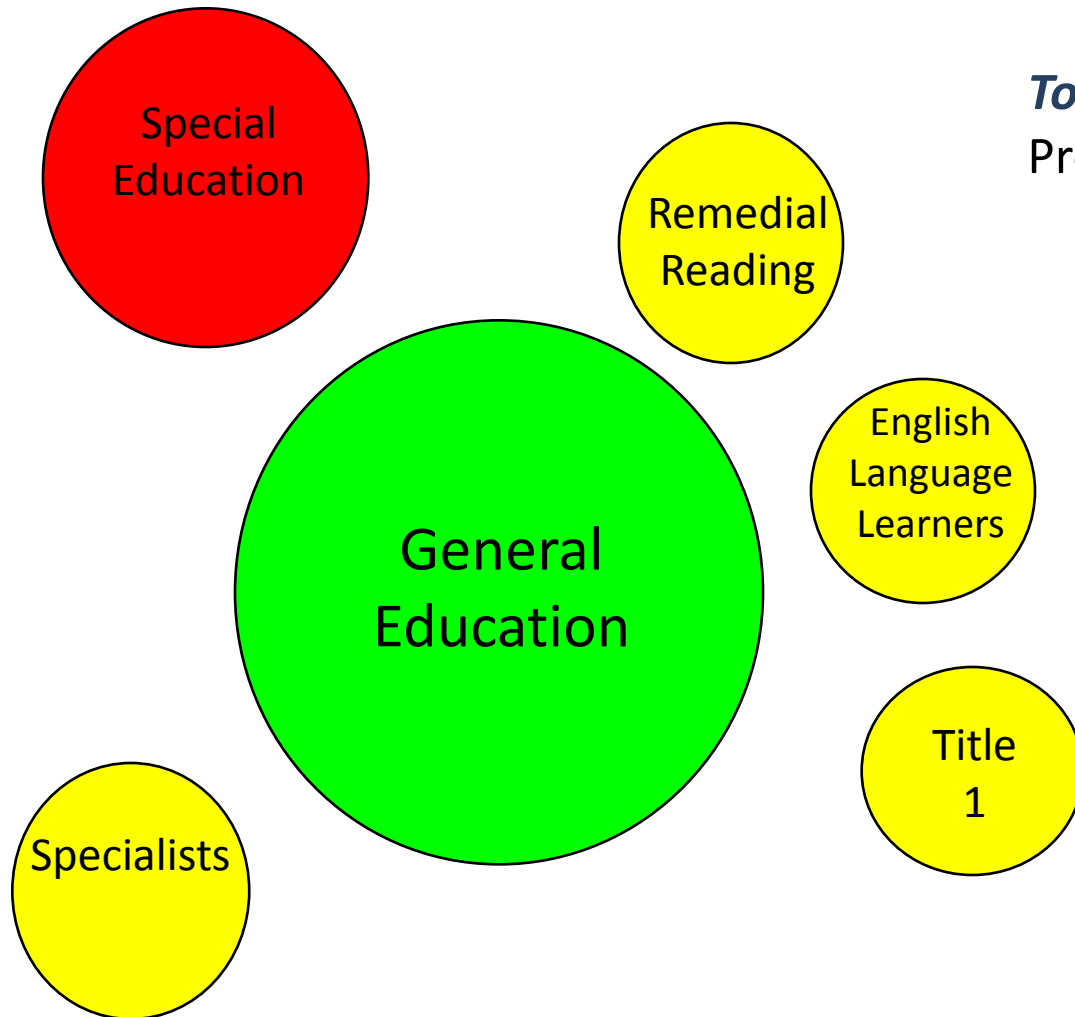
**Illinois ASPIRE is a State Personnel Development Grant project of the  
Illinois State Board of Education. All funding is from federal sources.**

# AGENDA

- Rationale
- Essential components
  - High Quality Instruction and Intervention
  - Assessment data
  - Collaborative Problem Solving
- Response to Intervention
- Parent Resources
- Questions and Answers



# Traditional Model: Early Intervening Services

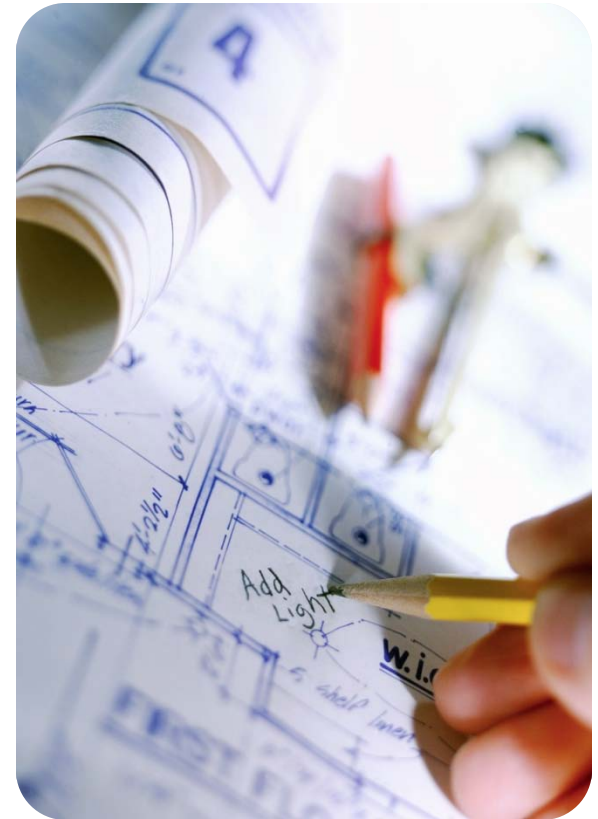


*Too Many Different* Remedial Programs that :

- Were not coordinated well
- Were not powerful enough
- Used assessment data that were difficult to understand
- Did not consistently measure the effects of instruction on student performance
- Did not evaluate the impact on student outcomes

