



Illinois State Board of Education

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School Nutrition Programs FAQs for Returning to School 2020-21 **Last Updated: Aug. 10, 2020**

As Illinois schools plan for School Year 2020-21 amid the COVID-19 global pandemic, the Illinois State Board of Education (ISBE) Nutrition Department understands the uncertainty surrounding upcoming meal service operations and strives to answer questions regarding the School Nutrition Programs with the most up-to-date information available. **Please review this document frequently as updates will be made based on the most current guidance from the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) as it is released.** All revisions to this document will appear with the date last updated.

Thank you for your dedication to feeding Illinois school children.

If you have additional questions, please contact the Nutrition Department at (217) 782-2491 or (800) 545-7892, or cnp@isbe.net.

SCHOOL YEAR 2020-21 PROGRAM PARTICIPATION

1. How should I complete the School Nutrition Programs Annual Application for SY 2020-21? (Updated 8/10/2020)

The School Nutrition Programs 2021 Annual Application should be completed as soon as possible. As in previous years, sponsors must renew to participate in any of the following in the new school year: National School Lunch Program, School Breakfast Program, Illinois Free Breakfast and Lunch Program, Special Milk Program, After School Snack Program, and Seamless Summer Option. Instructions for the annual application can be found at <https://www.isbe.net/Pages/School-Nutrition-Applications-and-Reports.aspx>. Please note there is a separate set of instructions for those who plan to participate in the Seamless Summer Option next summer. Failure to complete your application on time can jeopardize claims.

2. Can schools continue to participate in the Seamless Summer Option or Summer Food Service Program for SY 2020-21? (Updated 8/10/2020)

No, participation in the Summer Food Service Program or Seamless Summer Option will discontinue at the start of the school year. Schools will be eligible to participate in the National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program at the beginning of SY 2020-21. Schools need to be prepared to count meals at the point of service during the transition back to the National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program for SY 2020-21.

Meals will be claimed in the eligibility category of the students (i.e. free, reduced-price, and paid) at the school where the student is enrolled, regardless of where the meal is served.

3. Our district is unsure about participating in the National School Lunch Program and/or School Breakfast Program for SY 2020-21. Should the School Nutrition Programs Annual Application be completed? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Schools are highly encouraged to continue participating in the School Nutrition Programs so that children are ensured access to nutritious meals during these unprecedented times. However, schools that are unsure (but may still want to participate in the School Nutrition Programs during SY 2020-21) should complete the School Nutrition Programs Annual Application in the Web-Based Illinois Nutrition System (WINS) to avoid interruption in meal service. If a school decides to no longer participate in the programs, please contact the Nutrition Department at (217) 782-2491 or (800) 545-7892, or cnp@isbe.net.

It is important to note that, according to the Illinois School Code, a free meal must still be provided to public school students who qualify, even if a school chooses to no longer participate in the National School Lunch Program and/or the School Breakfast Program.

4. How will a school that chooses not to participate in any of the School Nutrition Programs for SY 2020-21, be impacted in regard to participation in future years? (Updated 8/10/2020)

If a school chooses to no longer participate in any of the School Nutrition Programs (i.e., National School Lunch Program, School Breakfast Program, Special Milk Program, and Illinois Free Programs), it has one year from the last claim that was submitted for reimbursement in the School Nutrition Programs to rejoin the program(s). After one year has passed, schools must complete the [New Sponsor Process](#) to participate in the School Nutrition Programs.

If a school chooses to drop certain School Nutrition Programs (but remain in others), the school may rejoin any of the School Nutrition Programs without completing the New Sponsor Process. For example, if a school drops the National School Lunch Program and instead joins the Special Milk Program, that school can later rejoin the National School Lunch Program at any time without being considered a new sponsor. However, ISBE may require the School Food Authority to complete the menu certification process.

It is important to note that, according to the Illinois School Code, a free meal must still be provided to public school students who qualify, even if a school chooses to no longer participate in the School Nutrition Programs.

