

Your Virtual

PERA Coach

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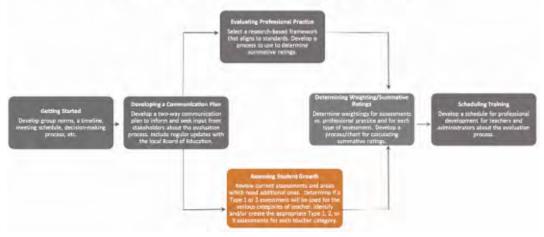
Dear Illinois Educator,

Happy New Year! By now, you should be on your way planning for full implementation of the Performance Evaluation Reform Act. The focus of this fourth issue of *Your Virtual PERA Coach* continues to be on assessing student growth. We will look at student learning objectives (SLOs) and decisions PERA joint committees can consider regarding student growth.

Your Virtual PERA Coach contains information and links to various documents that can help your PERA joint committee and school district to develop a process for incorporating student growth into your teacher evaluation plan.

Overview of Joint Committee Work

This Month's Focus: Assessing Student Growth-SLOs



View full chart here



ASSESSING STUDENT GROWTH

Illinois Administrative Code Part 50 Requirement Reminders

The performance evaluation plan must identify at least two types of assessments for evaluating each category of teacher and one or more measurement models to be used to determine student growth that are specific to each assessment chosen.

The PERA joint committee must identify a measurement model for each type of assessment that employs multiple data points. The evaluation plan must include the use of at least one Type I or Type II assessment and at least one Type III assessment. If the joint committee determines that neither a Type I nor a Type II assessment can be identified, then the evaluation plan shall require that at least two Type III assessments be used.

A school district required to use two Type III assessments for any category of teachers may delay the use of the second Type III assessment until the second year of implementation.

Clarification: There is no option to "not" measure student growth for first year teachers.

Student growth shall represent at least 25



STUDENT LEARNING OBJECTIVES

PEAC recommends that student learning objectives (SLOs) be used as a measurement model for Type III assessments. However, SLOs are not required; districts have the autonomy to implement measurement tools for Type III assessments, including SLOs, in a way that best fits their specific contexts.

Clarification: SLOs are not a type of assessment but are organizational tools that can be used to measure student growth for Type III assessments.

Advantages for Using SLOs

- * The SLO process has the potential to improve educator practice in both assessment and instruction.
- * It can promote reflective teaching practices and collaboration among students, teachers and administrators.
- * It can maintain a focus on district priority needs and continuous improvement planning.
- * It can provide opportunities to align instruction across classrooms through collaboration at grade/subject matter level.
- * It aligns with the goals of a professional learning community philosophy.

percent of a teacher's performance evaluation rating in the first and second years of a school district's implementation of a performance evaluation system. Thereafter, student growth shall represent at least 30 percent of the rating assigned.

District Decisions for Student Growth Models

PEAC provides districts suggestions for some decisions that might need to be made in the Guidance document, <u>Creating Operating</u>
<u>Guidelines for Student Growth Models in</u>
<u>Teacher Evaluation Systems</u>.

Eight decisions include the following and are reviewed in more detail in the guidance document.

Decision 1 - Identify students whose growth is validly attributable to a specific teacher.

Decision 2 - Determine how long a student needs to be enrolled in or attending a teacher's class for the teacher to contribute to his or her growth. For example, a PERA joint committee might decide to only include students who take the pre- and post-test and are present for a particular percentage of class sessions that is agreed upon.

Decision 3 - Select students or groups of students who will **actually** be included in the teacher's growth measure.

Decision 4 - Determine how shared teacher responsibility for students, later teacher assignment, teacher absence, and/or teacher transfer are accounted for in student growth measures. For example, a PERA joint committee might decide to exclude growth measures from evaluation of teachers who are in class for less than a particular % of class sessions (that is agreed upon) between the preand post-test.

Decision 5 - Ensure that student rosters are accurate and the correct students are being included in a teacher's growth measure.

- * It encourages the use of authentic, performancebased assessments that support a balanced assessment system.
- * It can establish a laser-like focus on student learning.
- * It can help educators to focus on student learning and achievement gaps.

Additional Considerations When Using SLOs

Although SLOs have many benefits, they can require a significant time commitment from teachers and administrators to implement the process fairly and with fidelity.

As a result, the decision to implement SLOs requires a district's PERA Joint Committee to commit to providing the necessary time, resources, and support. Carefully designing an SLO process is critical to reducing the time commitment as much as possible.

Consider having teachers create shared SLOs as a grade level/content team instead to reduce the amount of time required by teachers and evaluators.

Five Elements of an SLO

The Illinois State Board of Education's SLO template contains five elements that include guiding questions and statements. Detailed information about each element can be found in PEAC's Student Learning Objective Guidebook.

Element 1: Learning Goal
Element 2: Assessments
Element 3: Growth Targets
Element 4: Actual Outcomes
Element 5: Teacher Rating

Clarification: A teacher's rating is not based upon the accuracy of a teacher's "prediction" of their students' learning but is dependent upon their students meeting or exceeding their growth targets.

Decision 6 - Determine a course of action for

when assessment data are missing for a student or group of students.

Decision 7 - Determine if students who skipped a grade or are held back a grade should be excluded from the growth attributed to a teacher.

Decision 8 - Determine how to address the link between subjects and courses and particular assessments.

Student Learning Objective Cycle 1. Teacher/team of teachers develop St.O 2. Initial review/approval by qualified evaluator 5. Adjust instruction and monitor progress 4. Midpoint check-in

View full cycle here

Reflective Questions to Support the SLO Process

The following set of questions can be used to support collaborative and reflective conversations.



SLO Templates to Use

Illinois State Board of Education a PDF fillable template to use

Illinois State Board of Education - a Word template that can be modified

Completed templates from one district to share as examples or adapt for use -

<u>Kindergarten SLO Example - Reading/Phonics</u> <u>Fifth Grade SLO Example - Reading</u>

Illinois Education Association - Teachers in IEA districts can use the interactive SLO template located in the IEA members' only section.

View questions here

Additional Website Links and Resources

<u>Student Growth/Balanced Assessment sections of ISBE's site</u> - this webpage contains many resources to help with assessing student growth. It includes examples of SLOs for special subject areas teachers as well as video modules that can be used for providing training/background knowledge.

<u>Model Teacher Evaluation System-Measuring Student Growth Using Type III Assessments</u> - this PEAC resource contains basic information about SLOs, recommended processes for districts to establish SLOs, and information on the required elements of SLOs in the Model Teacher Evaluation

System.

<u>Foundational Services website</u> - this site includes training materials for the various components of a teacher evaluation plan. The focus of Module 3 is on SLOs and Module 4 is on Measurement Models. School districts can also contact their local ROE/ISCs if they would like assistance and/or a trainer to deliver the materials created by Foundational Services.

Previous PERA Coach Issues

Click the links to view previous issues of Your Virtual PERA Coach:

October Issue - focus on getting started and the work of the PERA joint committee.

November Issue - focus on developing a communication plan and evaluating teacher practice.

December Issue - focus on assessing student growth