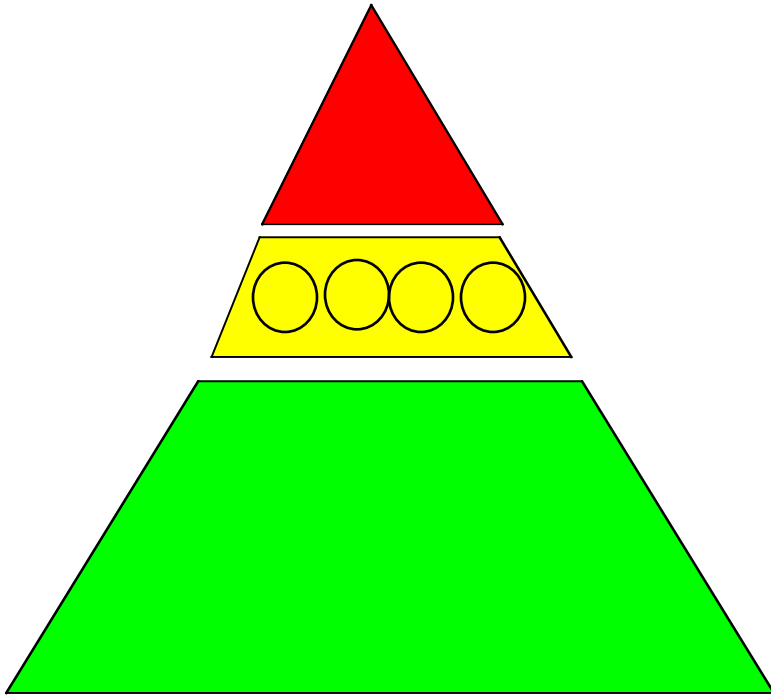
# Today's Outcome

**Learn about the framework schools design instruction around to meet the diverse needs of ALL students.**

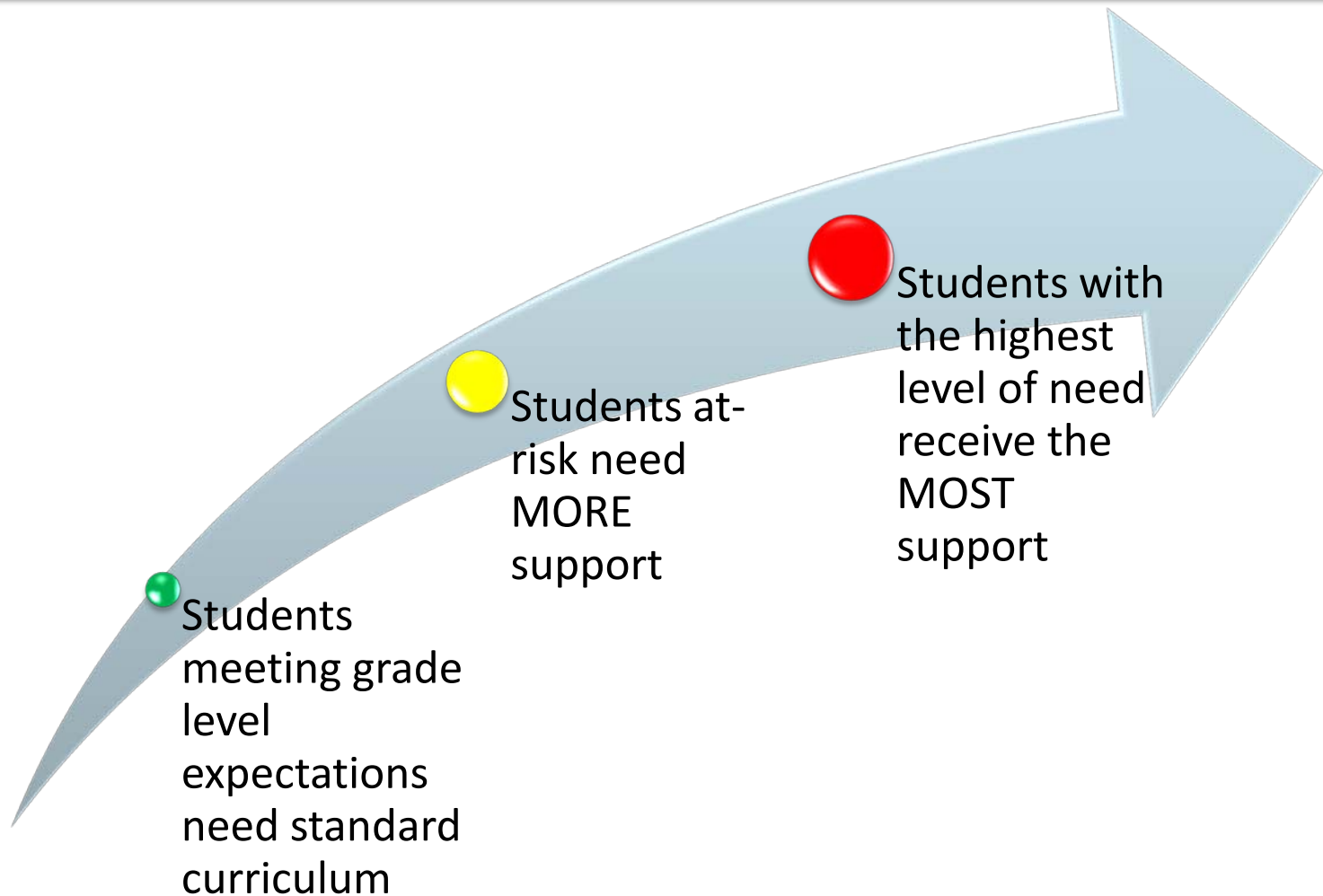


# New Model: COORDINATED Early Intervening Services

- At Risk Students Needs Are *More Alike Than Different*
- Can Be More *Focused, Intense, and Powerful*
- Use a High Quality Curriculum with an *Emphasis on Explicit Systematic Teacher-Led Instruction*
- Use *Assessment Data* frequently to tell us if What We are Doing is Working Well



# Building a Continuum of Support for Students



# Essential Building Blocks to Foster Success for ALL Students:



1. High quality, research-based curricula, instruction and interventions
2. Assessment to determine needs
3. Collaborative problem solving to make educational decisions



# High Quality, Research-Based Curricula, Instruction & Intervention





# Standards of Research-Based

Teaching strategies or methods that have been **proven to be effective** in children learning specific skills.

# Research

Photo Credit: Jeff Miller / Vision Education University Communications

# What are High Quality, Research-Based Curricula, Instruction & Intervention?

Instruction

- How we teach.

Curriculum

- What is being taught.

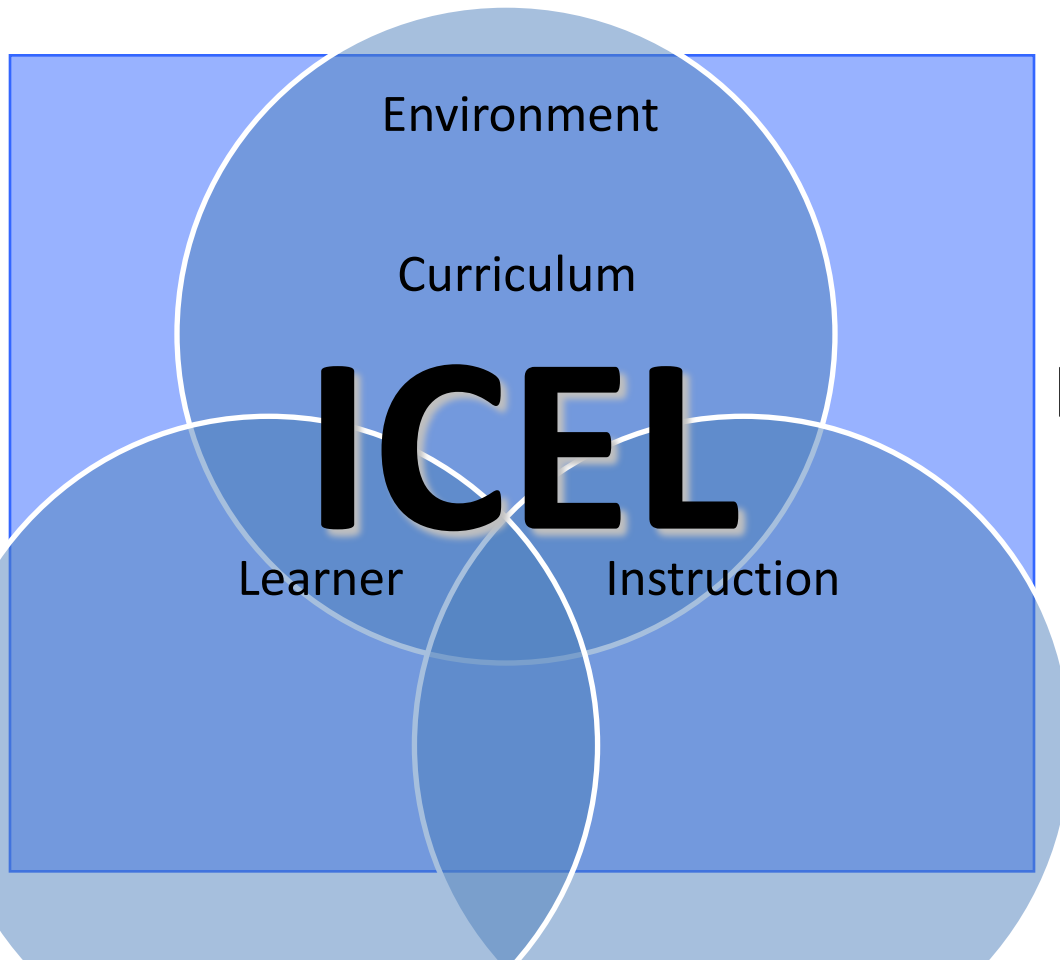
Environment

- Where it is taught.

Learner

- Who is being taught.

***We are not just looking at the student,  
but rather what is taught, how it is  
taught, etc.***



**“Learning problems  
result from a complex  
interaction  
between several factors:  
Curriculum, Instruction,  
the Environment and  
Learner characteristics.”  
(Howell, 1993)**

# Effective Instruction Includes:



Explicit instructional strategies



Systematic and coordinated instructional sequences



Ample practice opportunities: So students can master and overlearn a bit



Scaffolded instruction and cumulative review: Building upon review and an accumulation of skills



Aligned student materials: Weaving skills together so students can apply and generalize

# High Quality Curricula, Instruction & Intervention Focus on Critical Skills

## Reading

- Phonics
- Phonemic Awareness
- Fluency
- Comprehension
- Vocabulary

National Reading Panel

<http://www.nationalreadingpanel.org/>

## Mathematics

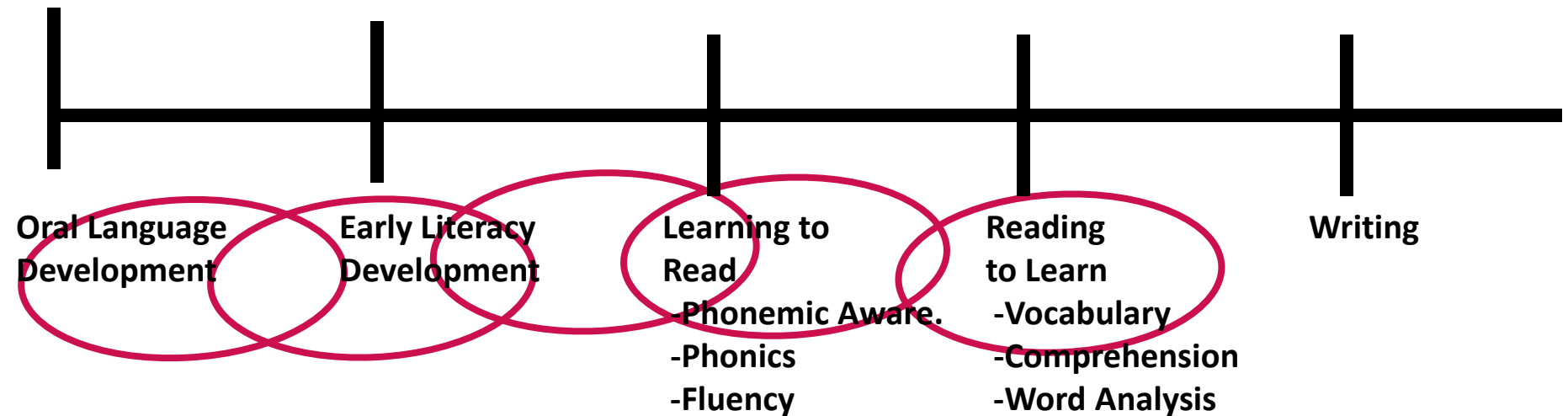
- Number Sense
- Fluency
- Problem Solving
- Adaptive Reasoning
- Engaging