WAIVERS AND FLEXIBILITIES

5. What waivers are available for school food service during SY 2020-21? (Updated 8/10/2020)

The USDA is offering several nationwide flexibilities for schools during SY 2020-21, which Illinois has made available to schools:

- [Nationwide Waiver to Allow Non-Congregate Feeding in the Child Nutrition Programs](#)
- [Nationwide Waiver to Allow Meal Service Time Flexibility in the National School Lunch Program, School Breakfast Program, and Child and Adult Care Food Program](#)
- [Nationwide Waivers to Allow Parents and Guardians to Pick Up Meals for Children](#)
- [Nationwide Waiver to Allow Meal Pattern Flexibility in the Child Nutrition Programs](#)
- [Nationwide Waiver to Allow Offer Versus Serve Flexibility for Senior High Schools in the National School Lunch Program for School Year 2020-21](#)

Additional waivers for the Child Nutrition Programs for the State of Illinois can be tracked at <https://www.fns.usda.gov/disaster/pandemic/covid-19/illinois#cn>.

6. When do these waivers become effective? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Each of these waivers is effective July 1, 2020, through June 30, 2021.

7. What do schools need to do to use the waivers/flexibilities offered by USDA for SY 2020-21? (Updated 8/10/2020)

School districts may simply choose to utilize the waivers. However, USDA requires ISBE to report on the usage of each waiver.

The Nutrition Department is currently determining how schools will need to report to ISBE that they are using USDA's waivers/flexibilities for the upcoming school year. Watch for announcements at www.isbe.net/nutrition, in The Outlook, and via email from cnp@isbe.net.

MEAL COUNTING AND CLAIMING

8. Will universal free meals be provided for SY 2020-21? (Updated 8/10/2020)

The USDA has not indicated that a waiver for universal free meals for SY 2020-21 will be available. Schools should plan to collect and process Household Eligibility Applications for the School Nutrition Programs as usual in order to make eligibility determinations by student (i.e., free, reduced-price, and paid).

9. Can free meals be provided to all students, regardless of eligibility category? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Schools will be operating under the National School Lunch Program and/or School Breakfast Program during SY 2020-21. Therefore, these programs require schools to determine eligibility (i.e., free, reduced-price, and paid) of students on an annual basis. Students must be claimed based on their eligibility determination.

10. Can meals be offered to all students or only those who qualify for free or reduced-price meals? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Schools that participate in the National School Lunch Program and/or School Breakfast Program must offer meals to all enrolled students, regardless of eligibility category (i.e., free, reduced-price, and paid). Meals served should then be claimed by eligibility category.

11. Do meal counts need to be kept based on a student's eligibility category? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Yes, meal counts for the National School Lunch Program and/or School Breakfast Program must be kept based on a student's eligibility category. Schools should take extra care to avoid overt identification when counting meals. This means the eligibility category of any child must be protected and known only by those school officials who deal directly with the counting and claiming system.

12. How should meal counts be recorded when distributing meals for multiple days at one time? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Meals should be counted and claimed on the days for which they are intended to be consumed. For example, if a school distributes five breakfasts and five lunches on Monday for the week, then one breakfast and one lunch should be claimed for each day that week. Under current USDA guidance, only five days of meals may be distributed at one time.

13. Can meals be picked up for a student at a different school than the student attends within the same district? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Yes, in situations where a school is offering pickup meals at certain school locations, meals can be picked up for a student that attends a different school within the same district. For example, if one student in the household attends the elementary school and another student in the same household attends the high school, meals for both students may be picked up at the same school. However, meals must be claimed where the student is enrolled. In this example, the meals would be claimed accordingly at the elementary school and the high school, regardless of which school the meals were physically distributed at.

14. What meal-counting recommendations are there for schools that are planning to serve meals in the classroom? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Meals must be counted at the point-of-service. It is preferred that a trained adult, school employee or volunteer take the counts using a point-of-service system or checklist. It is important that schools take extra care to prevent overt identification. For example, schools may use a roster to check off names of students as meals are distributed at the point-of-service. More information on meal counting, claiming, and overt identification can be found in [Section H](#) of the [School Nutrition Programs Administrative Handbook](#).

15. Do meal counts need to be kept by student? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Yes, meal counts must be kept by student, based on eligibility category (i.e., free, reduced-price, and paid), per meal counting and claiming requirements under the National School Lunch Program and/or School Breakfast Program. Meals that are provided off-site must still be claimed where a student is enrolled, regardless of where the meal is served.

Schools that participate in the Community Eligibility Provision (CEP) only need to track the total number of meals served each day.

16. Will schools receive increased reimbursement rates to help cover costs for individually wrapped or pre-portioned meals? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Federal reimbursement rates for the National School Lunch Program and/or School Breakfast Program are determined by the USDA annually based on changes to the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers. Reimbursement rates for SY 2020-21 can be found [here](#).

MEAL SERVICE

17. What meal service styles are acceptable for SY 2020-21? (Updated 8/10/2020)

The USDA's [Non-Congregate Feeding waiver](#), [Meal Service Times Flexibility waiver](#), and [Parent/Guardian Meal Pick Up waiver](#) allow schools to implement a number of meal service styles during SY 2020-21. Examples of acceptable meal service styles include meals provided and eaten in the cafeteria (following all ISBE and Illinois Department of Public Health (IDPH) guidelines), meals delivered and consumed in the classroom, grab-and-go meals distributed in the cafeteria (or another pickup location) and consumed in the classroom, and take-home meals. Schools that wish to use a different type of meal service outside of the ones listed above should contact the Nutrition Department at ISBE for approval.

18. Can meals be provided in the classroom? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Yes, meals may be provided in the classroom. Classrooms where students consume meals should be thoroughly cleaned and disinfected after meals. Hand hygiene must be performed prior to and after eating a meal or consuming any food items. Face coverings must be removed during eating, so it is important to ensure 6-foot distance between individuals as much as possible. Clear mealtime expectations should be communicated with students and staff. Please review the [ISBE/IDPH Part 3 Joint Transition Guidance](#) for more information.

19. Are grab-and-go meals allowed to be taken home for consumption? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Yes, the [Non-Congregate Feeding waiver](#) from USDA allows schools to provide grab-and-go meals to students for consumption at home. Schools should work closely with their local health department to ensure all food safety requirements are being met.

20. Can breakfast for the next morning be sent home with students? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Yes, breakfast for the next morning may be sent home with students. The [Meal Service Times Flexibility waiver](#) and [Non-Congregate Feeding waiver](#) do not require schools to serve meals at a certain time; they also may provide multiple meals at one time. As noted previously, schools should work with their local health department to ensure food safety requirements are being met.

21. Can weekend meals be provided during SY 2020-21? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Meals provided on weekends cannot be claimed for reimbursement under the National School Lunch Program and/or School Breakfast Program. It is not an option for schools to operate under the Seamless Summer Option or Summer Food Service Program during SY 2020-21, as was allowed during the previous school year during COVID-19-related school closures; therefore, weekend meals can no longer be claimed.

22. Are schools required to provide meals to students when they are home for remote learning days? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Yes, meals must be offered on official school days, regardless of whether students attend at school or at home.

23. Does lunch need to be served after a certain number of hours when students are in attendance? How does this apply to remote learning days? (Updated 8/10/2020)

The State Superintendent has determined that days of instruction during a public health emergency must include at least five clock hours. Schools that participate in the National School Lunch Program and/or School Breakfast Program must offer meals to free, reduced-price, and paid students on any official school day. This applies to both in-person, remote, and blended learning days.

The changes in how schools may be operating during SY 2020-21 mean that it is important that meals are provided on official school days. Shortened attendance and instruction time on an official school day during SY 2020-21 should not be confused with half days in which schools are not required to provide meals. For example, if a school has students in attendance for four hours of in-person instruction plus one hour of remote instruction, meals must still be provided because all five hours count as instruction, despite not being physically present for all of those hours.

24. If both breakfast and lunch are being served in the classroom, how much time must pass between meals? (Updated 8/10/2020)

The [Nationwide Waiver to Allow Meal Service Time Flexibility in the National School Lunch Program, School Breakfast Program, and Child and Adult Care Food Program](#) do not

require a designated amount of time that must pass in between meal services. Schools may establish meal service times that support streamlined access to nutritious meals.