National Mathematics Advisory Panel

<http://www2.ed.gov/MathPanel>



# Language/Literacy Continuum



- Right Doses at the Right Times
- Students need all foundational skills
- Taught in explicit, systematic ways
- Skills all linked

A background image showing a group of students in a library or study hall. They are sitting at wooden tables, looking at books and papers. The lighting is warm and focused on the study area.

# Effective Curriculum

- Scientifically Based
- Aligned to State Learning Standards
- Results in positive outcomes

# Scientific, Research-Based Interventions

- Focused on specific, **targeted** student skill needs
- Identified through scientifically, researched-based assessments.
- Involve the **teaching** of a researched-based **strategy** or a **skill** that is:
  - Focused on **increasing** a student's **performance** in the targeted area (e.g., reading, math, writing, behavior).
- Generally provided **in addition to** the core curriculum





# Parent Power

## Ways to be involved:

- Learn more about the curricular materials used in your child's school. Ask what the research says about the effectiveness of the curriculum.
- Learn more about the essential content and concepts that your child's district expects students to learn and know at each grade level.
- Learn more about what interventions, matched to your child's needs, are being used. Ask what the research says about their effectiveness.

A blue starburst graphic with the words "Parent Power" in white, bold, sans-serif font. The word "Parent" is on the top line and "Power" is on the bottom line, both with a slight shadow effect.

## Parent Power

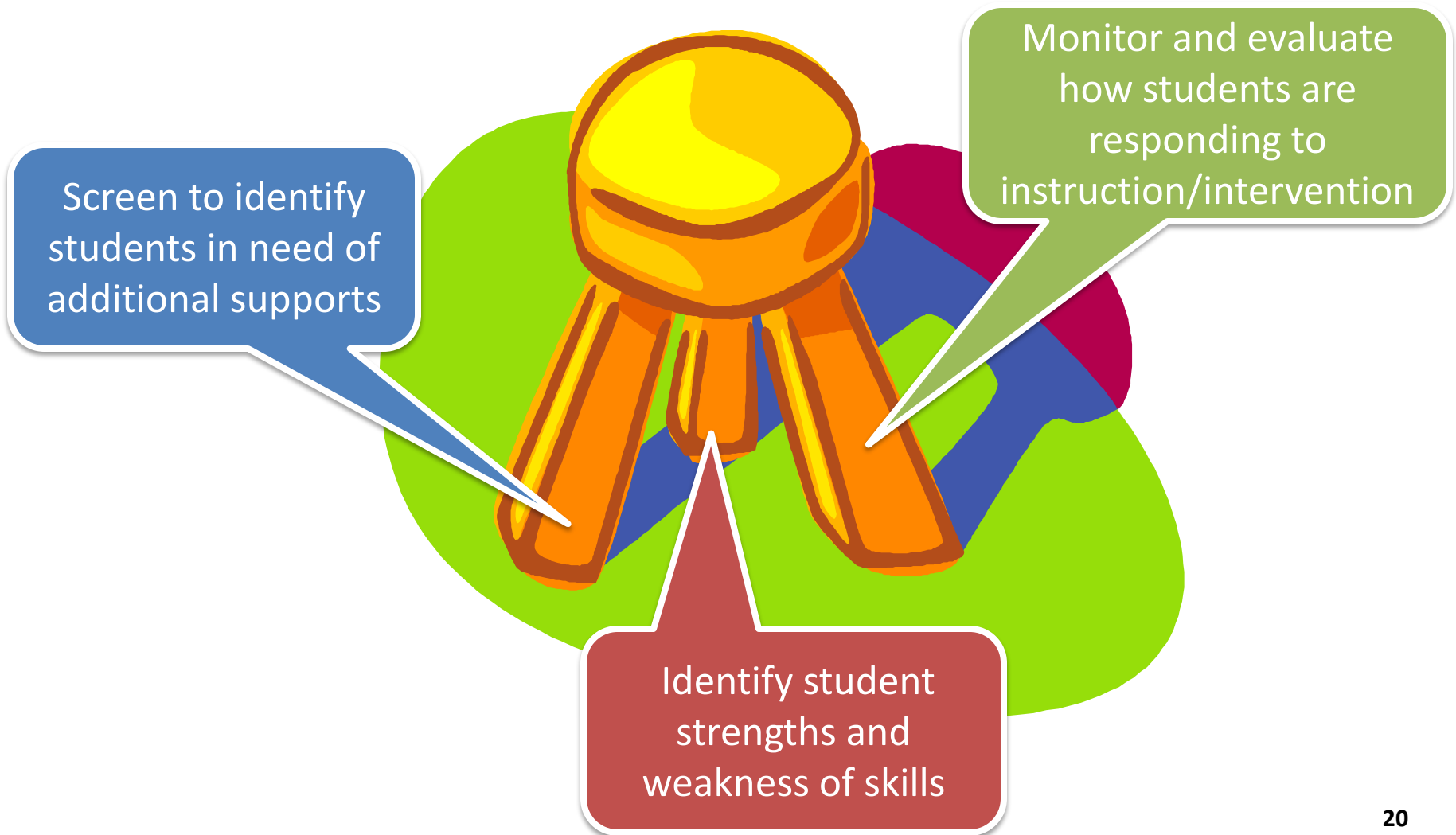
# Other Questions You Can Ask about Interventions

- What process is used to determine the interventions that are right for your child's needs?
- When are written intervention plans developed and are they provided to parents?
- Is the teacher, specialist, tutor, or assistant trained in using the interventions?
- What decision rule will be used to decide if the student is making adequate progress?

The background of the slide features a collection of wooden alphabet blocks scattered across a light-colored surface. Some blocks are standing upright, while others are lying flat. Visible letters include 'O', 'H', 'I', 'A', 'E', and 'T'. The blocks are light-colored with dark outlines for the letters.

# **Assessment to Determine Student Needs**

# How Do We Determine Student Learning Needs?





## **Ways to be involved:**

- Ask what tools your school is using to screen students and monitor their progress, what kinds of data are collected, and how parents are notified.
- Ask your school to provide you with regular progress monitoring reports and find out how often those reports will be provided.
- Learn about how to understand the data by talking with school staff.

The background of the slide is a light gray image featuring several wooden alphabet blocks. Some blocks are in sharp focus, showing letters like 'O', 'H', 'T', 'A', and 'T'. Others are blurred in the background, creating a sense of depth. The blocks are scattered across the frame, with some standing upright and others slightly tilted.

# Collaborative Problem Solving

# How are Instructional Practices Matched to Student Needs?

## **Problem Identification**

- What is the problem?

## **Problem Analysis**

- Why is it happening?

## **Plan Development**

- What shall we do about it?

## **Plan Evaluation**

- Did our plan work?

# Problem Solving Method

## Problem Identification

Is there a problem? What is it?

## Problem Analysis

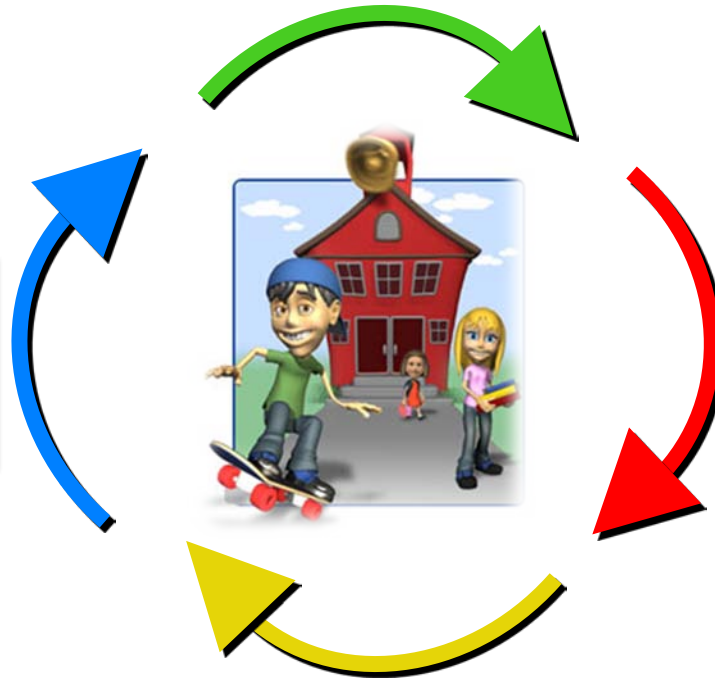
Why is it happening?

## Plan Development

What should be done about it?

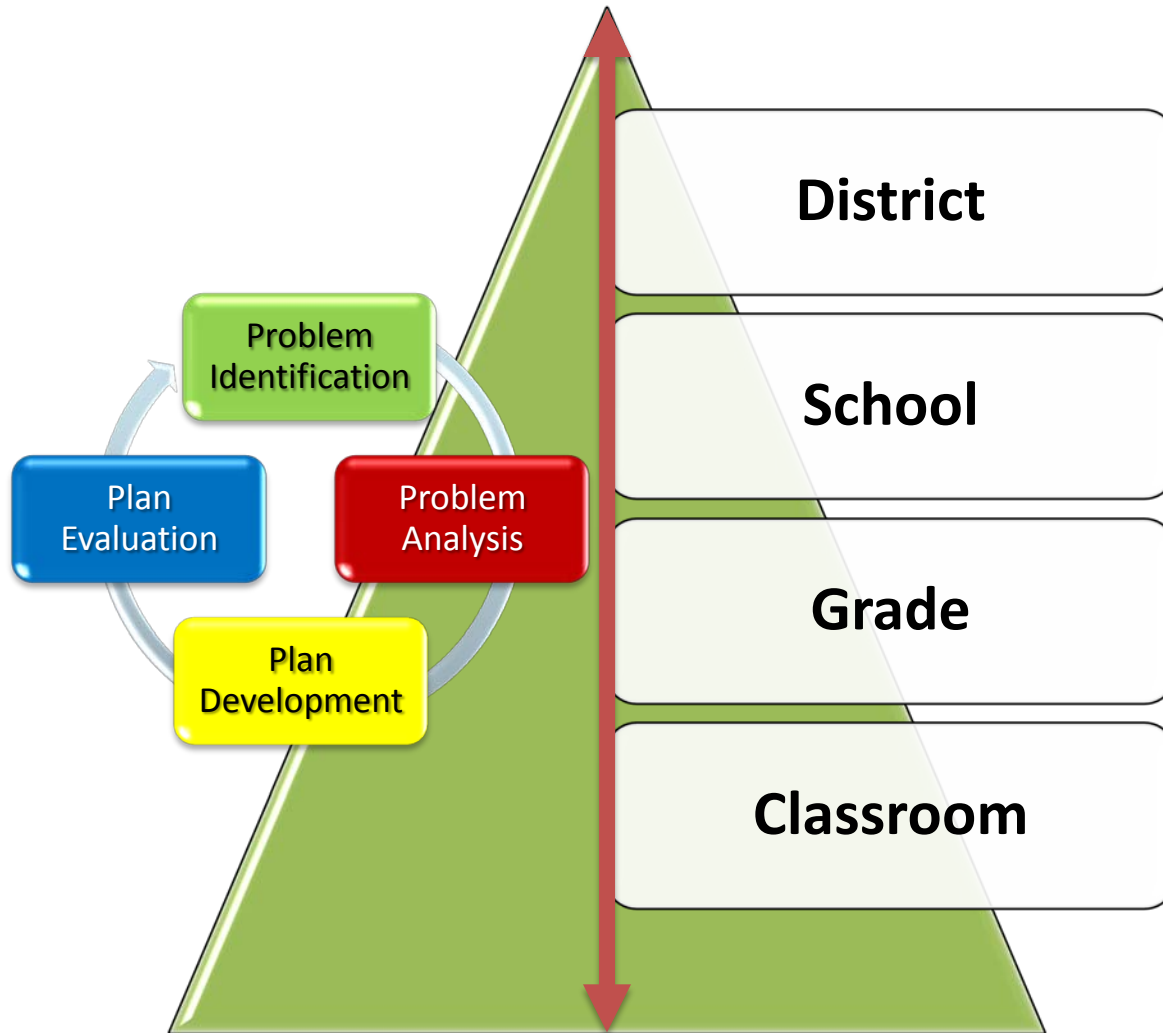
## Plan Evaluation

Did the plan work?