25. Is there a time requirement for pickup meals that are provided during remote learning days? (Updated 8/10/2020)

No, schools may establish meal service times that support streamlined access to nutritious meals. Under the [Meal Service Times Flexibility waiver](#), there is no designated time when meals must be served. Additionally, breakfast and lunch may be distributed at the same time when providing multiple meals at the same time. Schools are encouraged to communicate with their school community about distribution methods and meal service times for each site.

26. Can high schools be Serve Only during SY 2020-21? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Yes, under the [Nationwide Waiver to Allow Offer Versus Serve Flexibility for Senior High Schools in the National School Lunch Program for SY 2020-21](#), grades 9-12 may be Serve Only during SY 2020-21. Any change from Offer Versus Serve to Serve Only should be updated in the Site Participation section of the School Nutrition Programs Annual Application in WINS.

27. Can some grades be Offer Versus Serve, while others are Serve Only? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Yes, some grades may be Offer Versus Serve, while others are Serve Only. Any Offer Versus Serve/Serve Only changes for each grade should be updated in the Site Participation section of the School Nutrition Programs Annual Application in WINS.

28. Can the same grade be both Offer Versus Serve and Serve Only? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Due to various meal service styles that may be implemented during SY 2020-21, the same grade group may be both Offer Versus Serve and Serve Only. For example, if one half of the grade is attending school in-person and the other half of the same grade is learning remotely, the in-person group may be Offer Versus Serve while the remote group is Serve Only.

Some schools may be considering serving half of a grade group in the cafeteria, while the other half of the same grade is served in the classroom. A school that is considering Offer Versus Serve and Serve Only for the same grade while all students in the grade are attending in-person at the same time should notify ISBE's Nutrition Department.

29. Are schools required to deliver pickup meals to the home of a household that is not able to pick them up? (Updated 8/10/2020)

It would be a best practice to deliver meals to households that are not able to pick them up at designated locations, but it is not a requirement.

30. Can parents/guardians pick up meals on behalf of students? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Yes, the [Nationwide Waiver to Allow Parents and Guardians to Pick Up Meals for Children](#) allows schools to distribute meals to a parent or guardian to take home to their children. This waiver is effective July 1, 2020, through June 30, 2021.

31. Can a school cafeteria exceed a capacity of 50 if social distancing guidelines can be maintained? (Updated 8/10/2020)

IDPH prohibits more than 50 individuals from gathering in one space during Phase 4 of the Restore Illinois plan. Alternate scheduling or the addition of meal service times may help schools adhere to capacity limits. Additionally, large rooms can be divided into multiple spaces using floor-to-ceiling room dividers. Each space must have ingress and egress and allow for social distancing for 50 individuals.

32. How should items that are typically self-serve (e.g., condiments, milk, etc.) be distributed under the new guidelines? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Schools should ensure that students are served all items; students should not help themselves to any food items. For example, food service personnel may serve milk to students from behind the serving line. Pre-packaged or individual servings of condiments may be provided from behind the serving line, or a food service staff member may manage the condiment bar by serving students.

FOOD DISTRIBUTION PROGRAM

33. What Food Distribution Entitlement Waiver did Illinois opt in to? (Updated 8/10/2020)

USDA offered an opt-in waiver to all states in June 2020. It would allow the use of SY 2018-19 lunch meal counts in the calculation of Food Distribution Program entitlement dollars for SY 2020-21. Normally, the lunch meals counts from SY 2019-20 would be used, but the COVID-19 school closures resulted in Illinois' SY 2019-20 meal counts being significantly lower than SY 2018-19 meal counts. That would have resulted in less Food Distribution Program funding. Illinois opted-in to the waiver to maintain a consistent level of funding.

34. Can changes to the Food Distribution Program order be made for SY 2020-21? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Schools can make increases and/or decreases to their USDA Foods order in the Illinois Commodity System; please refer to the [Anticipated USDA Foods Chart](#) before submitting a request for increases. The chart shows which USDA Foods were ordered for SY 2020-21 and in which month each food is planned for delivery to schools. Do not increase your order if no more deliveries are planned.