# Problem Solving Occurs at All Levels

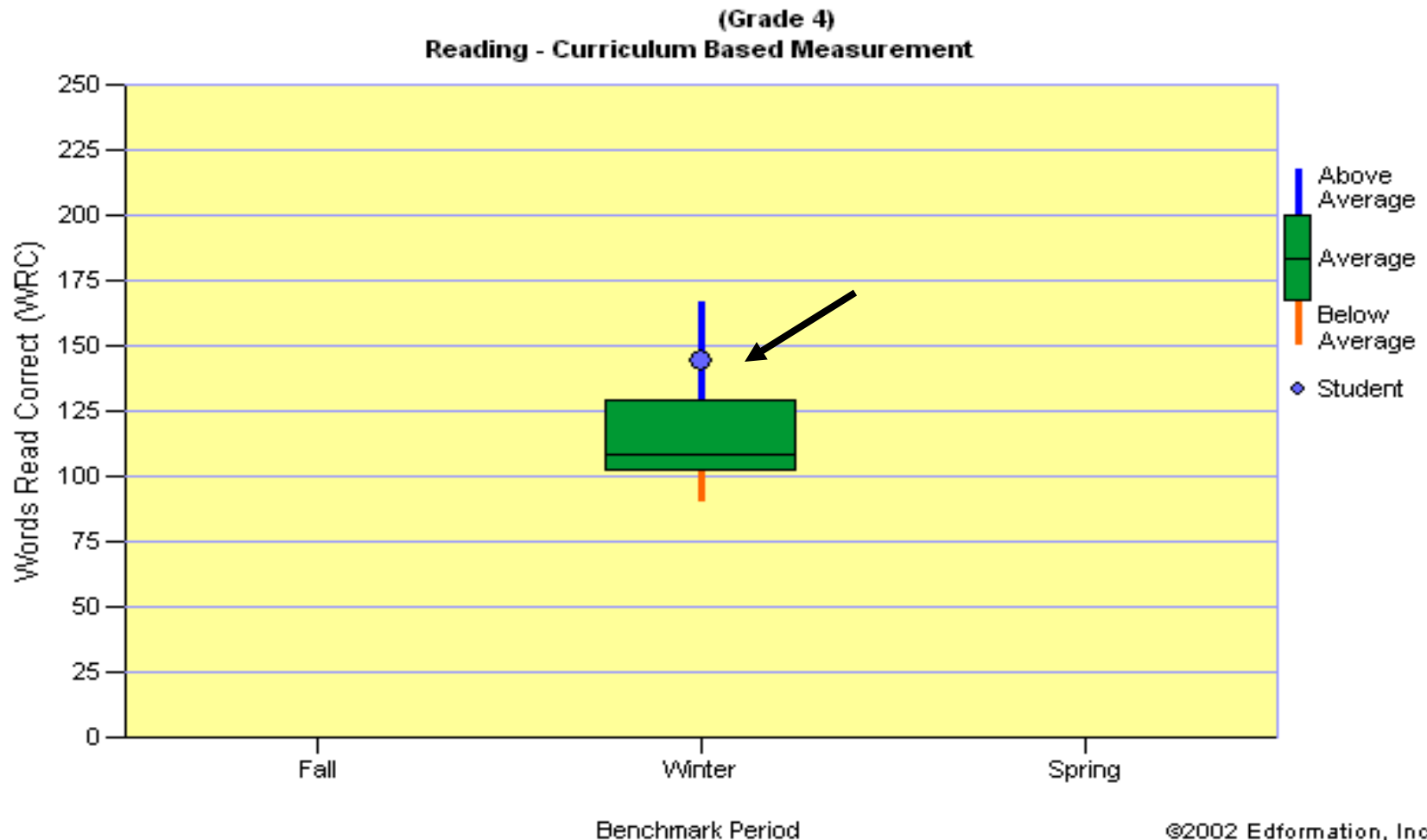




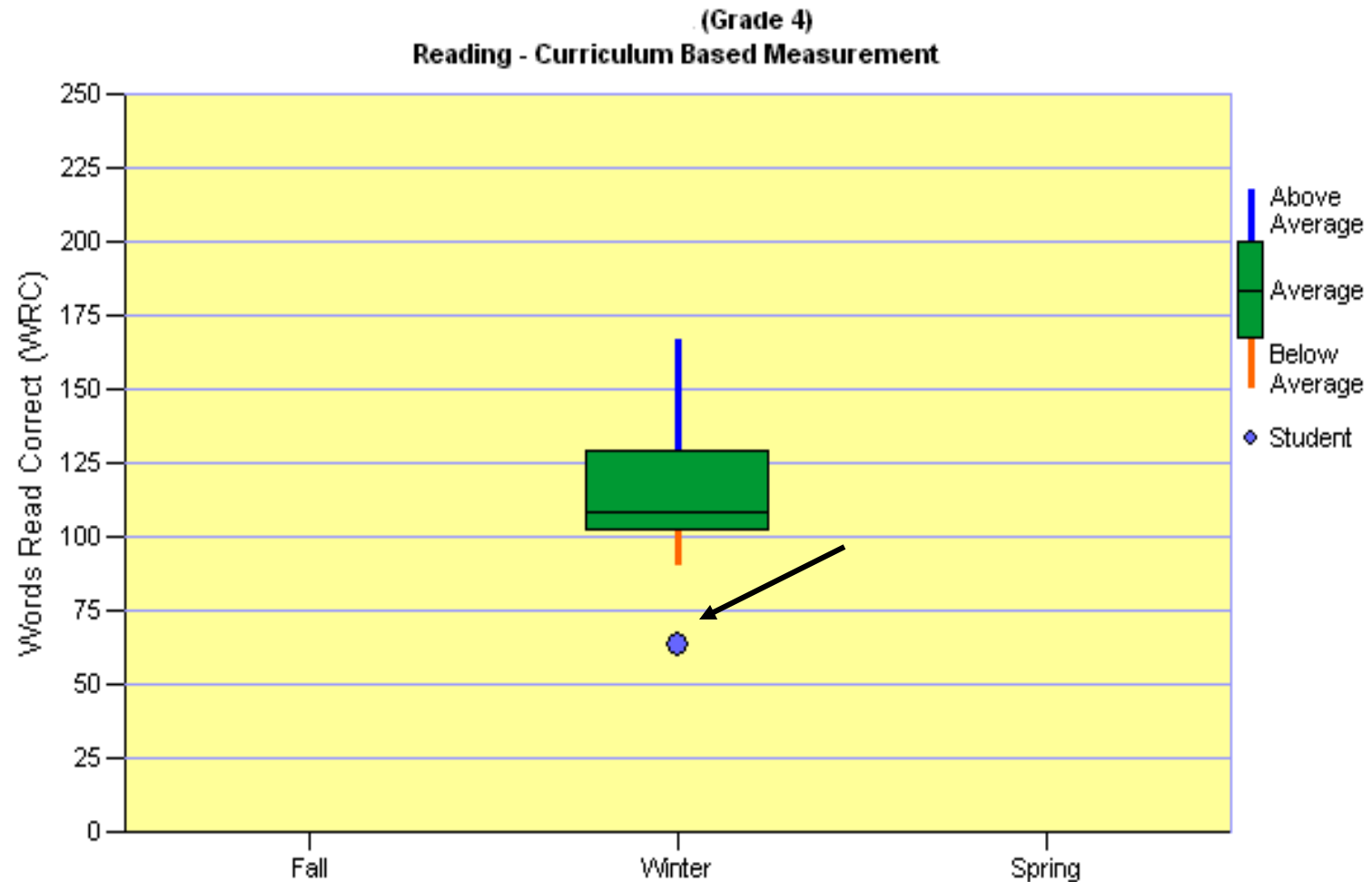
Assessment data are used to determine student need and then provide research-based instruction/interventions based on need within a TEAMING Process



# Educational Need?

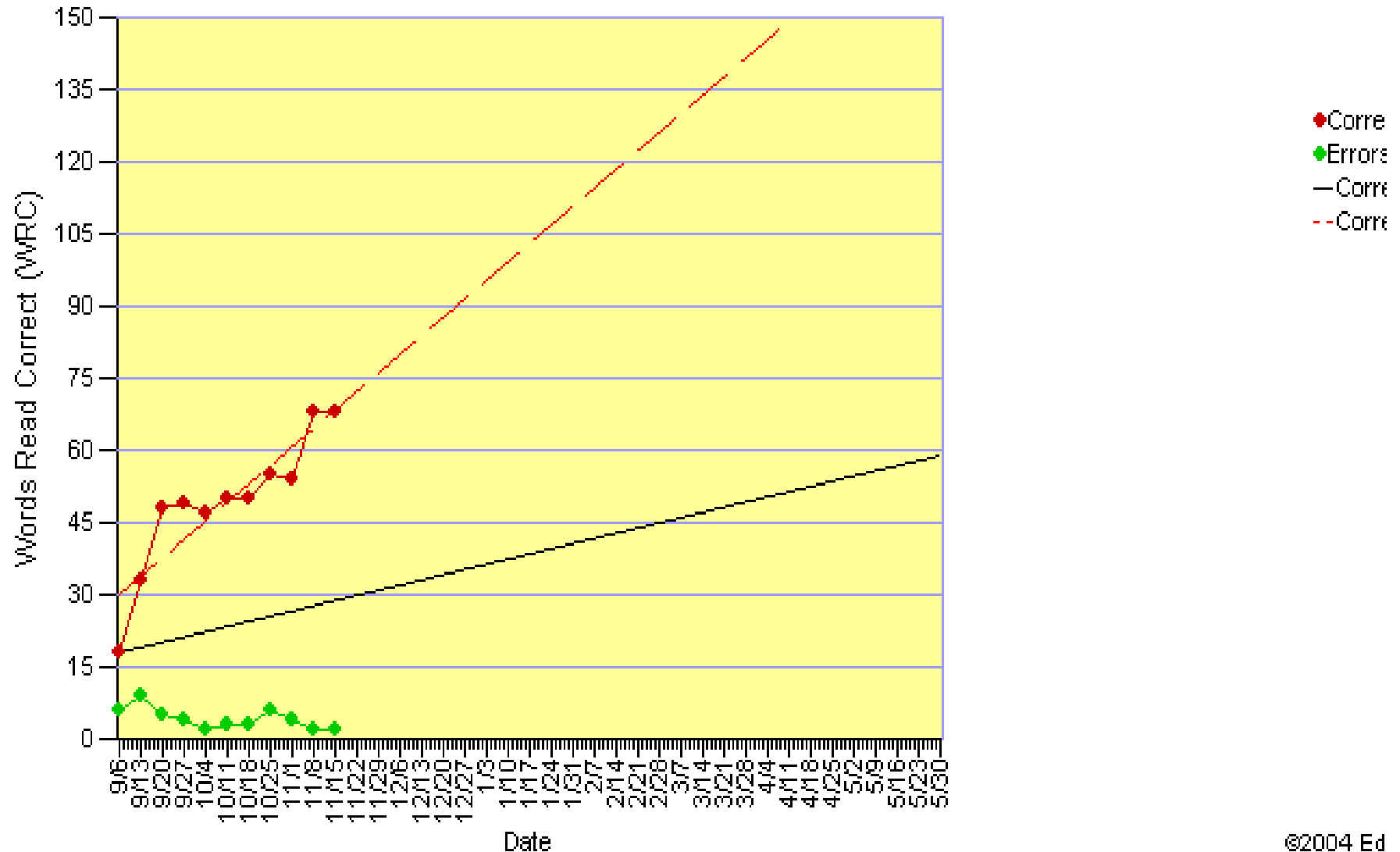


# Educational Need?



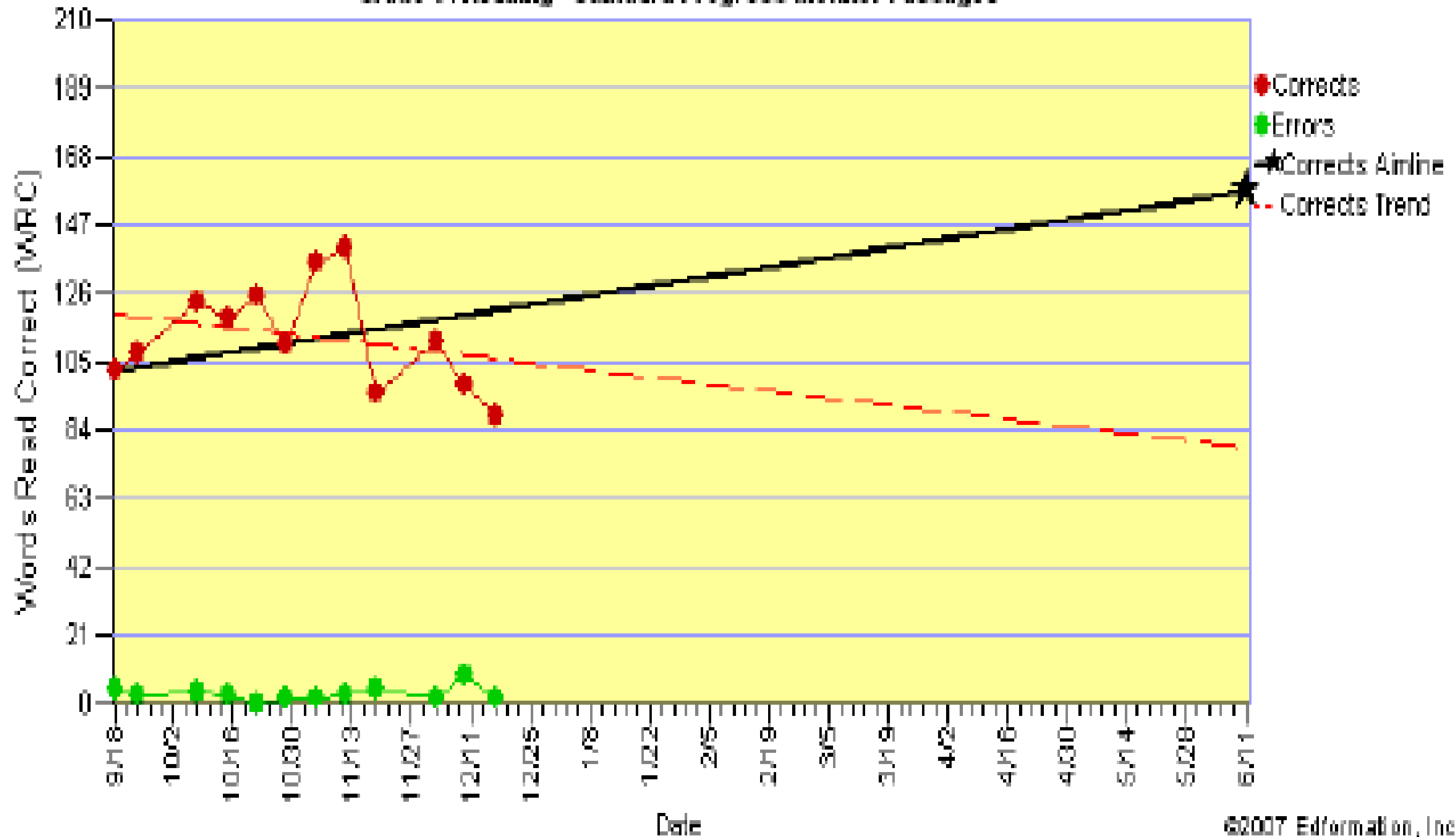
# Educational Progress?

Grade 2 : Reading - Standard Progress Monitor Passages

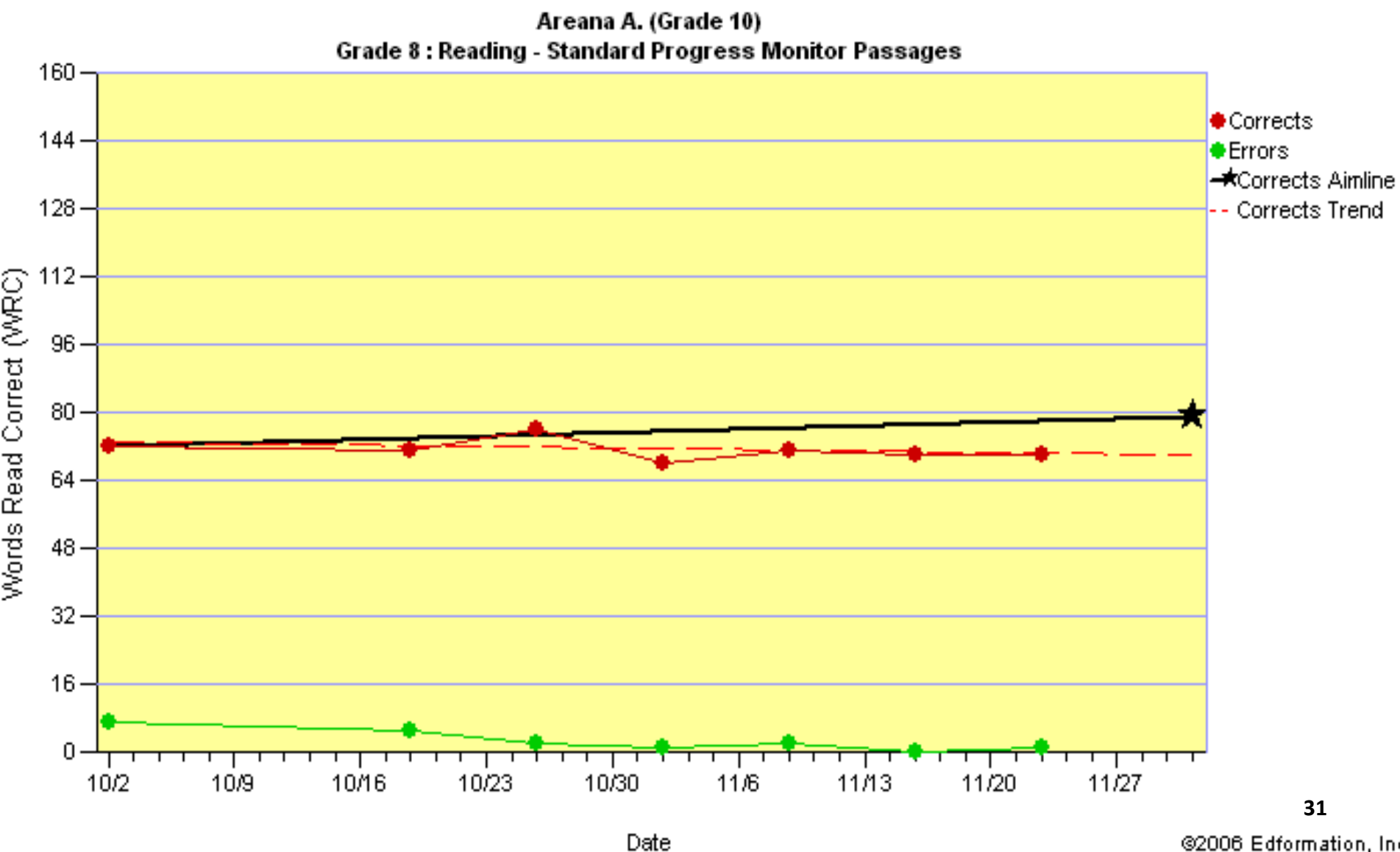


# Educational Progress?

Grade 6 : Reading - Standard Progress Monitor Passages



# Educational Progress?



A blue starburst graphic with the words "Parent Power" in white, bold, sans-serif font. The word "Parent" is on the top line and "Power" is on the bottom line, with a small lightning bolt graphic behind the word "Power".

## Parent Power

## Ways to be involved:

- Participate in problem solving meetings.
- Ask questions to clarify information.
- Praise your child for any progress or general improvement in the area(s) of concern.
- When possible, make suggestions for strategies or interventions based on what you know works well at home.



# Special Education Evaluation

Parent or Team member suspects a disability

Team meets to determine if data supports need for an evaluation

Student Data supports the need for an evaluation

Evaluation includes any existing RtI data.  
Interventions continue or are put into place.

Student Data does not support the need for an evaluation

Written notice of decision not to evaluate provided to parents  
Interventions, if needed, continue or are put into place.