Illinois placed orders with USDA to fill school requests prior to April 2020 for SY 2020-21, which is another important issue to consider. If multiple schools increase their requests now-- and the state cannot order any more of that item, either because the USDA order catalog is

closed or because the state has no more funds to spend--then all schools that requested that item will only receive part of their request because of how the allocation process works.

Schools can increase or decrease USDA Department of Defense (DOD) allotments during the school year. After the annual order period ends, schools must request the change by contacting ISBE. ISBE must ensure that funds are available prior to making an update that requests an increase.

Changes regarding diversions to processors are not allowed after the annual order period. The annual order period for SY 2020-21 closed on March 1. However, the COVID-19 pandemic is causing us to explore this area because we understand that diversions to processors were made based on projections that may look very different at this point. We know that some schools are now projecting significantly reduced meal counts and some are significantly scaling back their food choices/variety. With that in mind, we are examining areas that we may be able to change. Please watch for a survey to be released in August.

35. What needs to be done if a school has a new food service management company or vendor this year? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Please contact ISBE at fdp@isbe.net, and provide the new company information. The user accounts for ICS, FFAVORS, K12, and ProcessorLink may need to be updated. Delivery site information for USDA Foods and DOD, as well as distributor information for K12 and ProcessorLink, may also need to be updated.

36. What are the USDA Foods delivery rates for SY 2020-21? (Updated 8/10/2020)

The rate for USDA Foods deliveries from Lanter Distributing is \$4.54/case. The custom delivery rate is \$0.69/case, which is in addition to the \$4.54/case rate. The private storage rate is \$0.53/case, per month.

ISBE intends to pay the delivery fees during SY 2020-21. ISBE projects that it can cover all delivery fees during SY 2020-21, however, if projections change we will notify schools.

37. Will schools receive USDA Foods deliveries that were not accepted in March and April 2020 due to the COVID-19 closures during SY 2020-21? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Yes. USDA Foods that were not accepted for delivery in March and/or April 2020 due to the COVID-19 closures were stored in the state warehouse over the summer. ISBE is shipping those items to schools at the beginning of SY 2020-21.

38. Will delivery drivers be allowed to enter school buildings during SY 2020-21 with the COVID-19 safety precautions in effect? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Per ISBE's contract with Lanter Distributing, the normal delivery of USDA Foods includes dropping the items outside the building. Lanter delivery personnel only enter the building upon request from the school personnel during a custom delivery.

CONTRACTS/PROCUREMENT

39. What process should be followed for contract amendments between Food Service Management Companies and schools if circumstances require services that go beyond what is outlined in the current contract? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Contract amendments are not allowable without prior approval from ISBE's Nutrition Department. Prior to amending a contract, the School Food Authority must first contact ISBE to determine if the contract revisions constitute a material or substantive change to the contract. To determine if the change is material or substantive, ask the question, "Would bidders have bid differently if the change had existed at the time of bidding?" If the answer is, "Yes," a new procurement must be conducted. If the answer is, "No," it is possible an amendment may be made to the contract.

If you have questions regarding a contract amendment, please contact the ISBE procurement team at (217) 782-2491 or (800) 545-7892 (in Illinois), or nutritionprocurement@isbe.net.

40. If the School Food Authority had a contract for meals, can the food service vendor/company reduce the number of daily hot and/or cold meal choices that are offered? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Changes in the menu(s) may be made with prior approval of the School Food Authority; this is to ensure that all menus meet USDA meal pattern guidelines and the minimum expectation (such as daily offerings) set forth within the contract. Program regulations do not require daily menu choices, nor even hot food choices. We have some schools that offer reimbursable cold meals daily. The meals are reimbursable as long as the menu meets the meal pattern.

41. What is allowable when it comes to purchasing more equipment for the School Nutrition Programs? Does it require approval by the ISBE Nutrition Department? (Updated 8/10/2020)

A School Food Authority seeking to purchase equipment on the [pre-approved equipment list](#) using School Nutrition Program federal reimbursement funds must complete and maintain on file the [Equipment Purchase/Capital Expenditure Attestation form](#) and must follow all applicable procurement regulations.