## Parent Power

## Ways to be involved:

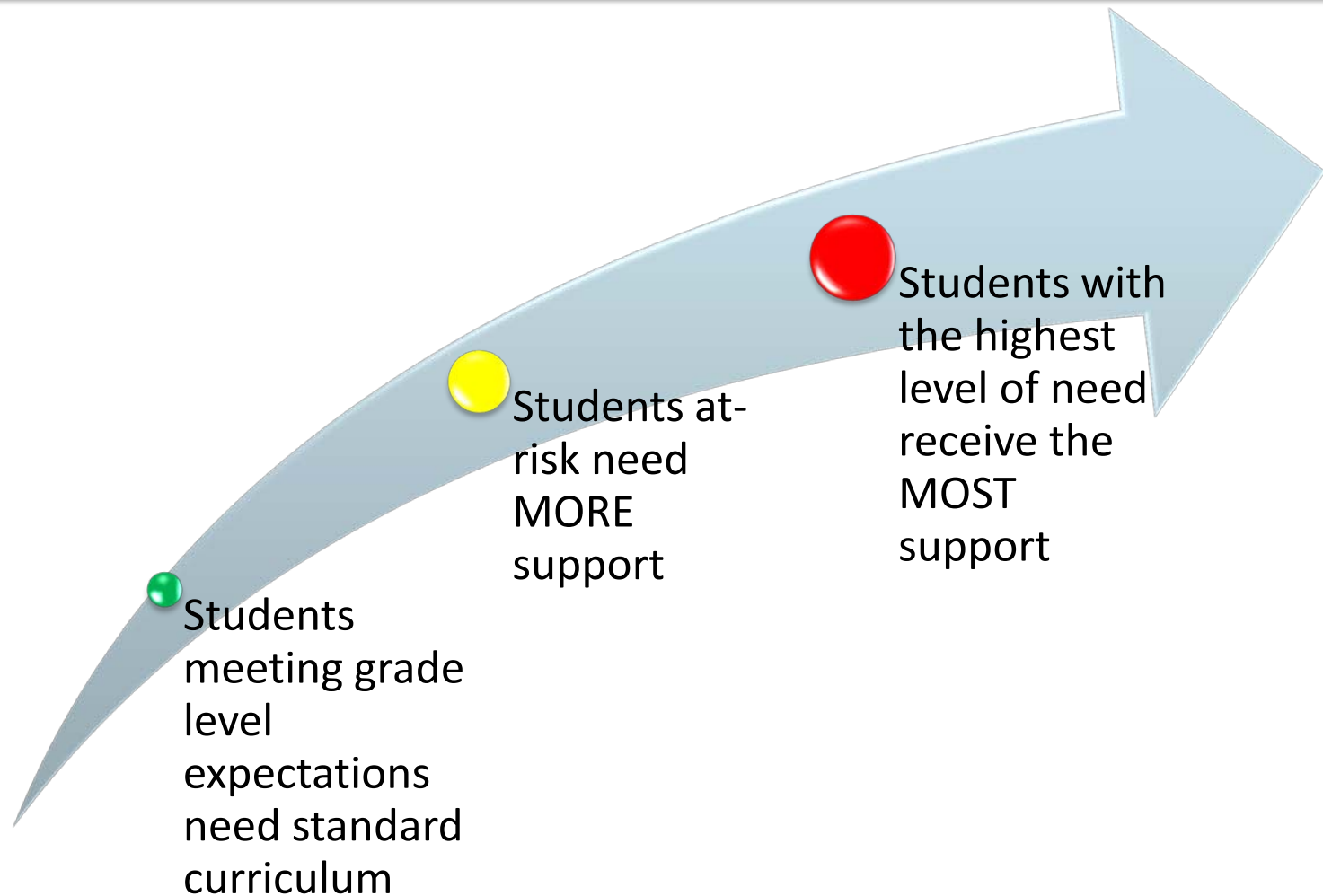
- Work with the school team to review your child's progress monitoring data.
- Ask questions about your child's progress and whether he or she may need to be evaluated for special education eligibility.
- Ask how the need for an evaluation is determined.
- Ask how the data collected during the RtI process are used as part of a special education evaluation.

# Put it Together...



## Response to Intervention

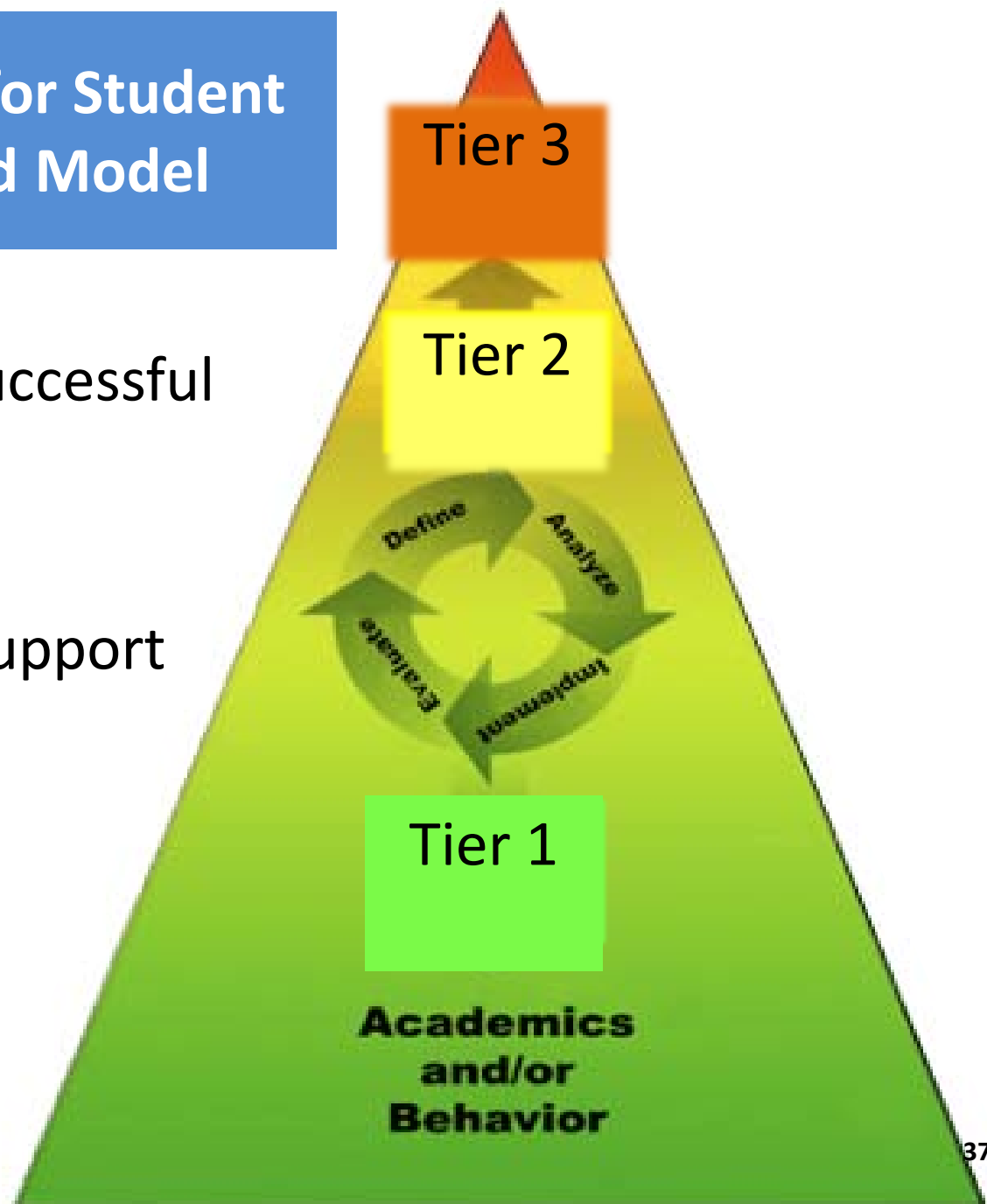
# Continuum of Support for Students



# School-Wide Systems for Student Success: A Multi-Tiered Model

Goal = all students successful  
at Tier 1

> Tier = > Need = > Support



# Tier 1

- The Foundation
- What all students receive
- Core curricula & instruction all students receive

**Most  
students**

**Academics  
and/or  
Behavior**

# Tier 2

MORE

Some  
students



Time  
Explicit Instruction  
Support  
Opportunities to Respond  
Feedback  
Skill Building

# Tier 3



Few  
students

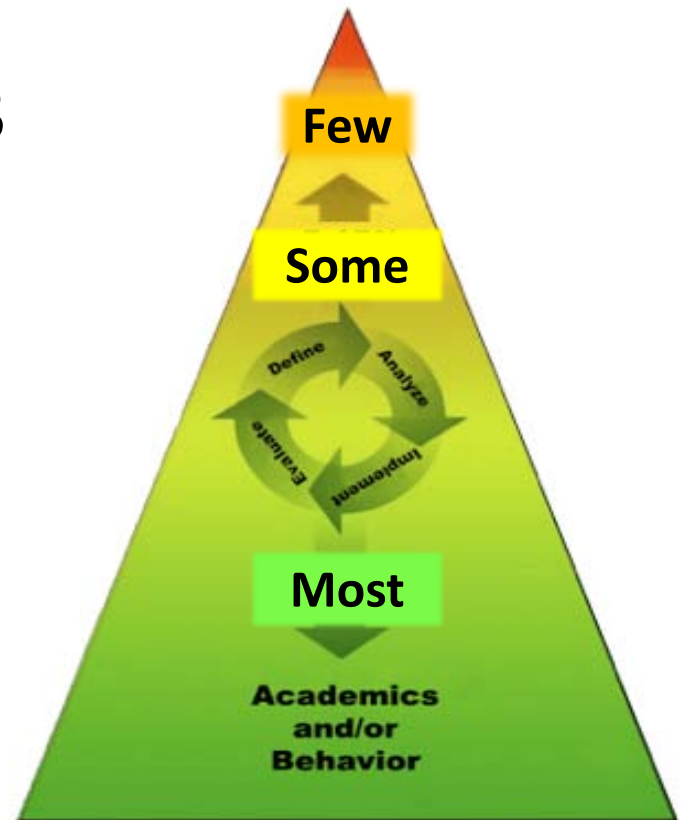
**MOST**

Time  
Explicit Instruction  
Support  
Opportunities to Respond  
Feedback  
Skill Building