A School Food Authority seeking to purchase equipment not on this pre-approved list using School Nutrition Program federal reimbursement funds must seek approval from the ISBE Nutrition Department prior to purchase by completing and emailing the [Equipment Purchase/Capital Expenditure Pre-Approval Request Form](#) to nutritionprocurement@isbe.net and must follow all applicable procurement regulations.

For more information, please visit the General Procurement webpage at <https://www.isbe.net/Pages/General-Procurement-All-Programs.aspx>.

FINANCIAL

42. What are the reimbursement rates for SY 2020-21? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Federal reimbursement rates for the National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program are determined by the USDA on an annual basis. Current reimbursement rates can be found [here](#).

43. Are reimbursement rates different depending on the type of meal service style schools choose? (Updated 8/10/2020)

The reimbursement rates for free, reduced-price, and paid categories are the same, regardless of the meal service style schools choose (e.g., grab-and-go meals, classroom meals, take-home meals). Reimbursement rates also do not change whether a school is Serve Only or Offer Versus Serve.

44. Are there any guidelines regarding the pricing of adult meals in the School Nutrition Programs? (Updated 8/10/2020)

The guidance, per USDA Food and Nutrition Service Instruction 782-5 Rev.1, states that the meals served to adults who are not part of the food service program must be charged a rate (USDA Planned Assistance Level plus Menu Certification reimbursement) over the highest price charged to students per the School Food Authority or over that of reimbursement in a CEP program.

Use this formula to calculate the minimum price over for SY 2020-21: Planned Assistance Level (\$0.3625 for 2019-20) PLUS Menu Certification (\$0.07) = \$0.41 rounded down to \$0.40.

You can also find an adult pricing calculator tool on our School Nutrition Programs Resource Management webpage at <https://www.isbe.net/Pages/Nutrition-Resource-Management.aspx>.

MONITORING

45. How will Administrative Reviews be conducted during SY 2020-21?

At this time, Administrative Reviews will be completed as remote desk audit reviews.

46. If a school participated in the Seamless Summer Option or the Summer Food Service Program during the previous school year during COVID-19-related school closure, will it be included as part of the Administrative Review?

No, Administrative Reviews for SY 2020-21 will not review the previous school year.

47. Are there any flexibilities for on-site monitoring requirements for SY 2020-21?

Yes, the USDA released the [Nationwide Waiver of Onsite Monitoring Requirements in the School Meal Programs – Revised – Extension 2](#) on August 4, 2020. This waiver relieves School Food Authorities of monitoring requirements to conduct on-site reviews of the National School Lunch Program, School Breakfast Program, and afterschool snack service for SY 2020-21.

PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS

48. Do the webinars from ISBE’s School Nutrition Programs Back to School Virtual Conference count as training hours to satisfy USDA’s Professional Standards? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Yes, all five of the live [webinars](#) provided at this year’s School Nutrition Programs Back to School Virtual Conference may count as training hours. School nutrition professionals may use the [Professional Development Tracking Form](#) to record hours earned at the conference. Those who missed the conference may view recorded versions of the webinars as well as other on-demand trainings from this year’s conference on the [conference homepage](#). These also count as training hours.

49. Are teachers responsible for meeting USDA’s Professional Standards (i.e., annual training hours) when meals are being provided in the classroom? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Staff members who provide support to, but are not specifically involved in, the operation of the school nutrition program are not required to meet USDA’s Professional Standards and training hours. However, all teachers and teacher aides must have job-specific training they need to perform their jobs effectively and in compliance with the School Nutrition Programs.

50. Are teachers required to complete the child nutrition civil rights training if meals are being provided in the classroom? (Updated 8/10/2020)

Yes, teachers are required to complete civil rights training for the School Nutrition Programs if meals are being provided in the classroom.

51. Are teachers required to complete the ServSafe Food Handler exam if meals are being provided in the classroom? (Updated 8/10/2020)

The USDA does not regulate this. Schools should refer to their local county health department for guidance.

Additional Resources

- [Starting the 2020-21 School Year \(Illinois Department of Public Health & Illinois State Board of Education\)](#)
- [COVID-19 Thought Starters on Reopening Schools for SY2020-21 \(School Nutrition Association\)](#)
- [School Nutrition Programs Administrative Handbook \(Illinois State Board of Education\)](#)