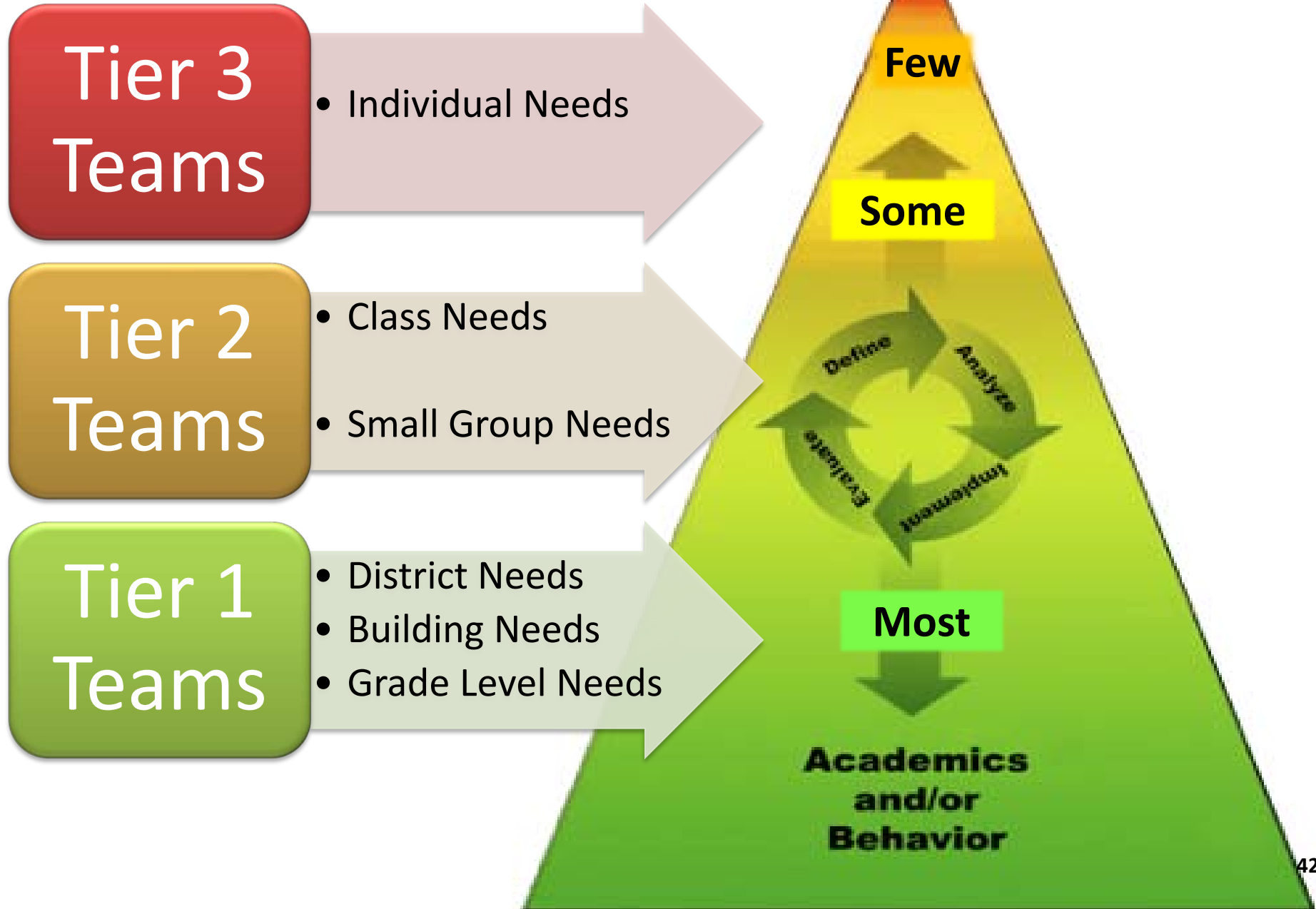


# How Does Special Education Fit into a Multi-Tiered Model?

- Special education services are considered part of Tier 3 interventions
- Tier 3 is **NOT** just special education



# Problem Solving at Each Tier



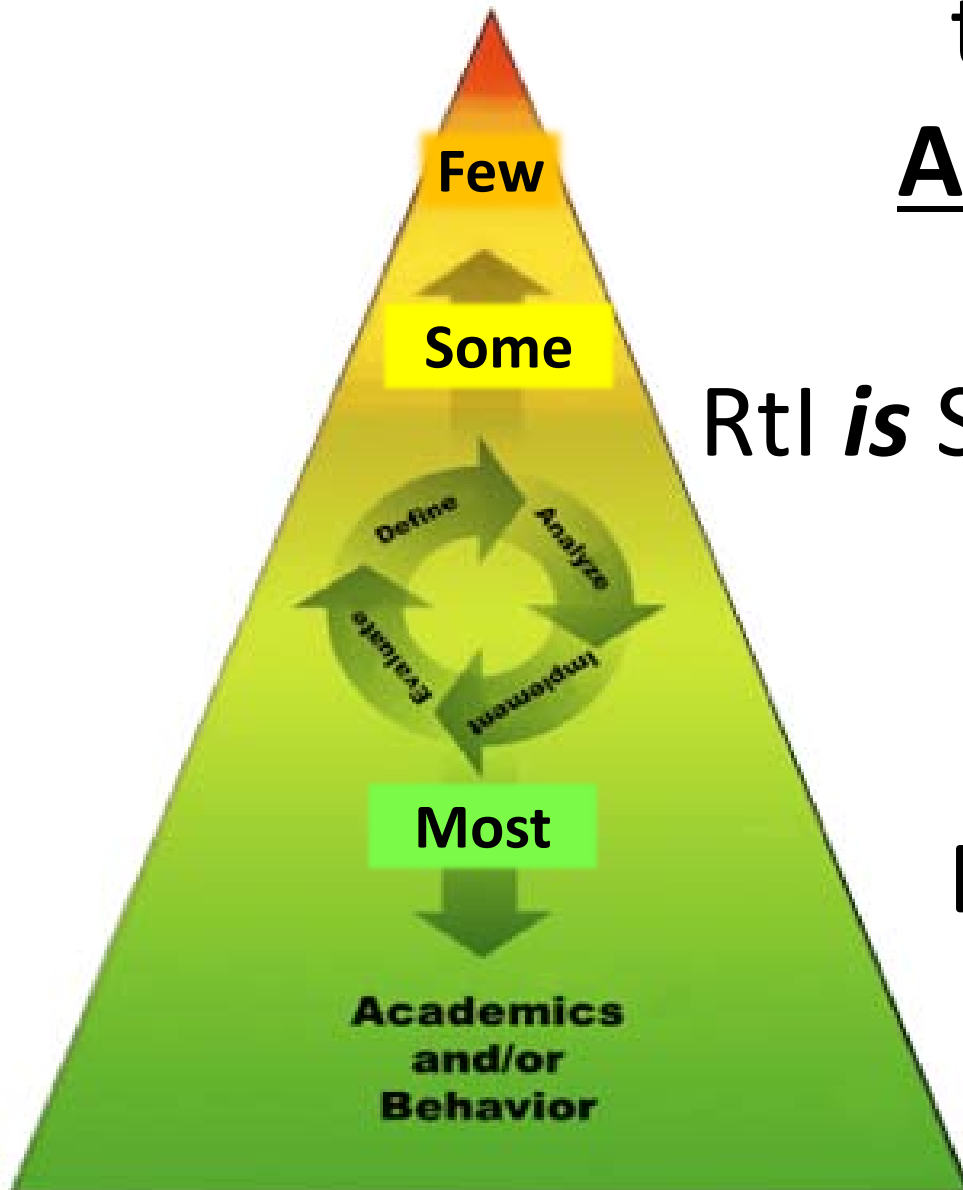
# Rtl: Meeting the needs of **ALL STUDENTS**

Rtl *is* School Improvement

An

**EVERY EDUCATION**

Initiative





# Open Communication with the School

- Be informed
- Be proactive
- Ask questions



# I-ASPIRE/ISBE Parent Resources

- Reading and Rtl: Putting it all Together
- Parents' Guide to Rtl
- Parent FAQs about Rtl

[http://www.isbe.net/Rtl\\_plan/default.htm](http://www.isbe.net/Rtl_plan/default.htm)

# Additional Resources

- Response to Intervention (RtI): A Primer for Parents  
<http://www.nasponline.org/resources/factsheets/rtiprimer.aspx>
- RtI Action Network: Resources for Parents and Families  
<http://www.rtinetwork.org/Parents-and-Families>
- National Center on Response to Intervention  
Stakeholders: Families  
[http://www.rti4success.org/index.php?option=com\\_content&task=blogcategory&id=12&Itemid=65](http://www.rti4success.org/index.php?option=com_content&task=blogcategory&id=12&Itemid=65)
- Florida Center for Reading Research: For Families  
<http://www.fcrr.org/forParents.htm>
- Student Progress Monitoring: What this Means for Your Child  
<http://www.studentprogress.org/family/default.asp>
- Behavior Resources available through National PBIS Network: Families  
<http://www.pbis.org/family/default.aspx>

